As confidentially submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 3, 2020.

This draft registration statement has not been publicly filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and all information herein remains strictly confidential.

No. 333-

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-1 REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC to be converted as described herein to a corporation named

Alignment Healthcare, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 6324 (Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number) 1100 W. Town and Country Road

Suite 1600 Orange, California 92868 Telephone: 1-844-310-2247

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

John Kao Chief Executive Officer 1100 W. Town and Country Road Suite 1600 Orange, California 92868 Telephone: 1-844-310-2247

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

Copies of all communications, including communications sent to agent for service, should be sent to:

Christopher J. Cummings Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP 1285 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10019-6064 (212) 373-3000 Byron B. Rooney Pedro J. Bermeo Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP 450 Lexington Avenue New York, New York 10017 (212) 450-4000

46-5596242

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

Approximate date of com	mencement of proposed sale to the public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement becomes eff	ective.	
If any of the securities be oox :	ing registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the S	ecurities Act of 1933, check the following	
	gister additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the fol the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \Box	lowing box and list the Securities Act	
	ctive amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Set tatement for the same offering. \Box	ecurities Act registration statement number	of
1	ctive amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Statement for the same offering. \Box	ecurities Act registration statement number	of
	rhether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting co ted filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of t		See
arge accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	X

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of the Securities Act. \boxtimes

	Proposed	
Title of Each Class of	Maximum	Amount of
Securities to be Registered	Offering Price(1)(2)	Registration Fee
Common Stock, par value \$ per share	\$	\$

⁽¹⁾ Includes the aggregate offering price of shares of common stock subject to the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.

The registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

⁽²⁾ Estimated solely for purposes of computing the amount of the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(o) under the Securities Act of 1933.

The information in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. These securities may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell nor does it seek an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

> **Subject to Completion. Dated** , 2020

Shares



COMMON STOCK

This is an initial public offering of Alignment Healthcare, Inc. We are selling shares of our common stock.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for the common stock. It is currently estimated that the initial public offering price will be per share. We have applied to list our common stock on under the symbol " between \$

We are an "emerging growth company" as defined under the federal securities laws, and as such, we have elected to comply with certain reduced reporting requirements for this prospectus and may elect to do so in future filings.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 21 to read about factors you should consider before buying shares of our common stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Share	Total
Initial public offering price	\$	\$
Underwriting discount(1)	\$	\$
Proceeds, before expenses, to Alignment Healthcare, Inc.	\$	\$

See "Underwriting" for a description of compensation payable to the underwriters.

We have granted the underwriters the option for a period of 30 days after the date of this prospectus to purchase up to an additional our common stock at the initial public offering price less the underwriting discount.

shares of

The underwriters expect to deliver the shares of common stock against payment in New York, New York on , 2021.

Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC **BofA Securities William Blair** Morgan Stanley J.P. Morgan **UBS Investment Bank** Piper Sandler **Baird Prospectus dated** , 2021.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
<u>Prospectus Summary</u>	1
Risk Factors	21
Forward-Looking Statements	65
Market and Industry Data	68
<u>Use Of Proceeds</u>	69
Dividend Policy	70
Corporate Conversion	71
Capitalization	72
Dilution	74
Selected Consolidated Financial Data	76
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	79
Business	102
Management Management	129
Executive Compensation	135
Principal Shareholders	143
Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions	146
Description of Capital Stock	147
Shares Eligible For Future Sale	153
Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders	155
Underwriting	160
Legal Matters	167
<u>Experts</u>	168
Where You Can Find More Information	169
Index to Consolidated Financial Statements	170

We and the underwriters have not authorized anyone to provide any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this prospectus or in any free writing prospectuses we have prepared. We and the underwriters take no responsibility for, and can provide no assurance as to the reliability of, any other information that others may provide you. We are offering to sell, and seeking offers to buy, shares of common stock only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of the common stock.

For investors outside of the United States, neither we nor any of the underwriters have done anything that would permit this offering or possession or distribution of this prospectus in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required, other than in the United States. You are required to inform yourselves about, and to observe any restrictions relating to, this offering and the distribution of this prospectus outside of the United States.

Through and including , 2021 (the 25th day after the date of this prospectus), all dealers effecting transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to a dealer's obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as an underwriter and with respect to an unsold allotment or subscription.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC, the registrant whose name appears on the cover of this registration statement, is a Delaware limited liability company. Immediately prior to the effectiveness of this registration statement, Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC will convert into a Delaware corporation pursuant to a statutory conversion and redomestication and will change its name to Alignment Healthcare, Inc. We refer to this conversion and redomestication throughout the prospectus included in this registration statement as the "Corporate Conversion." As a result of the Corporate Conversion, Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP ("Alignment Partners"), the sole unitholder of Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC, will become a holder of shares of common stock of Alignment Healthcare, Inc., and it will distribute the shares of common stock of Alignment Healthcare, Inc. to its partners. Except as disclosed in the prospectus, the consolidated financial statements and selected historical consolidated financial data and other financial information included in this registration statement are those of Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC and its subsidiaries and do not give effect to the Corporate Conversion. Shares of common stock, par value \$ per share, of Alignment Healthcare, Inc. are being offered by the prospectus that forms a part of this registration statement.

Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "Alignment," the "Company," "our company," "we," "us" and "our" in this prospectus refer to Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC, its consolidated subsidiaries and its affiliated medical groups, for all periods prior to the Corporate Conversion discussed below and to Alignment Healthcare, Inc., its consolidated subsidiaries and its affiliated medical groups, for all periods following the Corporate Conversion.

We will be a holding company and upon consummation of this offering and the application of net proceeds therefrom our sole asset will be the capital stock of our wholly owned subsidiaries, including Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC. Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC will be the predecessor of the issuer for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, this prospectus contains the historical financial statements of Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC and its consolidated subsidiaries. Alignment Healthcare, Inc. will be the reporting entity following this offering.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in our common stock. For a more complete understanding of us and this offering, you should read and carefully consider the entire prospectus, including the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our consolidated financial statements and the related notes. Some of the statements in this prospectus are forward-looking statements. See "Forward-Looking Statements."

Overview

Alignment Healthcare was founded in 2013 with one mission in mind: improving healthcare one senior at a time. We pursue this mission by relentlessly focusing on our core values:

- · always put the senior first;
- support the doctor;
- use data and technology to revolutionize care; and
- act with a serving heart.

We created Alignment based on the frustrating experiences we had when our parents and other loved ones needed healthcare. We saw firsthand the complexity they faced as seniors attempting to navigate care delivery and insurance without an advocate to create an integrated consumer experience that provides holistic and quality care at an affordable price. Our parents and seniors across the country are systemically and disproportionately impacted by the absence of care coordination, poor information transparency and misaligned incentives that characterize the healthcare system.

Our team of highly experienced healthcare leaders created the Alignment model to incorporate the lessons we have learned over decades spent serving senior consumers. We believe that by combining our experienced, mission-driven team with purpose-built technology we have found a way to address the unmet needs of senior consumers and to "do well by doing good." Our ultimate goal is to bring this differentiated, advocacy-driven healthcare experience to millions of senior consumers in the United States and to become the most trusted senior healthcare brand in the country.

How We are Revolutionizing Healthcare for Seniors

Alignment is a next generation, consumer-centric platform that is revolutionizing the healthcare experience for seniors. We deliver this experience through our Medicare Advantage plans, which are customized to meet the needs of individual seniors across the United States. Our platform was developed to align with the six core principles that we believe will be required to successfully deliver healthcare in the 21st century and that represent our key competitive strengths. Our platform enables us to:

- leverage data, technology and analytics to power all aspects of our model;
- engage consumers directly and develop products to meet their needs;
- proactively manage and coordinate care for our most vulnerable members;
- · empower providers and employ flexible care delivery models;
- design and deploy innovative value-based payment models; and
- cultivate a culture of innovation.

Leverage Data, Technology and Analytics to Power All Aspects of Our Model

Healthcare organizations have long struggled to fully harness the utilization of data and technology to enhance business operations, improve clinical outcomes and drive consumer satisfaction. The industry produces an extraordinary amount of digitized data that is often unusable and siloed within organizations. This has created an opportunity for integrated end-to-end data management to be a significant competitive advantage.

Our proprietary technology platform, Alignment's Virtual Application ("AVA"), was designed specifically for senior care and provides end-to-end coordination of the healthcare ecosystem. AVA's full suite of tools and services is built within a unified data architecture. Our technology capabilities and position in the healthcare ecosystem enables us to ingest and transform broad, longitudinal datasets into insights, analytics and custom-built applications designed to ensure consistent, high-quality care and service for Alignment's members. We believe that AVA generates more timely, accurate and actionable insights than existing solutions, driving targeted member interventions and enabling internal care team workflows that result in superior clinical outcomes and consumer experiences.

The AVA platform is purpose-built to be used in all aspects of providing superior healthcare for Alignment's senior members. AVA supports our own internally employed care teams, operations teams, marketing teams and concierge personnel, as well as local community-based healthcare providers and brokers. In addition, AVA's scalability enables us to reliably produce replicable outcomes and experiences for our members as we scale in existing markets and expand to new ones.

Engage Consumers Directly and Develop Products to Address Their Needs

Traditional healthcare coverage and care delivery is complex and fails to consistently engage and satisfy consumers. Today, consumers have more purchasing power and exercise more control over their own healthcare decision-making than ever before. Medicare Advantage is marketed and sold direct-to-consumer, allowing seniors to select the manner in which they receive healthcare coverage and services on an annual basis.

At Alignment, we have designed our platform to be consumer-centric, to listen to and understand our members' needs, and to delight our senior consumers. We believe that our primary role is to act as a trusted advocate on behalf of seniors and to design and offer healthcare plans that meet their unique healthcare and lifestyle needs. Our approach delivers outstanding service to our members and results in high-quality, convenient and accessible care that is affordable and represents superior value compared to existing solutions.

We recognize that seniors' needs extend beyond traditional healthcare, which is why we provide additional services such as transportation, pet care, grocery benefits, companion care, fitness memberships, a 24/7 concierge and a clinical service hotline.

Our member satisfaction is evidenced by our overall Net Promoter Score ("NPS") of 66, which is significantly higher than typical health plans and is comparable to celebrated consumer brands.

Proactively Manage and Coordinate Care for our Most Vulnerable Members

Seniors with complex, chronic conditions represent a small portion of the population but account for a disproportionate amount of total healthcare spending. The complexity of the U.S. healthcare system results in uncoordinated care for this category of seniors, leading to poor outcomes, unnecessary spend and an unsatisfactory consumer experience.

Alignment identifies high-risk, chronically ill individuals and designs personalized care plans for those members. Our AVA platform stratifies our members based on their health status and social needs, allowing us to

identify our most vulnerable members and deploy our *Care Anywhere* team to deliver timely, effective and coordinated care at the senior's home, in a healthcare facility, or through a virtual channel. Our *Care Anywhere* program utilizes our own dedicated clinical teams to provide a combination of high-tech and high-touch care. These cross-disciplinary care teams, which include physicians, advanced practice clinicians, case managers, social workers and behavioral health coaches, work together to establish customized care plans and engage our high-risk seniors with ongoing care interventions that address their health and social needs.

Our high-risk, chronic, and complex care management capabilities, supported by the AVA platform, allow us to effectively manage risk, provide better clinical outcomes and improve our seniors' experience.

Empower Providers and Employ Flexible Care Delivery Models

Despite being well-situated to influence outcomes for the seniors that they treat, providers often do not have the information and support required to optimize their patients' outcomes. Many organizations have struggled to build a cohesive and flexible platform that can support and empower providers to delight senior consumers.

We engage with physicians and healthcare provider organizations by tailoring our care delivery tools, product designs and contract types to local market needs in a way that accommodates providers' preferences and risk tolerance. Our provider engagement and training processes help generate consistent clinical outcomes across various markets with a diverse array of providers and varying degrees of value-based care sophistication. We currently have successful partnerships across a range of provider types, from health system-employed physicians to independent, community-based providers. We provide our partners with care performance metrics and actionable insights that enable them to continuously enhance quality of care, access relevant data to drive informed decision-making and improve the experience of members. This customized level of provider engagement, curated based on their particular needs and circumstances, helps them deliver the best possible clinical care.

Our flexible approach to local market care delivery enables us to attract key provider relationships in various markets and to scale more rapidly and with greater capital efficiency than we could if we were to rely entirely on our own clinical staff.

Design and Deploy Innovative Value-Based Payment Models

The legacy healthcare system relies on payment models that compensate healthcare providers based on the volume of services delivered rather than the quality of the care they provide. Despite the increasing focus of the Center for Medicare and Medicaid ("CMS") on tying payments to health outcomes, we have yet to see widespread improvement in outcomes relative to overall healthcare spending.

Our company name, Alignment Healthcare, reflects one of our founding principles: to align all stakeholders in the healthcare ecosystem around doing what is best for the senior consumer. Our business model is value-based and our ultimate profitability is aligned with the healthcare outcomes of our seniors. We also enter into downstream value-based contracts that are tailored to each providers' capabilities and local market structure. Through various value-based payment models, such as shared risk or gainshare arrangements, we ensure that our provider partners are incentivized to improve the health outcomes of our seniors. In order to successfully manage the financial risk of delivering healthcare for our seniors, we utilize advanced tools, enable access to unified data, and maintain broad coverage and management over an ecosystem of healthcare professionals who are aligned to provide the best possible care.

Cultivate a Culture of Innovation

Traditional healthcare companies are burdened by their scale, administrative complexity and reliance on legacy technology solutions, resulting in their inability to adapt quickly and provide integrated services tailored to the dynamic needs of evolving healthcare consumers.

Given Alignment's entrepreneurial heritage, a focus on continuous improvement and innovation is at the heart of our culture and DNA. We constantly solicit feedback from our members and seek opportunities to provide new solutions to meet their healthcare and lifestyle needs. We further believe our focus on innovation is a critical competitive advantage that enables our superior member experience, cost and health outcomes. Examples of our continued innovation include:

- Our Technology: In 2014, we started to build the unified data architecture that now forms the foundation of the AVA technology
 platform. We began with four clinical applications focused on member health and have since evolved the platform to encompass 100
 applications and tools across all aspects of our health plan and clinical operations to provide users with the data and information they
 need to optimally support our seniors.
- Our Care Model: In 2017, we launched our *Care Anywhere* program that now serves over 4,000 high-risk members. While the program was initially a home-based care model, we rapidly developed virtual care capabilities in response to the COVID-19 pandemic in order to protect our members and our clinicians while still maintaining high levels of care and satisfaction. While we recognize that certain visits require in-person care, we expect that virtual care will remain a preferred modality for many of our seniors going forward given the flexibility and convenience that it offers.
- Our Products: In 2019, we launched our ACCESS On-Demand Concierge "Black Card", which enhanced our various HMO and special needs products. Similar to a pre-paid debit card, the concierge card can be used by our senior consumers at certain retail locations to purchase health and grocery products that are covered under their over-the-counter and grocery supplemental benefits. In 2020, we launched our first PPO offerings, to be followed in 2021 by our new Virtual Medicare Advantage plan that is centered around virtual, concierge-style solutions for primary care services. Our virtual plan incentivizes members to access care digitally through our virtual platform by offering rich and convenient benefits, while also providing in-person care options when needed.

Built upon these six core principles, we believe Alignment is revolutionizing healthcare for seniors.

Industry Overview

We are exclusively focused on serving the senior population, a significant and rapidly growing segment within the United States. Seniors are living longer than previous generations, with approximately 10,000 adults becoming eligible for Medicare each day, according to the U.S. Census Bureau. The population of U.S. seniors is expected to grow to 73.1 million by 2030, up from 56.1 million in 2020, and to increase as a percentage of the population from 17% to 21% over the same period. As our targeted population grows, so do their needs and demands.

Rising healthcare costs, particularly among the growing senior population, are uncoupled from outcomes

The growing senior population is putting additional pressure on an already strained healthcare system. According to the Kaiser Family Foundation, from 2010 to 2018, net Medicare spending increased from approximately \$450 billion to more than \$600 billion at an annual growth rate of 4%. According to the Congressional Budget Office, net Medicare spending was estimated to be \$630 billion in 2019 and is expected to double to over \$1.3 trillion by 2029, representing an 8% compound annual growth rate. Despite increasing

healthcare spending, U.S. seniors have poor health outcomes relative to other developed nations, exemplified through lower life expectancy, higher levels of hospital utilization and greater prevalence of chronic conditions. A significant portion of our nation's unsustainably high healthcare costs are a direct result of the underserved senior population, especially high-risk and high-acuity seniors.

The fragmented U.S. healthcare system is complex and burdensome for seniors, particularly those with chronic, complex conditions driving a significant amount of the total spend

Navigating the United States healthcare system is particularly complex and burdensome for seniors, who often have more significant care needs and complex medical conditions. According to the National Council on Aging, approximately 80% of the United States senior population suffers from at least one chronic illness, while nearly 70% of the senior population has been diagnosed with at least two chronic illnesses. This prevalence of chronic conditions creates significant care coordination and cost containment challenges for the healthcare industry. According to a study by the American Hospital Association, the 36% percent of the Medicare population with four or more chronic conditions represents 75% of total Medicare spending.

Traditional Medicare has struggled to incentivize high-quality, low-cost care, but Medicare Advantage is designed to employ value-based care to achieve better outcomes

Under the Medicare system, seniors have two primary choices for health insurance once they reach the age of 65. They can enroll in (i) traditional Medicare FFS administered by CMS, or (ii) a Medicare Advantage plan administered by a managed care company. Traditional Medicare FFS offers members few network restrictions, but often leaves them exposed to catastrophic events with substantial out-of-pocket costs for care and drug coverage, and does not provide supplemental benefits. The Medicare Advantage system offers a greater value proposition to the senior in that it often provides enhanced pharmaceutical coverage, greater certainty of expected annual costs, out of pocket limits, holistic supplemental benefits and better catastrophic coverage relative to traditional Medicare.

By linking payments to the number of encounters and pricing to the complexity of the intervention, the fee-for-service model does not reward prevention, but rather incentivizes the treatment of acute care episodes with more costly and complex treatments. The Medicare Advantage system, on the other hand, has a value-based care economic construct whereby CMS shifts the responsibility for the outcomes, medical cost control and the administration of benefits to private health plans. By aligning profitability with overall patient outcomes and total medical expenditures rather than volume of services, the Medicare Advantage system allows managed care companies to adopt a high-touch, comprehensive and long-term approach to care.

Medicare Advantage incentivizes holistic care through supplemental benefit offerings that address social determinants of health and daily lifestyle needs, driving the consumerism of senior healthcare

CMS has adopted a broad definition of supplemental benefits that allows Medicare Advantage plans to proactively offer cross-disciplinary services specifically targeting social determinants of health ("SDoH"). By allowing Medicare Advantage plans to provide access to healthcare via typical care delivery services combined with supplemental benefits, such as a monthly allowance for groceries, transportation, vision/dental and other targeted product features, CMS has enabled Medicare Advantage plans to continue to increase their value proposition to seniors. The concept of healthcare expanding into the senior's daily life, combined with the increasing prevalence of, and seniors' increasing familiarity with, digital solutions, have been cited as key drivers in the trend towards the consumerization of the senior healthcare industry.

The enhanced value-proposition of value-based care models, coupled with the aging senior population, are leading to significant growth in Medicare Advantage

A growing number of seniors are choosing Medicare Advantage plans over traditional Medicare FFS. Industry projections indicate that the population using Medicare Advantage plans is expected to increase from 22 million in 2019 to 37 million in 2025 as Medicare Advantage penetration accelerates from 34% to approximately 47%.

Full potential of the Medicare Advantage health plan model remains unrealized

We believe that Medicare Advantage is unique in that it allows one entity to influence the entirety of a senior's healthcare through a singular, direct-to-consumer product. Through the ability to drive comprehensive healthcare delivery and leverage robust data and analytics at the helm of the senior's healthcare ecosystem, the health plan can develop a personalized, adaptive and reproducible approach to care delivery. However, traditional Medicare Advantage plans are not technology driven, lack delivery of care capabilities and often outsource key functions; as such, these traditional plans have been unable to offer a fully-integrated healthcare ecosystem. As a result, existing Medicare Advantage plans often fall short in their attempts to significantly improve the quality of care and consumer experience for seniors.

Our Market Opportunity

We built the Alignment Healthcare platform to bring tech-enabled, consumer-centric healthcare to all seniors in the United States. Seniors represent the highest proportion of healthcare spending in the United States on a per capita basis. There are approximately 5.8 million Medicare eligible seniors in our current markets, which we estimate represents a total addressable market of approximately \$71 billion.

We believe there is tremendous opportunity to further scale our business and address the growing need for seniors to experience a better approach to healthcare. According to the Congressional Budget Office, net Medicare spending was estimated to be \$630 billion in 2019 and is expected to grow to over \$1.3 trillion by 2029, representing an 8% compound annual growth rate. Furthermore, with seniors increasingly choosing Medicare Advantage over traditional Medicare FFS, the \$271 billion Medicare Advantage market is projected to grow at a rate of approximately 11% annually to over \$500 billion by 2025. Ultimately, we believe our relentless pursuit of putting the senior first will allow us to capture market share in a sector with significant demographic tailwinds.

Alignment's Virtuous Cycle

Our model is based on a flywheel concept, referred to as our "virtuous cycle", which is designed to delight our senior consumers. We start by listening to and engaging with our seniors in order to provide a superior experience, in both their healthcare and daily living needs. Through our AVA technology platform, we utilize data and predictive algorithms that are specifically designed to ensure personalized care is delivered to each member. When our information-enabled care model is combined with our member engagement, we are able to improve healthcare outcomes by, for example, reducing unnecessary hospital admissions, which in turn lowers overall costs. Our unique ability to manage healthcare expenditures, while maintaining quality and member satisfaction, is a distinct and sustainable competitive advantage. The lower total healthcare expenditures allow us to reinvest our savings into richer coverage and benefits, which propels our growth in revenue and membership due to the enhanced consumer value proposition. As we grow, we continue to listen to and incorporate member feedback, and are able to further enhance benefits and produce strong clinical outcomes. Our virtuous cycle, based on the principle of doing well by doing good, is highly repeatable and a core tenet of our ability to continue to expand in existing and new markets in the future.

- 1) Superior experience and engagement: Our philosophy for serving seniors starts with our goal of treating each member as if they were our own mother, father or loved one. We have developed a variety of programs that are designed to address seniors' healthcare and social needs. Our AVA platform provides care teams with actionable insights that help strengthen the quality and efficacy of our touch points with members. Additionally, our comprehensive benefit offerings establish us as fixtures in our members' daily lives, which uniquely positions us to serve as an advocate when navigating the complexities of the healthcare system. Combined with consumer engagement activities, such as companion care (providing "grandkids on-demand") and the delivery of meals and masks to members during the COVID-19 pandemic, we are able to build trusting, long-term relationships with our seniors.
- <u>2) Personalized care</u>: AVA uses comprehensive data and predictive analytics to identify the needs of our members and create personalized experiences in every aspect of how we care for and serve them. We educate and provide timely information to our broader network of independent physicians to optimize health outcomes for our overall member population, and we deploy our internal clinical resources to care for our highest risk, most complex members. To manage our highest risk members, we rely on AVA to enable seamlessly integrated virtual and at-home healthcare delivery by utilizing direct "smart" interactions through the most effective engagement channels. For those of our members who are less vulnerable, we partner with local providers and support them with Alignment's insights and resources to deliver high-quality, coordinated care. Members also have 24/7 access to a dedicated concierge team that can assist with medical needs, care navigation, transportation and other services that are important to the health of our members.
- <u>3) High-quality, low-cost care:</u> The economic model underlying the Medicare Advantage value-based framework enables us to invest in preventative health and wellness activities, which reduce unnecessary medical events that can have lasting, negative consequences for our seniors. If a single nurse visit to a high-risk senior's home prevents an avoidable hospitalization, then that visit represents a 30 to 1 return-on-investment, based on the average cost of a nurse visit and hospitalization. Our ability to provide high-quality and low-cost care is critical to our ability to continue to offer a superior product offering and is a defining characteristic of our company relative to our competition.
- 4) Richest coverage and benefits: We leverage our improved clinical and operating results to proactively invest in more comprehensive coverage and richer benefits for our members, as well as in additional services that support the full spectrum of seniors' daily healthcare and social needs. While we tailor our various products to meet the individual needs of our diverse consumers, we strive to consistently deliver the Alignment experience and enhanced value proposition across all offerings. Our Medicare Advantage plans were rated in the top three for benefit richness in 18 out of our 22 markets, based on CMS data, and 70% of our members are in a \$0 monthly premium plan.
- <u>5) Drives growth</u>: Our next generation platform is designed to drive superior member experiences, differentiated clinical results and strong financial outcomes, which has led to our 39% revenue and 33% membership compound annual growth rate since inception. As we continue to grow and increase density within existing markets, Alignment's brand recognition with senior consumers, relationships with the broker community, and ability to influence provider behavior will continue to power our flywheel and drive sustained growth in our current and new markets.

Our Results

In order to achieve our mission of improving healthcare one senior at a time, we've developed a business model with a predictable, recurring revenue stream that provides significant visibility into our financial growth trajectory. We generally contract directly with CMS as a licensed Medicare Advantage plan and receive a recurring per member per month ("PMPM") payment in exchange for bearing the responsibility of our members' healthcare outcomes and expenditures. These contractual arrangements, combined with the fact that the majority of our net membership growth occurs effective on January 1 of a calendar year after the Annual Enrollment Period ("AEP"), provide a higher degree of visibility to our full year projected revenue early in the calendar year.

We believe that Medicare Advantage is unique in that it allows one entity to influence the entirety of a senior's healthcare through a single, direct-to-consumer product. Our platform is designed to maximize the benefits of Medicare Advantage, with all stakeholders being rewarded as we improve the clinical outcomes and experience for our consumers. We believe that the outcomes below clearly demonstrate the success of our unique consumer-centric platform by delivering on the promise of our virtuous cycle.

- Superior Experience and Engagement: our NPS score of 66;
- Personalized Care: 163 inpatient admissions per thousand (38% better than 2018 Medicare FFS benchmark);
- High Quality, Low Cost Care: Medical Benefits Ratio ("MBR") averages of 70-75% for our longest tenured members;¹
- Richest Coverage & Benefits: ranked as one of the top three health plans in terms of richness of benefits in 18 of 22 markets based on CMS data; and
- Drives Growth: generated 39% revenue and 33% membership compound annual growth rate since inception.

Our ability to deliver lower healthcare costs while improving the consumer's experience is a unique competitive advantage. This differentiation has led to our demonstrated ability to rapidly scale, as evidenced by the expansion of our model to 22 markets across three states covering approximately 75,000 members as of September 30, 2020. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2020, our total revenue was \$566.5 million and \$708.5 million, respectively, representing a year-over-year growth rate of 25%. We believe we have proven that our model is highly predictable and repeatable across different markets and will enable strong growth on a national level as we pursue our vision of becoming the most trusted senior healthcare brand in the country.

Our Product Solutions

We deliver our healthcare platform through our Medicare Advantage plan offerings. Our plan offerings reflect CMS' advocacy for improving seniors' healthcare experience and addressing social determinants of health, and represent the convergence of quality healthcare, enhanced customer experience and lifestyle-focused features in a direct-to-consumer product. We recognize that no two seniors are alike and strive to meet the needs of a diverse array of consumers. We do this by offering various products that are designed with different populations in mind, all while providing personalized, easy to navigate healthcare with a great consumer experience at a superior value.

Our current product portfolio consists of Medicare Advantage products tailored to take into account factors such as health condition (ranging from plans for healthy members to chronic special needs plans), socioeconomic status (including Medicare and Medicaid dually-eligible special needs products), and ethnicity (including our new Harmony product, featuring benefits associated with Eastern medicine disciplines). Each product is carefully developed to create an offering that will suit the needs of the diverse senior population.

More recently, we have begun to introduce Preferred Provider Organization ("PPO") offerings in select markets, which we believe will be attractive to those seniors that prefer a more open network design. We have also continued to innovate by launching a unique virtual care plan, which will allow our members to select a

^{1.} Represents members that have been enrolled in our plans for 5+ years for whom we retain at least a majority of claim risk, and excludes the costs of our clinical model investments.

virtual provider as their primary care physician, enjoy a rich array of benefits, and still access local, in-person healthcare resources when needed.

We believe that addressing the social determinants of health has a significant impact on the overall health of our seniors. As such, we have expanded our focus beyond traditional medical benefits to design products that provide seniors with a package of benefits and experiences that cover both healthcare and lifestyle needs. In addition to competitive pricing and coverage for primary care providers, specialists, inpatient and emergency room visits, vision, hearing, lab/x-ray services, pharmaceutical coverage and other similar benefits that many Medicare Advantage plans offer, we offer numerous additional features including:

- ACCESS On-Demand Concierge card: We provide our members with an ACCESS On Demand Concierge "Black Card", an
 innovative pre-paid debit card that provides consumers with an Alignment-driven retail experience combined with incentives for
 engaging in healthy behavior.
- ACCESS On-Demand Concierge care: Our members are provided with 24/7 access to a dedicated concierge team that is available to
 make appointments, connect members with physicians via phone or video calls, coordinate referrals, schedule transportation,
 determine benefits and arrange in-home meal delivery.
- Companion care: Certain of our plans include a benefit that connects college students with chronically ill members who need assistance with non-medical services, such as light housekeeping, technology lessons and companionship.
- Transportation partnerships: We have partnered with transportation companies in order to offer ride services to members, providing them with easy access to transportation to and from medical appointments.
- Fitness membership: We offer coverage for fitness memberships in certain of our plans.
- Pet care: We offer coverage for pet boarding to chronically ill members in certain markets who have hospital procedures or emergencies and need pet care while they are away.
- Personal Emergency Response System (PERS): In 2021, we introduced our PERS partnership in certain markets, which features a device that allows members who live alone or are at risk of a fall to call for assistance with the push of a button.

We have designed our existing portfolio of products to provide us with the flexibility to meet the distinctive needs of the communities we serve and our diverse membership.

Our Technology: Alignment's Virtual Application

Our position in the healthcare ecosystem as a Medicare Advantage plan provides us with differentiated access to large amounts of member data. With the benefit of this information, we are better able to effect change and positively impact our members' healthcare experience. Since our founding, we have recognized that harnessing data and information had to be core tenants of our technology solution and care delivery model. As such, we leveraged our management team's experience across healthcare and technology to build AVA – our proprietary technology platform designed to provide the best health outcomes and experiences for our members. AVA is a core system that was purpose-built from the ground up with the senior population and their ecosystem in mind. The benefits of AVA apply to our members, as well as everyone in their care ecosystem, including doctors, nurses, caregivers, health plan operational teams and health insurance brokers.

Key aspects of the AVA platform include:

Cloud scalability: AVA was built in the secure cloud, leveraging Microsoft Azure, to efficiently scale with massive data sets and reduce the need to maintain significant on-premise systems.

- <u>Data ingestion</u>: AVA ingests data through direct feeds and APIs from over 200 sources, including hospital admissions, medical claims, lab results, electronic medical records, prescriptions, connected devices (e.g., blood pressure monitors, scales, glucose readers), call centers, emergency room visits, "Black Card" purchases, health information exchanges, and health risk assessments (e.g., mental status, social determinants).
- <u>Rule algorithms</u>: We apply rule algorithms, incorporating codified medical knowledge, to draw insights from personalized data and determine what actions need to be taken.
- <u>Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine learning (ML)</u>: We have built predictive models utilizing AI and ML to determine the most likely factors associated with various outcomes, such as hospital admissions, medical procedures, or specific health risks.
- <u>Workflows</u>: Based on the output of our data models, we are able to orchestrate specific workflows, in real-time, that benefit the member and their ecosystem, including doctors, nurses, caregivers, health plan operational teams and brokers.
- <u>Privacy and security</u>: AVA incorporates high security controls around member data, including running regular vulnerability testing, adhering to application security protocols, and implementing fine grained access controls, ensuring only authorized individuals can access member health data.

Our platform differs from systems operated by both traditional healthcare companies and new market entrants in that it functions as an integrated core system, enabling all aspects of our operations. As we build and continue to optimize AVA, we are focused on what each key stakeholder requires in order to deliver a better experience and richer value proposition to our members:

- **Consumer Experience**: AVA offers a digital ecosystem that enables our members and their support system to get the information and care they need, when and how they need it.
- <u>Internal Care Delivery</u>: AVA is vital in our ability to effectively identify and manage our highest risk, most complex members, and to ensure that every intervention opportunity is optimized by the most relevant and effective data available.
- <u>External Providers</u>: Medical group leaders, doctors and front-line administrative staff are provided comprehensive information to streamline and support the coordination of member care.
- <u>Health Plan Operations</u>: By leveraging a single source of accurate information, we foster improved cross-functional communication and execution across our key value drivers.
- <u>Growth Operations</u>: By offering streamlined Medicare Advantage plan application submission and management, member management, commission tracking, and a variety of self-service tools, we are able to create greater brand differentiation in the market with our external brokers and our internal sales team to support our growth efforts.

When paired with our operational expertise, we believe AVA is integral to our ability to drive our operations and business outcomes consistently across markets. AVA provides us with the flexibility to adapt our operating models to meet the needs of local communities and providers, while achieving high-quality, low-cost care in each market.

Our Clinical Model

Our clinical model is designed specifically for seniors and is managed across multiple disciplines (medical, social, psychological, pharmaceutical and functional) and sites of care (home, inpatient, outpatient, virtual and others). Given the prevalence of comorbidities within our chronically ill members, coordination across a multi-disciplinary care team is vital to providing a medical and behavioral care plan that drives improved outcomes.

Our care delivery model creates a highly personalized experience that is unique to each member depending on their personal health and circumstances. Our clinical continuum separates seniors into four categories in order to provide optimized care for every stage of a senior's life: healthy, healthy utilizer, pre-chronic and chronic. We organize members into these categories using insights derived from AVA, which reflects detailed profiles of each members' individual risks and gaps in care based on our longitudinal and comprehensive data sets.

Proactive, Coordinated Care Management

The majority of Healthy and Healthy Utilizer members' care needs are managed by our network of local community providers in conjunction with our support and oversight. We utilize continuous communication with our network of independent primary care providers to ensure that our members have access to preventative and ongoing care. We have also established a variety of tools and applications that provide us with insight into how our various providers are performing on key quality and cost metrics. We use this data to create a routine feedback loop with our external providers for the benefit of our broader senior population.

Our pre-chronic and chronic members are typically targeted for engagement through our *Care Anywhere* program. *Care Anywhere* is an advanced clinician-driven model of care that is staffed by Alignment-employed physicians, advanced practice clinicians, case managers, social workers and behavioral health coaches to assure execution of cross-functional care plans.

We structure our *Care Anywhere* program with a focus on prioritizing compassionate and effective care delivery and proactive health management. Key features of the *Care Anywhere* program include: proactive outreach; 24/7 access; highly detailed personalized care plans; and enhanced coordination of care and social needs. Standardized care programs are targeted to seniors based on their underlying conditions, such as Chronic Heart Failure or Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disorder, which are then personally tailored based on each individual's underlying circumstances. We engage with this high-risk group of seniors based on their preferences for care delivery, which is typically in their homes or through telephonic and video consultations. During the initial months of the COVID-19 pandemic, we were able to rapidly pivot the modality of our clinical care to a virtual setting. In a period of 30 days, we went from approximately 97% of our care delivered in the home to 100% care delivered telephonically and virtually. Since April 2020, approximately 83% of our *Care Anywhere* engagement has been telephonic or virtual. Our abrupt shift in modality of care exemplifies our adaptability and willingness to prioritize the safety and convenience of our members most in need of care.

We believe the combined capabilities of customized, coordinated care delivery with our health plan capabilities for this vulnerable population uniquely positions us in the marketplace and differentiates us from other healthcare companies. Our approach creates several benefits for our highrisk, complex members: improved quality of life, high patient satisfaction, reductions in unnecessary emergency room visits and inpatient care, and lower re-admission rates. This also allows us to establish a more direct relationship with seniors, building member loyalty and brand recognition. Our *Care Anywhere* program has an NPS score of 78, underscoring the positive impact it has on our most vulnerable members. These improved outcomes translate into financial savings that we can reinvest in our product offerings, which we believe is a significant competitive advantage.

Our Growth Strategy

The key elements of our growth strategy include:

Capitalize on the significant opportunity within our current markets

We currently operate in 22 markets, or counties, across California, North Carolina and Nevada. We have approximately 75,000 members across these markets, representing approximately 3% of the overall market share

among seniors that are in a Medicare Advantage plan in these counties; as such, we believe there is tremendous opportunity for growth in our existing geographical footprint. Meanwhile, we believe we have demonstrated an ability to compete with much larger competitors due to the significant value proposition of our product offerings:

- In our California markets, we were one of the top three Medicare Advantage Organizations in terms of HMO net membership growth between 2016 and 2020
- · In that time period, approximately 80% of our new members switched to our health plan from competing Medicare Advantage plans
- We have grown to approximately 10-20% market share in our most mature markets

We believe that we will continue to gain share in our current markets due to our strong track record of providing exceptional care and expanding our network with new contracts, innovative partnerships with a wide array of providers, and offering a best in class member experience.

Expand into new markets

Given our track record of delivering exceptional results and delighting consumers in our existing markets, we recently launched our national expansion strategy guided by our disciplined approach to identifying new markets. In geographically adjacent markets, we have the benefit of leveraging our existing provider relationships and infrastructure to expand more rapidly in a less capital-intensive manner. In entirely new markets, we can reach scale quickly given our highly portable and adaptable AVA technology platform and our wealth of transferable care management expertise. We have identified additional markets for potential expansion in 2022 and beyond to continue to extend our growth runway.

Since our founding in 2013, we have been successful in rural, urban and suburban markets, as well as markets with varying degrees of provider and health system competition and control. Additionally, our markets feature a diverse array of membership profiles across ethnicities, income levels and acuity. For example, in four California markets that differ significantly based on these criteria, our at-risk returning member MBR for the first quarter of 2020 ranged from approximately 75% to 85%. As a result, our model and platform are designed to scale and allow us to provide a predictable and replicable set of outcomes, regardless of the local market considerations.

Partner with providers to accelerate growth and improve operational performance

We intend to grow in new and existing markets by leveraging the flexibility and adaptability of our model to contract with provider partners across a spectrum of risk sharing arrangements. Across our 22 existing markets, we have a wide variety of successful operating and financial arrangements with medical groups, shared risk providers, affiliate providers, providers employed by health systems and community-based, independent primary care physicians. By enabling successful outcomes and offering an appealing value proposition to new provider partners, we are able to grow in new markets and rapidly build out robust provider networks that drive further growth for our platform.

Expand services and product offerings

We see substantial opportunity to continue to build on our existing Medicare Advantage health plan offerings by providing an expanding portfolio of direct-to-consumer products. With the launch of our Medicare Advantage PPO products in 2020, we offer senior members additional choices while still relying on our sophisticated technology platform and member support model to provide proactive care to our members. We will continue to tailor new Medicare Advantage product offerings to meet the distinct needs of our members in the future. We believe we can continue to drive our longer-term growth by insourcing certain product lines over

time, such as vision, dental, specialty pharmacy, and others. We believe this "horizontal integration" of various product features can be further coupled with other forms of more "vertical integration", such as hospice, home health or behavioral health, to directly serve a broader range of our members' needs. Expanded offerings will continue to provide our healthcare consumers with more integrated services, which enhances their Alignment experience and contributes to improved quality of life and health.

Extending the Alignment model to broader senior populations

We will continue to innovate as regulatory changes expand our opportunities to deliver the Alignment experience across a broader set of members and potentially new markets.

Grow through strategic acquisitions

We continually evaluate potential acquisition targets that would accelerate growth, enhance our care delivery model, and/or allow us to apply the Alignment model across broader populations. We will primarily focus on acquiring healthcare delivery groups in key geographies, standalone and provider-sponsored Medicare Advantage plans and other complementary risk bearing assets. We will also selectively explore additional opportunities that serve to enhance our technology platform and product offerings for our members and partners.

Impact of COVID-19 on Our Operations

The severity, magnitude and duration of the current COVID-19 pandemic is uncertain and rapidly changing. As of the date of this prospectus, the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may impact our business, results of operations and financial condition remains uncertain. Furthermore, because of our business model, the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic may not be fully reflected in our results of operations and overall financial condition until future periods.

The ultimate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business, results of operations and financial condition will depend on certain developments, including: the duration and spread of the outbreak; government responses to the pandemic; its impact on the health and welfare of our members, our employees and their families; its impact on member, industry, or employee events; delays in hiring and onboarding new employees; and effects on our partners and supply chain, some of which are uncertain, difficult to predict, and not within our control. See "Risk Factors – A pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of an infectious disease in the United States or worldwide, including the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus disease, COVID-19, could adversely affect our business."

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, we took the following actions to ensure the safety of our employees and their families and to address the physical, mental and social health of our members:

- temporarily closed our corporate offices and enabled most of our corporate work force to work remotely, with certain employees returning on a phased-in basis in the second quarter of 2020;
- implemented travel restrictions for non-essential business;
- engaged with our members through virtual Town Hall meetings addressing topics such as the COVID-19 pandemic, fitness at home, staying connected and other social determinants of health;
- temporarily transitioned to a virtual care delivery model, leveraging our video and telehealth capabilities to facilitate virtual clinical
 visits for our members and conduct programs such as the annual health risk assessments (the "Jump Start Assessments") through
 telephone and video;

- acquired and deployed significantly greater amounts of personal protective equipment ("PPE") to ensure the safety of our employees and member-patients; and
- leveraged our internal and external community resources to deliver food to our at-risk members to address food supply issues or challenges.

Between March 19 and August 20, 2020 we engaged with 54,824 members, representing approximately 76% of our member base, over a series of nine virtual Town Hall meetings. In the meetings we conducted live polls to obtain members' feedback in response to questions related to COVID-19 as well as to behavioral and lifestyle questions aimed at addressing social determinants of health. We tailored our Town Hall content based on the feedback received, which led to enhanced members satisfaction. In addition, since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic in early 2020, we have delivered over 100,000 facemasks and nearly 30,000 meals to members.

Many of these changes remain in effect and could extend into future quarters. Though significant uncertainty remains as to how COVID-19 will impact our future results and operations, to date we have experienced (i) increased challenges in appropriately documenting members' underlying conditions, which could have an adverse impact on per-member revenue in future years; (ii) limitations on our ability to engage in outreach to potential new members; (iii) abnormal seasonality to our medical expense, including temporarily low levels of utilization and medical expense as members delay or decide not to seek care, which could result in increased medical expense in the future; and (iv) increased operational expenditures to support remote workforce enablement.

Risks Associated with Our Business

There are a number of risks related to our business, this offering and our common stock that you should consider before you decide whether to participate in this offering. You should carefully consider all the information presented in the sections entitled "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this prospectus. Some of the principal risks related to our business include the following:

- our history of net losses, and our ability to achieve or maintain profitability;
- the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business;
- difficulty evaluating our current business and future prospects given our limited operating history;
- the success of our growth strategy and our ability to achieve expected results;
- our ability to attract new members;
- the quality and pricing of our products and services;
- our ability to maintain high levels of service and member satisfaction;
- our ability to develop and maintain satisfactory relationship with care providers that provide medical services for our members;
- our ability to manage our growth effectively;
- the highly competitive nature of the healthcare industry;
- risks related to the security of our information management systems and data privacy;
- risks related to being a government contractor;
- our ability to obtain, maintain, protect and enforce intellectual property protection for our technology;

- the protection of our reputation and brand recognition;
- risks related to regulation, as we operate in a highly regulated industry;
- · the fact that the Lead Sponsors (as defined below) control us, and their interests may conflict with ours or yours; and
- the other factors set forth under "Risk Factors."

These and other risks are more fully described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in this prospectus. If any of these risks actually occurs, our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and prospectus could be materially and adversely affected. As a result, you could lose all or part of your investment in our common stock.

General Corporate Information

Our principal executive offices are located at 1100 W. Town and Country Road, Suite 1600, Orange, California 92868. Our telephone number is 1-844-310-2247. Our website address is www.alignmenthealthcare.com. The information contained on, or that can be accessed through, our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus, and you should not consider any information contained on, or that can be accessed through, our website as part of this prospectus or in deciding whether to purchase our common stock. We are a holding company and all of our business operations are conducted through our subsidiaries and affiliated professional medical corporations.

This prospectus includes our trademarks and service marks such as "Alignment Healthcare", which are protected under applicable intellectual property laws and are the property of us or our subsidiaries. This prospectus also contains trademarks, service marks, trade names and copyrights of other companies, which are the property of their respective owners. Solely for convenience, trademarks and trade names referred to in this prospectus may appear without the ® or ™ symbols, but such references are not intended to indicate, in any way, that we will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, our rights or the rights of the applicable licensor to these trademarks and trade names.

Implications of Being an Emerging Growth Company

We qualify as an "emerging growth company" as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, or the JOBS Act. We will remain an emerging growth company until the earlier of (1) the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the completion of this offering, (2) the last day of the fiscal year in which we have total annual gross revenue of at least \$1.07 billion, (3) the date on which we are deemed to be a large accelerated filer (this means the market value of common that is held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the end of the second quarter of that fiscal year), or (4) the date on which we have issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt securities during the prior three-year period.

An emerging growth company may take advantage of reduced reporting requirements that are otherwise applicable to public companies. These provisions include, but are not limited to:

- not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act");
- reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports, proxy statements and registration statements;
- exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

We have elected to take advantage of certain of the reduced disclosure obligations regarding financial statements and executive compensation in this prospectus and expect to elect to take advantage of other reduced burdens in future filings. As a result, the information that we provide to our shareholders may be different than you might receive from other public reporting companies in which you hold equity interests.

In addition, under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can delay adopting new or revised accounting standards until such time as those standards apply to private companies. We intend to take advantage of the longer phase-in periods for the adoption of new or revised financial accounting standards under the JOBS Act until we are no longer an emerging growth company. Our election to use the phase-in periods permitted by this election may make it difficult to compare our financial statements to those of non-emerging growth companies and other emerging growth companies that have opted out of the longer phase-in periods permitted under the JOBS Act and who will comply with new or revised financial accounting standards. If we were to subsequently elect instead to comply with public company effective dates, such election would be irrevocable pursuant to the JOBS Act.

THE OFFERING

Common stock offered

Option to purchase additional shares

Common stock to be outstanding after this offering

Use of proceeds

Risk factors

_

shares.

shares.

shares (or shares if the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares from us is exercised in full).

We estimate that our net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$ million, or approximately \$ million if the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares is exercised in full, assuming an initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the estimated price

range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

The principal purposes of this offering are to increase our capitalization and financial flexibility, create a public market for our common stock and enable access to the public equity markets for us and our shareholders. We expect to use the net proceeds of this offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, including continued investments in the growth of our business. See "Use of Proceeds" for additional information.

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. See "*Risk Factors*" elsewhere in this prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our common stock.

" "

Proposed trading symbol

The number of shares of common stock to be outstanding following this offering is based on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the Corporate Conversion, and excludes shares of common stock reserved for future issuance under the 2021 Plan (as defined below), which will be adopted in connection with this offering.

Unless otherwise indicated, all information in this prospectus assumes:

- the completion of the Corporate Conversion, as described under "Corporate Conversion";
- the filing of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and the adoption of our bylaws, each in connection with the closing of this offering; and
- no exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase up to additional shares of common stock.

Summary Consolidated Financial Data

The following tables summarize our consolidated financial data. The summary consolidated statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2020 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2020 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements that are included elsewhere in this prospectus. The summary consolidated financial data in this section are not intended to replace the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus and are qualified in their entirety by the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in the future. You should read the summary historical financial data below in conjunction with the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Year Ended I	December 31,
	2019	2020
(dollars in thousands, except unit and per unit amounts) Revenues:		
Earned premiums	\$753,973	\$
Other	2,988	Ψ
Total revenues	756,961	
Expenses:		
Medical expenses	661,389	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	110,134	
Depreciation and amortization	14,922	
Total expenses	786,445	
Loss from operations	(29,484)	
Other expense:		
Interest expense	14,897	
Other expenses	351	
Total other expenses	15,248	
Loss before income taxes	(44,732)	
Provision for Income taxes	_	
Net loss	\$ (44,732)	\$
Weighted-Average Number of Membership Units Outstanding – Basic and Diluted	566,200	
Net Loss Per Unit – Basic and Diluted	\$ (79.00)	
Other financial data:		
Adjusted EBITDA(1)	\$ (12,095)	

¹⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that we define as net income (loss) before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization expense and equity-based compensation expense. Adjusted EBITDA is a key measure used by our management and our Board to understand and evaluate our operating performance and trends, to prepare and approve our annual budget and to develop short and long-term operating plans. In particular, we believe that the exclusion of the amounts eliminated in calculating Adjusted EBITDA provides useful measures for period-to-period comparisons of our business. Given our intent to continue to invest in our platform and the scalability of our business in the short to medium-term, we believe Adjusted EBITDA over the long term will be an important indicator of value creation. Adjusted

EBITDA should not be considered in isolation of, or as an alternative to, measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. There are a number of limitations related to the use of Adjusted EBITDA in lieu of net income (loss), which is the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Our use of the term Adjusted EBITDA may vary from the use of similar terms by other companies in our industry and accordingly may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. Adjusted EBITDA is reconciled as follows:

	As of Decemi	As of December 31,	
	2019	2020	
(dollars in thousands)			
Net income (loss)	\$(44,732)		
Add back:			
Interest expense	\$ 14,897		
Income taxes	_		
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 16,583		
EBITDA	\$(13,252)		
Equity-based compensation (incentive units)	<u>\$ 1,157</u>		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$(12,095)		

	Year Ende	Year Ended December 31,	
	2019	2020	
Pro Forma Per Share Data ⁽¹⁾ :	<u> </u>		
Pro Forma net income (loss) per share:			
Basic			
Diluted			
Pro forma weighted-average shares used in computing net income (loss) per share:			
Basic			
Diluted			

⁽¹⁾ Unaudited pro forma per share information gives effect to the Corporate Conversion, our sale of shares of common stock in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the estimated public offering price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us and the application of the net proceeds of this offering as set forth under "Use of Proceeds." In conjunction with the conversion, all of our outstanding equity interests will be converted into shares of common stock. This pro forma data is presented for informational purposes only and does not purport to represent what our net income (loss) or net income (loss) per share actually would have been had the offering and use of proceeds therefrom occurred on January 1, 2020 or to project our net income (loss) or net income (loss) per share for any future period.

	Decer	December 31, 2020	
	Actual	Pro Forma As Adjusted(1)(2)	
	(dollar	s in thousands)	
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:			
Cash	\$	\$	
Working capital(3)	\$	\$	
Total assets	\$	\$	
Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$	\$	
Total members' deficit	\$	\$	

- (1) Reflects our sale of shares of common stock in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the estimated public offering price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us and the application of the net proceeds of this offering as set forth under "Use of Proceeds." The Corporate Conversion has no impact on the line items presented.
- (2) A \$1.00 increase or decrease in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, would increase or decrease each of cash, working capital, total assets and total equity on an as adjusted basis by approximately \$ million, assuming the number of shares offered, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same, and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.
- (3) We define working capital as current assets less current liabilities.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below, together with all of the other information contained in this prospectus, including our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto, before making a decision to invest in our common stock. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties that we are unaware of, or that we currently believe are not material, may also become important factors that affect us. If any of the following risks occur, our business, financial condition, operating results and prospectus could be materially and adversely affected. In that event, the price of our common stock could decline, and you could lose all or part of your investment.

Risk Factors Summary

The following are the principal risks that are applicable to our business and the shares of our common stock. Such risks are discussed in more detail below, and you should read this Risk Factors section in its entirety before deciding whether to participate in this offering.

Risks Related to Our Business

- We have a history of net losses and may be unable to achieve or maintain profitability.
- A pandemic or outbreak of an infectious disease, including COVID-19, could adversely affect our business.
- Our relatively limited operating history makes it difficult to evaluate our current business and future prospects.
- Our growth strategy may not prove viable and we may not realize expected results.
- If we are unable to attract new members, our revenue growth will be adversely affected.
- If we do not design and price our products properly and competitively, cannot develop new products and implement clinical initiatives, lower costs, and appropriately document members' risk profile, or if our benefits expense estimates are inadequate, our profitability may be materially adversely affected.
- We may not be successful in maintaining or improving our Star ratings in future years.
- If we fail to develop and maintain satisfactory relationships with care providers, our business may be adversely affected.
- If we fail to manage our growth effectively, we may be unable to execute our business plan, maintain high levels of service and member satisfaction or adequately address competitive challenges.
- The healthcare industry is competitive with few barriers to entry and many plans and providers have a longer operating history and more resources.
- We have entered into certain key contracts with large independent physician associations ("IPAs") to serve our membership base.
- Security breaches, loss of data and other disruptions could compromise sensitive business or member information, or prevent access to critical information and expose us to liability.
- Disruptions in our disaster recovery systems or management continuity planning could limit our ability to operate our business effectively and adequately care for our members.
- As a government contractor, we risk the potential loss of CMS contracts, suspension from the Medicare Advantage program, changes to
 premiums paid to Medicare Advantage plans, changes to provisions for risk sharing under Medicare Part D and governmental audits and
 investigations, among others.
- · We may be subject to legal proceedings and litigation, including intellectual property and privacy disputes.

- Our business may be impacted if the healthcare services industry becomes more cyclical.
- Any failure by us to manage acquisitions, divestitures and other significant transactions successfully may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, and cash flows.
- If we are not able to maintain, enhance and protect our reputation and brand recognition, including through the maintenance and protection of trademarks, our business and results of operations will be harmed.
- Our business depends on our ability to effectively invest in, implement improvements to and properly maintain the uninterrupted operation and data integrity of our information technology platform.
- If we are unable to obtain, maintain, protect and enforce sufficiently broad intellectual property protection, others may commercialize similar technology.
- Third parties may initiate legal proceedings alleging intellectual property rights violations, the outcome of which would be uncertain and could have a material adverse effect on our business.
- If we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our trade secrets, know-how and other proprietary and internally developed information, the value of our technology could be adversely affected.
- Any restrictions on our use of, or ability to license, data, or our failure to license data and integrate third-party technologies, could have a material adverse effect on our business.
- Our "open source" software use could adversely affect our offering of products and services and subject us to litigation.
- We depend on our senior management team and other key employees, and the loss of one or more of these employees or an inability to
 attract and retain other highly skilled employees could harm our business.
- Our plans are concentrated in three states and we may not be able to establish new geographic presences.
- Our overall business results may suffer from an economic downturn.
- Our management team has limited experience managing a public company.
- Our corporate culture has contributed to our success, and if we cannot maintain this culture as we grow, we could lose the innovation, creativity and teamwork fostered by our culture and our business may be harmed.
- Competition for physicians and nurses, shortages of qualified personnel or other factors could increase our labor costs and adversely affect our revenue, profitability and cash flows.
- Our records may contain inaccurate or unsupportable information regarding risk adjustment scores of members, which could cause
 misstatements of revenue and subject us to penalties.
- · Inaccurate estimates of incurred but not reported medical expense could adversely affect our results.
- · Negative publicity regarding our industry generally could adversely affect our results of operations or business.
- Medicare Advantage funding reductions could adversely affect our results of operations.
- Our clinics, centers, and facilities may be negatively impacted by weather and other factors.
- If we are unable to offer new and innovative products and services or fail to keep pace with industry advances, technology and needs, our members may terminate memberships.
- We are a holding company with no operations of our own, and we depend on our subsidiaries for cash.
- Our ability to obtain funds from certain of our licensed subsidiaries is restricted by state insurance regulations.

Risks Related to Regulation

- New laws or changes in laws or their application could increase our cost of doing business.
- We must adapt to changes in the healthcare industry and related regulations or our business may be harmed.
- Losing the services of the physicians who own our VIEs could jeopardize our contractual arrangements.
- The contractual arrangements we have with our VIEs is not as secure as direct ownership of such entities.
- Changes in tax laws may adversely affect us, and the Internal Revenue Service (the "Service") or a court may disagree with our tax positions.

Risks Related to Our Indebtedness

- Our existing indebtedness could adversely affect our business and growth prospects.
- We may not be able to generate sufficient cash flow to service all of our indebtedness.
- The terms and conditions of our term loan restrict our current and future operations.
- Our failure to raise additional capital or generate cash flows could reduce our ability to compete successfully.

Risks Related to Our Common Stock and This Offering

- The Lead Sponsors control us, and their interests may conflict with ours or yours in the future.
- · We are an "emerging growth company" and will comply with reduced public company reporting requirements.
- The requirements of being a public company may strain our resources and distract our management.
- Provisions of our corporate governance documents could make an acquisition of us more difficult.
- The exclusive forum provision in our certificate of incorporation may have the effect of discouraging lawsuits against our directors and officers.

General Risk Factors

- · If you purchase shares of common stock in this offering, you will suffer immediate and substantial dilution.
- An active, liquid trading market for our common stock may not develop.
- Our operating results and stock price may be volatile, and our stock price may drop after this offering.
- A significant portion of our total outstanding shares are restricted from immediate resale but may be sold into the market in the near future.
- As we have no current plans to pay regular cash dividends on our common stock following this offering, you may not receive any return on investment unless you sell your common stock.
- If securities or industry analysts do not publish research about our business, if they adversely change their recommendations or if our results do not meet expectations, our stock price and trading volume could decline.
- We may issue shares of preferred stock in the future, which could make it difficult for another company to acquire us or could otherwise
 adversely affect holders of our common stock.

Future sales of substantial amounts of common stock, or the possibility of such sales, could adversely affect stock price.

Risks Related to Our Business

We have a history of net losses, we anticipate increasing expenses in the future, and we may not be able to achieve or maintain profitability.

We have incurred net losses on an annual basis since our inception, including a net loss of \$44.73 million and \$ million for the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2020, respectively. We expect our aggregate costs will increase substantially in the foreseeable future as we expect to invest heavily in increasing our member base, expanding our operations, hiring additional employees and operating as a public company. These efforts may prove more expensive than we currently anticipate, and we may not succeed in increasing our revenue sufficiently to offset these higher expenses. To date, we have financed our operations principally from the sale of our equity, revenue from the CMS and the incurrence of indebtedness. We may not generate positive cash flow from operations or profitability in the future, and our limited operating history may make it difficult for you to evaluate our current business and our future prospects.

We have encountered and will continue to encounter risks and difficulties frequently experienced by growing companies in rapidly changing industries, including increasing expenses as we continue to grow our business. We expect our operating expenses to increase significantly over the next several years as we continue to increase our product and service offerings, hire additional personnel, expand our operations and infrastructure, and continue to expand to reach more senior consumers. In addition to the expected costs to grow our business, we also expect to incur additional legal, accounting and other expenses as a newly public company. These investments may be more costly than we expect, and if we do not achieve the benefits anticipated from these investments, or if the realization of these benefits is delayed, they may not result in increased revenue or growth in our business. If our growth rate were to decline significantly or become negative, it could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. If we are not able to maintain positive cash flow in the long term, we may require additional financing, which may not be available on favorable terms or at all and/or which would be dilutive to our stockholders. If we are unable to successfully address these risks and challenges as we encounter them, our business, results of operations and financial condition would be adversely affected. Our failure to achieve or maintain profitability could negatively impact the value of our common stock.

A pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of an infectious disease in the United States or worldwide, including the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus disease, COVID-19, could adversely affect our business.

If a pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of an infectious disease occurs in the United States or worldwide, our business may be adversely affected. The severity, magnitude and duration of the current COVID-19 pandemic is uncertain and rapidly changing. As of the date of this prospectus, the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may impact our business, results of operations and financial condition remains uncertain. Furthermore, because of our business model, the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic may not be fully reflected in our results of operations and overall financial condition until future periods.

Adverse market conditions resulting from the spread of COVID-19 could materially adversely affect our business and the value of our common stock. Numerous state and local jurisdictions, including all markets where we operate, previously imposed, and others in the future may impose, "shelter-in-place" orders, quarantines, executive orders and similar government orders and restrictions for their residents to control the spread of COVID-19. Such orders or restrictions resulted in largely remote operations at our facilities, work stoppages or slowdowns among some clinical service providers, vendors and suppliers, travel restrictions and cancellation of events and restricted the ability of our members to obtain in-person medical care, among other effects, thereby adversely impacting our operations.

Other disruptions or potential disruptions include restrictions on the ability of our personnel to travel, delays in actions of regulatory bodies; diversion of or limitations on employee resources that would otherwise be focused on the operations of our business, including because of sickness of employees or their families or the desire of employees to avoid contact with groups of people; business adjustments or disruptions of certain third parties; and additional government requirements or other incremental mitigation efforts. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic impacts our business will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity and spread of COVID-19 and the actions to contain COVID-19 or treat its impact, among others. In addition, the COVID-19 virus disproportionately impacts our member base of seniors, especially those with chronic illnesses.

It is not currently possible to reliably project the direct impact of COVID-19 on our operating revenues and expenses. Key factors include the duration and extent of the outbreak in the markets in which we operate as well as societal and governmental responses. Members may continue to be reluctant to seek necessary care given the risks of the COVID-19 pandemic. This could have the effect of deferring healthcare expenses that we will need to incur to later periods and may also affect the longer-term health of members who defer treatment, which may cause our costs to increase in the future. Further, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, we may experience slowed growth or a decline in our ability to market to potential members. We also may experience increased internal and third-party medical costs as we provide care, benefits and treatment coverage for members suffering from COVID-19. Further, we may face increased competition due to changes to our competitors' products and services, including modifications to their terms, conditions, and pricing that could materially adversely impact our business, results of operations, and overall financial condition in future periods.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, we temporarily closed our corporate offices, and enabled most of our corporate work force to work remotely. We also reduced staff at our clinics to minimize potential exposure to COVID-19. We have also implemented travel restrictions for non-essential business. If the COVID-19 pandemic worsens, especially in regions where we operate, our business activities originating from affected areas could be adversely affected. Disruptive activities could include business closures in impacted areas, further restrictions on our employees' and service providers' ability to travel, impacts to productivity if our employees or their family members experience health issues, and potential delays in hiring and onboarding of new employees. We may take further actions that alter our business operations as may be required by local, state, or federal authorities or that we determine are in the best interests of our employees. Such measures could negatively affect our sales and marketing efforts, sales cycles, employee productivity, or member retention, any of which could harm our financial condition and business operations.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we and the providers in our networks may not be able to document the health conditions of our members as completely or effectively as in the past. Medicare makes capitation payments using a "risk adjustment model," which compensates plans based on the health status (acuity) of each individual member. Payors with higher acuity members receive more, and those with lower acuity members receive less, and we have corresponding arrangements with certain healthcare providers. Medicare requires that a patient's health issues be documented annually regardless of the permanence of the underlying causes. Historically, this documentation was required to be completed during an in-person visit with a patient. As part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, or CARES Act, Medicare is allowing documentation for conditions identified during video visits with patients. However, given the disruption caused by COVID-19, it is unclear whether we and the providers in our networks will be able to document the health conditions of our members as comprehensively as we did prior to the pandemic, which may adversely impact our revenue in future periods.

The COVID-19 pandemic could also cause our third-party data center hosting facilities and cloud computing platform providers, which are critical to our infrastructure, to shut down their business, experience security incidents that impact our business, delay or disrupt performance or delivery of services, or experience interference with the supply chain of hardware required by their systems and services, any of which could materially adversely affect our business. Further, the COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in our employees and

those of many of the care providers in our networks working from home and conducting work via the internet, and if the network and infrastructure of internet providers becomes overburdened by increased usage or is otherwise unreliable or unavailable, our employees', and our external healthcare providers' employees', access to the internet to conduct business could be negatively impacted. Limitations on access or disruptions to services provided by some of the external care providers upon which our platform and business operations rely could interrupt our ability to provide our platform, decrease the productivity of our workforce and provider networks, and significantly harm our business operations, financial condition, and results of operations.

Our core operating technology platform, AVA, and the other systems or networks used in our business may experience an increase in attempted cyber-attacks, targeted intrusion, ransomware and phishing campaigns seeking to take advantage of shifts to employees and healthcare providers working remotely using their household or personal internet networks and to leverage fears promulgated by the COVID-19 pandemic. The success of any of these unauthorized attempts could substantially impact our platform, the proprietary and other confidential data contained therein or otherwise stored or processed in our operations, and ultimately our business. Any actual or perceived security incident also may cause us to incur increased expenses to improve our security controls and to remediate security vulnerabilities.

The extent and continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business will depend on certain developments, including: the duration and spread of the outbreak; government responses to the pandemic; the impact on our members and our sales cycles; and the effect on our partners and our and their supply chains, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. Because of our business model, the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic may not be fully reflected in our results of operations and overall financial condition until future periods.

To the extent the COVID-19 pandemic adversely affects our business and financial results, it may also have the effect of heightening many of the other risks described in this "Risk Factors" section, including but not limited to those relating to cyber-attacks and security vulnerabilities, interruptions or delays due to third-parties, or our ability to raise additional capital or generate sufficient cash flows necessary to fulfill our obligations under our existing indebtedness or to expand our operations.

Our relatively limited operating history makes it difficult to evaluate our current business and future prospects and increases the risk of your investment.

Our relatively limited operating history makes it difficult to evaluate our current business and prospectus and plan for our future growth. We were founded in 2013, with most of our growth occurring in recent years. We have encountered and will continue to encounter significant risks and uncertainties frequently experienced by new and growing companies in rapidly changing industries, such as determining appropriate investments for our limited resources, scaling our model and technology platform, attracting and retaining members, hiring, integrating, training and retaining skilled personnel, identifying and reaching agreements with reliable healthcare service providers, competing against more established competitors, unforeseen expenses and challenges in forecasting accuracy. Although we have successfully expanded our footprint outside of California and intend to continue to expand into new markets, new plans we provide or new markets we enter may not prove successful. If we are unable to increase our member enrollment, scale our platform, maintain a low cost structure, identify and reach reliable healthcare service providers, successfully manage our third-party medical costs or successfully expand the range of services and benefits we offer to members, our revenue and our ability to achieve and sustain profitability would be impaired. Additional risks include our ability to effectively manage growth, process, store, protect and use personal data in compliance with governmental regulation, contractual obligations and other legal obligations related to privacy and security and manage our obligations as a healthcare plan. If our assumptions regarding these and other similar risks and uncertainties, which we use to plan our business, are incorrect or change as we gain more experience operating our business or due to changes in our industry, or if we do not address these challenges successfully, our operating and financial results could differ materially from our expectations and our business could suffer.

We expect to continue to increase our headcount and to hire, train and manage additional qualified medical, information technology, operations and marketing staff, and improve and maintain our technology and information systems to properly manage our growth. If our new hires perform poorly, or if we are unsuccessful in hiring, training, managing and integrating these new employees, or if we are not successful in retaining our existing employees, our business may be adversely affected.

Our growth strategy may not prove viable and we may not realize expected results.

Our business strategy is to grow rapidly by expanding our service offerings to provide an expansive array of non-traditional benefits to our members, and continuing to build out and attract network relationships in our existing markets. We also intend to expand into new markets, leveraging our AVA technology platform that has been designed to scale and allow us to provide a predictable and replicable member experience across new markets. Our strategy hinges on our ability to satisfy our members in our existing markets, submit successful bids to CMS in new markets, attract new members, form alliances with primary care providers, and hire physicians, nurses and other medical support staff for our in-house care delivery programs. We also seek growth opportunities through strategic acquisitions and vertical integration. We cannot guarantee that we will be successful in pursuing our growth strategy. If we fail to evaluate and execute new business opportunities properly, we may not achieve anticipated benefits and may incur increased costs.

Our growth strategy involves a number of risks and uncertainties, including that:

- we may not be able to successfully enter into contracts with local providers on terms favorable to us or at all. In addition, we compete for provider relationships with many other healthcare plans, some of whom may have greater resources than we do. This competition may intensify due to the ongoing consolidation in the healthcare industry, which may increase our costs to pursue such opportunities;
- we may not be able to maintain and improve the satisfaction levels of our members, which could lead to decreased ratings for some of our plans in the Five Star Quality Rating System and consequently to loss of the economic incentives associated with high Star ratings, which could negatively impact our revenues;
- we may not be able to enroll or retain a sufficient number of new members to execute our growth strategy, and we may incur substantial costs to enroll new members but may be unable to enroll a sufficient number of new members to offset those costs;
- we may not be able to hire or otherwise engage sufficient numbers of physicians and other staff and may fail to integrate our employees, particularly our medical personnel, into our in-house care model;
- when expanding our business into new states, we may be required to comply with laws and regulations that may differ from states in which
 we currently operate; and
- depending upon the nature of the local market, we may not be able to implement our business model in every local market that we enter, which could negatively impact our revenues and financial condition.

We may not be able to successfully capitalize on growth opportunities, which may negatively impact our business model, revenues, results of operations and financial condition.

If we are unable to attract new members, our revenue growth will be adversely affected.

To increase our revenue, our business strategy is to expand the number of members under our plans in the markets in which we currently operate and in the new markets that we intend to enter. In order to support such growth, we must continue to enroll and retain a sufficient number of new members. We are focused on the Medicare-eligible population and face competition from other plans in the enrollment of Medicare-eligible potential members. If we are unable to obtain CMS contracts in new markets and convince the Medicare-eligible population of the benefits of our plans, or if potential or existing members prefer a plan offered by one of our

competitors, we may not be able to effectively implement our growth strategy, which depends on our ability to grow organically and attract new members. In addition, our growth strategy is dependent on members electing to move from fee-for-service to Medicare Advantage, or electing to move from their current Medicare Advantage plan, and selecting us as their Medicare Advantage plan. Plan enrollment selections for Medicare Advantage are made during an annual enrollment period from October into December of each year; therefore, our ability to grow our member population is dependent in part on our ability to successfully enroll members during the annual enrollment period and to convince such individuals not to subsequently change that election. Our inability to enroll new members and retain existing members would harm our ability to execute our growth strategy and may have a material adverse effect on our business operations and financial position.

If we do not design and price our products properly and competitively, if we are unable to develop new products and implement clinical initiatives to provide a better healthcare experience for our members, lower costs, and appropriately document the risk profile of our members, or if our estimates of benefits expense are inadequate, our profitability may be materially adversely affected.

We use a substantial portion of our revenues to pay the costs of healthcare services delivered to our members by third party providers. These costs include claims payments, capitation payments to providers (predetermined amounts paid to cover services), and various other costs incurred to provide health insurance coverage to our members. These costs also include estimates of future payments to hospitals and others for medical care provided to our members. Generally, premiums in the healthcare business are fixed for one-year periods. Accordingly, costs we incur in excess of our benefit cost projections generally are not recovered in the contract year through higher premiums. We estimate the costs of our future benefit claims and other expenses using actuarial methods and assumptions based upon claim payment patterns, medical inflation, historical developments, including claim inventory levels and claim receipt patterns, and other relevant factors. We also record benefits payable for future payments. We continually review estimates of future payments relating to benefit claims costs for services incurred in the current and prior periods and make necessary adjustments to our reserves, including premium deficiency reserves where appropriate. However, these estimates involve extensive judgment, and have considerable inherent variability that is sensitive to claim payment patterns and medical cost trends. Many factors may and often do cause actual healthcare costs to exceed what was estimated and used to set our premiums. These factors may include:

- increased use of medical facilities and services;
- increased cost of such services:
- increased use or cost of prescription drugs, including specialty prescription drugs;
- the introduction of new or costly treatments, including new technologies;
- our membership mix;
- variances in actual versus estimated levels of cost associated with new products, benefits or lines of business, product changes or benefit level changes;
- changes in the demographic characteristics of an account or market;
- changes or reductions of our utilization management functions such as preauthorization of services, concurrent review or requirements for physician referrals;
- catastrophes, including acts of terrorism, public health epidemics, or severe weather (e.g. hurricanes and earthquakes);
- medical cost inflation; and
- · government mandated benefits, member eligibility criteria, or other legislative, judicial, or regulatory changes.

Key to our operational strategy is the implementation of clinical initiatives that we believe provide a better healthcare experience for our members, lower the cost of healthcare services delivered to our members, and appropriately document the risk profile of our members. Our profitability and competitiveness depend in large part on our ability to leverage our technology platform, AVA, to optimize and appropriately manage healthcare costs by, among other things, proactively managing member care.

Increases or decreases in staff and provider-related expenses, any costs associated with exiting products, additional investment in new products and in the expansion of clinical and technological capabilities as part of our integrated care delivery model, investments in health and well-being product offerings, acquisitions, new taxes and assessments, and implementation of regulatory requirements may increase our operating expenses. Any failure to adequately price our products or estimate sufficient benefits payable or effectively manage our operating expenses may result in a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, and cash flows.

Premium increases, introduction of new product designs, and our relationships with our providers in various markets, among other issues, could also affect our membership levels. Other actions that could affect membership levels include our possible exit from or entrance into markets, or the termination of a large contract.

If we do not compete effectively in our markets, if we set rates too high or too low in highly competitive markets to keep or increase our market share, if membership does not increase as we expect, if membership declines, or if we lose membership with favorable medical cost experience while retaining or increasing membership with unfavorable medical cost experience, our results of operations, financial position, and cash flows may be materially adversely affected.

We may not be successful in maintaining or improving our Star ratings in future years, which may have a direct and substantial adverse impact on our revenue.

CMS measures the customer satisfaction levels of Medicare beneficiaries and Medicare beneficiaries' experience with their health plans through a Five Star Quality Rating System. The achievement of Star ratings of 4-Star or higher qualifies Medicare Advantage plans for premium bonuses. Our plans' operating results may be significantly affected by their Star ratings. Given that there are multiple providers that serve our plans, we may have limited ability to influence the overall quality rating of our plans, and despite our operational efforts to improve our Star ratings, we may not be successful in maintaining or improving our Star ratings in future years. Also, changes implemented by CMS with respect to the Five Star Quality Rating System have, in the past, and could, in the future, negatively impact our Star ratings. For example, in 2020, unanticipated changes to the Star rating calculation methodology implemented by CMS in response to the COVID-19 pandemic resulted in a reduction in our Star rating that we believe may have been avoided had COVID-19 and CMS's policy changes not occurred. In addition, audits of our performance for past or future periods may result in downgrades to our Star ratings. Accordingly, our plans may not be eligible for full level quality bonuses, which could adversely affect the benefits we can offer, reduce membership and/or reduce profit margins. Also, CMS has terminated plans that have had a rating of less than three Stars for three consecutive years, whereas Medicare Advantage plans with five Stars are permitted to conduct enrollment throughout almost the entire year. Because low quality ratings can potentially lead to the termination of one or more of our plans, we may not be able to prevent the potential termination of a plan or a shift of members to other plans based upon quality issues which could, in turn, have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

If we fail to develop and maintain satisfactory relationships with care providers that service our members, our business may be adversely affected.

We contract with a variety of physicians, nurses, hospitals, clinics and other third-party providers to deliver healthcare and related services to our members. Our plans encourage or require our customers to use these

contracted providers. A key component of our integrated care delivery strategy is to increase the number of providers who share medical cost risk with us or have financial incentives to deliver high quality medical services in a cost-effective manner.

In any particular market, providers could refuse to contract with us, demand higher payments, or take other actions that could result in higher healthcare costs for us, less desirable outcomes for members or difficulty meeting regulatory or accreditation requirements. In some markets, certain providers, particularly hospitals, physician specialty groups, physician/hospital organizations, or multi-specialty physician groups, may have significant market positions and negotiating power. In addition, physician or practice management companies, which aggregate physician practices for administrative efficiency and marketing leverage, may compete with us in certain circumstances. If these providers refuse to contract with us, use their market position to negotiate unfavorable contracts with us or place us at a competitive disadvantage, or do not enter into contracts with us that encourage the delivery of quality medical services in a cost-effective manner, our ability to market products or to be profitable in those areas may be adversely affected.

In some situations, we have capitation contracts with individual or groups of primary care providers and specialists for an actuarially determined, fixed fee per month to provide a basket of required medical services to our members. The inability of providers to properly manage costs under these capitation arrangements can result in the financial instability of these providers and the termination of their relationship with us. In addition, payment or other disputes between a primary care provider and specialists with whom the primary care provider contracts can result in a disruption in the provision of services to our members or a reduction in the services available to our members. The financial instability or failure of a primary care provider to pay other providers for whom they have taken professional risk for services rendered could lead those other providers to demand payment from us even though we have made our regular fixed payments to the primary care provider. Providers with whom we contract may not properly manage the costs of services, maintain financial solvency or avoid disputes with other providers. Any of these events may have a material adverse effect on the provision of services to our members and our results of operations, financial position, and cash flows.

If we fail to manage our growth effectively, we may be unable to execute our business plan, maintain high levels of service and member satisfaction or adequately address competitive challenges.

We have experienced, and may continue to experience, rapid growth and organizational change, which has placed, and may continue to place, significant demands on our management and our operational and financial resources. Additionally, our organizational structure may become more complex as we improve our operational, financial and management controls, as well as our reporting systems and procedures. We may require significant capital expenditures and the allocation of valuable management resources to grow and change in these areas. We must rapidly scale our technology platform, effectively increase our headcount and expand our provider networks, and we must continue to effectively train and manage our employees and partners. We will be unable to manage our business effectively if we are unable to alleviate the strain on resources caused by growth in a timely and successful manner. If we fail to effectively manage our anticipated growth and change, the quality of our services may suffer, which could negatively affect our brand and reputation and harm our ability to attract and retain members and employees.

In addition, as we expand our business, it is important that we continue to maintain a high level of member service and satisfaction. As our member base continues to grow, we will need to expand our product and service offerings and our network of partners to provide personalized member service. If we are not able to continue to provide high quality products, benefits and medical care with high levels of member satisfaction, our reputation, as well as our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.

The healthcare industry is highly competitive. There are many other healthcare plans and healthcare service providers, many of which a longer operating history and substantially more resources, and there are few barriers to entry in the healthcare industry. This competition may have a material adverse effect on our business operations and financial position.

We compete directly with national, regional and local Medicare Advantage plans of healthcare for members and healthcare providers. There are many other companies and individuals currently providing health insurance coverage and healthcare services, many of which have been in business longer and/or have substantially more resources. Other companies could enter the healthcare industry in the future and divert some or all of our business. Our ability to compete successfully varies from location to location and depends on a number of factors, including the number of competing plans in the local market and the types of services available at local clinical facilities, our local reputation for quality care of members, the commitment and expertise of the providers in our network and our in-house medical staff, our local service offerings and community programs and the cost of care in each locality. If we are unable to attract members, our revenue and profitability will be adversely affected. Some of our competitors may have greater recognition and be more established in their respective communities than we are, and may have greater financial and other resources than we have. Competing Medicare Advantage plans may also offer different programs or services than we do, which, combined with the foregoing factors, may result in our competitors being more attractive to our current members or potential members. While health plans compete on the basis of many factors, including service and the quality and depth of provider networks, we expect that price will continue to be a significant basis of competition. Furthermore, while we budget for improvements in our products and services to keep them competitive in their respective markets, to the extent that competitive forces cause related expenditures to increase in the future, our financial condition may be negatively affected. In addition, in certain instances our relationships with providers are not exclusive and our competitors have established or could seek to establish relationships with such providers to serve their members. Additionally, as we expand into new geographies, we may encounter competitors with stronger relationships or recognition in the community in such new geography, which could give those competitors an advantage in obtaining new members, which may have a material adverse effect on our business operations and financial position.

We have entered into certain key contracts with large IPAs to serve our membership base. The loss or renegotiation of any of these contracts could negatively impact our results.

Our provider network includes key contracts with certain large IPAs which are critical to serving our membership base. Although we typically seek to enter into contracts with IPAs spanning three or more years, after a specified period, certain of these contracts, including existing contracts with some of our largest IPA partners, may terminate by their own terms or through notice of non-renewal. In the ordinary course of business, including in connection with renewals or extensions of these agreements, we engage in active discussions and renegotiations with IPAs in respect of the solutions we provide and the terms of our agreements. The loss of any of our largest IPA partnerships or the renegotiation of any of these contracts could adversely affect our results of operations.

Security breaches, loss of data and other disruptions could compromise sensitive information related to our business or our members, or prevent us from accessing critical information and expose us to liability, which could adversely affect our business and our reputation.

In the ordinary course of our business, we collect, store, process, transfer, disclose and otherwise use sensitive data, including protected health information ("PHI"), and other types of personal data or personally identifiable information ("PII") relating to our employees, members and others. We also process and store, and use third-party service providers to process and store, substantial amounts of sensitive information, including intellectual property, confidential information and other proprietary business information. We manage and maintain such sensitive data and information utilizing a combination of on-site systems, managed data center systems and cloud-based computing center systems.

We are highly dependent on information technology networks and systems, including the internet, to securely process, transmit and store this sensitive data and information. Security breaches of this infrastructure, including physical or electronic break-ins, computer viruses, attacks by hackers and other malicious actors and similar breaches, and employee or contractor error, negligence or malfeasance, can create system disruptions, shutdowns or unauthorized disclosure or modifications of such sensitive data or information, causing PHI or other PII to be accessed or acquired without authorization or to become publicly available. We utilize third-party service providers for important aspects of the collection, storage, processing and transmission of employee, user and member information, and other confidential and sensitive information, and therefore rely on third parties to manage functions that have material cybersecurity risks. Because of the sensitivity of the PHI, other PII and other sensitive information we and our service providers collect, store, transmit, and otherwise process and use, the security of our technology platform and other aspects of our services, including those provided or facilitated by our third-party service providers, are important to our operations and business strategy. Measures taken to protect our systems, those of our contractors or third-party service providers, or the PHI, other PII, or other sensitive information we or contractors or third-party service providers process or maintain, may not adequately protect us from the risks associated with the collection, storage, processing and transmission of such sensitive data and information. We may be required to expend significant capital and other resources to protect against security breaches or to alleviate problems caused by security breaches. Because cyber-attacks are becoming more sophisticated and frequent and the techniques used to obtain unauthorized access or to sabotage systems change frequently and generally are not identified until they are launched against a target, despite the implementation of security measures we or our third-party service providers may be unable to anticipate these techniques or to implement adequate protective measures.

A security breach or privacy violation that leads to disclosure or unauthorized use or modification of, or that prevents access to or otherwise impacts the confidentiality, security, or integrity of, member information, including PHI or other PII, or other sensitive information we or our contractors or third-party service providers maintain or otherwise process, could harm our reputation, compel us to comply with breach notification laws, cause us to incur significant costs for remediation, fines, penalties, notification to individuals and for measures intended to repair or replace systems or technology and to prevent future occurrences, potential increases in insurance premiums, and require us to verify the accuracy of database contents, resulting in increased costs or loss of revenue. If we are unable to prevent or mitigate such security breaches or privacy violations or implement satisfactory remedial measures, or if it is perceived that we have been unable to do so, our operations could be disrupted, we may be unable to provide access to our systems, and we could suffer a loss of members, and we may as a result suffer loss of reputation, adverse impacts on member and investor confidence, financial loss, governmental investigations or other actions, regulatory or contractual penalties, and other claims and liabilities. In addition, security breaches and other inappropriate access to, or acquisition or processing of, information can be difficult to detect, and any delay in identifying such incidents or in providing any notification of such incidents may lead to increased harm.

Any such breach or interruption of our systems or those of any of our third-party service providers could compromise our networks or data security processes and sensitive information could be made inaccessible or could be accessed by unauthorized parties, publicly disclosed, lost or stolen. Any such interruption in access, improper access, disclosure or other loss of information could result in legal claims or proceedings, liability under laws and regulations that protect the privacy of member information or other personal information, such as the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act of 2009 (the "HITECH Act"), and their implementing regulations (collectively known as "HIPAA"), and regulatory penalties. Any such breach could also result in the compromise of our trade secrets and other proprietary information, which could adversely affect our business and competitive position. While we maintain insurance covering certain security and privacy damages and claim expenses, we may not carry insurance or maintain coverage sufficient to compensate for all liability and in any event, insurance coverage would not address the reputational damage that could result from a security incident.

Our service offering is driven by AVA allowing us to access and analyze comprehensive member data quickly, generating insights and alerts using such data and making recommendations to members and practitioners. A data breach could result in incorrect or delayed medical recommendations and prescriptions, missed alerts and missed opportunities to intervene for our members on a timely basis. Unauthorized access, loss or dissemination could also disrupt our operations, including our ability to perform our services, access member health information, collect, process, and prepare company financial information, provide information about our current and future services and engage in other member and clinician education and outreach efforts. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Disruptions in our disaster recovery systems or management continuity planning could limit our ability to operate our business effectively and adequately care for our members.

Our information technology systems facilitate our ability to conduct our business. We rely on our core operating technology platform, AVA, to aggregate, organize and monitor health data, and to generate insights and recommendations to the care providers who serve our members. The functioning of our technology platform is critical to our ability to adequately care for our members and drive health outcomes. While we have disaster recovery systems and business continuity plans in place, any disruptions in our disaster recovery systems or the failure of these systems to operate as expected could, depending on the magnitude of the problem, adversely affect our operating results and the health of our members by limiting our capacity to effectively monitor and control our operations. Despite our implementation of a variety of security measures, our information technology systems could be subject to physical or electronic break-ins or disruptions from unauthorized tampering, fires, power loss, telecommunication failures or any weather-related disruptions where our headquarters is located or at locations that host portions of our technology platform. In addition, in the event that a significant number of our management personnel were unavailable in the event of a disaster, our ability to effectively conduct business and adequately care for our members could be adversely affected.

As a government contractor, we are exposed to risks that may materially adversely affect our business, including the potential loss of CMS contracts, potential suspension from participating in the Medicare Advantage program, changes to the risk-adjustment model used to determine the premiums paid to Medicare Advantage plans, changes to provisions for risk sharing under Medicare Part D and risks related to governmental audits and investigations, among others.

A significant portion of our revenue relates, directly or indirectly, to the Medicare Advantage program, which accounted for substantially all of our total revenue for the year ended December 31, 2019. Medicare Advantage programs involve various risks, as described further below.

- At December 31, 2020, under our contracts with CMS, we provided health insurance coverage to approximately individual Medicare Advantage members. The loss of these and other CMS contracts or significant changes in the Medicare program as a result of legislative or regulatory action, including reductions in premium payments to us or increases in member benefits or changes to member eligibility criteria without corresponding increases in premium payments to us, may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position and cash flows.
- There is a possibility of temporary or permanent suspension from participating in the Medicare Advantage program if we are convicted of fraud or other criminal conduct in the performance of a Medicare Advantage program or if there is an adverse decision against us under the federal False Claims Act. As a government contractor, we may be subject to *qui tam* litigation brought by individuals who seek to sue on behalf of the government, alleging that the government contractor submitted false claims to the government. Litigation of this nature is filed under seal to allow the government an opportunity to investigate and to decide if it wishes to intervene and assume control of the litigation. If the government does not intervene, the lawsuit is unsealed, and the individual may continue to prosecute the action on his or her own.

CMS uses a risk-adjustment model which adjusts premiums paid to Medicare Advantage plans according to the health status of covered members. The risk-adjustment model, which CMS implemented pursuant to the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (BBA) and the Benefits Improvement and Protection Act of 2000 (BIPA), generally pays more where a plan's membership has higher expected costs. Under this model, rates paid to Medicare Advantage plans are based on actuarially determined bids, which include a process whereby our prospective payments are based on our estimated cost of providing standard Medicare-covered benefits to an enrollee with a "national average risk profile." That baseline payment amount is adjusted to reflect the health status of our enrolled membership. Under the risk-adjustment methodology, all Medicare Advantage plans must collect and submit the necessary diagnosis code information from hospital inpatient, hospital outpatient, and physician providers to CMS within prescribed deadlines. The CMS risk-adjustment model uses the diagnosis data to calculate the risk-adjusted premium payment to Medicare Advantage plans, which CMS adjusts for coding pattern differences between the health plans and the government fee-for-service program. In certain cases we rely on providers, including certain providers in our network who are our employees, to code their claim submissions with appropriate diagnoses, which we send to CMS as the basis for our payment received from CMS under the actuarial risk-adjustment model. We also rely on these providers to document appropriately all medical data, including the diagnosis data submitted with claims, and we rely on our technology platform to aggregate, organize, interpret and report such data. In addition, we conduct medical record reviews as part of our data and payment accuracy compliance efforts, to more accurately reflect diagnosis conditions under the risk adjustment model. These compliance efforts include the internal contract level audits described in more detail below, as well as ordinary course reviews of our internal business processes.

CMS is phasing-in a change in the process of calculating risk scores from the use of diagnoses data from the Risk Adjustment Processing System, or RAPS, to diagnoses data from the Encounter Data System, or EDS. The RAPS process requires Medicare Advantage plans to apply a filter logic based on CMS guidelines and only submit diagnoses that satisfy those guidelines. For submissions through EDS, CMS requires Medicare Advantage plans to submit all the encounter data and CMS will apply the risk adjustment filtering logic to determine the risk scores. For 2019, 25% of the risk score was calculated from claims data submitted through EDS. CMS will increase that percentage to 50% in 2020 and has proposed to increase that percentage to 75% in 2021. We will need to adjust our platform to take these changes into account. The phase-in from RAPS to EDS could result in different risk scores from each dataset as a result of plan processing issues, CMS processing issues, or filtering logic differences between RAPS and EDS, and could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

CMS and the Office of the Inspector General of Health and Human Services, or HHS-OIG, are continuing to perform audits of various companies' selected Medicare Advantage contracts related to this risk adjustment diagnosis data. We refer to these audits as Risk-Adjustment Data Validation Audits, or RADV audits. RADV audits review medical records in an attempt to validate provider medical record documentation and coding practices which influence the calculation of premium payments to Medicare Advantage plans.

In 2012, CMS released a "Notice of Final Payment Error Calculation Methodology for Part C Medicare Advantage Risk Adjustment Data Validation (RADV) Contract-Level Audits." The payment error calculation methodology provided that, in calculating the economic impact of audit results for a Medicare Advantage contract, if any, the results of the RADV audit sample would be extrapolated to the entire Medicare Advantage contract after a comparison of the audit results to a similar audit of the government's traditional fee-for-service ("FFS") Medicare program. We refer to the process of accounting for errors in fee-for-service claims as the "FFS Adjuster." This comparison of RADV audit results to the FFS error rate is necessary to determine the economic impact, if any, of RADV audit results because the government used the traditional fee-for-service Medicare program data set, including any attendant errors that are present in that data set, to estimate the costs of various health

status conditions and to set the resulting adjustments to Medicare Advantage plans' payment rates in order to establish actuarial equivalence in payment rates as required under the Medicare statute. CMS already makes other adjustments to payment rates based on a comparison of coding pattern differences between Medicare Advantage plans and traditional fee-for-service Medicare program data (such as for frequency of coding for certain diagnoses in Medicare Advantage plan data versus the traditional fee-for-service Medicare program dataset).

The final RADV extrapolation methodology, including the first application of extrapolated audit results to determine audit settlements, is expected to be applied to CMS RADV contract level audits conducted for contract year 2011 and subsequent years. CMS is currently conducting RADV contract level audits for certain of our Medicare Advantage plans.

On October 26, 2018, CMS issued a proposed rule and accompanying materials (which we refer to as the "Proposed Rule") related to, among other things, the RADV audit methodology described above. If implemented, the Proposed Rule would use extrapolation in RADV audits applicable to payment year 2011 contract-level audits and all subsequent audits, without the application of a FFS Adjuster to audit findings. Whether, and to what extent, CMS finalizes the Proposed Rule, and any related regulatory, industry or company reactions, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

In addition, as part of our internal compliance efforts, we routinely perform ordinary course reviews of our internal business processes related to, among other things, our risk coding and data submissions in connection with the risk- adjustment model. These reviews may also result in the identification of errors and the submission of corrections to CMS, that may, either individually or in the aggregate, be material. As such, the result of these reviews may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows. We will continue to work with CMS to ensure that Medicare Advantage plans are paid accurately and that payment model principles are in accordance with the requirements of the Social Security Act, which, if not implemented correctly could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

Our CMS contracts which cover members' prescription drugs under Medicare Part D contain provisions for risk sharing and certain
payments for prescription drug costs for which we are not at risk. These provisions, certain of which are described below, affect our
ultimate payments from CMS.

The premiums from CMS are subject to risk corridor provisions which compare costs targeted in our annual bids to actual prescription drug costs, limited to actual costs that would have been incurred under the standard coverage as defined by CMS. Variances exceeding certain thresholds may result in CMS making additional payments to us or require us to refund to CMS a portion of the premiums we received (known as a "risk corridor"). We estimate and recognize an adjustment to premiums revenue related to the risk corridor payment settlement based upon pharmacy claims experience. The estimate of the settlement associated with these risk corridor provisions requires us to consider factors that may not be certain, including member eligibility differences with CMS.

Reinsurance and low-income cost subsidies represent payments from CMS in connection with the Medicare Part D program for which we assume no risk. Reinsurance subsidies represent payments for CMS's portion of claims costs which exceed the member's out-of-pocket threshold, or the catastrophic coverage level. Low-income cost subsidies represent payments from CMS for all or a portion of the deductible, the coinsurance and co-payment amounts above the out-of-pocket threshold for low-income beneficiaries. Monthly prospective payments from CMS for reinsurance and low-income cost subsidies are based on assumptions submitted with our annual bid. A reconciliation and settlement of CMS's prospective subsidies against actual prescription drug costs we paid is made after the end of the applicable year.

Settlement of the reinsurance and low-income cost subsidies as well as the risk corridor payment is based on a reconciliation made approximately 9 months after the close of each calendar year. This

reconciliation process requires us to submit claims data necessary for CMS to administer the program. Our claims data may not pass CMS's claims edit processes due to various reasons, including discrepancies in eligibility or classification of low-income members. To the extent our data does not pass CMS's claim edit processes, we may bear the risk for all or a portion of the claim which otherwise may have been subject to the risk corridor provision or payment which we would have otherwise received as a low-income subsidy or reinsurance claim. In addition, in the event the settlement represents an amount CMS owes us, there is a negative impact on our cash flows and financial condition as a result of financing CMS's share of the risk. The opposite is true in the event the settlement represents an amount we owe CMS.

We are also subject to various other governmental audits and investigations. Under state laws, we are audited by state departments of insurance for financial and contractual compliance and by state departments of health. Audits and investigations, including audits of risk adjustment data, are also conducted by state attorneys general, CMS, HHS-OIG, the Office of Personnel Management, the Department of Justice and the Department of Labor. All of these activities could result in the loss of licensure or the right to participate in various programs, including a limitation on our ability to market or sell products, the imposition of fines, penalties and other civil and criminal sanctions, or changes in our business practices. The outcome of any current or future governmental or internal investigations cannot be accurately predicted, nor can we predict any resulting penalties, fines or other sanctions that may be imposed at the discretion of federal or state regulatory authorities. Nevertheless, it is possible that any such outcome of litigation, penalties, fines or other sanctions could be substantial, and the outcome of these matters may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, and cash flows. Responding to subpoenas, investigations and other lawsuits, claims and legal proceedings as well as defending ourselves in such matters would divert management's attention and cause us to incur significant legal expense. Negative findings or terms and conditions that we might agree to accept as part of a negotiated resolution of pending or future legal or regulatory matters could result in, among other things, substantial financial penalties or awards against us, substantial payments made by us, required changes to our business practices, exclusion from future participation in the Medicare and, in certain cases, criminal penalties, any of which could have a material adverse effect on us. Certain of these matters could also affect our reputation. In addition, disclosure of any adverse investigation or audit results or sanctions could negatively affect our industry or our reputation in various markets and make it more difficult for us to sell our products and services.

We may be subject to legal proceedings and litigation, including intellectual property and privacy disputes, which are costly to defend and could materially harm our business and results of operations.

We may be party to lawsuits and legal proceedings in or outside of the normal course of business. These matters are often expensive and disruptive to normal business operations. We may face allegations, lawsuits and regulatory inquiries, audits and investigations regarding the denial of healthcare benefit payments, compensation or non-acceptance or termination of provider contracts, medical malpractice (based on our medical necessity decisions or brought against us on the theory that we are liable for providers' alleged malpractice) or professional liability (in connection with the delivery of healthcare and related services to the public). We may also face *qui tam* allegations or lawsuits brought by individuals who seek to sue on behalf of the government including, among other allegations, resulting from coding and review practices under the Medicare risk-adjustment model. Additionally, we may face allegations, lawsuits and regulatory inquiries, audits and investigations regarding data privacy and security, labor and employment, consumer protection and intellectual property infringement, misappropriation or other violation, including claims related to patents, publicity, trademarks, copyrights and other intellectual property or proprietary rights. We may also face allegations or litigation related to our acquisitions, securities issuances or business practices, including public disclosures about our business. Litigation and regulatory proceedings may be protracted and expensive, and the results are difficult to predict. Certain of these matters may include speculative claims for substantial or indeterminate amounts of damages and include claims for injunctive relief. Additionally, our litigation costs could be significant. Adverse outcomes with respect

to litigation or any of these legal proceedings may result in significant settlement costs or judgments, penalties and fines, or require us to modify our services or require us to stop serving certain members or geographies, all of which could negatively impact our geographical expansion and revenue growth. We may also become subject to periodic audits, which would likely increase our regulatory compliance costs and may require us to change our business practices, which could negatively impact our revenue growth. Managing legal proceedings, litigation and audits, even if we achieve favorable outcomes, is time-consuming and diverts management's attention from our business.

The results of regulatory proceedings, litigation, claims, and audits cannot be predicted with certainty, and determining reserves for pending litigation and other legal, regulatory and audit matters requires significant judgment. Our expectations may not prove correct, and even if these matters are resolved in our favor or without significant cash settlements, these matters, and the time and resources necessary to litigate or resolve them, could harm our reputation, business, financial condition, results of operations and the market price of our common stock.

We also may be subject to lawsuits under the False Claims Act (the "FCA") and comparable state laws for submitting allegedly fraudulent or otherwise inappropriate RAF (as defined below) or Stars data. These lawsuits, which may be initiated by government authorities as well as private party relators, can involve significant monetary damages, fines, attorney fees and the award of bounties to private plaintiffs who successfully bring these suits, as well as to the government programs. In recent years, government oversight and law enforcement have become increasingly active and aggressive in investigating and taking legal action against potential fraud and abuse.

Furthermore, our business exposes us to potential medical malpractice, professional negligence or other related actions or claims that are inherent in the provision of healthcare services. These claims, with or without merit, could cause us to incur substantial costs, and could place a significant strain on our financial resources, divert the attention of management from our core business, harm our reputation and adversely affect our ability to attract and retain members, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Although we maintain third-party professional liability insurance coverage and managed care errors and omissions policies, it is possible that claims against us may exceed the coverage limits of our insurance policies. Even if any professional liability loss is covered by an insurance policy, these policies typically have substantial deductibles for which we are responsible. Professional liability claims in excess of applicable insurance coverage could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, any professional liability claim brought against us, with or without merit, could result in an increase of our professional liability insurance premiums. Insurance coverage varies in cost and can be difficult to obtain, and we cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain insurance coverage in the future on terms acceptable to us or at all. If our costs of insurance and claims increase, then our earnings could decline.

Our business may be impacted if the healthcare services industry becomes more cyclical.

In the past, healthcare utilization generally has trended upward over time, regardless of minor fluctuations in the U.S. economy. We believe this trend may change, however, as consumers have been given more decision-making and spending responsibility. In turn, we believe members are making healthcare purchases on a more discretionary basis, especially for elective procedures. This could result in a more cyclical trend in healthcare utilization over the coming years and may cause short-term volatility in our operating results.

Any failure by us to manage acquisitions, divestitures and other significant transactions successfully may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, and cash flows.

As part of our business strategy, we engage in discussions with third parties regarding possible investments, acquisitions, divestitures, strategic alliances, joint ventures, and outsourcing transactions and may enter into

agreements relating to such transactions in order to further our business objectives. In order to pursue our acquisition strategy successfully, we must identify suitable candidates for and successfully complete transactions, some of which may be large and complex, and manage post-closing issues such as the integration of acquired companies or employees. Integration and other risks can be more pronounced for larger and more complicated transactions, transactions outside of our core business space, or if multiple transactions are pursued simultaneously. The failure to successfully integrate acquired entities and businesses or failure to produce results consistent with the financial model used in the analysis of our acquisitions, investments, joint ventures or strategic alliances may cause asset write-offs, restructuring costs or other expenses and may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, and cash flows. If we fail to identify and successfully complete transactions that further our strategic objectives, we may be required to expend additional resources to expand our business organically.

If we are not able to maintain, enhance and protect our reputation and brand recognition, including through the maintenance and protection of trademarks, our business and results of operations will be harmed.

We believe that maintaining and enhancing our reputation and brand recognition is critical to our relationships with both members and providers and to our ability to attract new members. The promotion of our brand may require us to make substantial investments and we anticipate that, as our market becomes increasingly competitive, these marketing initiatives may become increasingly difficult and expensive. Our marketing activities may not be successful or yield increased revenue, and to the extent that these activities yield increased revenue, the increased revenue may not offset the expenses we incur and our results of operations could be harmed. In addition, any factor that diminishes our reputation or that of our management, including failing to meet the expectations of or provide quality medical care for our members, or any adverse publicity or litigation involving or surrounding us or our management, could make it substantially more difficult for us to attract new members. Similarly, because our existing members often act as references for us with prospective new members, any existing member that questions the quality of our care could impair our ability to secure additional new members. In addition, negative publicity resulting from any adverse government audit could injure our reputation. If we do not successfully maintain and enhance our reputation and brand recognition, our business may not grow and we could lose our relationships with members or providers, which would harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

The registered or unregistered trademarks or trade names that we own may be challenged, infringed, circumvented, diluted, declared generic, lapsed or determined to be infringing on or dilutive of other marks. We may not be able to protect our rights in these trademarks and trade names, which we need in order to build name recognition with members, providers and other partners. In addition, third parties may in the future file for registration of trademarks similar or identical to our trademarks. If they succeed in registering or developing common law rights in such trademarks, and if we are not successful in challenging such third-party rights, we may not be able to use these trademarks to commercialize our technologies in certain relevant jurisdictions. If we are unable to establish name recognition based on our trademarks and trade names, we may not be able to compete effectively and our brand recognition, reputation and results of operations may be adversely affected.

Our business depends on our ability to effectively invest in, implement improvements to and properly maintain the uninterrupted operation and data integrity of our information technology platform and other business systems.

Our business is highly dependent on maintaining effective information systems, including our AVA platform, as well as the integrity and timeliness of the data we use to serve our members, support our in-house care teams and external providers and operate our business. Because of the large amount of data that we collect and manage, it is possible that hardware failures or errors in our systems could result in data loss or corruption or cause the information that we collect to be incomplete or contain inaccuracies that our in-house care teams, external providers and other partners regard as significant. If our data were found to be inaccurate or unreliable due to fraud or other error, or if we, or any of the providers we engage, were to fail to maintain information

systems and data integrity effectively, we could experience operational disruptions that may impact our members, in-house care teams and external providers and other partners and hinder our ability to provide products and services, retain and attract members, manage our member risk profiles, report timely and accurate financial results and maintain regulatory compliance, among other things.

Our information technology strategy and execution are critical to our continued success because our technology platform is at the center of our business model. We must continue to invest in long-term solutions that will enable us to anticipate member needs and expectations, enhance the member experience, act as a differentiator in the market and protect against cybersecurity risks and threats. Our success is dependent, in large part, on maintaining the effectiveness of existing technology systems and continuing to deliver and enhance technology systems that support our business processes in a cost-efficient and resource-efficient manner. Increasing regulatory and legislative changes will place additional demands on our information technology infrastructure that could have a direct impact on resources available for other projects tied to our strategic initiatives. In addition, recent trends toward greater member engagement and increased regulatory scrutiny in healthcare require new and enhanced technologies. Connectivity among technologies is becoming increasingly important. We must also develop new systems to meet current market standards and keep pace with continuing changes in information processing technology, evolving industry and regulatory standards and member needs. Failure to do so may present compliance challenges and impede our ability to deliver products and services in a competitive manner. Further, because system development projects are long-term in nature, they may be more costly than expected to complete and may not deliver the expected benefits upon completion. Our failure to effectively invest in, implement improvements to and properly maintain the uninterrupted operation and data integrity of our information technology and other business systems could adversely affect our results of operations, financial position and cash flow.

If we are unable to obtain, maintain, protect and enforce intellectual property protection for our technology or if the scope of our intellectual property protection is not sufficiently broad, others may be able to develop and commercialize technology substantially similar to ours, and our ability to successfully commercialize our technology may be adversely affected.

Our business depends on internally developed technology and content, including software, databases, confidential information and know-how, such as the AVA platform, the protection of which is crucial to the success of our business. We rely on a combination of trademark, trade secret and copyright laws and confidentiality procedures and contractual provisions to protect our intellectual property rights in our internally developed technology and content. We may, over time, increase our investment in protecting our intellectual property through additional trademark, patent and other intellectual property filings that could be expensive and time-consuming. Effective trademark, trade secret, copyright and other intellectual property protection is expensive to develop and maintain, both in terms of initial and ongoing registration requirements and the costs of defending our rights. These measures, however, may not be sufficient to offer us meaningful protection. Additionally, we do not currently hold a patent or other registered or applied for intellectual property protection for AVA. If we are unable to protect our intellectual property and other proprietary rights, particularly with respect to AVA, our competitive position and our business could be harmed, as third parties may be able to commercialize and use technologies and software products that are substantially the same as ours without incurring the development and licensing costs that we have incurred. Any of our owned or licensed intellectual property rights could be challenged, invalidated, circumvented, infringed, misappropriated or otherwise violated, our trade secrets and other confidential information could be disclosed in an unauthorized manner to third parties, or our intellectual property rights may not be sufficient to permit us to take advantage of current market trends or otherwise to provide us with competitive advantages, which could result in costly redesign efforts, discontinuance of certain offerings or other competitive harm.

Monitoring unauthorized use of our intellectual property is difficult and costly. From time to time, we seek to analyze our competitors' services, and may in the future seek to enforce our rights against potential infringement, misappropriation or other violation. However, the steps we have taken to protect our intellectual

property rights may not be adequate to prevent infringement, misappropriation or other violation of our intellectual property. We may not be able to detect unauthorized use of, or take appropriate steps to enforce, our intellectual property rights. Any inability to meaningfully protect our intellectual property rights could result in harm to our ability to compete and reduce demand for our technology. Moreover, our failure to develop and properly manage new intellectual property could adversely affect our market positions and business opportunities. Also, some of our services rely on technologies and software developed by or licensed from third parties, and we may not be able to maintain our relationships with such third parties or enter into similar relationships in the future on reasonable terms or at all.

Uncertainty may result from changes to intellectual property legislation and from interpretations of intellectual property laws by applicable courts and agencies. Accordingly, despite our efforts, we may be unable to obtain, maintain, protect and enforce the intellectual property rights necessary to provide us with a competitive advantage. Our failure to obtain, maintain, protect and enforce our intellectual property rights could therefore have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Third parties may initiate legal proceedings alleging that we are infringing, misappropriating or otherwise violating their intellectual property rights, the outcome of which would be uncertain and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our commercial success depends on our ability to develop and commercialize our products and services and use our internally developed technology without infringing the intellectual property or proprietary rights of third parties. Intellectual property disputes can be costly to defend and may cause our business, operating results and financial condition to suffer. As the market for healthcare in the United States expands and more patents are issued, the risk increases that there may be patents issued to third parties that relate to our technology of which we are not aware or that we must challenge in order to continue our operations as currently or in the future contemplated. Whether merited or not, we may face allegations that we, our partners or parties indemnified by us have infringed, misappropriated or otherwise violated the patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets or other intellectual property rights of third parties. Such claims may be made by competitors seeking to obtain a competitive advantage or by other parties. Additionally, in recent years, individuals and groups have begun purchasing intellectual property assets for the purpose of making such claims and attempting to extract settlements from companies like ours. We may also face allegations that our employees have misappropriated the trade secrets or other intellectual property or proprietary rights of their former employers or other third parties. It may be necessary for us to initiate litigation to defend ourselves in order to determine the scope, enforceability, validity or ownership of third-party intellectual property or proprietary rights, or to establish our respective rights. We may not be able to successfully settle or otherwise resolve such adversarial proceedings or litigation. If we are unable to successfully settle future claims on terms acceptable to us we may be required to engage in or to continue claims, regardless of whether such claims have merit, that can be time-consuming, divert management's attention and financial resources and be costly to evaluate and defend. Results of any such litigation are difficult to predict and may require us to stop commercializing or using our technology, obtain licenses, modify our services and technology while we develop non-infringing substitutes or incur substantial damages, settlement costs or face a temporary or permanent injunction prohibiting us from marketing or providing the affected products and services. If we require a third-party license, it may not be available on reasonable terms or at all, and we may have to pay substantial royalties and upfront or ongoing fees, or grant cross-licenses to our own intellectual property rights. Such licenses may also be non-exclusive, which could allow competitors and other parties to use the subject technology in competition with us. We may also have to redesign our services so they do not infringe, misappropriate or otherwise violate third-party intellectual property rights, which may not be possible or may require substantial monetary expenditures and time, during which our technology may not be available for commercialization or use. Even if we have an agreement to indemnify us against such costs, the indemnifying party may be unable to uphold its contractual obligations. If we cannot or do not obtain a third-party license to the infringed technology at all, license the technology on reasonable terms or obtain similar technology from another source, our revenue and earnings could be adversely impacted.

From time to time, we may be subject to legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business with respect to intellectual property. Some third parties may be able to sustain the costs of complex litigation more effectively than we can because they have substantially greater resources. Even if resolved in our favor, litigation or other legal proceedings relating to intellectual property claims may cause us to incur significant expenses, and could distract our technical and management personnel from their normal responsibilities. In addition, there could be public announcements of the results of hearings, motions or other interim proceedings or developments, and if securities analysts or investors perceive these results to be negative, it could have a material adverse effect on the price of our common stock. Moreover, any uncertainties resulting from the initiation and continuation of any legal proceedings could have a material adverse effect on our ability to raise the funds necessary to continue our operations. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our trade secrets, know-how and other proprietary and internally developed information, the value of our technology could be adversely affected.

We may not be able to protect our trade secrets, know-how and other internally developed proprietary information, including in relation to the AVA platform, adequately. Although we use reasonable efforts to protect this internally developed information and technology, our employees, consultants and other parties (including independent contractors and companies with which we conduct business) may unintentionally or willfully disclose our trade secrets or other proprietary information or technology to competitors. Enforcing a claim that a third party illegally disclosed or obtained and is using any of our internally developed information or technology is difficult, expensive and time-consuming, and the outcome is unpredictable. In addition, courts outside the United States are sometimes less willing to protect trade secrets, know-how and other proprietary information. We rely, in part, on non-disclosure, confidentiality and assignment-of-invention agreements with our employees, independent contractors, consultants and companies with which we conduct business to protect our trade secrets, know-how and other intellectual property and internally developed information. We may fail to enter into such agreements with all applicable parties, and such agreements may not be self-executing, or they may be breached and we may not have adequate remedies for such breach. Moreover, third parties may independently developed information. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Any restrictions on our use of, or ability to license, data, or our failure to license data and integrate third-party technologies, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We depend upon licenses from third parties for some of the technology and data used in AVA, our core operating technology platform. We expect that we may need to obtain additional licenses from third parties in the future in connection with the development of our applications. In addition, we obtain a portion of the data that we use from government entities, public records, external healthcare providers and other partners. We believe that we have all rights necessary to use the data that is incorporated into our services. We cannot, however, assure you that our licenses for information will allow us to use that information for all potential or contemplated applications. In addition, our ability to continue to offer an integrated healthcare experience to our members depends on maintaining AVA, which is partially populated with data disclosed to us by our members, the physicians in our network and our other partners with their consent. If these members, physicians and other partners revoke their consent for us to maintain, use, de-identify and share this data, consistent with applicable law, our data assets could be degraded.

In the future, data providers could withdraw their data from us or restrict our usage for any reason, including if there is a competitive reason to do so, if legislation is passed restricting the use of the data or if judicial interpretations are issued restricting use of the data that we currently use to support our services. In addition, data providers could fail to adhere to our quality control standards in the future, causing us to incur additional expense

to appropriately utilize the data. If a substantial number of data providers were to withdraw or restrict their data, or if they fail to adhere to our quality control standards, and if we are unable to identify and contract with suitable alternative data suppliers and integrate these data sources into our service offerings, our ability to provide appropriate services to our members would be materially adversely impacted, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We also integrate into our internally developed applications and use third-party software to support our technology infrastructure. Some of this software is proprietary and some is open source software. These technologies may not be available to us in the future on commercially reasonable terms or at all and could be difficult to replace once integrated into our own internally developed applications. Most of these licenses can be renewed only by mutual consent and may be terminated if we breach the terms of the license and fail to cure the breach within a specified period of time. Our inability to obtain, maintain or comply with any of these licenses could delay development until equivalent technology can be identified, licensed and integrated, which would harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our third-party licenses are generally non-exclusive and our competitors may obtain the right to use any of the data and technology covered by these licenses to compete directly with us. Our use of third-party technologies exposes us to increased risks, including, but not limited to, risks associated with the integration of new technology into our solutions, the diversion of our resources from development of our own internally developed technology and our inability to generate revenue from licensed technology sufficient to offset associated acquisition and maintenance costs. In addition, if our data suppliers choose to discontinue support of the licensed technology in the future, we might not be able to modify or adapt our own solutions.

Our use of "open source" software could adversely affect our ability to offer our products and services and subject us to possible litigation.

We may use open source software in connection with our services. Companies that incorporate open source software into their technologies have, from time to time, faced claims challenging the use of open source software and/or compliance with open source license terms. As a result, we could be subject to suits by parties claiming ownership of what we believe to be open source software or claiming noncompliance with open source licensing terms. Some open source software licenses require users who distribute software containing open source software to publicly disclose all or part of the source code to such software and/or make available any derivative works of the open source code, which could include valuable proprietary code of the user, on unfavorable terms or at no cost. While we monitor the use of open source software and try to ensure that none is used in a manner that would require us to disclose our internally developed source code, including that of our AVA platform, or that would otherwise breach the terms of an open source agreement, such use could inadvertently occur, in part because open source license terms are often ambiguous. In addition to risks related to license requirements, use of certain open source software can lead to greater risks than use of third-party commercial software, as open source licensors generally do not provide warranties or controls on the origin of software which, thus, may contain security vulnerabilities or infringing or broken code. Any requirement to publicly disclose our internally developed source code or pay damages for breach of contract could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and could help our competitors develop services that are similar to or better than ours.

We depend on our senior management team and other key employees, and the loss of one or more of these employees or an inability to attract and retain other highly skilled employees could harm our business.

Our success depends largely upon the continued services of our senior management team and other key employees. We rely on our leadership team in the areas of operations, product development, provision of medical services, information technology and security, marketing, and general and administrative functions. From time to time, there may be changes in our executive management team resulting from the hiring or departure of executives, which could disrupt our business. Our employment agreements with our executive officers and other

key personnel do not require them to continue to work for us for any specified period and, therefore, they could terminate their employment with us at any time. The loss of one or more of the members of our senior management team, or other key employees, could harm our business. In particular, the loss of the services of our founder and Chief Executive Officer, John Kao, could significantly delay or prevent the achievement of our strategic objectives. Changes in our executive management team may also cause disruptions in, and harm to, our business.

Competition for highly qualified personnel is intense, especially for technology specialists and for physicians, nurses and other medical professionals who are experienced in providing care services to older adults. We have, from time to time, experienced, and we expect to continue to experience, difficulty in hiring and retaining employees with appropriate qualifications. Many of the other Medicare Advantage plans and healthcare organizations with which we compete for experienced personnel have greater resources than we have. If we hire employees from competitors or other companies or healthcare providers, their former employees may attempt to assert that these employees or we have breached certain legal obligations, resulting in a diversion of our time and resources. If we fail to attract new personnel or fail to retain and motivate our current personnel, our business and future growth prospects could be harmed.

Our plans are concentrated in California, North Carolina, and Nevada, and we may not be able to successfully establish a presence in new geographic markets.

A substantial portion of our revenue is driven by CMS payments in connection with our health plans in California, North Carolina and Nevada. As a result, our exposure to many of the risks described herein are not mitigated by a diversification of geographic focus. Furthermore, due to the concentration of our operations in these states, our business may be adversely affected by economic conditions that disproportionately affect these states as compared to other states. To continue to expand our operations to other regions of the United States, we will have to devote resources to identifying and exploring such perceived opportunities. Thereafter, we will have to, among other things, recruit and retain qualified personnel in such jurisdictions and establish new relationships with physicians and other healthcare providers. In addition, we would be required to comply with laws and regulations of states that may differ from the ones in which we currently operate, and could face competitors with greater knowledge of such local markets. We anticipate that further geographic expansion will require us to make a substantial investment of management time, capital and/or other resources, and we may not be able to continue to successfully expand our operations in any new geographic markets.

Our overall business results may suffer from an economic downturn.

During periods of high unemployment, governmental entities often experience budget deficits as a result of increased costs and lower than expected tax collections. Moreover, the COVID-19 pandemic has created additional budgetary pressure on governmental entities. These budget deficits at federal, state and local government entities have decreased, and may continue to decrease, spending for health and human service programs, including Medicare and similar programs, which represents the most significant revenue source for us.

Our management team has limited experience managing a public company.

Most members of our management team have limited experience managing a publicly traded company, interacting with public company investors and complying with the increasingly complex laws pertaining to public companies. Our management team may not successfully or efficiently manage us as a public company that is subject to significant regulatory oversight and reporting obligations under the federal securities laws and the continuous scrutiny of securities analysts and investors. These new obligations and constituents require significant attention from our senior management and could divert their attention away from the day-to-day management of our business, which could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our corporate culture has contributed to our success, and if we cannot maintain this culture as we grow, we could lose the innovation, creativity and teamwork fostered by our culture and our business may be harmed.

We believe that our culture has been and will continue to be a critical contributor to our success. We expect to continue to hire aggressively as we expand, and we believe our corporate culture has been crucial in our success and our ability to attract highly skilled personnel. If we do not continue to develop our corporate culture or maintain and preserve our core values of always putting the senior first, supporting doctors, using data and technology to revolutionize healthcare and acting with a serving heart, as we grow and evolve, we may be unable to foster the innovation, curiosity, creativity, focus on execution, teamwork and the facilitation of critical knowledge transfer and knowledge sharing we believe we need to support our growth. Our anticipated headcount growth and our transition from a private company to a public company may result in a change to our corporate culture, which could harm our business.

Competition for physicians and nurses, shortages of qualified personnel or other factors could increase our labor costs and adversely affect our revenue, profitability and cash flows.

Our in-house care delivery operations are dependent on the efforts, abilities and experience of our physicians and clinical personnel. Although we primarily contract with external providers for care delivery, we also compete with healthcare providers in attracting physicians, nurses and medical staff to support our in-house care delivery capabilities and in recruiting and retaining qualified management and support personnel responsible for the daily operations of our clinics. In some markets, the lack of availability of clinical personnel, such as nurses, social workers and mental health professionals, is a significant operating issue facing all healthcare providers. This shortage may require us to continue to enhance wages and benefits to recruit and retain qualified personnel or to contract for more expensive temporary personnel. We also depend on the available labor pool of semi-skilled and unskilled workers in each of the markets in which we operate.

If our labor costs increase, we may not be able to offset these increased costs. Because a significant percentage of our revenue consists of fixed, prospective payments, our ability to pass along increased labor costs is limited. In particular, if labor costs rise at an annual rate greater than our net annual payments from CMS, our results of operations and cash flows will likely be adversely affected. Any union activity that may occur among our clinical staff in the future could contribute to increased labor costs. Certain proposed changes in federal labor laws and the National Labor Relations Board's modification of its election procedures could increase the likelihood of employee unionization attempts. Although none of our employees are currently represented by a collective bargaining agreement, to the extent a significant portion of our employee base unionizes, it is possible our labor costs could increase materially. Our failure to recruit and retain qualified management and medical personnel, or to control our labor costs, could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

Our records, including those submitted to us by our external providers, may contain inaccurate or unsupportable information regarding risk adjustment scores of members, which could cause us to overstate or understate our revenue and subject us to various penalties.

The claims and encounter records that our in-house clinical staff and external providers submit to us may impact data that support the Medicare Risk Adjustment Factor ("RAF") scores attributable to members. These RAF scores determine, in part, the revenue to which we are entitled for the provision of medical care to our members. The data we submit to CMS is based, in part, on medical charts and diagnosis codes that our in-house clinical staff and our external providers prepare and submit to us. We generally rely on our in-house and externally engaged physicians to appropriately document and support such RAF data in our medical records. We also rely on our in-house and externally engaged physicians to appropriately code claims for medical services provided to members. Erroneous claims and erroneous encounter records and submissions could result in inaccurate revenue and risk adjustment payments, which may be subject to correction or retroactive adjustment in later periods. This corrected or adjusted information may be reflected in financial statements for periods

subsequent to the period in which the revenue was recorded. We might also need to refund a portion of the revenue that we received, which refund, depending on its magnitude, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Additionally, CMS audits Medicare Advantage plans for documentation to support RAF-related payments for members chosen at random. The Medicare Advantage plans ask providers to submit the underlying documentation for members that they serve. It is possible that claims associated with members with higher RAF scores could be subject to more scrutiny in a CMS or plan audit. CMS may require us to make adjustments to our Medicare Advantage plan as a result of its audits. In addition, we could be liable for penalties to the government under the FCA that range from \$5,500 to \$11,000 (adjusted for inflation) for each false claim, plus up to three times the amount of damages caused by each false claim, which can be as much as the amounts received directly or indirectly from the government for each such false claim. On January 29, 2018, the DOJ issued a final rule announcing adjustments to FCA penalties, under which the per claim penalty range was increased to a range from \$11,181 to \$22,363 for penalties assessed between January 29, 2018 and June 19, 2020, so long as the underlying conduct occurred after November 2, 2015. On June 19, 2020, the DOJ issued a final rule announcing further adjustments to FCA penalties, under which the per claim penalty range increases to a range from \$11,665 to \$23,331 for penalties assessed after June 19, 2020, so long as the underlying conduct occurred after November 2, 2015. CMS has indicated that payment adjustments will not be limited to RAF scores for the specific Medicare Advantage enrollees for which errors are found but may also be extrapolated to the entire Medicare Advantage plan subject to a particular CMS contract. In addition, though CMS has described its audit process as plan-year specific, CMS may extrapolate audit results to other plan years.

In addition to the provisions of the FCA, which provide for civil enforcement, the federal government can use several criminal statutes to prosecute persons who are alleged to have submitted false or fraudulent claims for payment to the federal government.

Our health plans may be randomly selected or targeted for review by CMS and the outcome of such a review may result in a material adjustment in our revenue and profitability, even if the information we submit to CMS is accurate and supportable.

A failure to accurately estimate incurred but not reported medical expense could adversely affect our results of operations.

Member care costs include estimates of future medical claims that have been incurred by the members but for which the provider has not yet billed. These claim estimates are made utilizing actuarial methods and are continually evaluated and adjusted by management, based upon our historical claims experience and other factors, including an independent assessment by a nationally recognized actuarial firm. Adjustments, if necessary, are made to medical claims expense and capitated revenues when the assumptions used to determine our claims liability change and when actual claim costs are ultimately determined.

Due to the inherent uncertainties associated with the factors used in these estimates and changes in the patterns and rates of medical utilization, materially different amounts could be reported in our financial statements for a particular period under different conditions or using different, but still reasonable, assumptions. It is possible that our estimates of this type of claim may be inadequate in the future. In such event, our results of operations could be adversely impacted. Further, the inability to estimate these claims accurately may also affect our ability to take timely corrective actions, further exacerbating the extent of any adverse effect on our results of operations.

Negative publicity regarding the managed healthcare industry generally could adversely affect our results of operations or business.

Negative publicity regarding the managed healthcare industry generally, or the Medicare Advantage program in particular, may result in increased regulation and legislative review of industry practices that further increase our costs of doing business and adversely affect our results of operations or business by:

- requiring us to change our products and services;
- increasing the regulatory, including compliance, burdens under which we operate which, in turn, may negatively impact the manner in which we provide products and services and increase our costs of providing products and services;
- adversely affecting our ability to market our products or services through the imposition of further regulatory restrictions regarding the manner in which plans and providers market to Medicare Advantage enrollees; or
- adversely affecting our ability to attract and retain members.

Federal reductions in Medicare Advantage funding could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

The majority of our revenues come from the government subsidized Medicare Advantage program. Medicare Advantage is a federallyadministered program financed by federal funds. Medicare Advantage spending has increased rapidly in recent years, becoming a significant component of the federal budget. This, combined with slower state revenue growth, has led the federal government to institute measures aimed at controlling the growth of healthcare spending, including Medicare Advantage spending, and in some instances reducing aggregate healthcare spending, including Medicare Advantage spending. We are therefore exposed to risks associated with contracting with the federal government, including but not limited to the general ability of the federal government to terminate contracts with us, in whole or in part, without prior notice, for convenience or for default based on performance; potential regulatory or legislative action that may materially modify amounts owed; and our dependence upon Congressional appropriation and allotment of funds and the impact that delays in government payments could have on our operating cash flow and liquidity. For example, future levels of funding for Medicare Advantage may be affected by continuing government efforts to contain healthcare costs and may further be affected by federal budgetary constraints. Congress periodically considers reducing or reallocating the amount of money they spend for healthcare programs including the Medicare Advantage program. Furthermore, Medicare remains subject to the automatic spending reductions imposed by the Budget Control Act of 2011 and the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 ("sequestration"), subject to a 2% cap, which was extended by the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 for an additional two years through 2027. Adverse economic conditions may put pressures on federal budgets as tax and other federal revenues decrease while the population that is eligible to participate in Medicare Advantage programs increases, creating more need for funding. This may require CMS to find funding alternatives, which may result in reductions in funding for the Medicare Advantage program or contraction of covered benefits. A reduction (or less than expected increase), a protracted delay, or a change in allocation methodology in government funding for Medicare Advantage, as well as termination of one or more CMS contracts for the convenience of the government, may materially and adversely affect our results of operations, financial position and cash flows. In addition, if another federal government shutdown were to occur for a prolonged period of time, CMS payment obligations, including its obligations under the Medicare Advantage program, may be delayed. If CMS fails to make payments on a timely basis, our business could suffer, and our financial position, results of operations or cash flows may be materially affected. Payments from CMS may be delayed in the future, which, if extended for any significant period of time, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, cash flows or liquidity. In addition, delays in obtaining, or failure to obtain or maintain, governmental approvals, or moratoria imposed by regulatory authorities, could adversely affect our revenues or membership, increase costs or adversely affect our ability to bring new products and services to market as forecasted.

Our clinics, the centers out of which our external providers operate, and the facilities that host our AVA platform may be negatively impacted by weather and other factors beyond our control.

Our results of operations may be adversely impacted by adverse conditions affecting our clinics, the centers out of which our external care providers operate, and the facilities that host our AVA platform, including severe weather events such as tornadoes and widespread winter storms, natural disasters such as earthquakes and fires, public health concerns such as contagious disease outbreaks, violence or threats of violence or other factors beyond our control that cause disruption of member scheduling, displacement of our members, employees and care teams, or force certain of our clinics, external providers' centers, or facilities that host our AVA platform to close temporarily. In certain geographic areas, we have a large concentration of clinics, external provider facilities, and facilities that host our AVA platform that may be simultaneously affected by adverse weather conditions or other events. Our future operating results may be adversely affected by these and other factors that disrupt the operation of our clinics, the centers out of which our external providers operate and the facilities that host our AVA platform.

If we are unable to offer new and innovative products and services or our products and services fail to keep pace with advances in industry standards, technology and our members' needs, our members may terminate or fail to renew their membership with us and our revenue and results of operations may suffer.

Our success depends on providing innovative, high-quality, customizable products and services that elevate our members' healthcare experience and outcomes. If we cannot adapt to rapidly evolving industry standards, technology and increasingly sophisticated and varied members' needs, our existing product and service offerings could become undesirable, obsolete or harm our reputation. In order to remain competitive, we must continue to invest significant resources in our personnel and technology in a timely and cost-effective manner in order to enhance our existing products and services and introduce new high-quality products and services that existing members and potential members will want. We are continually involved in a number of projects to develop new products and services, including the further refinement of our proprietary AVA platform. If our innovations are not responsive to the needs of our existing members or potential new members, are not appropriately timed with market opportunity, are not effectively brought to market or significantly increase our operating costs, we may lose existing members or be unable to enroll new members and our results of operations may suffer.

We are a holding company with no operations of our own, and we depend on our subsidiaries for cash.

Currently, we are a holding company and do not have any material assets or operations other than ownership of equity interests of our subsidiaries. Our operations are conducted almost entirely through our subsidiaries, and our ability to generate cash to meet our obligations or to pay dividends is highly dependent on the earnings of, and receipt of funds from, our subsidiaries through dividends, administrative expenses or intercompany loans. The ability of our subsidiaries to generate sufficient cash flow from future operations to allow us and them to make scheduled payments on our obligations will depend on their future financial performance, which will be affected by a range of economic, competitive and business factors, many of which are outside of our control. We cannot assure you that the cash flow and future earnings of our operating subsidiaries will be adequate for our subsidiaries to service their debt obligations. If our subsidiaries do not generate sufficient cash flow from future operations to satisfy corporate obligations, we may have to: undertake alternative financing plans (such as refinancing), restructure debt, sell assets, reduce or delay capital investments, or seek to raise additional capital. We cannot assure you that any such alternative refinancing would be possible, that any assets could be sold, or, if sold, of the timing of the sales and the amount of proceeds realized from those sales, that additional financing could be obtained on acceptable terms, if at all, or that additional financing would be permitted under the terms of our various debt instruments then in effect. Our inability to generate sufficient cash flow to satisfy our obligations, or to refinance our obligations on commercially reasonable terms, would have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Furthermore, we and our subsidiaries may incur substantial additional indebtedness in the future that may severely restrict or prohibit our subsidiaries from making distributions, paying

Our ability to obtain funds from certain of our licensed subsidiaries is restricted by state insurance regulations.

Certain of our insurance subsidiaries operate in states that regulate the payment of dividends, loans, administrative expense reimbursements or other cash transfers to us, and require minimum levels of equity as well as limit investments to approved securities. The amount of dividends that may be paid to us by these insurance subsidiaries, without prior approval by state regulatory authorities, or ordinary dividends, is limited based on the entity's level of statutory income and statutory capital and surplus. In some states, prior notification is provided before paying a dividend even if approval is not required. Actual dividends paid may vary due to consideration of excess statutory capital and surplus and expected future surplus requirements. We continue to maintain significant levels of aggregate excess statutory capital and surplus in our state-regulated operating subsidiaries. Dividends from our non-insurance companies are generally not restricted by Departments of Insurance. In the event that our subsidiaries are unable to provide sufficient capital to fund our obligations and allow us to pursue our objectives, our results of operations, financial position, and cash flows may be materially adversely affected.

Risks Related to Regulation

Our business activities are subject to substantial government regulation. New laws or regulations, or legislative, judicial, or regulatory changes in existing laws or regulations or their manner of application could increase our cost of doing business and may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations; our financial position; and our cash flows.

The Health Care Reform Law and Other Current or Future Legislative, Judicial or Regulatory Changes

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and The Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (which we collectively refer to as the Health Care Reform Law) enacted significant reforms to various aspects of the U.S. health insurance industry. Certain significant provisions of the Health Care Reform Law include, among others, mandated coverage requirements, mandated benefits and guarantee issuance associated with commercial medical insurance, rebates to policyholders based on minimum benefit ratios, adjustments to Medicare Advantage premiums, the establishment of federally facilitated or state-based exchanges coupled with programs designed to spread risk among insurers, and the introduction of plan designs based on set actuarial values. In addition, the Health Care Reform Law established insurance industry assessments, including an annual health insurance industry fee. In 2018, the fee levied on the health insurance industry was \$14.3 billion. Under current law, the health industry fee will be permanently repealed beginning in calendar year 2021.

It is reasonably possible that the Health Care Reform Law and related regulations, as well as other current or future legislative, judicial or regulatory changes, including restrictions on our ability to manage our provider network or otherwise operate our business, or restrictions on profitability, including reviews by regulatory bodies that may compare the profitability of various products within our Medicare Advantage business and require that they remain within certain ranges of each other, increases in member benefits or changes to member eligibility criteria without corresponding increases in premium payments to us, may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations (including restricting revenue, enrollment and premium growth in certain products and market segments, restricting our ability to expand into new markets, increasing our medical and operating costs, further lowering our payment rates and increasing our expenses associated with assessments), our financial position and our cash flows.

Additionally, potential legislative changes or judicial determinations, including activities to repeal or replace the Health Care Reform Law or declare all or certain portions of the Health Care Reform Law unconstitutional, creates uncertainty for our business, and we cannot predict when, or in what form, such legislative changes or judicial determinations may occur.

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act and Other Laws, Rules and Regulations Related to Data Privacy

We are subject to data privacy and protection laws and regulations that apply to the collection, transmission, storage and use of PHI and other PII, which among other things, impose certain requirements relating to the privacy, security and transmission of PII. The legislative and regulatory landscape for privacy and data protection continues to evolve, and there has been an increasing focus on privacy and data protection issues with the potential to affect our business. Failure to comply with any of these laws and regulations could result in enforcement action against us, including fines, public censure, claims for damages by affected individuals, damage to our reputation and loss of goodwill, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects. Ongoing efforts to comply with evolving laws and regulations may be costly and require ongoing modifications to our policies, procedures and systems.

The use of individually identifiable health data by our business is regulated at federal and state levels. These laws and rules are changed frequently by legislation or administrative interpretation. Various state laws address the use and maintenance of individually identifiable health data. Most are derived from the privacy provisions in the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act and HIPAA. HIPAA includes administrative provisions directed at simplifying electronic data interchange through standardizing transactions, establishing uniform healthcare provider, payer, and employer identifiers, and seeking protections for confidentiality and security of patient data. The rules do not provide for complete federal preemption of state laws, but rather preempt all inconsistent state laws unless the state law is more stringent.

These regulations set standards for the security of electronic health information, including requirements that insurers provide customers with notice regarding how their non-public personal information is used, including an opportunity to "opt out" of certain disclosures. Compliance with HIPAA regulations requires significant systems enhancements, training and administrative effort. HIPAA can also expose us to additional liability for violations by our business associates (*e.g.*, entities that provide services to health plans and providers).

HIPAA imposes mandatory penalties for certain violations. In 2020, penalties for violations of HIPAA and its implementing regulations start at \$118 per violation and are not to exceed approximately \$60,000 per violation, subject to a cap of approximately \$1.8 million for violations of the same standard in a single calendar year. However, a single breach incident can result in violations of multiple standards. HIPAA also authorizes state attorneys general to file suit on behalf of their residents. Courts may award damages, costs and attorneys' fees related to violations of HIPAA in such cases. While HIPAA does not create a private right of action allowing individuals to sue in civil court for violations of HIPAA, its standards have been used as the basis for duty of care in state civil suits such as those for negligence or recklessness in the misuse or breach of PHI.

In addition, HIPAA mandates that the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS") conduct periodic compliance audits of HIPAA-covered entities and business associates for compliance with HIPAA's privacy and security standards. It also tasks HHS with establishing a methodology whereby harmed individuals who were the victims of breaches of unsecured PHI may receive a percentage of the civil monetary penalty fine paid by the violator.

HIPAA further requires that members be notified of any unauthorized acquisition, access, use or disclosure of their unsecured PHI that compromises the privacy or security of such information, with certain exceptions related to unintentional or inadvertent use or disclosure by employees or authorized individuals. HIPAA specifies that such notifications must be made "without unreasonable delay and in no case later than 60 calendar days after discovery of the breach." If a breach affects 500 patients or more, it must be reported to HHS without unreasonable delay, and HHS will post the name of the breaching entity on its public web site. Breaches affecting 500 patients or more in the same state or jurisdiction must also be reported to the local media. If a breach involves fewer than 500 people, the covered entity must record it in a log and notify HHS at least annually.

We also publish statements to our members and partners that describe how we handle and protect PHI. If federal or state regulatory authorities or private litigants consider any portion of these statements to be untrue, we may be subject to claims of deceptive practices, which could lead to significant liabilities and consequences, including, without limitation, costs of responding to investigations, defending against litigation, settling claims, and complying with regulatory or court orders. Any of the foregoing consequences could have a material adverse impact on our business and our financial results

Data privacy remains an evolving landscape. For example, California's California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018 (the "CCPA"), which came into effect on January 1, 2020, requires companies that process information on California residents to make new disclosures to consumers about their data collection, use and sharing practices, allow consumers to opt out of certain data sharing with third parties and provides a new cause of action for data breaches. In addition, on November 3, 2020, California voters approved a new privacy law, the California Privacy Rights Act (the "CPRA"), which significantly modifies the CCPA, including by expanding consumers' rights with respect to certain personal information and creating a new state agency to oversee implementation and enforcement efforts. Many of the CPRA's provisions will become effective on January 1, 2023. Additionally, other states are considering the enactment of similar laws.

It is possible that applicable laws may be interpreted and applied in a manner that is inconsistent with our practices and our efforts to comply with the evolving data protection rules may be unsuccessful. We must devote significant resources to understanding and complying with this changing landscape. Failure to comply with laws regarding privacy and security of PHI and other PII could expose us to penalties under such laws. Any such failure to comply with data protection and privacy laws could result in government-imposed fines or orders requiring that we change our practices, claims for damages or other liabilities, regulatory investigations and enforcement action, litigation and significant costs for remediation, any of which could adversely affect our business. Even if we are not determined to have violated these laws, government investigations into these issues typically require the expenditure of significant resources and generate negative publicity, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The HITECH Act, one part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, significantly broadened the scope of the privacy and security regulations of HIPAA. Among other requirements, the HITECH Act and HIPAA mandate individual notification in the event of a breach of unsecured, individually identifiable health information, provides enhanced penalties for HIPAA violations, requires business associates to comply with certain provisions of the HIPAA privacy and security rule, and grants enforcement authority to state attorneys general in addition to the HHS Office of Civil Rights. In addition, there are numerous federal and state laws and regulations addressing patient and consumer privacy concerns, including unauthorized access or theft of personal information. State statutes and regulations vary from state to state and could impose additional penalties. Violations of HIPAA or applicable federal or state laws or regulations could subject us to significant criminal or civil penalties, including significant monetary penalties. Compliance with HIPAA and other privacy regulations requires significant systems enhancements, training and administrative effort.

As described above, substantially all of our relevant member data is maintained on our technology platform, AVA, which aggregates and provides us with access to extensive member datasets, including individually identifiable PHI. As a result, any breach of our technology platform could expose us to substantial liability under HIPAA, the HITECH Act and other applicable laws, regulations or rules. See "Risk Factors – Security breaches, loss of data and other disruptions could compromise sensitive information related to our business or our members, or prevent us from accessing critical information and expose us to liability, which could adversely affect our business and our reputation."

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA)

On February 17, 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, or ARRA, was enacted into law. In addition to including a temporary subsidy for healthcare continuation coverage issued pursuant to the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act, or COBRA, ARRA also expands and strengthens the privacy

and security provisions of HIPAA and imposes additional limits on the use and disclosure of protected health information, or PHI. Among other things, ARRA requires us and other covered entities to report any unauthorized release or use of or access to PHI to any impacted individuals and to HHS in those instances where the unauthorized activity poses a significant risk of financial, reputational or other harm to the individuals, and to notify the media in any states where 500 or more people are impacted by any unauthorized release or use of or access to PHI. ARRA also requires business associates to comply with certain HIPAA provisions. ARRA also establishes higher civil and criminal penalties for covered entities and business associates who fail to comply with HIPAA's provisions and requires HHS to issue regulations implementing its privacy and security enhancements.

Corporate Practice of Medicine and Other Laws

As a corporate entity, we are not licensed to practice medicine. Many states in which we operate through our subsidiaries limit the practice of medicine to licensed individuals or professional organizations comprised of licensed individuals, and business corporations generally may not exercise control over the medical decisions of physicians. Statutes and regulations relating to the practice of medicine, fee-splitting between physicians and referral sources, and similar issues vary widely from state to state. Under management agreements between certain of our subsidiaries and affiliated physician-owned professional groups, these groups retain sole responsibility for all medical decisions, as well as for hiring and managing physicians and other licensed healthcare providers, developing operating policies and procedures, implementing professional standards and controls, and maintaining malpractice insurance.

We, our in-house and externally engaged physicians and the facilities in which they operate are subject to various federal, state and local licensing and certification laws and regulations and accreditation standards and other laws, relating to, among other things, the adequacy of medical care, equipment, privacy of member information, physician relationships, personnel and operating policies and procedures. Failure to comply with these licensing, certification and accreditation laws, regulations and standards could result in prior payments being subject to recoupment, requirements to make significant changes to our operations and can give rise to civil or, in extreme cases, criminal penalties. We routinely take the steps we believe are necessary to retain or obtain all requisite licensure and operating authorities. While we have made reasonable efforts to substantially comply with federal, state and local licensing and certification laws and regulations and standards as we interpret them, the agencies that administer these programs may find that we have failed to comply in some material respects. Some of the relevant laws, regulations and agency interpretations in states with corporate practice of medicine restrictions have been subject to limited judicial and regulatory interpretation. Moreover, state laws are subject to change. Regulatory authorities and other parties may assert that, despite the management and administrative services agreements and other arrangements through which we operate, we are engaged in the prohibited corporate practice of medicine or that our arrangements constitute unlawful fee-splitting. If this were to occur, we could be subject to civil and/or criminal penalties, our agreements could be found legally invalid and unenforceable (in whole or in part) or we could be required to restructure our contractual arrangements.

In markets where the corporate practice of medicine is prohibited, we have historically operated by maintaining long-term management and administrative services contracts with multiple associated professional medical corporations which, in turn, employ or contract with physicians to provide those professional medical services required by our members. Under these management agreements, Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC performs only non-medical administrative services, does not represent that it offers medical services and does not exercise influence or control over the practice of medicine by the physicians or the associated physician groups with which it contracts. In addition, the professional medical corporations are all 100% owned by licensed physicians employed by us. In the event of the death or disability of the current owners or upon certain other triggering events, we maintain the right to direct the transfer of the ownership of the professional medical corporations to another licensed physician designated by us. In addition to the above management arrangements, we have certain contractual rights relating to the orderly transfer of equity interests in our physician practices through succession agreements and other arrangements with their physician equity holders. Such equity interests

cannot, however, be transferred to or held by us or by any non-professional medical corporation. Accordingly, neither we nor our direct subsidiaries directly own any equity interests in any of our physician practices. In the event that any of the physician owners of our practices fail to comply with the management arrangement, if any management arrangement is terminated and/or we are unable to enforce our contractual rights over the orderly transfer of equity interests in any of our physician practices, such events could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

It is possible that a state regulatory agency or a court could determine that our agreements with physician equity holders of practices and the way we carry out these arrangements as described above, either independently or coupled with the management services agreements with such associated physician practices, are in violation of prohibitions on the corporate practice of medicine. As a result, these arrangements could be deemed invalid. Such a determination could force a restructuring of our management arrangements with the affected practices, which might include revisions of the management services agreements, including a modification of the management fee and/or establishing an alternative structure that would permit us to contract with a physician network without violating prohibitions on the corporate practice of medicine. Such a restructuring may not be feasible, or it may not be possible to accomplish it within a reasonable time frame without a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Anti-Kickback, Physician Self-Referral and Other Fraud and Abuse Laws

A federal law commonly referred to as the "Anti-Kickback Statute" prohibits the offer, payment, solicitation, or receipt of any form of remuneration to induce, or in return for, the referral of Medicare or other governmental health program patients or patient care opportunities, or in return for the purchase, lease or order of items or services that are covered by Medicare or other federal governmental health programs. Because the prohibitions contained in the Anti-Kickback Statute apply to the furnishing of items or services for which payment is made in "whole or in part," the Anti-Kickback Statute could be implicated if any portion of an item or service we provide is covered by any of the state or federal health benefit programs described above. Violation of these provisions constitutes a felony criminal offense and applicable sanctions could include exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

Section 1877 of the Social Security Act, commonly known as the "Stark Law," prohibits physicians, subject to certain exceptions described below, from referring Medicare or Medicaid patients to an entity providing "designated health services" in which the physician, or an immediate family member, has an ownership or investment interest or with which the physician, or an immediate family member, has entered into a compensation arrangement. These prohibitions, contained in the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, commonly known as "Stark II," amended prior federal physician self-referral legislation known as "Stark I" by expanding the list of designated health services to a total of 11 categories. The professional groups with which we are contracted or affiliated provide one or more of these designated health services. Persons or entities found to be in violation of the Stark Law are subject to denial of payment for services furnished pursuant to an improper referral, civil monetary penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

Many states also have enacted laws similar in scope and purpose to the Anti-Kickback Statute and, in more limited instances, the Stark Law, that are not limited to services for which Medicare or Medicaid payment is made. In addition, most states have statutes, regulations, or professional codes that restrict a physician from accepting various kinds of remuneration in exchange for making referrals. These laws vary from state to state and have seldom been interpreted by the courts or regulatory agencies. In states that have enacted these statutes, we believe that regulatory authorities and state courts interpreting these statutes may regard federal law under the Anti-Kickback Statute and the Stark Law as persuasive.

In addition, these laws are subject to modification and changes in interpretation, and are enforced by authorities vested with broad discretion. We continually monitor developments in this area. If we or our third parties with which we contract fail to comply with these laws, or if these laws are interpreted in a manner

contrary to our interpretation or are reinterpreted or amended, or if new legislation is enacted with respect to healthcare fraud and abuse, illegal remuneration, or similar issues, we may be required to restructure our affected operations to maintain compliance with applicable law and/or be subject to liability. Such restructuring may not be possible or, if possible, may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

Environmental

We are subject to various federal, state, and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of human health and the environment. If an environmental regulatory agency finds any of our facilities to be in violation of environmental laws, penalties and fines may be imposed for each day of violation and the affected facility could be forced to cease operations. We could also incur other significant costs, such as cleanup costs or claims by third parties, as a result of violations of, or liabilities under, environmental laws. Although we believe that our environmental practices, including waste handling and disposal practices, are in material compliance with applicable laws, future claims or violations, or changes in environmental laws, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

State Regulation of Insurance-Related Products

Laws in each of the states in which we operate our business regulate our operations including: capital adequacy and other licensing requirements, policy language describing benefits, mandated benefits and processes, entry, withdrawal or re-entry into a state or market, rate increases, delivery systems, utilization review procedures, quality assurance, complaint systems, enrollment requirements, claim payments, marketing, and advertising. The products we offer are sold under licenses issued by the applicable insurance regulators.

Certain of our licensed insurance subsidiaries are also subject to regulation under state insurance holding company regulations. These regulations generally require, among other things, prior approval and/or notice of new products, rates, benefit changes, and certain material transactions, including dividend payments, purchases or sales of assets, intercompany agreements, and the filing of various financial and operational reports.

If any of our plans or operations are found to violate these or other government laws or regulations, we could suffer severe consequences that would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, reputation and stock price, including:

- suspension or termination of one or more of our plans;
- refunds of amounts received in violation of law or applicable payment program requirements dating back to the applicable statute of limitation periods;
- · loss of our required government certifications;
- · loss of our licenses required to operate our clinics and in-house care delivery programs;
- criminal or civil liability, fines, damages or monetary penalties for violations of healthcare fraud and abuse laws, including the federal Anti-Kickback Statute, Stark Law and FCA, or other failures to meet regulatory requirements;
- enforcement actions by governmental agencies and/or state law claims for monetary damages by members who believe their PHI has been used, disclosed or not properly safeguarded in violation of federal or state patient privacy laws, including HIPAA and the Privacy Act of 1974.
- mandated changes to our practices or procedures that significantly increase operating expenses;
- imposition of and compliance with corporate integrity agreements that could subject us to ongoing audits and reporting requirements as well as increased scrutiny of our billing and business practices which could lead to potential fines, among other things;

- termination of various relationships and/or contracts related to our business, including joint venture arrangements, medical director agreements, real estate leases and consulting agreements with physicians; and
- harm to our reputation which could negatively impact our business relationships, affect our ability to attract and retain members and
 physicians, affect our ability to obtain financing and decrease access to new business opportunities, our ability to develop relationships
 with providers, among other things.

If we are unable to effectively adapt to changes in the healthcare industry, including changes to laws and regulations regarding or affecting the U.S. healthcare reform, our business may be harmed.

Due to the importance of the healthcare industry in the lives of all Americans, federal, state, and local legislative bodies frequently pass legislation and promulgate regulations relating to healthcare reform or that affect the healthcare industry. As has been the trend in recent years, it is reasonable to assume that there will continue to be increased government oversight and regulation of the healthcare industry in the future. We cannot predict the ultimate content, timing or effect of any new healthcare legislation or regulations, nor is it possible at this time to estimate the impact of potential new legislation or regulations on our business. It is possible that future legislation enacted by Congress or state legislatures, or regulations promulgated by regulatory authorities at the federal or state level, could adversely affect our business or could change the operating environment of our clinical staff and external providers. It is possible that the changes in Medicare, Medicaid or other governmental healthcare program reimbursements may serve as precedent to possible changes in other payors' reimbursement policies in a manner adverse to us. Similarly, changes in the private payor reimbursements could lead to adverse changes to Medicare, Medicaid and other governmental healthcare programs, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The policies and decisions of the federal and state governments regarding the Medicare Advantage program in which we participate have a substantial impact on our profitability. These governmental policies and decisions, which we cannot predict with certainty, directly shape the revenues given to us under the Medicare Advantage program, the eligibility and enrollment of our members, the services we provide to our members, and our administrative, healthcare services, and other costs associated with the Medicare Advantage program. Legislative or regulatory actions, such as changes to the Medicare Advantage program, those resulting in a reduction in payments to us, an increase in our cost of administrative and healthcare services, or additional fees, taxes or assessments, may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, and cash flows.

While we believe that we have structured our agreements and operations in material compliance with applicable healthcare laws and regulations, we may be unable successfully address changes in the current regulatory environment. In addition, some of the healthcare laws and regulations applicable to us are subject to limited or evolving interpretations, and a review of our business or operations by a court, law enforcement or a regulatory authority might result in a determination that could have a material adverse effect on us. Furthermore, the healthcare laws and regulations applicable to us may be amended or interpreted in a manner that could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

If we lost the services of the licensed physicians who own our VIEs for any reason, the contractual arrangements with our VIEs could be in jeopardy.

Because of regulations preventing the corporate practice of medicine, certain of our affiliated physician practice groups that operate our clinics are wholly owned or primarily owned by physicians employed by us. Although we retain the right to direct the transfer of these ownership arrangements to other licensed physicians, if current owners died, were incapacitated or otherwise was no longer affiliated with us, there could be a material adverse effect on the relationship between us and the variable interest entities ("VIEs") and, therefore, our business operations could be adversely affected.

The contractual arrangements we have with our VIEs is not as secure as direct ownership of such entities.

Because of laws prohibiting the corporate practice of medicine, we enter into contractual arrangements to manage certain of our affiliated physician practice groups, which allows us to consolidate those groups for financial reporting purposes. If we were to hold such groups directly, we would be able to exercise our rights as an equity holder directly to effect changes in the boards of directors of those entities, which could effect changes at the management and operational level. In contrast, under our current contractual arrangements with our physician groups, we may not be able to directly change the members of the boards of directors of these entities and would have to rely on the entities and the entities' equity holders to perform their obligations in order to exercise our control over the entities. If any of these affiliated entities or their equity holders fail to perform their respective obligations under the contractual arrangements, we may have to incur substantial costs and expend additional resources to enforce such arrangements.

Changes in tax laws may adversely affect us, and the Service or a court may disagree with tax positions taken by us, which may result in adverse effects on our financial condition or the value of our common stock.

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "TCJA"), enacted on December 22, 2017, significantly affected U.S. tax law, including by changing how the U.S. imposes tax on certain types of income of corporations and by reducing the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate to 21%. It also imposed new limitations on a number of tax benefits, including deductions for business interest, use of net operating loss carry forwards, taxation of foreign income and the foreign tax credit, among others.

The CARES Act, enacted on March 27, 2020, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, further amended the U.S. federal tax code, including in respect of certain changes that were made by the TCJA, generally on a temporary basis. There can be no assurance that future tax law changes will not increase the rate of the corporate income tax significantly, impose new limitations on deductions, credits or other tax benefits, or make other changes that may adversely affect our business, cash flows or financial performance. In addition, the Service has yet to issue guidance on a number of important issues regarding the changes made by the TCJA and the CARES Act. In the absence of such guidance, we will take positions with respect to a number of unsettled issues. There is no assurance that the Service or a court will agree with the positions taken by us, in which case tax penalties and interest may be imposed that could adversely affect our business, cash flows or financial performance.

Risks Related to Our Indebtedness

Our existing indebtedness could adversely affect our business and growth prospects.

As of December 31, 2020, we had \$ million in principal amount (including the payment-in-kind balance and commitment fees) and outstanding under our term loan maturing in June 2023. Our indebtedness, or any additional indebtedness we may incur, could require us to divert funds identified for other purposes for debt service and impair our liquidity position. If we cannot generate sufficient cash flow from operations to service our debt, we may need to refinance our debt, dispose of assets or issue equity to obtain necessary funds. We do not know whether we will be able to take any of these actions on a timely basis, on terms satisfactory to us or at all.

Our indebtedness and the cash flow needed to satisfy our debt have important consequences, including:

- limiting funds otherwise available for financing our capital expenditures by requiring us to dedicate a portion of our cash flows from operations to the repayment of debt and the interest on this debt;
- making us more vulnerable to rising interest rates; and
- making us more vulnerable in the event of a downturn in our business.

Our level of indebtedness may place us at a competitive disadvantage to our competitors that are not as highly leveraged. Fluctuations in interest rates can increase borrowing costs. Increases in interest rates may directly impact the amount of interest we are required to pay and reduce earnings accordingly. In addition,

developments in tax policy, such as the disallowance of tax deductions for interest paid on outstanding indebtedness, could have an adverse effect on our liquidity and our business, financial conditions and results of operations.

We expect to use cash flow from operations to meet current and future financial obligations, including funding our operations, debt service requirements and capital expenditures. The ability to make these payments depends on our financial and operating performance, which is subject to prevailing economic, industry and competitive conditions and to certain financial, business, economic and other factors beyond our control.

We may not be able to generate sufficient cash flow to service all of our indebtedness, and may be forced to take other actions to satisfy our obligations under such indebtedness, including refinancing such indebtedness, which may not be successful.

Our ability to make scheduled payments or to refinance outstanding debt obligations depends on our financial and operating performance, which will be affected by prevailing economic, industry and competitive conditions and by financial, business and other factors beyond our control. We may not be able to maintain a sufficient level of cash flow from operating activities to permit us to pay the principal, premium, if any, and interest on our indebtedness. Any failure to make payments of interest and principal on our outstanding indebtedness on a timely basis would likely result in penalties or defaults, which would also harm our ability to incur additional indebtedness.

If our cash flows and capital resources are insufficient to fund our debt service obligations, we may be forced to reduce or delay capital expenditures, sell assets, seek additional capital or seek to restructure or refinance our indebtedness. Any refinancing of our indebtedness could be at higher interest rates and may require us to comply with more onerous covenants. These alternative measures may not be successful and may not permit us to meet our scheduled debt service obligations. In the absence of such cash flows and resources, we could face substantial liquidity problems and might be required to sell material assets or operations to attempt to meet our debt service obligations. If we cannot meet our debt service obligations, the holders of our indebtedness may accelerate such indebtedness and, to the extent such indebtedness is secured, foreclose on our assets. In such an event, we may not have sufficient assets to repay all of our indebtedness.

We may need to refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness before maturity. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of our indebtedness on commercially reasonable terms or at all. We may not be able to obtain sufficient funds to enable us to repay or refinance our debt obligations on commercially reasonable terms, or at all.

The terms and conditions of our term loan maturing in June 2023 (the "Term Loan") restrict our current and future operations, particularly our ability to respond to changes or to take certain actions.

Our Term Loan contains a number of restrictive covenants that impose significant operating and financial restrictions on us and may limit our ability to engage in acts that may be in our long-term best interests, including restrictions on our ability to:

- incur additional indebtedness or other contingent obligations;
- create liens;
- · make investments, acquisitions, loans and advances;
- consolidate, merge, liquidate or dissolve;
- sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of our assets;
- pay dividends on our equity interests or make other payments in respect of capital stock; and
- materially alter the business we conduct.

The restrictive covenants in our Term Loan require us to satisfy certain financial condition tests, including to maintain: a minimum liquidity of \$6 million of unencumbered cash and permitted cash equivalent investments, as defined, on a consolidated basis, at least \$10 million in consolidated accounts at the end of each calendar day and minimum consolidated revenue amounts. Our ability to satisfy those tests can be affected by events beyond our control. As of December 31, 2020, we were in compliance with the financial covenants.

A breach of the covenants or restrictions under the Term Loan could result in an event of default under such document. Such a default may allow the creditors to accelerate the related debt. In the event the holders of our indebtedness accelerates the repayment, we may not have sufficient assets to repay that indebtedness or be able to borrow sufficient funds to refinance it. Even if we are able to obtain new financing, it may not be on commercially reasonable terms or on terms acceptable to us. As a result of these restrictions, we may be:

- limited in how we conduct our business;
- unable to raise additional debt or equity financing to operate during general economic or business downturns; or
- unable to compete effectively or to take advantage of new business opportunities.

These restrictions, along with restrictions that may be contained in agreements evidencing or governing other future indebtedness, may affect our ability to grow in accordance with our growth strategy.

Our failure to raise additional capital or generate cash flows necessary to expand our operations and invest in new technologies in the future could reduce our ability to compete successfully and harm our results of operations.

We may need to raise additional funds, and we may not be able to obtain additional debt or equity financing on favorable terms or at all. If we raise additional equity financing, our security holders may experience significant dilution of their ownership interests. If we engage in additional debt financing, we may be required to accept terms that restrict our ability to incur additional indebtedness, force us to maintain specified liquidity or other ratios or restrict our ability to pay dividends or make acquisitions. In addition, the covenants in our Term Loan may limit our ability to obtain additional debt, and any failure to adhere to these covenants could result in penalties or defaults that could further restrict our liquidity or limit our ability to obtain financing. If we need additional capital and cannot raise it on acceptable terms, or at all, we may not be able to, among other things:

- develop and enhance our member services;
- · continue to expand our organization;
- hire, train and retain employees;
- · respond to competitive pressures or unanticipated working capital requirements; or
- pursue acquisition opportunities.

Risks Related to Our Common Stock and This Offering

The Lead Sponsors control us, and their interests may conflict with ours or yours in the future.

Immediately following this offering, funds managed by General Atlantic LLC ("General Atlantic") and Warburg Pincus LLC ("Warburg Pincus" and, together with General Atlantic, the "Lead Sponsors") will beneficially own approximately % of our common stock, or % if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares, which means that, based on their combined percentage voting power held after the offering, the Lead Sponsors together will control the vote of all matters submitted to a vote of our shareholders, which will enable them to control the election of the members of our board of directors (the "Board") and all other corporate decisions. Even when the Lead Sponsors cease to own shares of our stock

representing a majority of the total voting power, for so long as the Lead Sponsors continue to own a significant percentage of our stock, the Lead Sponsors will still be able to significantly influence the composition of our Board and the approval of actions requiring shareholder approval. Accordingly, for such period of time, the Lead Sponsors will have significant influence with respect to our management, business plans and policies, including the appointment and removal of our officers, decisions on whether to raise future capital and amending our charter and bylaws, which govern the rights attached to our common stock. In particular, for so long as the Lead Sponsors continue to own a significant percentage of our stock, the Lead Sponsors will be able to cause or prevent a change of control of us or a change in the composition of our Board and could preclude any unsolicited acquisition of us. The concentration of ownership could deprive you of an opportunity to receive a premium for your shares of common stock as part of a sale of us and ultimately might affect the market price of our common stock.

The Lead Sponsors and their affiliates engage in a broad spectrum of activities, including investments in the healthcare industry generally. In the ordinary course of their business activities, the Lead Sponsors and their affiliates may engage in activities where their interests conflict with our interests or those of our other shareholders, such as investing in or advising businesses that directly or indirectly compete with certain portions of our business or are suppliers or customers of ours. Our certificate of incorporation to be effective in connection with the closing of this offering will provide that none of the Lead Sponsors, any of their affiliates or any director who is not employed by us (including any non-employee director who serves as one of our officers in both his director and officer capacities) or its affiliates will have any duty to refrain from engaging, directly or indirectly, in the same business activities or similar business activities or lines of business in which we operate. The Lead Sponsors also may pursue acquisition opportunities that may be complementary to our business and, as a result, those acquisition opportunities may not be available to us. In addition, the Lead Sponsors may have an interest in pursuing acquisitions, divestitures and other transactions that, in its judgment, could enhance its investment, even though such transactions might involve risks to you.

We are an "emerging growth company" and we expect to elect to comply with reduced public company reporting requirements, which could make our common stock less attractive to investors.

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in the JOBS Act. For as long as we continue to be an emerging growth company, we are eligible for certain exemptions from various public company reporting requirements. These exemptions include, but are not limited to, (i) not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, (ii) reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports, proxy statements and registration statements, (iii) exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved, (iv) not being required to provide audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, or five years of Selected Consolidated Financial Data in this prospectus and (v) an extended transition period to comply with new or revised accounting standards applicable to public companies. We could be an emerging growth company for up to five years after the first sale of our common stock pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, which fifth anniversary will occur in 2026. If, however, certain events occur prior to the end of such five-year period, including if we become a "large accelerated filer," our annual gross revenue exceeds \$1.07 billion or we issue more than \$1.0 billion of non-convertible debt in any three-year period, we would cease to be an emerging growth company prior to the end of such five-year period. We have made certain elections with regard to the reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in this prospectus and may elect to take advantage of other reduced disclosure obligations in future filings. In addition, we will choose to take advantage of the extended transition period to comply with new or revised accounting standards applicable to public companies. As a result, the information that we provide to holders of our common stock may be different than you might receive from other public reporting companies in which you hold equity interests. We cannot predict if investors will find our common stock less attractive as a result of reliance on these exemptions. If some investors find our common stock less attractive as a result of any choice we make to reduce disclosure, there may be a less active trading market for our common stock and the market price for our common stock may be more volatile.

The requirements of being a public company may strain our resources and distract our management, which could make it difficult to manage our business, particularly after we are no longer an "emerging growth company."

As a public company, we will incur legal, accounting and other expenses that we did not previously incur. We will become subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, the listing requirements of and other applicable securities rules and regulations. Compliance with these rules and regulations will increase our legal and financial compliance costs, make some activities more difficult, time-consuming or costly and increase demand on our systems and resources, particularly after we are no longer an "emerging growth company." The Exchange Act requires that we file annual, quarterly and current reports with respect to our business, financial condition and results of operations. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires, among other things, that we establish and maintain effective internal controls and procedures for financial reporting, as discussed further below. Furthermore, the need to establish the corporate infrastructure demanded of a public company may divert our management's attention from implementing our growth strategy, which could prevent us from improving our business, financial condition and results of operations. We have made, and will continue to make, changes to our internal controls and procedures for financial reporting and accounting systems to meet our reporting obligations as a public company. However, the measures we take may not be sufficient to satisfy our obligations as a public company. In addition, these rules and regulations will increase our legal and financial compliance costs and will make some activities more time-consuming and costly. For example, we expect these rules and regulations to make it more difficult and more expensive for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance, and we may be required to incur substantial costs to maintain the same or similar coverage. These additional obligations could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operation

In addition, changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure are creating uncertainty for public companies, increasing legal and financial compliance costs and making some activities more time consuming. These laws, regulations and standards are subject to varying interpretations, in many cases due to their lack of specificity and, as a result, their application in practice may evolve over time as new guidance is provided by regulatory and governing bodies. This could result in continuing uncertainty regarding compliance matters and higher costs necessitated by ongoing revisions to disclosure and governance practices. We intend to invest resources to comply with evolving laws, regulations and standards, and this investment may result in increased general and administrative expenses and a diversion of our management's time and attention from revenue-generating activities to compliance activities. If our efforts to comply with new laws, regulations and standards differ from the activities intended by regulatory or governing bodies due to ambiguities related to their application and practice, regulatory authorities may initiate legal proceedings against us and there could be a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

As a result of becoming a public company, we will be obligated to develop and maintain proper and effective internal control over financial reporting in order to comply with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. We may not complete our analysis of our internal control over financial reporting in a timely manner, or these internal controls may not be determined to be effective, which may adversely affect investor confidence in us and, as a result, the value of our common stock. In addition, because of our status as an emerging growth company, you may not be able to depend on any attestation from our independent registered public accountants as to our internal control over financial reporting.

When we become a public company following this initial public offering, we will be required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act to furnish a report by management on, among other things, the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting in our second annual report following the completion of this offering. The process of designing and implementing internal control over financial reporting required to comply with this requirement will be time-consuming, costly and complicated. If during the evaluation and testing process we identify one or more material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting, our management may be unable to assert that our internal control over

financial reporting is effective. In addition, if we fail to achieve and maintain the adequacy of our internal controls, as such standards are modified, supplemented or amended from time to time, we may not be able to ensure that we can conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Even if our management concludes that our internal control over financial reporting is effective, our independent registered public accounting firm may issue a report that is qualified if it is not satisfied with our controls or the level at which our controls are documented, designed, operated or reviewed. However, our independent registered public accounting firm will not be required to attest formally to the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act until the later of the filing of our second annual report following the completion of this offering or the date we are no longer an "emerging growth company," as defined in the JOBS Act. Accordingly, you may not be able to depend on any attestation concerning our internal control over financial reporting from our independent registered public accountants for the foreseeable future.

We cannot be certain as to the timing of completion of our evaluation, testing and any remediation actions or the impact of the same on our operations. If we are not able to implement the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act in a timely manner or with adequate compliance, our independent registered public accounting firm may issue an adverse opinion due to ineffective internal controls over financial reporting, and we may be subject to sanctions or investigation by regulatory authorities, such as the SEC. As a result, there could be a negative reaction in the financial markets due to a loss of confidence in the reliability of our financial statements. In addition, we may be required to incur costs in improving our internal control system and the hiring of additional personnel. Any such action could negatively affect our results of operations and cash flows.

Provisions of our corporate governance documents could make an acquisition of us more difficult and may prevent attempts by our shareholders to replace or remove our current management, even if beneficial to our shareholders.

In addition to the Lead Sponsors' beneficial ownership of a combined of our common stock after this offering (or % if the underwriters exercise in full their option to purchase additional shares), our certificate of incorporation and bylaws to be effective in connection with the closing of this offering and the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL"), contain provisions that could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so might be beneficial to our shareholders. Among other things, these provisions:

- allow us to authorize the issuance of undesignated preferred stock, the terms of which may be established and the shares of which may be issued without shareholder approval, and which may include supermajority voting, special approval, dividend, or other rights or preferences superior to the rights of shareholders;
- provide for a classified board of directors with staggered three-year terms;
- prohibit shareholder action by written consent;
- provide that any amendment, alteration, rescission or repeal of our bylaws by our shareholders will require the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66 2/3% in voting power of all the then-outstanding shares of our stock entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class; and
- establish advance notice requirements for nominations for elections to our Board or for proposing matters that can be acted upon by shareholders at shareholder meetings.

Our certificate of incorporation to be effective in connection with the closing of this offering will contain a provision that provides us with protections similar to Section 203 of the DGCL, and will prevent us from engaging in a business combination with a person who acquires at least % of our common stock for a

period of three years from the date such person acquired such common stock, unless Board or shareholder approval is obtained prior to the acquisition. See "Description of Capital Stock—Anti-Takeover Effects of Our Certificate of Incorporation and Our Bylaws." These provisions could discourage, delay or prevent a transaction involving a change in control of our company. These provisions could also discourage proxy contests and make it more difficult for you and other shareholders to elect directors of your choosing and cause us to take other corporate actions you desire, including actions that you may deem advantageous, or negatively affect the trading price of our common stock. In addition, because our Board is responsible for appointing the members of our management team, these provisions could in turn affect any attempt by our shareholders to replace current members of our management team.

These and other provisions in our certificate of incorporation, bylaws and Delaware law could make it more difficult for shareholders or potential acquirers to obtain control of our Board or initiate actions that are opposed by our then-current Board, including delay or impede a merger, tender offer or proxy contest involving our company. The existence of these provisions could negatively affect the price of our common stock and limit opportunities for you to realize value in a corporate transaction.

For information regarding these and other provisions, see "Description of Capital Stock."

The provision of our certificate of incorporation requiring exclusive forum in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or the federal district courts of the United States for certain types of lawsuits may have the effect of discouraging lawsuits against our directors and officers.

Pursuant to our certificate of incorporation to be effective in connection with the closing of this offering, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the sole and exclusive forum for (1) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf, (2) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers or other employees to us or our shareholders, (3) any action asserting a claim against us arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL, our certificate of incorporation or our bylaws or (4) any other action asserting a claim against us that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine; provided that for the avoidance of doubt, the forum selection provision that identifies the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware as the exclusive forum for certain litigation, including any "derivative action", will not apply to suits to enforce a duty or liability created by the Securities Act, the Exchange Act or any other claim for which there is exclusive federal or concurrent federal and state jurisdiction. Additionally, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States of America shall be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act. Although we believe these exclusive forum provisions benefit us by providing increased consistency in the application of Delaware law and federal securities laws in the types of lawsuits to which each applies, the exclusive forum provisions may limit a stockholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that it finds favorable for disputes with us or any of our directors, officers or stockholders, which may discourage lawsuits with respect to such claims. Our stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder as a result of our exclusive forum provisions. Further, in the event a court finds any such exclusive forum provision contained in our certificate of incorporation to be unenforceable or inapplicable in an action, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such action in other jurisdictions, which could harm our business, operating results and financial condition. Our certificate of incorporation will further provide that any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of our capital stock is deemed to have notice of and consented to the provisions of our certificate of incorporation described above. See "Description of Capital Stock—Exclusive Forum." The forum selection clauses in our certificate of incorporation may have the effect of discouraging lawsuits against us or our directors and officers and may limit our shareholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us.

General Risk Factors

If you purchase shares of common stock in this offering, you will suffer immediate and substantial dilution of your investment.

The initial public offering price of our common stock is substantially higher than the net tangible book value per share of our common stock. Therefore, if you purchase shares of our common stock in this offering, you will pay a price per share that substantially exceeds our net tangible book value per share after this offering. Based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, the mid-point of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, you will experience immediate dilution of \$ per share, representing the difference between our pro forma net tangible book value per share after giving effect to this offering and the initial public offering price. In addition, purchasers of common stock in this offering will have contributed % of the aggregate price paid by all purchasers of our common stock but will own only approximately % of our common stock outstanding after this offering. See "Dilution" for more detail.

An active, liquid trading market for our common stock may not develop, which may limit your ability to sell your shares.

Prior to this offering, there was no public market for our common stock. Although we have applied to list our common stock on under the symbol "," an active trading market for our shares may never develop or be sustained following this offering. The initial public offering price will be determined by negotiations between us and the underwriters and may not be indicative of market prices of our common stock that will prevail in the open market after the offering. A public trading market having the desirable characteristics of depth, liquidity and orderliness depends upon the existence of willing buyers and sellers at any given time, such existence being dependent upon the individual decisions of buyers and sellers over which neither we nor any market maker has control. The failure of an active and liquid trading market to develop and continue would likely have a material adverse effect on the value of our common stock. The market price of our common stock may decline below the initial public offering price, and you may not be able to sell your shares of our common stock at or above the price you paid in this offering, or at all. An inactive market may also impair our ability to raise capital to continue to fund operations by issuing shares and may impair our ability to acquire other companies or technologies by using our shares as consideration.

Our operating results and stock price may be volatile, and the market price of our common stock after this offering may drop below the price you pay.

Our quarterly operating results are likely to fluctuate in the future. In addition, securities markets worldwide have experienced, and are likely to continue to experience, significant price and volume fluctuations. This market volatility, as well as general economic, market or political conditions, could subject the market price of our shares to wide price fluctuations regardless of our operating performance. Our operating results and the trading price of our shares may fluctuate in response to various factors, including:

- market conditions in our industry or the broader stock market;
- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly financial and operating results;
- introduction of new solutions or services by us or our competitors;
- issuance of new or changed securities analysts' reports or recommendations;
- sales, or anticipated sales, of large blocks of our stock;
- · additions or departures of key personnel;
- regulatory or political developments;
- litigation and governmental investigations;
- changing economic conditions;

- investors' perception of us;
- · events beyond our control such as weather and war; and
- any default on our indebtedness.

These and other factors, many of which are beyond our control, may cause our operating results and the market price and demand for our shares to fluctuate substantially. Fluctuations in our quarterly operating results could limit or prevent investors from readily selling their shares and may otherwise negatively affect the market price and liquidity of our shares. In addition, in the past, when the market price of a stock has been volatile, holders of that stock have sometimes instituted securities class action litigation against the company that issued the stock. If any of our shareholders brought a lawsuit against us, we could incur substantial costs defending the lawsuit. Such a lawsuit could also divert the time and attention of our management from our business, which could significantly harm our profitability and reputation.

A significant portion of our total outstanding shares are restricted from immediate resale but may be sold into the market in the near future. This could cause the market price of our common stock to drop significantly, even if our business is doing well.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the public market could occur at any time. These sales, or the perception in the market that the holders of a large number of shares intend to sell shares, could reduce the market price of our common stock. After this offering, we will have outstanding shares of common stock based on the number of shares outstanding as of , 2021. This includes shares that we are selling in this offering, which may be resold in the public market immediately. Following the consummation of this offering, shares that are not being sold in this offering will be subject to a 180-day lock-up period provided under lock-up agreements executed in connection with this offering described in "Underwriting" and restricted from immediate resale under the federal securities laws as described in "Shares Eligible for Future Sale." All of these shares will, however, be able to be resold after the expiration of the lock-up period, as well as pursuant to customary exceptions thereto or upon the waiver of the lock-up agreement by the representatives on behalf of the underwriters. We also intend to register shares of common stock that we may issue under our equity compensation plans. Once we register these shares, they can be freely sold in the public market upon issuance, subject to the lock-up agreements. As restrictions on resale end, the market price of our stock could decline if the holders of currently restricted shares sell them or are perceived by the market as intending to sell them.

Because we have no current plans to pay regular cash dividends on our common stock following this offering, you may not receive any return on investment unless you sell your common stock for a price greater than that which you paid for it.

We do not anticipate paying any regular cash dividends on our common stock following this offering. Any decision to declare and pay dividends in the future will be made at the discretion of our Board and will depend on, among other things, our results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors that our Board may deem relevant. In addition, our ability to pay dividends is, and may be, limited by covenants of existing and any future outstanding indebtedness we or our subsidiaries incur. Therefore, any return on investment in our common stock is solely dependent upon the appreciation of the price of our common stock on the open market, which may not occur. See "Dividend Policy" for more detail.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, if they adversely change their recommendations regarding our shares or if our results of operations do not meet their expectations, our stock price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our shares will be influenced by the research and reports that industry or securities analysts publish about us or our business. We do not have any control over these analysts. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of us or fail to publish reports on us regularly, we could lose visibility in the financial

markets, which in turn could cause our stock price or trading volume to decline. Moreover, if one or more of the analysts who cover us downgrade our stock, or if our results of operations do not meet their expectations, our stock price could decline.

We may issue shares of preferred stock in the future, which could make it difficult for another company to acquire us or could otherwise adversely affect holders of our common stock, which could depress the price of our common stock.

Our certificate of incorporation will authorize us to issue one or more series of preferred stock. Our Board will have the authority to determine the preferences, limitations and relative rights of the shares of preferred stock and to fix the number of shares constituting any series and the designation of such series, without any further vote or action by our shareholders. Our preferred stock could be issued with voting, liquidation, dividend and other rights superior to the rights of our common stock. The potential issuance of preferred stock may delay or prevent a change in control of us, discouraging bids for our common stock at a premium to the market price, and materially adversely affect the market price and the voting and other rights of the holders of our common stock.

Future sales of substantial amounts of our common stock, or the possibility that such sales could occur, could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Future sales in the public market of shares of our common stock, including any shares of common stock issued upon exercise of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted shares, dividend equivalents, other stock-based awards (including RSUs) and performance awards that may be issued in connection with the Corporate Conversion (as defined below) or under the 2021 Plan or the perception by the market that these sales could occur, could lower the market price of our common stock or make it difficult for us to raise additional capital.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this prospectus are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give our current expectations and projections relating to our financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. These statements may include words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "plan," "intend," "believe," "may," "will," "should," "can have," "likely" and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events. For example, all statements we make relating to our estimated and projected costs, expenditures, cash flows, growth rates and financial results, our plans and objectives for future operations, growth or initiatives, strategies or the expected outcome or impact of pending or threatened litigation are forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those that we expected, including:

- our history of net losses, and our ability to achieve or maintain profitability in an environment of increasing expenses;
- the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic or any other pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of an infectious disease in the United States or worldwide on our business, financial condition and results of operations;
- the effect of our relatively limited operating history on investors' ability to evaluate our current business and future prospects;
- the viability of our growth strategy and our ability to realize expected results;
- · our ability to attract new members;
- the quality and pricing of our products and services;
- our ability to maintain a high rating for our plans on the Five Star Quality Rating System;
- our ability to develop and maintain satisfactory relationships with care providers that service our members;
- our ability to manage our growth effectively, execute our business plan, maintain high levels of service and member satisfaction or adequately address competitive challenges;
- our ability to compete in the healthcare industry;
- the impact on our business of security breaches, loss of data or other disruptions causing the compromise of sensitive information or preventing us from accessing critical information;
- the impact on our business of disruptions in our disaster recovery systems or management continuity planning;
- the cost of legal proceedings and litigation, including intellectual property and privacy disputes;
- risks associated with being a government contractor;
- the impact on our business of the healthcare services industry becoming more cyclical;
- our ability to manage acquisitions, divestitures and other significant transactions successfully;
- our ability to maintain, enhance and protect our reputation and brand recognition;
- our ability to effectively invest in, implement improvements to and properly maintain the uninterrupted operation and data integrity of our information technology and other business systems;
- our ability to obtain, maintain, protect and enforce intellectual property protection for our technology;
- the potential adverse impact of claims by third parties that we are infringing on, misappropriating or otherwise violating their intellectual property rights;

- · our ability to protect the confidentiality of our trade secrets, know-how and other internally developed information;
- the impact of any restrictions on our use of or ability to license data or our failure to license data and integrate third-party technologies;
- risks associated with our use of "open-source" software;
- our dependence on our senior management team and other key employees;
- the concentration of our health plans in California, North Carolina and Nevada;
- the impact on our business of an economic downturn;
- our management team's limited experience managing a public company;
- · our ability to maintain our corporate culture;
- the impact of shortages of qualified personnel and related increases in our labor costs;
- the risk that our records may contain inaccurate or unsupportable information regarding risk adjustment scores of members;
- our ability to accurately estimate incurred but not reported medical expenses;
- the impact of negative publicity regarding the managed healthcare industry;
- · the impact of federal efforts to reduce Medicare spending;
- the impact of weather and other factors beyond our control on our clinics, the centers out of which our external providers operate, and the
 facilities that host our AVA platform;
- our dependence on reimbursements by CMS and premium payments by individuals;
- the impact on our business of renegotiation, non-renewal or termination of risk agreements with hospitals, physicians, nurses, pharmacists and medical support staff;
- risks associated with estimating the amount of liabilities that we recognize under our risk agreements with providers;
- our ability to develop and maintain proper and effective internal control over financial reporting;
- the potential adverse impact of legal proceedings and litigation;
- the impact of reductions in the quality ratings of our health plans;
- · the risk of our agreements with care providers being deemed invalid;
- the impact on our business of the termination of our leases, increases in rent or inability to renew or extend leases;
- our ability to engage and maintain our relationships with hospitals, physicians, nurses, pharmacists and medical support staff;
- · the impact of state and federal efforts to reduce Medicare spending;
- our ability to comply with applicable federal, state and local rules and regulations, including those relating to data privacy and security;
 and
- other factors disclosed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus.

We derive many of our forward-looking statements from our operating budgets and forecasts, which are based on many detailed assumptions. While we believe that our assumptions are reasonable, we caution that it is very difficult to predict the impact of known factors, and it is impossible for us to anticipate all factors that could affect our actual results. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations, or cautionary statements, are disclosed under the sections entitled "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this prospectus.

All written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements as well as other cautionary statements that are made from time to time in our other SEC filings and public communications. You should evaluate all forward-looking statements made in this prospectus in the context of these risks and uncertainties.

We caution you that the important factors referenced above may not contain all of the factors that are important to you. In addition, we cannot assure you that we will realize the results or developments we expect or anticipate or, even if substantially realized, that they will result in the consequences or affect us or our operations in the way we expect. The forward-looking statements included in this prospectus are made only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law.

MARKET AND INDUSTRY DATA

Unless otherwise indicated, information in this prospectus concerning economic conditions, our industry, our markets and our competitive position is based on a variety of sources, including information from independent industry analysts and publications, as well as our own estimates and research. This information involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. While we believe the information presented in this prospectus is generally reliable, forecasts, assumptions, expectations, beliefs, estimates and projects involve risk and uncertainties and are subject to change based on various factors, including those described under "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors."

Throughout this prospectus, all references to "Net Promoter Score" are to a measure of satisfaction widely used in the healthcare industry. We calculate Net Promoter Score based on responses to patient surveys, administered as paper surveys following a patient's appointment at one of our centers, that ask the consumer to rank, on a scale of one to 10, how likely the patient would be to recommend Alignment to a friend. We assign the designation of "Promoter" to respondents who provide a score of 9 or 10, the designation of "Neutral" to respondents who provide a score of 7 or 8, and the designation of "Detractor" to respondents who provide a score of 0 to 6. We then subtract the percentage of Detractors from Promoters to determine our overall Net Promoter Score. We believe that this method of calculation aligns with industry standards and that this metric is meaningful for investors because of the correlation between Net Promoter Score and consumer satisfaction.

Throughout this prospectus, all references to the "Five-Star Rating System" or "Star rating" are to a measure used by the CMS to rate the performance of Medicare Advantage and Part D plans. Medicare Advantage Plans are rated on how well they perform in five different categories: (1) staying healthy: screenings, tests, and vaccines, (2) managing chronic (long-term) conditions, (3) plan responsiveness and care, (4) member complaints, problems getting services, and choosing to leave the plan, and (5) health plan customer service. Part D plans are rated on how well they perform in four different categories: (1) drug plan customer service, (2) member complaints, problems getting services, and choosing to leave the plan, (3) member experience with the drug plan, and (4) drug pricing and patient safety. Ratings range from one to five stars, with five being the highest and one being the lowest. Plans are rated in each individual category. Medicare also assigns Medicare Advantage plans one overall star rating to summarize the plan's performance as a whole.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that our net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$\) million (or approximately \$\) million if the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares is exercised in full), assuming an initial public offering price of \$\) per share, which is the midpoint of the estimated price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

The principal purposes of this offering are to increase our capitalization and financial flexibility, create a public market for our common stock and enable access to the public equity markets for us and our shareholders. We expect to use the net proceeds of this offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, including continued investments in the growth of our business. At this time, we have not specifically identified a large single use for which we intend to use the net proceeds and, accordingly, we are not able to allocate the net proceeds among any of these potential uses in light of the variety of factors that will impact how such net proceeds are ultimately utilized by us. Pending the use of the proceeds from this offering, we intend to invest the proceeds in a variety of capital preservation investments, including short-term, investment-grade and interest-bearing instruments.

We may also use a portion of our net proceeds to acquire or invest in complementary businesses, products, services or technologies. However, we do not have agreements or commitments for any acquisitions or investments at this time.

Each \$1.00 increase or decrease in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the estimated public offering price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, would increase or decrease the net proceeds to us from this offering by approximately \$ million, assuming the number of shares offered, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same, and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

Each 1,000,000 increase or decrease in the number of shares offered would increase or decrease the net proceeds to us from this offering by approximately \$ million, assuming that the assumed initial public offering price per share for the offering remains at \$, which is the midpoint of the estimated public offering price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

DIVIDEND POLICY

We currently intend to retain all available funds and any future earnings to fund the development and growth of our business and to potentially repay any indebtedness and, therefore, we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Additionally, because we are a holding company, our ability to pay dividends on our common stock may be limited by restrictions on the ability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends or make distributions to us. Any future determination to pay dividends will be at the discretion of our Board, subject to compliance with covenants in current and future agreements governing our and our subsidiaries' indebtedness, and will depend on our results of operations, financial condition, capital requirements and other factors that our Board may deem relevant.

CORPORATE CONVERSION

Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC, the registrant whose name appears on the cover of this registration statement, is a Delaware limited liability company. Immediately prior to the effectiveness of this registration statement, Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC will convert into a Delaware corporation pursuant to a statutory conversion and redomestication and will change its name to Alignment Healthcare, Inc. As a result of the Corporate Conversion, Alignment Partners, the sole unitholder of Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC, will become a holder of shares of common stock of Alignment Healthcare, Inc. and will distribute the shares of common stock of Alignment Healthcare, Inc. to its partners, as follows:

holders of Class A Units of Alignment Partners will receive shares of common stock;
 holders of Class B Units of Alignment Partners will receive shares of common stock; and
 holders of Class C Units of Alignment Partners will receive shares of common stock.

We will be a holding company and upon consummation of this offering and the application of net proceeds therefrom our sole asset will be the capital stock of our wholly owned subsidiaries, including Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC. Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC will be the predecessor of the issuer for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, this prospectus contains the historical financial statements of Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC and its consolidated subsidiaries. Alignment Healthcare, Inc. will be the reporting entity following this offering.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and our capitalization as of December 31, 2020:

- on an actual basis;
- on a pro forma basis to give effect to (1) the Corporate Conversion, and (2) the effectiveness of our certificate of incorporation upon the closing of this offering; and
- on a pro forma as adjusted basis to give further effect to our issuance and sale of shares of our common stock in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by us and the application of the net proceeds of this offering as set forth under "Use of Proceeds."

Our capitalization following the closing of this offering will be adjusted based on the actual initial public offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing. You should read this table together with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes appearing at the end of this prospectus and the sections of this prospectus titled "Selected Consolidated Financial Data," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Description of Capital Stock."

		As of Decen	nber 31, 2020 Pro Forma
	Actual	Pro Forma	As Adjusted
	(in thou	sands, except unit/s	share data)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$	\$
Long-term debt, net of debt issuance costs	\$	\$	\$
Members' deficit:			
Units, without par value; units issued and outstanding, actual; no units authorized, issued			
or outstanding, pro forma and pro forma as adjusted		_	_
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred stock, \$ par value; no shares authorized, issued or outstanding, actual; shares			
authorized and no shares issued or outstanding, pro forma and pro forma as adjusted	_		
Common stock, \$ par value; no shares issued and outstanding, actual; shares			
authorized, issued and outstanding, pro forma; shares authorized, shares issued and			
outstanding, pro forma as adjusted	_		
Accumulated deficit			
Total members' surplus / stockholders' equity			
Total capitalization	\$	\$	\$

A \$1.00 increase or decrease in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, would increase or decrease the pro forma as adjusted amount of each of cash and cash equivalents, working capital, total assets, total stockholders' equity and total capitalization by approximately \$ million, assuming no change in the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions.

An increase or decrease of 1,000,000 shares in the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, would increase or decrease each of cash and cash equivalents, working capital, total assets, total stockholders' equity and total capitalization on a pro forma as adjusted basis by \$ million, assuming no change in the assumed initial public offering price per share and after deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions.

The table above excludes shares of common stock reserved for future issuance under the 2021 Plan, which will be adopted in connection with this offering.

DILUTION

If you invest in our common stock in this offering, your interest will be diluted to the extent of the difference between the initial public offering price per share of our common stock in this offering and the as adjusted net tangible book value per share of our common stock immediately after this offering.

After giving effect to the sale of shares of common stock in this offering, after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us, and the application of the net proceeds of this offering as set forth under "Use of Proceeds" at an assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover of this prospectus, our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value as of December 31, 2020 would have been approximately \$ million, or approximately \$ per share of common stock. This represents an immediate increase in pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value of \$ per share to our existing shareholders and an immediate dilution in pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value of \$ per share to investors participating in this offering at the assumed initial public offering price.

The following table illustrates this per share dilution:

Assumed initial public offering price per share	\$ \$
Pro forma net tangible book value per share as of December 31, 2020	
Increase in pro forma net tangible book value per share attributable to the investors in this offering	
Pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share after giving effect to this offering	
Dilution in pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share to the investors in this offering	\$ \$

The dilution information discussed above is illustrative only and will change based on the actual initial public offering price and other terms of this offering determined at pricing. A \$1.00 increase or decrease in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the estimated public offering price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, would increase or decrease our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share after this offering by \$, and would increase or decrease the dilution per share to the investors in this offering by \$, assuming that the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same, and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us. Similarly, each increase or decrease of one million shares in the number of shares of common stock offered by us would increase our pro forma as adjusted net tangible book value per share after this offering by \$ and would increase or decrease dilution per share to investors in this offering by \$, assuming the assumed initial public offering price, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

The following table presents, on a pro forma as adjusted basis as of December 31, 2020, after giving effect to the Corporate Conversion, the differences between our existing shareholders and the investors purchasing shares of our common stock in this offering, with respect to the number of shares purchased, the total consideration paid to us, and the average price per share paid by our existing shareholders or to be paid to us by

investors purchasing shares in this offering at an assumed offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, before deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

Shares	Purchases	Total Co	nsideration	Average Price per Share
Number	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	
	%	\$		\$
	100%	\$	100%	\$
		%	Number Percentage Amount %	Number Percentage Amount Percentage % \$

A \$1.00 increase or in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, would increase or decrease the total consideration paid by new investors by \$ million and increase or decrease the percent of total consideration paid by new investors by \$, assuming that the number of shares offered by us, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same and before deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions payable by us.

Except as otherwise indicated, the above discussion and tables assume no exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares. After giving effect to sales of shares in this offering, assuming the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares is exercised in full, our existing shareholders would own % and our new investors would own % of the total number of shares of our common stock outstanding after this offering.

In addition, to the extent we issue any stock options or any stock options are exercised, or we issue any other securities or convertible debt in the future, investors participating in this offering may experience further dilution.

Except as otherwise indicated, the above discussion and tables are based on shares of our common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2020, after giving effect to the Corporate Conversion and exclude shares of common stock reserved for future issuance under the 2021 Plan, which will be adopted in connection with this offering.

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The following tables present our selected consolidated financial data. The selected consolidated statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2020 and the selected consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2020 are derived from our audited consolidated financial statements that are included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in the future. You should read the selected historical financial data below in conjunction with the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	Year Ended D 2019	ecember 31, 2020
(dollars in thousands, except unit and per unit amounts)		
Revenues:	ф 7F2 072	¢.
Earned premiums	\$ 753,973	\$
Other	2,988	
Total revenues	756,961	
Expenses:		
Medical expenses	661,389	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	110,134	
Depreciation and amortization	14,922	
Total expenses	786,445	
Loss from operations	(29,484)	. <u></u> ,
Other expense:		
Interest expense	14,897	
Other expenses	351	
Total other expenses	15,248	
Loss before income taxes	(44,732)	,
Provision for Income taxes	_	
Net loss	\$ (44,732)	\$
Weighted-Average Number of Membership Units Outstanding – Basic and Diluted	566,200	:
Net Loss Per Unit – Basic and Diluted	\$ (79.00)	
Other financial data:		
Adjusted EBITDA(1)	\$ (12,095)	

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that we define as net income (loss) before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization expense and equity-based compensation expense. Adjusted EBITDA is a key measure used by our management and our Board to understand and evaluate our operating performance and trends, to prepare and approve our annual budget and to develop short and long-term operating plans. In particular, we believe that the exclusion of the amounts eliminated in calculating Adjusted EBITDA provides useful measures for period-to-period comparisons of our business. Given our intent to continue to invest in our platform and the scalability of our business in the short to medium-term, we believe Adjusted EBITDA over the long term will be an important indicator of value creation. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation of, or as an alternative to, measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. There are a number of limitations related to the use of Adjusted EBITDA in lieu of net income (loss), which is the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Our

use of the term Adjusted EBITDA may vary from the use of similar terms by other companies in our industry and accordingly may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. Adjusted EBITDA is reconciled as follows:

	As of December 31, 2019 2020
(dollars in thousands)	2013 2020
Net income (loss)	\$(44,732)
Add back:	
Interest expense	\$ 14,897
Income taxes	_
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 16,583
EBITDA	\$(13,252)
Equity-based compensation (incentive units)	\$ 1,157
Adjusted EBITDA	\$(12,095)

	Year Ende	Year Ended December 31,	
	2019	2020	
Pro Forma Per Share Data(1):			
Pro Forma net income (loss) per share:			
Basic	\$	\$	
Diluted	\$	\$	
Pro forma weighted-average shares used in computing net income (loss) per share:			
Basic			
Diluted			

(1) Unaudited pro forma per share information gives effect to the Corporate Conversion, our sale of shares of common stock in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the estimated public offering price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us and the application of the net proceeds of this offering as set forth under "Use of Proceeds." In conjunction with the conversion, all of our outstanding equity interests will be converted into shares of common stock. This pro forma data is presented for informational purposes only and does not purport to represent what our net income (loss) or net income (loss) per share actually would have been had the offering and use of proceeds therefrom occurred on January 1, 2020 or to project our net income (loss) or net income (loss) per share for any future period.

	Decei	December 31, 2020	
		Pro Forma As	
	Actual	Adjusted(1)(2)	
	(dollar	s in thousands)	
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:			
Cash	\$	\$	
Working capital ⁽³⁾	\$	\$	
Total assets	\$	\$	
Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$	\$	
Total members' deficit	\$	\$	

⁽¹⁾ Reflects our sale of shares of common stock in this offering at an assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the estimated public offering price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us and the application of the net proceeds of this offering as set forth under "Use of Proceeds." The Corporate Conversion has no impact on the line items presented.

- (2) A \$1.00 increase or decrease in the assumed initial public offering price of \$ per share, which is the midpoint of the price range set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, would increase or decrease each of cash, working capital, total assets and total equity on an as adjusted basis by approximately \$ million, assuming the number of shares offered, as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, remains the same, and after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated offering expenses payable by us.
- (3) We define working capital as current assets less current liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis summarizes the significant factors affecting the consolidated operating results, financial condition, liquidity and cash flows of our company as of and for the periods presented below. The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus. The discussion contains forward-looking statements that are based on the beliefs of management, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, our management. Actual results could differ materially from those discussed in or implied by forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those discussed below and elsewhere in this prospectus, particularly in the sections entitled "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Statements."

Overview

Alignment is a next generation, consumer-centric platform that is revolutionizing the healthcare experience for seniors. We deliver this experience through our Medicare Advantage plans, which are customized to meet the needs of a diverse array of seniors. Our innovative model of consumer-centric healthcare is purpose-built to provide seniors with care as it should be: high quality, low cost and accompanied by a vastly improved consumer experience. We combine a proprietary technology platform and a high-touch clinical model that enhances our members' lifestyles and health outcomes while simultaneously controlling costs, which allows us to reinvest savings back into our platform and products to directly benefit the senior consumer. We have grown membership from approximately 13,000 at inception to over 75,000 today, representing a 33% compound annual growth rate across 22 markets and 3 states. Our ultimate goal is to bring this differentiated, advocacy-driven healthcare experience to millions of senior consumers in the United States and to become the most trusted senior healthcare brand in the country.

Our model is based on a flywheel concept, referred to as our "virtuous cycle", which is designed to delight our senior consumers. We start by listening to and engaging with our seniors in order to provide a superior experience in both their healthcare and daily living needs. Through our AVA technology platform, we utilize data and predictive algorithms that are specifically designed to ensure personalized care is delivered to each member. When our information-enabled care model is combined with our member engagement, we are able to improve healthcare outcomes by, for example, reducing unnecessary hospital admissions, which in turn lowers overall costs. Our ability to manage healthcare expenditures while maintaining quality and member satisfaction is a distinct and sustainable competitive advantage. Our lower total healthcare expenditures allow us to reinvest our savings into richer coverage and benefits, which propels our growth in revenue and membership due to the enhanced consumer value proposition. As we grow, we continue to listen to and incorporate member feedback, and we are able to further enhance benefits and produce strong clinical outcomes. Our virtuous cycle, based on the principle of doing well by doing good, is highly repeatable and a core tenet of our ability to continue to expand in existing and new markets in the future.

It is this virtuous cycle, underpinned by continuous expansion and improvement in our technology platform, that has enabled us to achieve revenues of \$ million for the year ended December 31, 2020, representing a revenue compound annual growth rate of % from our founding in 2013 through the fourth quarter of 2020.

Medicare Advantage Background

Today, seniors are confronted with a healthcare landscape that is fragmented across disparate point solutions, tools and vendors, without an accessible, coordinated approach to comprehensive care delivery. Under

the traditional Medicare FFS model, seniors receive access to hospital insurance benefits ("Part A") and outpatient services ("Part B") directly from CMS. Original Medicare (Part A and B) does not include prescription drug coverage ("Part D"), and most seniors enrolled in original Medicare opt to obtain Part D and other protection for gaps in their coverage by purchasing costly Medicare supplement insurance plans. In contrast, Medicare Advantage plans are direct-to-consumer and provide a single point of care delivery for Part A, Part B and often Part D coverage. Medicare Advantage penetration of the Medicare market is rapidly increasing given the enhanced benefits and coverage that Medicare Advantage plans offer relative to traditional Medicare FFS. Industry projections have forecasted a continued increase in the Medicare Advantage penetration rate, such that the population using Medicare Advantage plans is expected to increase from 22 million in 2019 to 37 million in 2025 as Medicare Advantage penetration accelerates from 34% to approximately 47%.

Medicare Advantage allows one entity to influence the entirety of a senior's healthcare through a singular, direct-to-consumer product. We contract with CMS under the Medicare Advantage program to provide health insurance coverage to Medicare eligible persons under HMO and PPO plans in exchange for a payment PMPM. The PMPM payment varies based on geography, CMS Star ratings and certain population-specific risk factors. Under these value-based contracts, we assume the economic risk of funding our members' healthcare, supplemental benefits and related administration costs. By transferring the economic risk to managed care companies like Alignment, CMS has enabled us to focus on proactive, cross-disciplinary care targeted at improving health outcomes and lowering unnecessary healthcare expenditures.

The Medicare Advantage regulatory framework is designed to reward plans that achieve the triple aim of high-quality care, low costs and better experience. CMS payments to Medicare Advantage plans are allocated in each county or region based on a bidding system. Each plan submits a bid based on its estimated costs per enrollee for services covered under Medicare Parts A and B. Plans that have a low enough cost structure to bid under the benchmark are entitled to rebates, which enable those plans to offer enhanced supplemental benefits and medical coverage to their members, which in turn boosts membership growth and therefore revenue. CMS further measures Medicare Advantage beneficiaries' clinical outcomes and experience with their health plans and the healthcare system through a Five Star Quality Rating System. Medicare Advantage plans are eligible to receive additional economic incentives based on their Star rating. Due to the competitive nature of CMS' bidding system, only those plans that are able to provide low cost and high-quality outcomes will be able to offer enhanced benefit options, which is critical to achieving sustainable membership and growth on a long-term basis.

Under the Medicare Advantage system, our members typically enroll with us for a one-year period that can be renewed on an annual basis, resulting in revenue that is principally based on a subscription-like PMPM recurring revenue model. This model provides us with significant visibility into our short-term financial performance, particularly given that the substantial majority of our members continue to choose Alignment after their initial selection year. Further, our HMO and PPO plans covered under Medicare Advantage contracts with CMS are generally renewed for a calendar year term, unless CMS notifies us of its decision not to renew by May 1 of the year in which the contract would end. When carefully managed, this annual renewal process provides a measure of stability and predictability to our short-term revenue streams, allowing us to focus on improving health quality outcomes and lowering healthcare expenditures for our population through enhanced member care on a long-term basis.

Factors Affecting Our Performance

Our proprietary technology platform, AVA, is a key element of our business with capabilities that will impact our future performance. AVA enables us to personalize and manage our member relationships, care quality and experience, and to coordinate and manage risk with our provider partners. AVA's unified platform, analytical tools and data across the healthcare ecosystem enable us to produce consistent outcomes, unit economics and support new member growth. Additionally, our historical financial performance has been, and we expect our financial performance in the future will be, driven by our ability to:

Capitalize on Our Existing Market Growth Opportunity

Our ability to attract and retain members to grow in our existing markets depends on our ability to offer a superior value proposition. Providing better care and richer benefits that lead to higher member satisfaction at a lower cost generates greater returns for us under the Medicare Advantage program, which we can then use to fund our growth. We have proven that we can compete against, and take market share from, large established players in highly competitive markets. According to CMS data, we were one of the fastest growing health plans offering HMO products in our California counties between 2016 and 2020. Further, over 80% of our membership growth came from "plan switchers", which are seniors who joined Alignment from other Medicare Advantage plans as opposed to joining a Medicare Advantage plan for the first time.

We attract new members through both our internal and external sales channels. Our internal sales channel consists of Alignment representatives, both in the field and telephonically, who market and sell Alignment's portfolio of products to prospective members. This channel also includes our new sales to members who sign up using Alignment's direct online enrollment tools. Our external sales channel consists of partnerships with third party broker channels who sell Alignment products alongside competing products. These third party organizations also consist of in-person, telephonic and online sales distribution channels. Our growth will depend on our continued success in marketing our products through these channels.

We believe that significant growth opportunities remain in our current geographic footprint which includes markets with some of the largest senior populations in the country. There are over 2.8 million Medicare-eligible individuals enrolled in Medicare Advantage plans in our existing 22 counties, of which our 75,000 members represents only 3% market share. For example, in Los Angeles county (where an average of 15,423 Medicare-eligible individuals were enrolled with Alignment in September 2020), there are over 1.5 million Medicare-eligible individuals, of which 796,303 million were enrolled in a Medicare Advantage product as of October 2020. In fact, according to the U.S. Census Bureau, Los Angeles country alone has more seniors than 40 individual states across the country. We believe that there are still significant opportunities for future growth even in our most mature markets where we have a 10-20% market share. As we gain brand recognition, expand our membership base and grow market share in our existing markets, we are also generally able to lower our incremental member acquisition costs. These savings can then be reinvested into our business to continue to allow us to offer innovative product offerings. We believe that we are well placed to continue to gain share in our current markets due to our strong track record of reducing healthcare costs, providing exceptional care and a superior experience, establishing innovative partnerships with a wide array of providers in order to expand our network and offering a best in class member experience.

Additionally, we are evaluating the CMS Innovation Center's Direct Contracting program, which would allow us to partner directly with physicians to help manage their current Medicare FFS patient populations and participate in the upside and downside risk associated with managing the health of such patients. We believe that this program may drive additional opportunities for us to deploy our technology platform and care management capabilities across a broader set of members in our existing geographies, as well as potentially in new markets.

Drive Growth and Consistent Outcomes Through New Market Expansion

Given our track record of delivering exceptional results and delighting consumers in our existing markets, we recently launched our national expansion strategy guided by our disciplined approach to identifying new

markets. While our growth opportunity in our existing geographic footprint is robust, we believe that we can expand into new markets by utilizing our proven, replicable model of offering richer coverage and benefits at a lower cost, coupled with a superior consumer experience. Over the last two years we have expanded into six to seven new markets per year.

We enter new markets with the goal of building brand awareness across our key stakeholders to achieve meaningful market share over time. Our analytical framework for selecting new markets to enter evaluates a number of factors, including: the presence of aligned provider partners, our ability to compete effectively based on the richness of our products, and our ability to build and deploy local market care delivery teams efficiently. Our methodical approach to new market expansion requires long-term planning and investment, given the lead time required to develop each market opportunity. We typically begin targeting new markets 12-18 months prior to product launch, during which period we develop local provider and broker contracts and relationships, apply for new state licenses and/or obtain approvals, obtain CMS approval, and file our bids for the following calendar year. We then further invest in new market AEP sales and marketing, as well as our local provider and clinical teams to support our growth and operational efforts, all prior to enrolling any new members. Upon product launch in a new market, and depending upon the nature of our contracting entry strategy and the pace of our new member growth over the first two to three years, we may in some instances incur losses over the first several years as we establish ourselves and the Alignment model in the community.

We believe that investment in new market development is required to drive sustained long-term growth, and our willingness to make such investments is underpinned by our proven success in a diverse array of markets across our existing geographic footprint. Enabled by AVA, we have been successful in rural, urban and suburban markets, as well as markets with varying degrees of provider and health system competition and control. Our existing markets also feature a diverse array of membership profiles across ethnicities, income levels and acuity. In a wide variety of geographies, population mixes and local market conditions, we have demonstrated success in achieving strong MBR performance and consistently high satisfaction among our members.





Rural Markets		
Stanislaus		
At-Risk Membership	~9.9K	
Ethnicity	76% Anglo, 9% Hispanic	
Rural vs Urban	Rural	
Hospitals Contracted	2	
Dually Eligible	19%	
1Q20 At-Risk Returning Member MBR	80.9%	

Socioeconomically Divers	se Markets
Los Angeles	
At-Risk Membership	~8.3K
Ethnicity	44% Anglo, 35% Hispanic
Rural vs Urban	Urban
Hospitals Contracted	48
Dually Eligible	48%
1Q20 At-Risk Returning Member MBR	74.8%

Note: *At-Risk Membership* is as of Oct 2020 and includes members with respect to which Alignment is at-risk for at least a majority of claims expenditures. *Ethnicity, Hospitals Contracted and Dually-Eligible* metrics are year-to-date 2020 averages. *1Q20 At-Risk Returning Member MBR* reflects the MBR of the At-Risk Members who were enrolled in the prior calendar year (and are therefore designated to be a returning member) for the first quarter of 2020; the first quarter of 2020 is presented to reflect MBR prior to a significant impact from COVID-19. Our At-Risk Returning Member MBR from Jan 1, 2020 through June 2020 was as follows: 79.7%, 79.7%, 77.7% and 75.2% for San Diego, Stanislaus, Santa Clara and Los Angeles, respectively.

AVA gives us the analytics and tools to replicate this value creation across a variety of operating and contracting models with our provider partners, which we believe provides us with the capability to successfully grow and scale in new markets in a methodical and manageable way. We have already identified additional markets for potential expansion in 2022 and beyond and believe that expansion into new markets and new states will continue to extend our growth opportunities for the foreseeable future.

Provide Superior Service, Care and Consumer Satisfaction

We are highly focused on providing superior service and care to our members and on maintaining high levels of consumer satisfaction, which are key to our financial performance and growth. The CMS Five Star Quality Rating System provides economic incentives to Medicare Advantage plans that achieve higher star ratings by (i) meeting certain care criteria (such as completing particular preventative screening procedures or ensuring proper follow-up care is provided for specific conditions or episodes) and (ii) receiving high member satisfaction ratings. These incentives impact financial performance in the year following the CMS Rating Year (for example, CMS' announcement of the 2021 Ratings occurred in the second half of 2020, and will impact our financial performance in 2022). Historically, we have earned additional bonus payments from CMS based on our performance under CMS' Five Star Quality Rating System. For CMS Rating Years 2018-2021, over 99% of our

California members have been in a CMS contract achieving at least a 4 Star overall rating (the remaining members were in a CMS contract that had too few members to be measured). This is important to our financial performance, as (i) earning a 4 Star rating generally allows us to receive a 5% bonus to our revenue benchmark rate in our bids (subject to certain county-level adjustments), and (ii) a 4.5 Star rating allows us to retain a larger portion of the savings our model creates relative to our benchmark by increasing our rebate percentage from 65% to 70% of savings, both of which allow us to offer richer coverage and supplemental benefits.

We believe our dedication to serving our seniors and our relentless focus on delivering quality outcomes has been instrumental in our ability to deliver a 4 Star or better rating for the past four years. We have invested heavily in internal clinical and non-clinical resources focused on driving important workstreams such as preventative care, medication adherence and care coordination, which impact our ability to achieve higher ratings in the CMS Star system. We also work hand-in-hand with our external community of providers to remediate gaps in care, which has directly resulted in our ability to maintain strong Stars performance. Both our internal and external efforts are facilitated by AVA, which helps to ensure that members are getting the right care at the right time.

In addition, our ability to broadly achieve and maintain superior member satisfaction enables us to increase our member engagement and retention. Our success in achieving member satisfaction is evidenced by our net promoter score of 66 overall and 78 for our Care Anywhere members, compared to an industry average net promoter score ranging from 30-40. Further, in CMS' most recent annual member survey, which asks members to evaluate our products across a variety of criteria, our HMO contract with CMS in California, which represents 99% of our California membership, scored a 5.0 Star rating on members' rating of the health plan. These results reflect our ongoing efforts to continuously delight our senior consumers. See "Risk Factors — We may not be successful in maintaining or improving our Star ratings in future years, which may have a direct and substantial adverse impact on our revenue."

Effectively Manage the Quality of Care to Improve Member Outcomes

Our care delivery model is based on a clinical continuum through which we have created a highly personalized experience that is unique to each member depending on their personal health and circumstances. Utilizing data and predictive analytics generated by AVA, our clinical continuum separates seniors into four categories in order to provide optimized care for every stage of a senior's life: Healthy, Healthy Utilizer, Pre-Chronic and Chronic. We partner with our broader network of community providers to service members in our non-chronic categories, and we have developed a Care Anywhere program implemented by our internal clinical teams to care for our higher risk and/or chronically ill members. In calendar year 2019, only approximately 9% of our members fell within the chronically ill category; however, they accounted for more than 65% of our institutional claims. Therefore, we believe that giving these members the best possible preventative care is not only essential for optimizing clinical outcomes, but is also key to building a successful clinical model that allows us to manage the financial risk of our population as a whole.

By investing in our members' care proactively, our model has consistently reduced unnecessary and costly care while improving the quality of our members' lifestyle and healthcare experience. In 2019, our hospitalization rate, emergency room visit rate, and skilled nursing facility admissions were 38%, 40%, and 33% better than 2018 Medicare FFS performance, respectively. These metrics are critical indicators of not only quality of care but also our financial outcomes. In 2019, claims expenditures from inpatient, emergency room and skilled nursing sites of service represented approximately 69% of our total institutional claims expenditures for our at-risk members. By delivering superior care and preventing avoidable utilization of the healthcare system, we are able to reduce our claims expenditures in some of our largest medical expense categories, which translates to superior MBR financial performance and ultimately the ability to offer richer products in the market.

Achieve Superior Unit Economics

As our senior population ages their healthcare needs become more frequent and complex. To combat the healthcare cost increases that typically result, we proactively look to (i) connect with our population early in their enrollment with Alignment to assess their care needs, (ii) develop care plans and engage those members with more chronic, complex health challenges in our clinical model, and (iii) continue to monitor and evaluate our healthier members in a preventative fashion over time. Given the Medicare Advantage payment mechanism and the retention of the vast majority of our members who continue to choose Alignment after their initial selection year, we are able to focus our efforts on driving favorable long-term health outcomes for our entire population.

As a result, our clinical model efforts have demonstrated the ability to lower the MBRs of our returning members. For example, new members joining our plans for whom we retain at least a majority of claim risk typically average MBRs between 85-90%, whereas our longest tenured members, who have been members of our plans for 5+ years and for whom we retain at least a majority of claim risk, have MBRs that average in the 70-75% range, in each case excluding the costs of our clinical model investments (which are comprised of the annual expenditures we incur to deploy our internal clinical resources, including the costs of employing doctors, nurses and social workers and medical supply costs). We believe this is evidence of our ability to manage the financial risk of our members as they age, and that these favorable underlying unit economic trends translate directly to our ability to continue to deliver a richer product to the marketplace. With this dynamic in mind, our consolidated MBR may be impacted year-to-year based on our pace of new member growth and mix of members by cohort. However, we believe our ability to sustain MBR performance improvement over time positions us well to invest in new member growth to drive long-term financial performance.

Investments in our Platform and Growth

We plan to continue to invest in our business in order to further develop our AVA platform, pursue new expansion opportunities and create innovative product offerings. We have invested significant time, effort and capital into developing our proprietary technology platform. Our member and provider interactions, cost management and consumer engagement are supported by AVA, and we anticipate continuing to invest in our technology to incorporate new plan designs, benefits and care protocols to enrich the consumer experience. We believe that investing in AVA to continuously improve its capacity, functionality and effectiveness will ensure that AVA continues to provide us with the most advanced tools to anticipate and address the evolving needs of our growing membership.

In order to maintain a differentiated value proposition for our members, we continue to invest in innovative product offerings and supplementary benefits to meet the evolving needs of the senior consumer. Additionally, we anticipate further investments in our business as we expand into new markets and pursue strategic acquisitions, which we expect will primarily be focused on healthcare delivery groups in key geographies, standalone and provider-sponsored Medicare Advantage plans and other complementary risk bearing assets.

A key part of our growth strategy is to carefully balance the short-term costs of our investments against the long-term benefits that they can achieve for our business and our members. We plan to balance these investments in our platform and in future growth with a continued focus on managing our results of operations and investing judiciously. Accordingly, in the short term these activities may increase our net losses, but in the longer term we anticipate that these investments will positively impact our business and results.

Seasonality to our Business

Our operational and financial results will experience some variability depending upon the time of year in which they are measured. This variability is most notable in the following areas:

Member Growth

We experience the largest portion of member growth during the first quarter, when plan enrollment selections made during AEP from October 15th through December 7th of the prior year take effect. While we also add members throughout the year, including during CMS' Open Enrollment Period and Special Enrollment Periods when certain eligible individuals can enroll in Medicare Advantage after January 1, we expect to see a majority of our member growth occur January 1 of a given calendar year.

Continued Investments in Growth

We expect to continue to focus on driving long-term growth and the scalability of our approach through investments in our provider network, care model, AVA technology platform, new market expansions and marketing efforts. Due to the timing of many of these investments, we typically incur a greater level of investment in the second half of the year relative to the first half of the year, causing the second half of the year to often be less profitable than the first half of the year. Although the investments we make may adversely affect our operating results in the near term, we believe that they will be important drivers of our long-term performance.

Per-Member Revenue

Our revenue per member is a function of the county in which our members reside, our CMS Star rating for a given payment year, and our ability to accurately and appropriately document the acuity of a member. In January of each year, CMS revises the risk adjustment factor for each member based upon health conditions documented in the prior year, leading to a change in per-member revenue. As the year progresses, our per-member revenue often declines as new members join us, typically with less complete or accurate documentation (and therefore lower risk-adjustment scores), and senior mortality disproportionately impacts our higher-acuity (and therefore greater revenue) members. Further, given that we are able to reasonably project what our final risk adjustment payment will be after 100% of encounter data is submitted to and accepted by CMS, we accrue for our projected final risk adjustment payment over the course of the year, which is subject to adjustment up or down during the year as encounter data continues to develop for the prior calendar year.

Medical Costs

Medical costs will vary seasonally depending on a number of factors, but most significantly the weather. Certain illnesses, such as the influenza virus, are far more prevalent during colder months of the year, which will result in an increase in medical expenses during these time periods. We therefore expect to see higher levels of per-member medical costs in the first and fourth quarters. We also expect to experience an impact should there be a pandemic such as COVID-19, which may result in increased or decreased total medical costs depending upon the severity of the infection, the duration of the infection and the impact to the supply and availability of healthcare services for our members. We develop estimates for medical expenses incurred but not yet paid ("IBNP") using an actuarial process that is consistently applied and centrally controlled. Medical expenses payable includes claims reported but not yet paid, estimates for claims incurred but not reported, and estimates for the costs necessary to process unpaid claims at the end of each period. These actuarial methods consider factors such as historical data for payment patterns, cost trends, product mix, seasonality, utilization of healthcare services and other relevant factors.

Prescription Drug Coverage

The design of our prescription drug coverage (Medicare Part D) results in coverage that varies as a member's cumulative out-of-pocket costs pass through successive stages of a member's plan period, which begins annually on January 1 for renewals. These plan designs generally result in us sharing a greater portion of the responsibility for total prescription drug costs in the early stages of the year and less in the latter stages, which typically results in a higher MBR on our Part D program in the first half of the year relative to the second half of the year.

Key Business Metrics

In addition to our GAAP financial information, we review a number of operating and financial metrics, including the following key metrics, to evaluate our business, measure our performance, identify trends affecting our business, formulate business plans and make strategic decisions.

	As of December 31,		
	2019	2020	% Change
Health Plan Membership	49,313		
Medical Benefits Ratio (MBR)	87.2%		

Health Plan Membership

We define Health Plan Membership as the number of members enrolled in our HMO and PPO contracts (the "Alignment Health Plan") as of the end of a reporting period. We believe this is an important metric to assess growth of our underlying business, which is indicative of our ability to consistently offer a superior value proposition to seniors. This metric excludes third party payor members with respect to which we are at-risk for managing their healthcare expenditures, which represented 12,072 members and members as of December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2020, respectively.

Medical Benefits Ratio, or MBR

We calculate our MBR by dividing total medical expenses excluding depreciation by total revenues in a given period. We believe our MBR is an indicator of our gross profit for our Medicare Advantage plans and demonstrates the ability of our clinical model to produce superior outcomes by identifying and providing targeted care to our high-risk members resulting in improved member health and reduced total population medical expenses. We expect that this metric may fluctuate over time due to a variety of factors, including our pace of new member growth given that new members typically join Alignment with higher MBRs, while our model has demonstrated an ability to improve MBR for a given cohort over time.

Certain Non-GAAP Financial Measures

	As of Decem	As of December 31,	
	2019	2020	
(dollars in thousands)			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$(12,095)		

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that we define as net income (loss) before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization expense and equity-based compensation expense. Adjusted EBITDA is a key measure used by our management and our Board to understand and evaluate our operating

performance and trends, to prepare and approve our annual budget and to develop short and long-term operating plans. In particular, we believe that the exclusion of the amounts eliminated in calculating Adjusted EBITDA provides useful measures for period-to-period comparisons of our business. Given our intent to continue to invest in our platform and the scalability of our business in the short to medium-term, we believe Adjusted EBITDA over the long term will be an important indicator of value creation.

Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation of, or as an alternative to, measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. There are a number of limitations related to the use of Adjusted EBITDA in lieu of net income (loss), which is the most directly comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP.

Our use of the term Adjusted EBITDA may vary from the use of similar terms by other companies in our industry and accordingly may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA is reconciled as follows:

	As of Decemb	er 31,
	2019	<u>2020</u>
(dollars in thousands)		
Net income (loss)	\$ (44,732)	
Add back:		
Interest expense	\$ 14,897	
Income taxes	_	
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 16,583	
EBITDA	\$(13,252)	
Equity-based compensation (incentive units)	\$ 1,157	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$(12,095)	

Impact of COVID-19 on Our Operations

The severity, magnitude and duration of the current COVID-19 pandemic is uncertain and rapidly changing. As of the date of this prospectus, the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may impact our business, results of operations and financial condition remains uncertain. Furthermore, because of our business model, the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic may not be fully reflected in our results of operations and overall financial condition until future periods.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, we took the following actions to ensure the safety of our employees and their families and to address the physical, mental and social health of our members:

- temporarily closed our corporate offices and enabled most of our corporate work force to work remotely, with certain employees returning on a phased-in basis in the second quarter of 2020;
- implemented travel restrictions for non-essential business;
- engaged with our members through virtual Town Hall meetings addressing topics such as the COVID-19 pandemic, fitness at home, staying connected and other social determinants of health;
- temporarily transitioned to a virtual care delivery model, leveraging our video and telehealth capabilities to facilitate virtual clinical visits for our members and conduct programs such as the Jump Start Assessments through telephone and video;
- acquired and deployed significantly greater amounts of personal protective equipment ("PPE") to ensure the safety of our employees and members; and

 leveraged our internal and external community resources to deliver food to our at-risk members to address food supply issues or challenges.

Between March 19 and August 20, 2020 we engaged with 54,824 members, representing approximately 76% of our member base, over a series of nine virtual Town Hall meetings. In the meetings we conducted live polls to obtain members' feedback in response to questions related to COVID-19 as well as to behavioral and lifestyle questions aimed at addressing social determinants of health. We tailored our Town Hall content based on the feedback received, which led to enhanced members satisfaction. In addition, since the start of the COVID-19 pandemic in early 2020, we have delivered over 100,000 facemasks and nearly 30,000 meals to members.

Prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, seniors were increasingly embracing virtual healthcare solutions. We believe that the COVID-19 pandemic will further accelerate this trend and have lasting impacts on senior care and chronic disease management, including increased awareness of virtual solutions and increased engagement by seniors looking to proactively manage their health. Our existing investments in virtual care (including video and telehealth capabilities), our proven success in driving member engagement in a virtual environment and our concierge-based clinical model mean that we are already equipped to offer an enhanced value proposition to seniors as they embrace these trends.

The ultimate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business, results of operations and financial condition will depend on certain developments, including: the duration and spread of the outbreak; government responses to the pandemic; its impact on the health and welfare of our members, our employees and their families; its impact on member, industry, or employee events; delays in hiring and onboarding new employees; and effects on our partners and supply chain, some of which are uncertain, difficult to predict, and not within our control. Further, as a result of the pandemic, we have experienced increased challenges in appropriately documenting members' underlying conditions, limitations on our ability to engage in outreach to potential new members, abnormal seasonality in our medical expense and increased operational expenditures. See "Risk Factors – A pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of an infectious disease in the United States or worldwide, including the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus disease, COVID-19, could adversely affect our business."

Components of Results of Operations

We operate and manage our business as a single reporting and operating segment, which is referred to as the Medicare Advantage segment. The components of our results of operations are as follows:

Revenues

Our revenue is comprised of earned premiums and other revenue. We receive and record premium revenue on a monthly basis from the federal government based on our contract with CMS. In accordance with this arrangement, we assume the responsibility for the outcomes and the economic risk of funding our members' healthcare, supplemental benefits and related administration costs. We recognize premium revenue in the month that members are entitled to receive healthcare services, and premiums collected in advance are deferred. The monthly premium that we receive under our contract with CMS includes a PMPM which is adjusted based on certain risk factors derived from medical diagnoses for our members. The adjustments are estimated by projecting the ultimate annual premium and are recognized ratably during the year, with adjustments in each period to the amount of revenue recognized to reflect changes in the estimated ultimate premium. Premiums are also recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts and retroactive membership adjustments.

Our recognized premium revenue for the Alignment Health Plan is subject to a minimum annual Medical Loss Ratio ("MLR") of 85%. The MLR represents medical costs as a percentage of premium revenue. The Code of Federal Regulations defines what specifically constitutes medical expenses and premium revenue for the MLR

test, and if the minimum MLR is not met, we are required to remit a portion of the premiums back to the federal government. The amount remitted, if any, is recognized as an adjustment to premium revenues in the consolidated statement of operations. There were no amounts payable for the MLR test as of December 31, 2019.

The premiums we receive from CMS for our members are based on the annual bid that we submit to CMS. These payments represent revenues for providing healthcare coverage, including Medicare Part D benefits. Under the Medicare Part D program, members receive standard drug benefits. We may also provide enhanced benefits at our own expense. We recognize revenue for providing this insurance coverage in the month that members are entitled to receive healthcare services. Our CMS payment related to Medicare Part D is subject to risk sharing through the Medicare Part D risk corridor provisions. See "Critical Accounting Policies – Revenue" and "– Revenue Adjustments" below.

Our capitation revenue consists primarily of capitated fees for medical care services provided by us under arrangements with unaffiliated Medicare Advantage Health Maintenance Organizations. Under those arrangements, we receive a PMPM payment for a defined member population, and we are responsible to provide health care services to the member population over the contract period. We are solely responsible for the cost of health care services related to the member population and in some cases, providing supplemental benefits provided by us to the members. We act as a principal in arranging for and controlling the services provided by our provider network and we are at risk for arranging and providing health care services. Capitation revenue is recognized in the month that members are entitled to receive health care services and capitation revenue collected in advance is deferred. We report this capitation revenue as part of earned premiums.

Expenses

Medical Expenses. Medical expenses includes claim payments, capitation payments, pharmacy costs net of rebates, allocations of certain centralized expenses, supplemental benefits, internal care delivery expenses and various other costs incurred to provide health insurance coverage to members, as well as estimates of future payments to hospitals and others for medical care previously provided to our members.

We have contracts with a network of hospitals, physicians, and other providers and compensate those providers and ancillary organizations based on contractual arrangements or CMS Medicare compensation guidelines. We pay these contracting providers either through fee-for-service arrangements in which the provider is paid negotiated rates for specific services provided, or through capitation payments, which represent monthly contractual fees disbursed for each member regardless of medical services provided to the member. We are ultimately responsible for the entirety of the cost of healthcare services related to our member population, in addition to supplemental benefits that we provide to our seniors.

Capitation-related expenses are recorded on an accrual basis during the coverage period. Expenses related to fee-for-service contracts are recorded in the period in which the related services are dispensed.

Pharmacy costs represent payments for members' prescription drug benefits, net of rebates from drug manufacturers. Receivables for such pharmacy rebates are included in accounts receivable in the consolidated balance sheet.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses consist of (i) personnel expenses including salaries, bonuses, equity-based compensation expense and benefits for non-clinical employees; (ii) all corporate technology, occupancy costs and allocated overhead costs; (iii) professional and outside services, including external vendors and professional services; (iv) costs associated with administering our contracts with CMS, including claims adjudication, member and concierge services, provider engagement, and other health plan functions; and (v) central and community-based advertising costs to generate greater awareness, engagement and retention among our current and prospective members, as well as the infrastructure required to support all of our marketing efforts and ongoing commission payments. These

expenses also include certain growth expenditures, including business development and various new market expansion activities. Our investments in our sales, marketing and other growth activities make up a material portion of our SG&A in a typical year given our desire to continue to grow on an accelerated trajectory. We anticipate continuing to invest heavily in our growth efforts in the near future, which we believe will be an important driver of long-term value creation. We expect selling, general and administrative expenses to increase in absolute dollars as we incur costs associated with being a public company and growing our business.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization expenses are primarily attributable to our capital investment and consist of fixed asset depreciation, amortization of intangibles considered to have definite lives and amortization of capitalized internal-use software costs.

Other Expense

Interest Expense. Interest expense consists primarily of interest payments on our outstanding borrowings under our Term Loan (as defined below). See "—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Term Loan."

Other Expenses. Other expenses consist primarily of the loss on the disposal of assets related to the cessation of one of our capitation arrangements at the end of 2019 and the subsequent sale of property, plant and equipment.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our consolidated statements of operations data for the periods indicated:

	 Year Ended December		
(dollars in thousands)	 2019	2020	
Revenues:			
Earned premiums	\$ 753,973	\$	
Other	2,988		
Total revenues	 756,961		
Expenses:			
Medical expenses	661,389		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	110,134		
Depreciation and amortization	14,922		
Total expenses	786,445		
Loss from operations	(29,484)		
Other expenses:			
Interest expense	14,897		
Other expenses	351		
Total other expenses	 15,248		
Loss before income taxes	(44,732)		
Provision for Income taxes	<u> </u>		
Net loss	\$ (44,732)	\$	

The following table sets forth our consolidated statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of total revenues for the periods indicated:

	Year I Decem	
(0/ -f	2019	2020
(% of revenue) Revenues:		
Earned premiums	100%	%
Other	_	
Total revenues	100	
Expenses:		
Medical expenses	87	
Selling. general and administrative expenses	15	
Depreciation and amortization	2	
Total expenses	104	
Loss from operations	(4)	
Other expenses:		
Interest expense	2	
Other expenses	<u>—</u>	
Total other expenses	2	
Loss before income taxes	(6)	
Provision for income taxes	<u>—</u>	
Net loss	(6)%	%

Comparison of the Year Ended December 31, 2019 and 2020

Revenues

	Year Ended D 2019	December 31, 2020	\$ Change	% Change
(dollars in thousands)				
Revenues:				
Earned premiums	\$ 753,973	\$	\$	%
Other	2,988			
Total revenues	\$ 756,961	\$	\$	%

Revenues. Revenues was \$ million for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of \$, or %, compared to \$756.961 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. This increase was driven primarily by .

Expenses

	Year Ended December 31, 2019 2020		\$ Change	% Change	
(dollars in thousands)				+8-	<u></u>
Expenses:					
Medical expenses	\$	661,389	\$	\$	%
Selling, general and administrative expenses		110,134			
Depreciation and amortization		14,922			
Total expenses	\$	786,445	\$	\$	%

Medical Expenses. Medical expense was \$ million for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of \$ million, or %, compared to \$661.389 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. The increase was primarily due to .

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$ million for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of \$ million, or \$%, compared to \$110.134 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. The increase was driven by .

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense was \$ million for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of million, or %, compared to \$14.922 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. The increase was primarily due to .

Other Expenses

Interest expense. Interest expense was \$	million for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of \$	million, or	%,
compared to \$14.897 million for the year ended D	ecember 31, 2019. The increase was primarily due to .		
1	•		
Other expenses. Other expenses were \$	million for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of \$	million, or	%,
compared to \$0.351 million for the year ended Dec	cember 31, 2019. The increase was primarily due to .		

Quarterly Results of Operations and Other Data

The following table sets forth our unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations data for each of the last eight quarters in the period ended December 31, 2020. The unaudited quarterly statements of operations data set forth below have been prepared on a basis consistent with our audited annual consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus and include, in our opinion, all normal recurring adjustments necessary for the fair statement of the results of operations for the periods presented. Our historical quarterly results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected in the future. The following quarterly financial data should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

(4-11	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2019	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2020
(dollars in thousands) Revenues:	2019	2019	2019	2019	2020	2020	2020	2020
Earned premiums	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Total revenues								
Expenses:								
Medical expenses Selling, general and administrative expenses Depreciation and amortization								
Total expenses								
Loss from operations								
Other expenses:								
Interest expense								
Other expenses								
Total other expenses								
Loss before income taxes								
Provision for income taxes								
Net Loss	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
(0) f	March 31,	June 30,	September 30,	December 31,	March 31,	June 30,	September 30,	December 31,
(% of revenue) Revenues:	2019	2019	2019	2019	2020	2020	2020	2020
Earned premiums	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Other	/0	/0	/0	/0	/0	/0	70	/0
Total revenues								
Expenses:								
Medical expenses								
Selling, general and administrative expenses Depreciation and amortization								
Total expenses								
Loss from operations								
Other expenses:								
Interest expense								
Other expenses								
Total other expenses								
Loss before income taxes								
Provision for income taxes								

Quarterly Trends

Total revenues generally increase with member growth. We expect seasonality related to our revenue per member as, over the course of the year, longer-tenured members will leave our platform either due to attrition or mortality and be replaced with newer members. We typically generate greater revenue per member for members that have been on our platform for longer periods of time. Additionally, we expect a disproportionate share of our member growth in a year will occur in the fourth quarter AEP, resulting in a significant increase in members in the first quarter of the following year.

There are several factors that may drive seasonal variation in medical expense, including the benefit design of our members' health plans; the seasonal occurrence of influenza; and the timing of the addition of new members to our platform. Benefit design tends to result in greater expenses later in the calendar year, as members' financial responsibility for their healthcare tends to decrease over the course of the year as limits such as deductibles and out-of-pocket maximums are met, resulting in us bearing more of these costs. Influenza, particularly dangerous for older members, tends to occur during the colder months of the year, in the first and fourth quarters. Depending upon the severity of influenza in a given year, we may expect medical claims expense as a percent of revenues to be greater in these periods. Finally, the level of IBNP varies quarter to quarter and is primarily impacted by membership levels, utilization levels, payment trends and the receipt cycle time, which represents the length of time between when a claim is initially incurred and when the claim form is received (i.e. a shorter time span results in a lower IBNP).

Our selling, general and administrative expenses have fluctuated from quarter to quarter. This fluctuation is partly driven by the growth of our team, start dates of new hires, level of investment in AVA development, seasonality of certain operational expenses and changes in equity-based compensation. We also experience fluctuations quarter to quarter in our marketing and sales costs based on the timing of outreach and advertising campaigns. Given members typically enroll in Medicare Advantage plans during AEP (from mid-October through early December), we expect to incur greater marketing and sales expenses in the second half of the year to increase member awareness of our platform. We expect quarter to quarter fluctuations to continue, though typically our general and administrative expenses increase over the course of a calendar year.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

To date, we have financed our operations principally through private placements of our equity securities, revenues, and a loan agreement with CR Group ("CRG"). As of December 31, 2020, we had \$ million in cash.

We may incur operating losses in the future due to the investments we intend to continue to make in expanding our operations and sales and marketing and due to additional general and administrative costs we expect to incur in connection with operating as a public company. As a result, we may require additional capital resources to execute strategic initiatives to grow our business.

We believe that our liquid assets, together with anticipated revenues from our operations, will be sufficient to fund our operating and organic capital needs for at least the next 12 months and that the offering will provide additional resources to allow us to continue to pursue our growth plans. Our assessment of the period of time through which our financial resources will be adequate to support our operations is a forward-looking statement and involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could vary because of, and our future capital requirements will depend on, many factors, including our growth rate, the timing and extent of spending to expand our presence in existing markets, expand into new markets and increase our sales and marketing activities. We may in the future enter into arrangements to acquire or invest in complementary businesses, services and technologies, including intellectual property rights. We have based this estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong,

and we could use our available capital resources sooner than we currently expect. We may be required to seek additional equity or debt financing. In the event that additional financing is required from outside sources, we may not be able to raise it on terms acceptable to us or at all. If we are unable to raise additional capital when desired, or if we cannot expand our operations or otherwise capitalize on our business opportunities because we lack sufficient capital, our business, results of operations, and financial condition would be adversely affected.

Certain states in which we operate as a CMS licensed Medicare Advantage company may require us to meet certain capital adequacy performance standards and tests. The National Association of Insurance Commissioners has adopted rules which, if implemented by the states, set minimum capitalization requirements for insurance companies, HMOs, and other entities bearing risk for healthcare coverage. The requirements take the form of risk-based capital ("RBC") rules, which may vary from state to state. Certain states in which our health plans or risk bearing entities operate have adopted the RBC rules. Other states in which our health plans or risk bearing entities operate have chosen not to adopt the RBC rules, but instead have designed and implemented their own rules regarding capital adequacy. Our health plans or risk-bearing entities were in compliance with the minimum capital requirements for all periods presented. See "Risk Factors – Risks Related to Regulation – State Regulation of Insurance-Related Products."

Term Loan

On August 21, 2018, we entered into a term loan with CRG for \$80 million, with an option to borrow up to an additional \$20 million (as amended, the "Term Loan"). In April 2019, we amended the Term Loan to increase its borrowing capacity by \$75 million and drew down \$35 million in May 2019. The Term Loan was subject to a commitment fee of \$6.75 million and we incurred debt issuance costs of \$3.626 million. The Term Loan matures in June 2023, at which time the full balance of the Term Loan, including the commitment fee and the payment-in-kind balance, will be due.

The commitment fees are deferred as part of debt issuance costs and are amortized to interest expense over the term using the effective interest method. The debt issuance costs are being amortized to interest expense over the term using the effective interest method.

The Term Loan bears interest at a rate of 10.25% payable on a quarterly basis. We have the option to pay a portion of the interest in cash with the remaining portion of the interest added to the principal balance as a payment-in-kind. The payment-in-kind is also subject to a commitment fee of 5%. The cash and payment-in-kind interest rates were 7.75% and 2.50%, respectively, through April 2019, and then converted to 7.50% and 2.75%, respectively. In 2019, we utilized our option to pay the quarterly interest payments in both cash and payment-in-kind. As of December 31, 2020, the payment-in-kind balance was \$

Our total long-term debt balance of \$ million as of December 31, 2020 included the principal balance of \$ million, the initial commitment fee of \$ million, and the payment-in-kind interest on the principal balance of \$ million. The payment-in-kind interest on the principal balance is also subject to the commitment fee. The amount was included in the long-term debt balance.

In addition, the Term Loan includes financial covenants regarding the maintenance of minimum liquidity of \$6 million of operating cash, as defined, on a consolidated basis, at least \$10 million in its cash accounts on a daily basis and minimum consolidated revenue amounts in the calendar years through 2022. As of December 31, 2019, we were in compliance with the financial covenants. The Term Loan is guaranteed by certain of our wholly owned subsidiaries and collateralized by all unrestricted assets.

Cash Flows

The following table presents a summary of our consolidated cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the periods indicated.

	Year Ended December 31,			
	-	2020		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	9,208	\$	
Net cash used in investing activities		(10,240)		
Net cash provided by financing activities		52,665		
Net change in cash		51,633		
Cash at beginning of year		34,851		
Cash at end of year	\$	86,484	\$	

Operating Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2020, net cash provided by operating activities was \$ million, an increase of \$ million compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$9.208 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. Significant changes impacting net cash provided by operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2020 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2019 were as follows:

Investing Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2020, net cash used in investing activities was \$ million, an increase of \$ million compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$10.240 million for the year ended December 31, 2019. The increase primarily relates to .

Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities was \$ million and \$52.665 million during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, an increase of \$ million. The increase primarily relates to .

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

Our principal commitments consist of repayments of long-term debt, operating leases and certain purchase obligations. The following table summarizes our contractual obligations as of December 31, 2020:

		Payments due by Period					
	·	Less than			More than		
	Total	1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	5 years		
		(in thousands)					
Long term debt obligations	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Operating lease obligations							
Purchase obligations							
Other obligations							
Total	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as of December 31, 2020.

JOBS Act

We qualify as an "emerging growth company" pursuant to the provisions of the JOBS Act. For as long as we are an "emerging growth company," we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not "emerging growth companies," including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements, exemptions from the requirements of holding advisory "say-on-pay" votes on executive compensation and shareholder advisory votes on golden parachute compensation.

In addition, under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can delay adopting new or revised accounting standards issued subsequent to the enactment of the JOBS Act until such time as those standards apply to private companies. We intend to use this extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards that have different effective dates for public and private companies until the earlier of the date that we (i) are no longer an emerging growth company or (ii) affirmatively and irrevocably opt out of the extended transition period provided in the JOBS Act. As a result, our consolidated financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with the new or revised accounting pronouncements as of public company effective dates.

As described under Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Recent Accounting Pronouncements Adopted" and "Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted", we early adopted certain accounting standards, as the JOBS Act does not preclude an emerging growth company from adopting a new or revised accounting standard earlier than the time that such standard applies to private companies. We expect to use the extended transition period for any other new or revised accounting standards during the period in which we remain an emerging growth company.

Critical Accounting Policies

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and include the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries (1) Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC, (2) Alignment Health Plan, Inc., (3) Alignment Healthcare North Carolina, LLC, (4) Alignment Healthcare Florida, LLC, (5) Alignment Health Plan of Illinois, Inc., (6) Alignment Health Plan of North Carolina, Inc. and (8) two variable interest entities ("VIEs") in California and North Carolina that meet the consolidation requirements for accounting purposes. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain accounting policies involve significant judgments and assumptions by management, which have a material impact on the carrying value of assets and liabilities and the recognition of income and expenses. Management considers these accounting policies to be critical accounting policies. The estimates and assumptions used by management are based on historical experience and other factors, which are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The significant accounting policies which we believe are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our reported financial results are described below. Refer to Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for more detailed information regarding our critical accounting policies.

Revenue

Payments by CMS to health plans are determined through a competitive bidding process with CMS and are based on the cost of care in a local market and the average utilization of services by the member enrolled. These payments are subject to periodic adjustments under CMS' "risk adjustment model," which compensates health

plans based on the health severity and certain demographic factors of each individual member. Members diagnosed with certain conditions are paid at a higher monthly payment than members who are healthier. Under this risk adjustment model, CMS calculates the risk adjustment payment using diagnosis data from hospital inpatient, hospital outpatient and physician treatment settings. We and healthcare providers collect, capture, and submit the necessary and available diagnosis data to CMS within prescribed deadlines. Both premium and capitation revenue (including Medicare Part D) are subject to adjustments under the risk adjustment model.

Throughout the year, we estimate risk adjustment payments based upon the diagnosis data submitted and expected to be submitted to CMS. The risk adjustment payments are recorded as an adjustment to premium and capitation revenue. Our risk adjustment data is also subject to review by the government, including audit by regulators.

Medicare Part D payments are also subject to a federal risk corridor program, which limits a health plan's overall losses or profit if actual spending for basic Medicare Part D benefits is significantly higher or lower than what was anticipated. Risk corridor is recorded within premium revenue. The risk corridor provisions compare costs targeted in our bids or third-party payors' bids to actual prescription drug costs, limited to actual costs that would have been incurred under the standard coverage as defined by CMS. Variances exceeding certain thresholds may result in CMS or third-party payors making additional payments to us or require us to refund a portion of the premiums we received. We estimate and recognize an adjustment to premiums revenue related to these provisions based upon pharmacy claims experience. We record a receivable or payable at the contract level and classify the amount as current or long-term in our consolidated balance sheet based on the timing of expected settlement.

Receivables, including risk adjusted premium due from the government or through third-party payors, pharmacy rebates, and other receivables, are shown net of allowances for estimated uncollectible accounts and retroactive membership adjustments.

Medical Expenses Payable

Medical expenses payable includes estimates of our obligations for medical care services that have been rendered on behalf of our members and the members of third-party payors, but for which claims have either not yet been received or processed, loss adjustment expense reserve for the expected costs of settling these claims, and for liabilities related to physician, hospital and other medical cost disputes.

We develop estimates for medical expenses incurred but not yet paid ("IBNP") using an actuarial process that is consistently applied and centrally controlled. Medical expenses payable includes claims reported but not yet paid, estimates for claims incurred but not reported and estimates for the costs necessary to process unpaid claims at the end of each period. We estimate our medical claims liability using actuarial methods that are commonly used by health insurance actuaries and meet Actuarial Standards of Practice. These actuarial methods consider factors, such as historical data for payment patterns, cost trends, product mix, seasonality, utilization of healthcare services, and other relevant factors. Each period, we re-examine previously established medical expense payable estimates based on actual claim submissions and other changes in facts and circumstances. As the medical expenses payable estimates recorded in prior periods develop, we adjust the amount of the estimates and includes the changes in estimates in medical expenses in the period in which the change is identified.

Actuarial Standards of Practice generally require that the medical claims liability estimates be adequate to cover obligations under moderately adverse conditions. Moderately adverse conditions are situations in which the actual claims are expected to be higher than the otherwise estimated value of such claims at the time of estimate. In many situations, the claims amount ultimately settled will be different than the estimate that satisfies the Actuarial Standards of Practice. We include in our IBNP an estimate for medical claims liability under moderately adverse conditions, which represents the risk of adverse deviation of the estimates in its actuarial method of reserving.

We believe that medical expenses payable is adequate to cover future claims payments required. However, such estimates are based on knowledge of current events and anticipated future events. Therefore, the actual liability could differ materially from the amounts provided. The following tables provide information about incurred and paid claims development as of December 31, 2019:

			Incurred Claims, net of reinsurance for the Yea Ended December 31.					
Claims Incurred Year				2017		2018	,	2019
2017			\$	200,473	\$	198,567	\$	196,183
2018						240,940		232,211
2019								274,871
Total							\$	703,265
	Cum	ulative Claims pa Years End			or the			ive Number d Claims
Claims Incurred Year	2017		2018	•	2019			
2017	\$ 157,68	3 \$	196,24	43	195,	958		397,724
2018			190,48	32	227,	398		461,057
2019					196,	086		352,719
Total				9	619.			

There is no single or common claim frequency metric used in the health care industry. We believe a relevant metric for our health insurance business is the cumulative number of claims paid for each incurred year. Claims that did not result in a liability are not included in the frequency metric.

Part D Subsidies

We also receive advance payments each month from CMS related to Catastrophic Reinsurance, Coverage Gap Discount, and the Low-Income Member Cost Sharing Subsidy ("Subsidies"). Reinsurance subsidies represent funding from CMS for our portion of prescription drug costs, which exceed the member's out-of-pocket threshold or the catastrophic coverage level. Low-income cost subsidies represent funding from CMS for all or a portion of the deductible, the coinsurance and co-payment amounts above the out-of-pocket threshold for low-income beneficiaries. Additionally, the Health Care Reform Law mandates consumer discounts of 75% on brand-name prescription drugs for Part D plan participants in the coverage gap. The majority of the discounts are funded by the pharmaceutical manufacturers, while we fund a smaller portion and administer the application of the total discount. These Subsidies represent cost reimbursements under the Medicare Part D program and are recorded as deposits.

These advance payments in excess of, or less than, actual subsidized benefits paid are refundable to or recoverable from CMS through an annual reconciliation process following the end of the contract year (e.g., one year in arrears). The final 2019 reconciliation is expected to be settled during 2020. The 2018 reconciliation amounts were settled in November 2019.

In 2019 and 2020, reimbursements from CMS for Part D subsidies were and and the subsidized benefits that we incurred were and , respectively.

Shared Risk Reserve Arrangements

We have established a fund (also referred to as "a pool") for risk and profit-sharing with various IPAs. The pool enables us and our IPAs to share in the financial responsibility and/or upside associated with providing covered medical expenses to our members. The risk pool is based on a contractually agreed upon medical budget, typically based upon a percentage of revenue. If actual medical expenses are less than the budgeted amount, this results in a surplus. Conversely, if actual medical expenses are greater than the budgeted amount, this results in a deficit. We will distribute the surplus, or a portion thereof, to each IPA based upon contractual terms. Deficits are charged to shared risk providers' risk pool as per the contractual term and evaluated for collectability at each reporting period.

We record risk-sharing receivables and payables on a gross basis on the consolidated balance sheet. Throughout the year, we evaluate expected losses on risk-sharing receivables and record the resulting expected losses to the reserve. We systematically build and release reserves based on adequacy and our assessment of expected losses on a monthly basis. Bad debt associated with risk share deficit receivables are recorded within medical expense in the consolidated statement of operations. As of December 31, 2019, we recorded a valuation allowance for the full risk-sharing receivable balance due to collection risks related to the balance. The risk-sharing payable is included within medical expenses payable on the consolidated balance sheet.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Recent Accounting Pronouncements Adopted" for more information.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates. Our market risk exposure is primarily a result of exposure due to potential changes in inflation. We do not hold financial instruments for trading purposes.

Inflation Risk

Based on our analysis of the periods presented, we believe that inflation has not had a material effect on our operating results. There can be no assurance that future inflation will not have an adverse impact on our operating results and financial condition.

BUSINESS

Our Mission

Alignment Healthcare was founded in 2013 with one mission in mind: improving healthcare one senior at a time. We pursue this mission by relentlessly focusing on our core values:

- always put the senior first;
- support the doctor;
- use data and technology to revolutionize care; and
- · act with a serving heart.

We created Alignment based on the frustrating experiences we had when our parents and other loved ones needed healthcare. We saw firsthand the complexity they faced as seniors attempting to navigate care delivery and insurance without an advocate to create an integrated consumer experience that provides holistic and quality care at an affordable price. Our parents and seniors across the country are systemically and disproportionately impacted by the absence of care coordination, poor information transparency and misaligned incentives that characterize the healthcare system.

Our team of highly experienced healthcare leaders created the Alignment model to incorporate the lessons we have learned over decades spent serving senior consumers. We believe that by combining our experienced, mission-driven team with purpose-built technology we have found a way to address the unmet needs of senior consumers and to "do well by doing good." Our ultimate goal is to bring this differentiated, advocacy-driven healthcare experience to millions of senior consumers in the United States and to become the most trusted senior healthcare brand in the country.

How We are Revolutionizing Healthcare for Seniors

Alignment is a next generation, consumer-centric platform that is revolutionizing the healthcare experience for seniors. We deliver this experience through our Medicare Advantage plans, which are customized to meet the needs of individual seniors across the United States. Our platform was developed to align with the six core principles that we believe will be required to successfully deliver healthcare in the 21st century and that represent our key competitive strengths. Our platform enables us to:

- leverage data, technology and analytics to power all aspects of our model;
- engage consumers directly and develop products to meet their needs;
- proactively manage and coordinate care for our most vulnerable members;
- empower providers and employ flexible care delivery models;
- design and deploy innovative value-based payment models; and
- cultivate a culture of innovation.

Leverage Data, Technology and Analytics to Power All Aspects of Our Model

Healthcare organizations have long struggled to fully harness the utilization of data and technology to enhance business operations, improve clinical outcomes and drive consumer satisfaction. The industry produces an extraordinary amount of digitized data that is often unusable and siloed within organizations. This has created an opportunity for integrated end-to-end data management to be a significant competitive advantage.

Our proprietary technology platform, AVA, was designed specifically for senior care and provides end-to-end coordination of the healthcare ecosystem. AVA's full suite of tools and services is built within a

unified data architecture. Our technology capabilities and position in the healthcare ecosystem enables us to ingest and transform broad, longitudinal datasets into insights, analytics and custom-built applications designed to ensure consistent, high-quality care and service for Alignment's members. We believe that AVA generates more timely, accurate and actionable insights than existing solutions, driving targeted member interventions and enabling internal care team workflows that result in superior clinical outcomes and consumer experiences.

The AVA platform is purpose-built to be used in all aspects of providing superior healthcare for Alignment's senior members. AVA supports our own internally employed care teams, operations teams, marketing teams and concierge personnel, as well as local community-based healthcare providers and brokers. In addition, AVA's scalability enables us to reliably produce replicable outcomes and experiences for our members as we scale in existing markets and expand to new ones.

Engage Consumers Directly and Develop Products to Address Their Needs

Traditional healthcare coverage and care delivery is complex and fails to consistently engage and satisfy consumers. Today, consumers have more purchasing power and exercise more control over their own healthcare decision-making than ever before. Medicare Advantage is marketed and sold direct-to-consumer, allowing seniors to select the manner in which they receive healthcare coverage and services on an annual basis.

At Alignment, we have designed our platform to be consumer-centric, to listen to and understand our members' needs, and to delight our senior consumers. We believe that our primary role is to act as a trusted advocate on behalf of seniors and to design and offer healthcare plans that meet their unique healthcare and lifestyle needs. Our approach delivers outstanding service to our members and results in high-quality, convenient and accessible care that is affordable and represents superior value compared to existing solutions.

We recognize that seniors' needs extend beyond traditional healthcare, which is why we provide additional services such as transportation, pet care, grocery benefits, companion care, fitness memberships, a 24/7 concierge and a clinical service hotline.

Our member satisfaction is evidenced by our overall NPS score of 66, which is significantly higher than typical health plans and is comparable to celebrated consumer brands.

Proactively Manage and Coordinate Care for our Most Vulnerable Members

Seniors with complex, chronic conditions represent a small portion of the population, but account for a disproportionate amount of total healthcare spending. The complexity of the U.S. healthcare system results in uncoordinated care for this category of seniors, leading to poor outcomes, unnecessary spend and an unsatisfactory consumer experience.

Alignment identifies high-risk, chronically ill individuals and designs personalized care plans for those members. Our AVA platform stratifies our members based on their health status and social needs, allowing us to identify our most vulnerable members and deploy our *Care Anywhere* team to deliver timely, effective and coordinated care at the senior's home, in a healthcare facility, or through a virtual channel. Our *Care Anywhere* program utilizes our own dedicated clinical teams to provide a combination of high-tech and high-touch care. These cross-disciplinary care teams, which include physicians, advanced practice clinicians, case managers, social workers and behavioral health coaches, work together to establish customized care plans and engage our high-risk seniors with ongoing care interventions that address their health and social needs.

Our high-risk, chronic, and complex care management capabilities, supported by the AVA platform, allow us to effectively manage risk, provide better clinical outcomes and improve our seniors' experience.

Empower Providers and Employ Flexible Care Delivery Models

Despite being well-situated to influence outcomes for the seniors that they treat, providers often do not have the information and support required to optimize their patients' outcomes. Many organizations have struggled to build a cohesive and flexible platform that can support and empower providers to delight senior consumers.

We engage with physicians and healthcare provider organizations by tailoring our care delivery tools, product designs and contract types to local market needs in a way that accommodates providers' preferences and risk tolerance. Our provider engagement and training processes help generate consistent clinical outcomes across various markets with a diverse array of providers and varying degrees of value-based care sophistication. We currently have successful partnerships across a range of provider types, from health system-employed physicians to independent, community-based providers. We provide our partners with care performance metrics and actionable insights that enable them to continuously enhance quality of care, access relevant data to drive informed decision-making and improve the experience of members. This customized level of provider engagement, curated based on their particular needs and circumstances, helps them deliver the best possible clinical care.

Our flexible approach to local market care delivery enables us to attract key provider relationships in various markets and to scale more rapidly and with greater capital efficiency than we could if we were to rely entirely on our own clinical staff.

Design and Deploy Innovative Value-Based Payment Models

The legacy healthcare system relies on payment models that compensate healthcare providers based on the volume of services delivered rather than the quality of the care they provide. Despite the increasing focus of CMS on tying payments to health outcomes, we have yet to see widespread improvement in outcomes relative to overall healthcare spending.

Our company name, Alignment Healthcare, reflects one of our founding principles: to align all stakeholders in the healthcare ecosystem around doing what is best for the senior consumer. Our business model is value-based and our ultimate profitability is aligned with the healthcare outcomes of our seniors. We also enter into downstream value-based contracts that are tailored to each providers' capabilities and local market structure. Through various value-based payment models, such as shared risk or gainshare arrangements, we ensure that our provider partners are incentivized to improve the health outcomes of our seniors. In order to successfully manage the financial risk of delivering healthcare for our seniors, we utilize advanced tools, enable access to unified data, and maintain broad coverage and management over an ecosystem of healthcare professionals who are aligned to provide the best possible care.

Cultivate a Culture of Innovation

Traditional healthcare companies are burdened by their scale, administrative complexity and reliance on legacy technology solutions, resulting in their inability to adapt quickly and provide integrated services tailored to the dynamic needs of evolving healthcare consumers.

Given Alignment's entrepreneurial heritage, a focus on continuous improvement and innovation is at the heart of our culture and DNA. We constantly solicit feedback from our members and seek opportunities to provide new solutions to meet their healthcare and lifestyle needs. We further believe our focus on innovation is a critical competitive advantage that enables our superior member experience, cost and health outcomes. Examples of our continued innovation include:

Our Technology: In 2014, we started to build the unified data architecture that now forms the foundation of the AVA technology platform.
 We began with four clinical applications focused on member health and have since evolved the platform to encompass 100 applications and tools across all aspects of our health plan and clinical operations to provide users with the data and information they need to optimally support our seniors.

- Our Care Model: In 2017, we launched our *Care Anywhere* program that now serves over 4,000 high-risk members. While the program was initially a home-based care model, we rapidly developed virtual care capabilities in response to the COVID-19 pandemic in order to protect our members and our clinicians while still maintaining high levels of care and satisfaction. While we recognize that certain visits require in-person care, we expect that virtual care will remain a preferred modality for many of our seniors going forward given the flexibility and convenience that it offers.
- Our Products: In 2019, we launched our ACCESS On-Demand Concierge "Black Card", which enhanced our various HMO and special needs products. Similar to a pre-paid debit card, the concierge card can be used by our senior consumers at certain retail locations to purchase health and grocery products that are covered under their over-the-counter and grocery supplemental benefits. In 2020, we launched our first PPO offerings, to be followed in 2021 by our new Virtual Medicare Advantage plan that is centered around virtual, concierge-style solutions for primary care services. Our virtual plan incentivizes members to access care digitally through our virtual platform by offering rich and convenient benefits, while also providing in-person care options when needed.

Built upon these six core principles, we believe Alignment is revolutionizing healthcare for seniors.

Industry Overview

The U.S. healthcare system has grown too complex and costly to meet the evolving needs of senior consumers who are increasingly exercising control over how they manage their overall health and wellness.

We are exclusively focused on serving the senior population, a significant and rapidly growing segment within the United States. Seniors are living longer than previous generations, with approximately 10,000 adults becoming eligible for Medicare each day, according to the U.S. Census Bureau. The population of U.S. seniors is expected to grow to 73.1 million by 2030, up from 56.1 million in 2020, and to increase as a percentage of the population from 17% to 21% over the same period. As our targeted population grows, so do their needs and demands.

Rising healthcare costs, particularly among the growing senior population, are uncoupled from outcomes

The growing senior population is putting additional pressure on an already strained healthcare system. According to the Kaiser Family Foundation, from 2010 to 2018, net Medicare spending increased from approximately \$450 billion to more than \$600 billion at an annual growth rate of 4%. According to the Congressional Budget Office, net Medicare spending was estimated to be \$630 billion in 2019 and is expected to double to over \$1.3 trillion by 2029, representing an 8% compound annual growth rate. Despite increasing healthcare spending, U.S. seniors have poor health outcomes relative to other developed nations, exemplified through lower life expectancy, higher levels of hospital utilization and greater prevalence of chronic conditions. A significant portion of our nation's unsustainably high healthcare costs are a direct result of the underserved senior population, especially high-risk and high-acuity seniors.

The fragmented U.S. healthcare system is complex and burdensome for seniors, particularly those with chronic, complex conditions driving a significant amount of the total spend

Navigating the United States healthcare system is particularly complex and burdensome for seniors, who often have more significant care needs and complex medical conditions. Seniors today experience a healthcare landscape that is fragmented across disparate point solutions and uncoordinated healthcare providers. According to the National Council on Aging, approximately 80% of the United States senior population suffers from at least one chronic illness, while nearly 70% of the senior population has been diagnosed with at least two chronic illnesses. Anyone who has cared for a senior understands the tremendous challenge this can represent. This dynamic results in a small percentage of the population representing a disproportionately high level of healthcare expenditures. According to a study by the American Hospital Association, the 36% percent of the Medicare

population with four or more chronic conditions represents 75% of total Medicare spending. Many of these individuals have complex co-morbidities and would benefit from highly coordinated clinical care along with integrated social, psychological, pharmaceutical and functional support. Existing care models have failed to provide the level of coordination that these seniors need and deserve.

Traditional Medicare has struggled to incentivize high-quality, low-cost care, but Medicare Advantage is designed to employ value-based care to achieve better outcomes

Under the Medicare system, seniors have two primary choices for health insurance once they reach the age of 65. They can enroll in (i) traditional Medicare FFS administered by CMS, or (ii) a Medicare Advantage plan administered by a managed care company. Traditional Medicare FFS offers members few network restrictions, but often leaves them exposed to catastrophic events with substantial out-of-pocket costs for care and drug coverage, and does not provide supplemental benefits. The Medicare Advantage system offers a greater value proposition to the senior in that it often provides enhanced pharmaceutical coverage, greater certainty of expected annual costs, out of pocket limits, holistic supplemental benefits and better catastrophic coverage relative to traditional Medicare.

The legacy healthcare delivery system of Medicare FFS results in reactive and often times costly care for acute events. By linking payments to the number of encounters and pricing to the complexity of the intervention, the fee-for-service model does not reward prevention, but rather incentivizes the treatment of acute care episodes with more costly and complex treatments. The Medicare Advantage system, on the other hand, has a value-based care economic construct whereby CMS shifts the responsibility for the outcomes, medical cost control and the administration of benefits to private health plans. Funding to Medicare Advantage plans is capped based on local Medicare FFS costs, which is designed to ensure that only those Medicare Advantage plans that are able to provide valuable, low cost options on a consistent and long-term basis will succeed. By aligning profitability with overall patient outcomes and total medical expenditures rather than volume of services, the Medicare Advantage system allows managed care companies to adopt a high-touch, comprehensive and long-term approach to care.

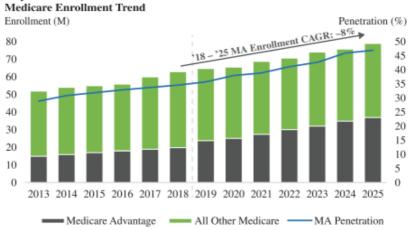
Medicare Advantage incentivizes holistic care through supplemental benefit offerings that address social determinants of health and daily lifestyle needs, driving the consumerism of senior healthcare

The Medicare Advantage program incentivizes plans to develop innovative products that better respond to seniors' needs beyond traditional medical care. CMS has adopted a broad definition of supplemental benefits that allows Medicare Advantage plans to proactively offer cross-disciplinary services specifically targeting social determinants of health ("SDoH") that can have a significant impact on seniors' health outcomes. This shift in the United States healthcare industry's regulatory landscape has given rise to new market opportunities for Medicare Advantage plans to provide more holistic healthcare solutions and achieve superior clinical outcomes for their members. By allowing Medicare Advantage plans to provide access to healthcare via typical care delivery services combined with supplemental benefits, such as a monthly allowance for groceries, transportation, vision/dental and other targeted product features, CMS has enabled Medicare Advantage plans to continue to increase their value proposition to seniors.

The concept of healthcare expanding into the senior's daily life, combined with the increasing prevalence of, and seniors' increasing familiarity with, digital solutions, have been cited as key drivers in the trend towards the consumerization of the senior healthcare industry. We believe that seniors' desire and demand for change is driving the growth of the Medicare Advantage market and we intend to continuously innovate to offer products that address seniors' unmet needs. The convergence of senior healthcare with senior consumerism has created a high value market that we are well-positioned to serve.

The enhanced value-proposition of value-based care models, coupled with the aging senior population, are leading to significant growth in Medicare Advantage

A growing number of seniors are choosing Medicare Advantage plans over traditional Medicare FFS. In 2010, only 24% of the Medicare eligible population, or 11.1 million seniors, were enrolled in a Medicare Advantage plan. In 2020, this number had grown to 34% of the Medicare eligible population, or 22 million seniors. Industry projections have forecasted a continued increase in the Medicare Advantage penetration rate, such that the population using Medicare Advantage plans is expected to increase from 22 million in 2019 to 37 million in 2025 as Medicare Advantage penetration accelerates from 34% to approximately 47%.



Source: L.E.K. Consulting.

Full potential of the Medicare Advantage health plan model remains unrealized

We believe that Medicare Advantage is unique in that it allows one entity to influence the entirety of a senior's healthcare through a singular, direct-to-consumer product. Through the ability to drive comprehensive healthcare delivery and leverage robust data and analytics at the helm of the senior's healthcare ecosystem, the health plan can develop a personalized, adaptive and reproducible approach to care delivery. However, traditional Medicare Advantage plans are not technology driven, lack delivery of care capabilities and often outsource key functions; as such, these traditional plans have been unable to offer a fully-integrated healthcare ecosystem. These plans frequently operate disparate and antiquated IT systems assembled from historical acquisitions that do not permit the real time sharing and analysis of medical data and history, which is often key to a senior receiving the right treatment at the right time. As a result, existing Medicare Advantage plans often fall short in their attempts to significantly improve the quality of care and consumer experience for seniors.

We created a consumer-centric and purpose-built Medicare Advantage model that addresses the limitations of Medicare FFS and traditional Medicare Advantage plans by seizing the opportunities provided by evolving senior preferences, the consumerization of healthcare and changes in the regulatory landscape. By leveraging our purpose-built technology platform, we are able to rethink, redesign and deploy solutions specifically tailored to meet the needs and improve the lives of our seniors.

Our Market Opportunity

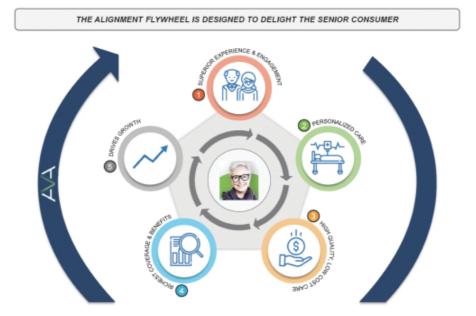
We address a \$630 billion market opportunity today that is expected to grow 8% annually over the next decade.

We built the Alignment Healthcare platform to bring tech-enabled, consumer-centric healthcare to all seniors in the United States. Seniors represent the highest proportion of healthcare spending in the United States on a per capita basis. There are approximately 5.8 million Medicare eligible seniors in our current markets, which we estimate represents a total addressable market of approximately \$71 billion.

We believe there is tremendous opportunity to further scale our business and address the growing need for seniors to experience a better approach to healthcare. According to the Congressional Budget Office, net Medicare spending was estimated to be \$630 billion in 2019 and is expected to grow to over \$1.3 trillion by 2029, representing an 8% compound annual growth rate. Furthermore, with seniors increasingly choosing Medicare Advantage over traditional Medicare FFS, the \$271 billion Medicare Advantage market is projected to grow at a rate of approximately 11% annually to over \$500 billion by 2025. Ultimately, we believe our relentless pursuit of putting the senior first will allow us to capture market share in a sector with significant demographic tailwinds.

Alignment's Virtuous Cycle

Our model is based on a flywheel concept, referred to as our "virtuous cycle", which is designed to delight our senior consumers. We start by listening to and engaging with our seniors in order to provide a superior experience, in both their healthcare and daily living needs. Through our AVA technology platform, we utilize data and predictive algorithms that are specifically designed to ensure personalized care is delivered to each member. When our information-enabled care model is combined with our member engagement, we are able to improve healthcare outcomes by, for example, reducing unnecessary hospital admissions, which in turn lowers overall costs. Our unique ability to manage healthcare expenditures, while maintaining quality and member satisfaction, is a distinct and sustainable competitive advantage. The lower total healthcare expenditures allow us to reinvest our savings into richer coverage and benefits, which propels our growth in revenue and membership due to the enhanced consumer value proposition. As we grow, we continue to listen to and incorporate member feedback, and are able to further enhance benefits and produce strong clinical outcomes. Our virtuous cycle, based on the principle of doing well by doing good, is highly repeatable and a core tenet of our ability to continue to expand in existing and new markets in the future.



1) Superior experience and engagement: Our philosophy for serving seniors starts with our goal of treating each member as if they were our own mother, father or loved one. We have developed a variety of programs that are designed to address seniors' healthcare and social needs. Our AVA platform provides care teams with actionable insights that help strengthen the quality and efficacy of our touch points with members. Additionally, our comprehensive benefit offerings establish us as fixtures in our members' daily lives, which uniquely positions us to serve as an advocate when navigating the complexities of the healthcare system. Combined with consumer engagement activities, such as companion care (providing "grandkids on-demand") and the delivery of meals and masks to members during the COVID-19 pandemic, we are able to build trusting, long-term relationships with our seniors.

2) Personalized care: AVA uses comprehensive data and predictive analytics to identify the needs of our members and create personalized experiences in every aspect of how we care for and serve them. We educate and provide timely information to our broader network of independent physicians to optimize health outcomes for our overall member population, and we deploy our internal clinical resources to care for our highest risk, most complex members. To manage our highest risk members, we rely on AVA to enable seamlessly integrated virtual and at-home healthcare delivery by utilizing direct "smart" interactions through the most effective engagement channels. For those of our members who are less vulnerable, we partner with local providers and support them with Alignment's insights and resources to deliver high-quality, coordinated care. Members also have 24/7 access to a dedicated concierge team that can assist with medical needs, care navigation, transportation and other services that are important to the health of our members.

<u>3) High-quality, low-cost care:</u> The economic model underlying the Medicare Advantage value-based framework enables us to invest in preventative health and wellness activities, which reduce unnecessary medical events that can have lasting, negative consequences for our seniors. If a single nurse visit to a high-risk senior's home prevents an avoidable hospitalization, then that visit represents a 30 to 1 return-on-investment, based on the average cost of a nurse visit and hospitalization. Our ability to provide high-quality and low-cost care is critical to our ability to continue to offer a superior product offering and is a defining characteristic of our company relative to our competition.

4) Richest coverage and benefits: We leverage our improved clinical and operating results to proactively invest in more comprehensive coverage and richer benefits for our members, as well as in additional services that support the full spectrum of seniors' daily healthcare and social needs. While we tailor our various products to meet the individual needs of our diverse consumers, we strive to consistently deliver the Alignment experience and enhanced value proposition across all offerings. Our Medicare Advantage plans were rated in the top three for benefit richness in 18 out of our 22 markets, based on CMS data, and 70% of our members are in a \$0 monthly premium plan.

5) <u>Drives growth</u>: Our next generation platform is designed to drive superior member experiences, differentiated clinical results and strong financial outcomes, which has led to our 39% revenue and 33% membership compound annual growth rate since inception. As we continue to grow and increase density within existing markets, Alignment's brand recognition with senior consumers, relationships with the broker community, and ability to influence provider behavior will continue to power our flywheel and drive sustained growth in our current and new markets.

Our Results

In order to achieve our mission of improving healthcare one senior at a time, we've developed a business model with a predictable, recurring revenue stream that provides significant visibility into our financial growth trajectory. We generally contract directly with CMS as a licensed Medicare Advantage plan and receive a recurring PMPM payment in exchange for bearing the responsibility of our members' healthcare outcomes and expenditures. These contractual arrangements, combined with the fact that the majority of our net membership growth occurs effective on January 1 of a calendar year after AEP, provide a higher degree of visibility to our full year projected revenue early in the calendar year.

We believe that Medicare Advantage is unique in that it allows one entity to influence the entirety of a senior's healthcare through a single, direct-to-consumer product. Our platform is designed to maximize the benefits of Medicare Advantage, with all stakeholders being rewarded as we improve the clinical outcomes and experience for our consumers. We believe that the outcomes below clearly demonstrate the success of our unique consumer-centric platform by delivering on the promise of our virtuous cycle.



* Excludes the costs of our clinical model investments, which are comprised of the annual expenditures we incur to deploy our internal clinical resources, including the costs of employing doctors, nurses and social workers and medical supply costs.

Our ability to deliver lower healthcare costs while improving the consumer's experience is a unique competitive advantage. This differentiation has led to our demonstrated ability to rapidly scale, as evidenced by the expansion of our model to 22 markets across three states covering approximately 75,000 members as of September 30, 2020. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2020, our total revenue was \$566.5 million and \$708.5 million, respectively, representing a year-over-year growth rate of 25%. We believe we have proven that our model is highly predictable and repeatable across different markets and will enable strong growth on a national level as we pursue our vision of becoming the most trusted senior healthcare brand in the country.

Our Product Solutions

We leverage our control of the full healthcare dollar and plan design to rethink, redesign and deploy innovative products based on the needs and changing preferences of seniors

We deliver our healthcare platform through our Medicare Advantage plan offerings. Our plan offerings reflect CMS' advocacy for improving seniors' healthcare experience and addressing social determinants of health, and represent the convergence of quality healthcare, enhanced customer experience and lifestyle-focused features in a direct-to-consumer product. We recognize that no two seniors are alike and strive to meet the needs of a diverse array of consumers. We do this by offering various products that are designed with different populations in mind, all while providing personalized, easy to navigate healthcare with a great consumer experience at a superior value.

Our current product portfolio consists of Medicare Advantage products tailored to take into account factors such as health condition (ranging from plans for healthy members to chronic special needs plans), socioeconomic status (including Medicare and Medicaid dually-eligible special needs products), and ethnicity (including our new Harmony product, featuring benefits associated with Eastern medicine disciplines). Each product is carefully developed to create an offering that will suit the needs of the diverse senior population.

Our product offerings are described in the table below.

Product	Consumer Target	Product Description
НМО	Cost Conscious, Value Oriented	Zero or low monthly premium, high value, more limited provider network
Dually-Eligible	Low Income, Complex Medical Conditions	Product designed for dual-eligibles with minimal cost share
Provider Sponsored Plan	Provider Brand Conscious	Co-branded or provider-aligned to jointly market the access of a specific provider with Alignment's MA capabilities
Chronic Special Needs	Polychronic Conditions, Extra Care Support	Specialized product design geared towards certain chronic conditions, such as Cardiovascular Disorders, Chronic Heart Failure, and/or Diabetes
PPO	Higher Income, Values More Choice	Greater network flexibility, potentially higher monthly premium /out-of-pocket cost
*Virtual Care	Tech-savvy; Telehealth Oriented	Virtual-first primary care offering with rich and expansive supplemental benefits
	111	

Product	Consumer Target	Product Description
*Ethnic Product Lines	Traditionally Underserved Ethnic Communities	Features eastern medicine benefits such as acupuncture and chiropractic services
177 No. 126 N		Value-based arrangement with CMS for beneficiaries who want to remain in
*Traditional Medicare	Original Medicare; Strong PCP Relationship	traditional Medicare

^{*} Expected to commence in 2021.

More recently, we have begun to introduce Preferred Provider Organization ("PPO") offerings in select markets, which we believe will be attractive to those seniors that prefer a more open network design. We have also continued to innovate by launching a unique virtual care plan, which will allow our members to select a virtual provider as their primary care physician, enjoy a rich array of benefits, and still access local, in-person healthcare resources when needed. These new and exciting product line expansions will still feature the same quality and experience that members have come to expect of other Alignment products, and our clinical team will continue to pursue proactive care management to ensure we can deliver innovative plans at an attractive price point to the consumer.

We believe that addressing the social determinants of health has a significant impact on the overall health of our seniors. As such, we have expanded our focus beyond traditional medical benefits to design products that provide seniors with a package of benefits and experiences that cover both healthcare and lifestyle needs. In addition to competitive pricing and coverage for primary care providers, specialists, inpatient and emergency room visits, vision, hearing, lab/x-ray services, pharmaceutical coverage and other similar benefits that many Medicare Advantage plans offer, we offer numerous additional features including:

- ACCESS On-Demand Concierge card: We provide our members with an ACCESS On Demand Concierge "Black Card", an innovative pre-paid debit card that provides consumers with an Alignment-driven retail experience combined with incentives for engaging in healthy behavior. The card is pre-funded monthly as part of our supplemental benefit program and allows our members to purchase over-the-counter products at over 50,000 participating drug stores, including CVS, Rite Aid, Walmart, Walgreens, Dollar General and Family Dollar. In some markets, our chronically ill members are also eligible for monthly grocery benefits at participating locations a benefit intended to address the health challenge of food insecurity. The card also incentivizes healthy behavior as seniors are provided with rewards for completing various wellness initiatives, a significant preventative aspect of improving outcomes.
- ACCESS On-Demand Concierge care: Our members are provided with 24/7 access to a dedicated concierge team that is available to make appointments, connect members with physicians via phone or video calls, coordinate referrals, schedule transportation, determine benefits and arrange in-home meal delivery. Each member can easily reach his or her personal concierge team by calling the phone number on their ACCESS "Black Card". This innovative program meets the dual goal of enhancing our members' experience and improving clinical outcomes. We believe 24/7 access to clinicians, by phone or video, is essential for effective preventative care.
- <u>Companion care:</u> A primary goal of our companion care program is to address feelings of loneliness and isolation, which have been proven to directly impact health outcomes. As such, certain of our plans include a benefit that connects college students with chronically ill members who need assistance with non-medical services, such as light housekeeping, technology lessons and companionship. We believe our companion care benefit enables a highly symbiotic relationship, providing volunteers with a meaningful service opportunity and our members with incremental support and a sense of family.
- <u>Transportation partnerships:</u> We have partnered with transportation companies in order to offer ride services to members, providing them with easy access to transportation to and from medical

appointments. This benefit works to solve the challenge of lack of transportation that many seniors face, a social factor that can significantly worsen chronic medical conditions such as diabetes or hypertension if it causes delays in receiving necessary care. Through these partnerships, Alignment is able to facilitate non-emergency, curb-to-curb pickup and drop-off services to plan-approved locations for members.

- <u>Fitness membership:</u> We offer coverage for fitness memberships in certain of our plans. This benefit supports our members' wellbeing in several ways, including improving their physical health and activity levels, finding motivation, and managing feelings of loneliness or isolation by becoming part of a community.
- **Pet care:** We offer coverage for pet boarding to chronically ill members in certain markets who have hospital procedures or emergencies and need pet care while they are away. Our pet care coverage is an example of how we focus on the holistic needs of members, emphasizing the importance of a healthy and happy lifestyle for overall health and engaging with members to address issues that prevent them from seeking and receiving care.
- **Personal Emergency Response System (PERS):** In 2021, we introduced our PERS partnership in certain markets, which features a device that allows members who live alone or are at risk of a fall to call for assistance with the push of a button. PERS is intended to strengthen our suite of prevention-oriented products and allow us to support our patients by ensuring they receive timely care in critical moments.

We have designed our existing portfolio of products to provide us with the flexibility to meet the distinctive needs of the communities we serve and our diverse membership. Our product solutions – supported by AVA and our integrated care delivery capabilities – are core to our mission of providing the highest-quality healthcare experience to all seniors.

Our Technology: Alignment's Virtual Application

AVA drives actionable insights that enable Alignment and our partners to make informed care decisions that improve member outcomes.

Our position in the healthcare ecosystem as a Medicare Advantage plan provides us with differentiated access to large amounts of member data. With the benefit of this information, we are better able to effect change and positively impact our members' healthcare experience. Since our founding, we have recognized that harnessing data and information had to be core tenants of our technology solution and care delivery model. As such, we leveraged our management team's experience across healthcare and technology to build AVA – our proprietary technology platform designed to provide the best health outcomes and experiences for our members. AVA is a core system that was purpose-built from the ground up with the senior population and their ecosystem in mind. The benefits of AVA apply to our members, as well as everyone in their care ecosystem, including doctors, nurses, caregivers, health plan operational teams and health insurance brokers.

Key aspects of the AVA platform include:

- <u>Cloud scalability:</u> AVA was built in the secure cloud, leveraging Microsoft Azure, to efficiently scale with massive data sets and reduce the need to maintain significant on-premise systems.
- <u>Data ingestion:</u> AVA ingests data through direct feeds and APIs from over 200 sources, including hospital admissions, medical claims, lab results, electronic medical records, prescriptions, connected devices (e.g., blood pressure monitors, scales, glucose readers), call centers, emergency room visits, "Black Card" purchases, health information exchanges, and health risk assessments (e.g., mental status, social determinants). Once the data is ingested, it is cleansed and normalized so that data across different formats (PDFs, natural language, transactional, structured and unstructured) can be correlated, analyzed and used. This data is used to segment our population by acuity, identify at-risk members,

intervene with preventative treatments, provide personalized care, and engage members in near real-time to deliver superior and more consistent health outcomes.

- <u>Rule algorithms:</u> We apply rule algorithms, incorporating codified medical knowledge, to draw insights from personalized data and determine what actions need to be taken. For example, if a patient is diabetic and out of insulin, a prescription is ordered from a preferred pharmacy and delivered to the member. If a patient is on home oxygen, has poor pulmonary function and flu season is starting, then we engage that member as a priority in our flu prevention campaign.
- Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine learning (ML): We have built predictive models utilizing AI and ML to determine the most likely factors associated with various outcomes, such as hospital admissions, medical procedures, or specific health risks. Using AI and ML, we are able to determine who is most likely to be admitted, why the algorithm has predicted this outcome and how best to intervene. These models are based on hundreds of thousands of historical outcomes, which have shaped their predictions and accuracy, and are constantly updated with new data sets, enabling them to get smarter and more effective each day.
- <u>Workflows:</u> Based on the output of our data models, we are able to orchestrate specific workflows, in real-time, that benefit the member and their ecosystem, including doctors, nurses, caregivers, health plan operational teams and brokers. When triggered by the relevant data, AVA will deliver prescriptive insights that guide providers' workflows to deliver personalized care to members. Examples of workflows can include: ordering a prescription, alerting a caregiver, calling the member, transferring information from a lab to a doctor, and developing a treatment plan.
- <u>Privacy and security</u>: AVA incorporates high security controls around member data, including running regular vulnerability testing, adhering to application security protocols, and implementing fine grained access controls, ensuring only authorized individuals can access member health data.

Our platform differs from systems operated by both traditional healthcare companies and new market entrants in that it functions as an integrated core system, enabling all aspects of our operations. As we build and continue to optimize AVA, we are focused on what each key stakeholder requires in order to deliver a better experience and richer value proposition to our members:

- <u>Consumer Experience:</u> AVA offers a digital ecosystem that enables our members and their support system to get the information and care they need, when and how they need it. With their AVA-powered member portal, seniors have many self-service capabilities and can get 24/7 care, order prescriptions by mail, send secure messages to their concierge and care teams, check their rewards and ACCESS "Black Card" balance, and access their health history, including medical claims history, pharmacy, labs, and benefits data. Our members benefit by receiving a personalized experience in every aspect of how we care for and serve them.
- Internal Care Delivery: Our ability to efficiently and effectively deploy our internal care delivery resources is critical to improving outcomes and managing costs. AVA is vital in our ability to effectively identify and manage our highest risk, most complex members, and to ensure that every intervention opportunity is optimized by the most relevant and effective data available. AVA aggregates longitudinal member data from across the healthcare ecosystem and generates relevant insights based on risk profile to develop an accurate assessment of each member. This data-rich profile allows providers to understand multiple facets of a members' health and social barriers, making initial and subsequent interactions more meaningful.
- <u>External Providers:</u> AVA transforms care delivery by shifting the paradigm from "silos of care" to physicians and payors working together as partners through technology-enablement. Medical group leaders, doctors and front-line administrative staff are provided comprehensive information to streamline and support the coordination of member care. AVA provider applications drive workflows and action lists to improve member outcomes at a lower cost and lower visit frequency. Providers are

given access to AVA applications to track utilization, gaps in clinical care, and health risk assessments. This data is utilized to prioritize which members to see and which members may benefit from various health engagement strategies.

- <u>Health Plan Operations:</u> By leveraging a single source of accurate information, we foster improved cross-functional communication and execution across our key value drivers. With the support of AVA our operational leaders can make faster, data-driven decisions, which leads to improved outcomes and greater efficiencies as we grow our membership base.
- <u>Growth Operations:</u> By offering streamlined Medicare Advantage plan application submission and management, member management, commission tracking, and a variety of self-service tools, we are able to create greater brand differentiation in the market with our external brokers and our internal sales team to support our growth efforts.

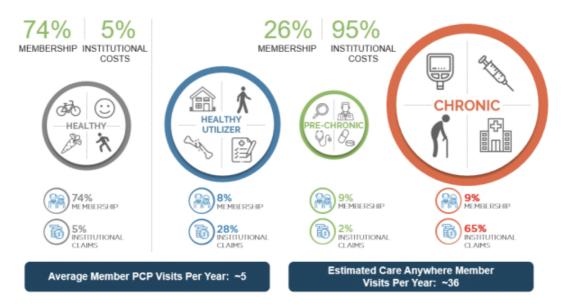
When paired with our operational expertise, we believe AVA is integral to our ability to drive our operations and business outcomes consistently across markets. AVA provides us with the flexibility to adapt our operating models to meet the needs of local communities and providers, while achieving high-quality, low-cost care in each market. We designed our technology tools and applications to result in a customized, yet consistent, experience for our members. From driving workflows to enabling smarter interventions, we believe AVA is a significant competitive advantage that allows us to deliver information-enabled healthcare at scale.

Our Clinical Model

We engage regularly with members as part of their daily lives and proactively manage their chronic conditions to improve outcomes and reduce cost.

Our clinical model is designed specifically for seniors and is managed across multiple disciplines (medical, social, psychological, pharmaceutical and functional) and sites of care (home, inpatient, outpatient, virtual and others). Our internal care teams and external providers use AVA to coordinate high-quality care for members and manage the complexity of the healthcare system. Given the prevalence of comorbidities within our chronically ill members, coordination across a multi-disciplinary care team is vital to providing a medical and behavioral care plan that drives improved outcomes.

Our care delivery model creates a highly personalized experience that is unique to each member depending on their personal health and circumstances. Our clinical continuum separates seniors into four categories in order to provide optimized care for every stage of a senior's life: healthy, healthy utilizer, pre-chronic and chronic. We organize members into these care requirement categories using insights derived from AVA, which reflects detailed profiles of each members' individual risks and gaps in care based on our longitudinal and comprehensive data sets. The data below represents a sample of our population stratification from 2019.



Healthy: The typical member in the "healthy" category requires low levels of medical care. Healthy members comprise approximately 74% of our membership base but account for only 5% of the institutional claims submitted.

<u>Healthy Utilizer</u>: The typical member in the "healthy utilizer" category is an otherwise healthy senior who has had isolated or unexpected health challenges requiring significant medical care. Healthy utilizers comprise approximately 8% of our membership base and account for 28% of the institutional claims submitted.

Pre-Chronic: The typical member in the "pre-chronic category" is identified as high-risk by AVA but has yet to incur significant healthcare expenditures. We also refer to these members as on the "launching pad", and by deploying our targeted care programs towards this population we work to prevent or slow their increasing acuity levels. Pre-chronic members comprise approximately 9% of our membership but account for only 2% of the institutional claims submitted. Our active approach to monitoring gaps in care and acting before emerging health problems worsen is reflective of the culture of care embedded in our organization, and our focus on being a persistent advocate for our members.

<u>Chronic</u>: The typical member in the "chronic" category is generally a complex patient with multiple chronic conditions in need of significant, coordinated care. Chronic members comprise 9% of our membership but account for 65% of the institutional claims submitted.

Proactive, Coordinated Care Management

The majority of Healthy and Healthy Utilizer members' care needs are managed by our network of local community providers in conjunction with our support and oversight. We utilize continuous communication with our network of independent primary care providers to ensure that our members have access to preventative and ongoing care. We have also established a variety of tools and applications that provide us with insight into how our various providers are performing on key quality and cost metrics. We use this data to create a routine feedback loop with our external providers for the benefit of our broader senior population.

Our pre-chronic and chronic members are typically targeted for engagement through our *Care Anywhere* program. *Care Anywhere* is an advanced clinician-driven model of care that is staffed by Alignment-employed physicians, advanced practice clinicians, case managers, social workers and behavioral health coaches to assure

execution of cross-functional care plans. Unlike many managed care plans, we have built these services in-house to provide valuable, high-quality care to members for free, which complements the care provided by our provider partners for their most challenging and resource-intensive patients. On average, a *Care Anywhere* patient is 77 years old, has five to six chronic conditions and monthly institutional healthcare expenditures in excess of \$2,500 prior to their first *Care Anywhere* visit.

We structure our *Care Anywhere* program with a focus on prioritizing compassionate and effective care delivery and proactive health management. Key features of the *Care Anywhere* program include: proactive outreach; 24/7 access; highly detailed personalized care plans; and enhanced coordination of care and social needs. Standardized care programs are targeted to seniors based on their underlying conditions, such as Chronic Heart Failure or Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disorder, which are then personally tailored based on each individual's underlying circumstances. We engage with this high-risk group of seniors based on their preferences for care delivery, which is typically in their homes or through telephonic and video consultations. During the initial months of the COVID-19 pandemic, we were able to rapidly pivot the modality of our clinical care to a virtual setting. In a period of 30 days, we went from approximately 97% of our care delivered in the home to 100% care delivered telephonically and virtually. Since April 2020, approximately 83% of our *Care Anywhere* engagement has been telephonic or virtual. Our abrupt shift in modality of care exemplifies our adaptability and willingness to prioritize the safety and convenience of our members most in need of care.

We believe the combined capabilities of customized, coordinated care delivery with our health plan capabilities for this vulnerable population uniquely positions us in the marketplace and differentiates us from other healthcare companies. Our approach creates several benefits for our high-risk, complex members: improved quality of life, high patient satisfaction, reductions in unnecessary emergency room visits and inpatient care, and lower re-admission rates. This also allows us to establish a more direct relationship with seniors, building member loyalty and brand recognition. Our *Care Anywhere* program has an NPS score of 78, underscoring the positive impact it has on our most vulnerable members. These improved outcomes translate into financial savings that we can reinvest in our product offerings, which we believe is a significant competitive advantage.

The following real-life case studies demonstrate how we combine our technology with our cross-functional senior care programs in our pursuit of serving our seniors:

<u>Case Study #1 – Cross-Disciplinary Care Plans Tailored to the Needs of Our Members</u>

The Issue: Mr. Smith suffers from multiple chronic conditions, including severe depression, schizophrenia, opioid dependence and estrangement from his three adult children. His PCP is not aware that the opioids he takes have rendered his psychiatric medications ineffective due to drug-to-drug interactions.

Typical Outcome: No intervention, which results in the continued use of an ineffective combination of medications, potentially leading to increased psychiatric issues, social isolation and hospitalizations.

AVA Response: AVA identifies Mr. Smith as a high-risk member based on his clinical profile. Additionally, AVA algorithms alert us to his recent history of multiple emergency room visits, hospitalizations (20+ in one year) and inpatient psychiatric admissions. Postengagement, AVA continues to ingest diverse sources of raw data on his medication, treatments received, provider interactions and use of supplemental benefits (e.g., transportation) in order to support our *Care Anywhere* team's high-touch management of Mr. Smith's care.

Alignment Superior Solution: Once AVA identifies Mr. Smith's issues, the *Care Anywhere* team devises a holistic, high-touch care plan which includes regular outreach, care coordination across his providers and pharmacy, and a support system for him via family, neighbors and community service providers. Mr. Smith's care team also identifies the medication regimen that works best for him and coordinates with transportation providers and a local pharmacy to ensure he has reliable access to the care and medications he needs.

Case Study #2 - Preventing Unnecessary Hospitalizations by Addressing Social Factors

The Issue: Due to a lack of financial stability and low health literacy, Mr. Jones, a Type 1 diabetic since childhood, frequently visits the emergency room in response to low blood sugar because he cannot afford a balanced diet.

Typical Outcome: Mr. Jones continues visiting the emergency room and has a high likelihood of hospital readmission. The root cause of his frequent utilization goes unaddressed.

AVA Response: AVA's AI algorithms leverage the social determinant and chronic illness diagnosis data to stratify the member as high-risk. Mr. Jones' telehealth call for low blood sugar is automatically routed to the after-hours on-call physician at Alignment due to his status in AVA as a vulnerable member. AVA's Patient 360 platform notifies the on-call physician of the member's food needs, leading to an after-hours call and targeted intervention.

Alignment Superior Solution: Alignment's on-call physician queries the member regarding his food instability, and after gaining an understanding of the significant barriers he faces has food delivered to Mr. Jones within 30 minutes to elevate his blood sugar. Mr. Jones is enrolled in the *Care Anywhere* program and seen by a nurse the next morning, who then enrolls him into Mom's Meals food delivery program. Mr. Jones has regular check ins with the Alignment social worker and *Care Anywhere* provider which prevents further emergency room utilization for low blood sugar. Mr. Jones is a highly satisfied member given Alignment's initial intervention and ongoing support.

Case Study #3 -Clinical Interventions Leveraging Longitudinal Member Data

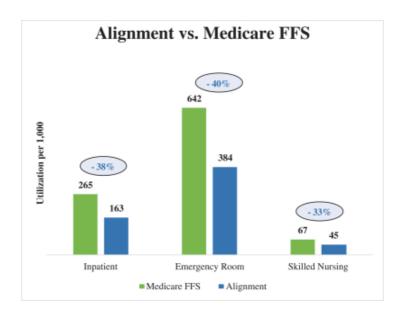
The Issue: Mrs. Johnson enters an emergency room at an out-of-network facility with shortness of breath and an undiagnosed pulmonary embolism (blood clot in her lung).

Typical Outcome: After a brief evaluation, the emergency room doctor sends Mrs. Johnson home without any communication with the patient's health plan. The health plan may not know Mrs. Johnson was in the emergency room until a claim arrives 30 days later. Meanwhile, Mrs. Johnson's pulmonary embolism remains undiagnosed and untreated, leaving Mrs. Johnson vulnerable to a catastrophic outcome.

AVA Response: AVA generates a notification of Mrs. Johnson's emergency room visit through a centralized data feed. AVA, which contains Mrs. Johnson's entire medical history, including information from unrelated specialists, indicates a high risk of blood clots based on a pharmacy alert triggered by a prescription for an anticoagulant medication in her medical records. The AVA Patient 360 platform shares the alert with Alignment's on-call physician.

Alignment Superior Solution: Alignment is ready and equipped to provide consultation with emergency room doctors 24 hours a day. The Alignment on-call physician engages with the emergency room physician to discuss the AVA alert, causing the emergency room doctor to conduct a further assessment of Mrs. Johnson's condition. Upon further evaluation, the emergency room doctor recognizes the significant risk at-hand and immediately has Mrs. Johnson admitted to the hospital instead of sending her home as previously planned. Mrs. Johnson then has her blood clot appropriately treated, potentially avoiding a catastrophic outcome.

Our collective investment in our care model and technology platform has produced strong clinical outcomes for our seniors. In 2019, we achieved a hospitalization rate of 163 hospitalizations per every 1000 members, which is 38% better than the 2018 Medicare FFS performance in our markets. Further, in 2019 our emergency room visits per thousand and our skilled nursing facility admissions per thousand were 40% and 33% better than Medicare FFS performance in our markets, respectively.



Our Growth Strategy

Accelerate our "virtuous cycle" flywheel to drive growth across markets while continuing to innovate and expand our product offerings.

The key elements of our growth strategy include:

Capitalize on the significant opportunity within our current markets

We currently operate in 22 markets, or counties, across California, North Carolina and Nevada. We have approximately 75,000 members across these markets, representing approximately 3% of the overall market share among seniors that are in a Medicare Advantage plan in these counties; as such, we believe there is tremendous opportunity for growth in our existing geographical footprint. Meanwhile, we believe we have demonstrated an ability to compete with much larger competitors due to the significant value proposition of our product offerings:

- In our California markets, we were one of the top three Medicare Advantage Organizations in terms of HMO net membership growth between 2016 and 2020
- In that time period, approximately 80% of our new members switched to our health plan from competing Medicare Advantage plans
- We have grown to approximately 10-20% market share in our most mature markets

We selected our initial markets due to their highly concentrated senior populations and favorable statewide demographic trends. For example, California has over 6.5 million Medicare eligible seniors, the highest of any state. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, Los Angeles County alone has more seniors than 40 individual states. There are approximately 5.8 million Medicare eligible seniors in our current markets, which we estimate represents a total addressable market of approximately \$71 billion. Additionally, Medicare Advantage penetration is rapidly increasing in our existing markets, reaching 49.5% across California, North Carolina and Nevada, according to CMS.

We attract new members through both our internal and external sales channels. Our internal sales channel consists of Alignment representatives, both in the field and telephonically, who market and sell Alignment's portfolio of products to prospective members. This channel also includes our new sales to members who sign up using Alignment's direct online enrollment tools. Our external sales channel consists of partnerships with third

party broker channels who sell Alignment products alongside competing products. These third party organizations also employ in person, telephonic and online sales distribution channels. Our growth will depend on our continued success in marketing our products through these channels. We believe that we will continue to gain share in our current markets due to our strong track record of providing exceptional care, expanding our network with new contracts and innovative partnerships with a wide array of providers and offering a best in class member experience.

Expand into new markets

Given our track record of delivering exceptional results and delighting consumers in our existing markets, we recently launched our national expansion strategy guided by our disciplined approach to identifying new markets. In geographically adjacent markets, we have the benefit of leveraging our existing provider relationships and infrastructure to expand more rapidly in a less capital-intensive manner. In entirely new markets, we can reach scale quickly given our highly portable and adaptable AVA technology platform and our wealth of transferable care management expertise. We have identified additional markets for potential expansion in 2022 and beyond to continue to extend our growth runway.

Our model enables us to deliver high quality care and exceptional experience for our members across a diverse array of markets. An important component of our model is our ability to be flexible in our approach to contracting with provider partners and to tailor our applications and services. Since our founding in 2013, we have been successful in rural, urban and suburban markets, as well as markets with varying degrees of provider and health system competition and control. Additionally, our markets feature a diverse array of membership profiles across ethnicities, income levels and acuity. As a result, our model and platform are designed to scale and allow us to provide a predictable and replicable set of outcomes, regardless of the local market considerations.

Urban/Suburban M	Markets
San Diego	
At-Risk Membership	~7.5K
Ethnicity	51% Anglo, 21% Hispanic
Rural vs Urban	Urban
Hospitals Contracted	8
Dually Eligible	27%
1Q20 At-Risk Returning Member MBR	79.5%
Ethnically Diverse !	Markets
Santa Clara	
At-Risk Membership	~9.3K

Ethnically Diverse N	Markets
Santa Clara	
At-Risk Membership	~9.3K
Ethnicity	41% Asian, 28% Anglo
Rural vs Urban	Urban
Hospitals Contracted	6
Dually Eligible	34%
1Q20 At -Risk Returning Member MBR	85.6%

Rural Markets					
Stanislaus					
At-Risk Membership	~9.9K				
Ethnicity	76% Anglo, 9% Hispanic				
Rural vs Urban	Rural				
Hospitals Contracted	2				
Dually Eligible	19%				
1Q20 At-Risk Returning Member MBR	80.9%				

Socioeconomically Divers	se Markets
Los Angeles	
At-Risk Membership	~8.3K
Ethnicity	44% Anglo, 35% Hispanio
Rural vs Urban	Urban
Hospitals Contracted	48
Dually Eligible	48%
1Q20 At -Risk Returning Member MBR	74.8%

Note: *At-Risk Membership* is as of Oct 2020 and includes members with respect to which Alignment is at-risk for at least a majority of claims expenditures. *Ethnicity, Hospitals Contracted and Dually-Eligible* metrics are year-to-date 2020 averages. *1Q20 At-Risk Returning Member MBR* reflects the MBR of the At-Risk Members who were enrolled in the prior calendar year (and are therefore designated to be a returning member) for the first quarter of 2020; the first quarter of 2020 is presented to reflect MBR prior to a significant impact from COVID-19. Our At-Risk Returning Member MBR from Jan 1, 2020 through June 2020 was as follows: 79.7%, 79.7%, 77.7% and 75.2% for San Diego, Stanislaus, Santa Clara and Los Angeles, respectively.

Through our thoughtful and disciplined national expansion strategy, we believe we will be able to sustainably scale and reliably replicate our competitive advantages in new markets.

Partner with providers to accelerate growth and improve operational performance

We intend to grow in new and existing markets by leveraging the flexibility and adaptability of our model to contract with provider partners across a spectrum of risk sharing arrangements. Across our 22 existing markets, we have a wide variety of successful operating and financial arrangements with medical groups, shared risk providers, affiliate providers, providers employed by health systems and community-based, independent primary care physicians. Within these relationships we can deploy different aspects of the existing Alignment toolkit depending on the level of risk and provider infrastructure. Our value-based approach to patient care and provider contracts, including profit and risk share programs, ensures that economic incentives are well-aligned so that providers can focus on delivering the best care. By enabling successful outcomes and offering an appealing value proposition to new provider partners, we are able to grow in new markets and rapidly build out robust provider networks that drive further growth for our platform.

We have also developed a track record of enabling mid-sized IPAs and provider groups to thrive by providing them with access to a scaled platform that includes provider tools and support structures that enable them to effectively manage Medicare Advantage patients. As we grow and continue to partner with the physician community, we believe there will be increased opportunities to vertically integrate with providers. These opportunities could come in the form of minority investments, affiliate-relationships, joint ventures or acquisitions, and could generate growth and longer-term margin expansion opportunities by capturing additional channels of revenue outside of the Medicare Advantage business model. Vertical integration provides a true win-win scenario in which the member, physician and health plan benefit from better care coordination, enhanced product design and delivery, and superior data sharing and operational integration. These integrated benefits lead to an improved consumer experience and increased ability to invest in growth.

Expand services and product offerings

We see substantial opportunity to continue to build on our existing Medicare Advantage health plan offerings by providing an expanding portfolio of direct-to-consumer products. With the launch of our Medicare Advantage PPO products in 2020, we offer senior members additional choices while still relying on our sophisticated technology platform and member support model to provide proactive care to our members. Furthermore, the COVID-19 pandemic has accelerated a shift towards and increased preference for virtual care. As a result, we plan to launch a virtual care plan in 2021, which will allow our members to select a virtual provider as their primary care physician, enjoy a rich array of benefits, and still access local, in-person healthcare resources when needed. We will continue to tailor new Medicare Advantage product offerings to meet the distinct needs of our members in the future, such as potentially offering special needs plans tailored for niche populations.

We believe we can continue to drive our longer-term growth by insourcing certain product lines over time, such as vision, dental, specialty pharmacy, and others. We believe this "horizontal integration" of various product features can be further coupled with other forms of more "vertical integration", such as hospice, home health or behavioral health, to directly serve a broader range of our members' needs. Expanded offerings will continue to provide our healthcare consumers with more integrated services, which enhances their Alignment experience and contributes to improved quality of life and health.

Extending the Alignment model to broader senior populations

We will continue to innovate as regulatory changes expand our opportunities to deliver the Alignment experience to seniors in traditional Medicare. For example, we are evaluating a contract with CMS to introduce our programs and value-based care model to Medicare FFS members through provider partnerships as a Direct Contracting Entity beginning in 2021. CMS' new Direct Contracting Model is designed to introduce the benefits of value-based care to Medicare FFS members by allowing providers to accept upside and downside risk for caring for traditional Medicare members. This program opens additional opportunities for us to deploy our technology platform and care management capabilities across a broader set of members and potentially new markets.

Grow through strategic acquisitions

We continually evaluate potential acquisition targets that would accelerate growth, enhance our care delivery model, and/or allow us to apply the Alignment model across broader populations. We will primarily focus on acquiring healthcare delivery groups in key geographies, standalone and provider-sponsored Medicare Advantage plans and other complementary risk bearing assets. We will also selectively explore additional opportunities that serve to enhance our technology platform and product offerings for our members and partners.

Our History

Since our founding in 2013, we have been focused on improving healthcare one senior at a time. In 2014, we received a \$125 million investment from General Atlantic, LLC, a global growth equity firm, in our first round of funding and began building our unified data architecture that now forms the foundation of the AVA technology platform. We began our business through the acquisition of Honored Citizens Choice Health Plan, a California HMO then providing Medicare Advantage and prescription drug plan products to its approximately 13,000 members. In 2017, we launched our "Care Anywhere" program, an advanced clinician-driven model of care focused on our chronically ill members. In 2017, we also received a \$115 million investment in an additional round of funding from Warburg Pincus, a global private equity firm. We have continuously improved our member experience by developing new products. In 2019, we launched our innovative access-on demand concierge and ACCESS "Black Card" programs, and in 2020 we launched our first PPO offerings in California. We also received an additional \$135 million of funding in 2020 from Fidelity Management & Research Company, T Rowe Price Investment Management and Durable Capital Partners. We currently operate in 22 markets across California, North Carolina and Nevada, and have a member base of approximately 75,000.

Regulation

Our operations and those of our affiliated entities are subject to extensive federal, state and local governmental laws and regulations. These laws and regulations require us to meet various standards relating to, among other things, reports to CMS, personnel qualifications, maintenance of proper records and quality assurance programs and patient care. If any of our operations or those of our affiliated professional medical corporations are found to violate applicable laws or regulations, we could suffer severe consequences that would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, reputation and stock price, including:

- termination of one or more of our Medicare Advantage plans;
- refunds of amounts received in violation of law or applicable Medicare Advantage requirements dating back to the applicable statute of limitation periods;
- loss of our required government certifications;
- loss of our licenses required to operate our clinics and in-house care delivery programs;

- criminal or civil liability, fines, damages or monetary penalties for violations of healthcare fraud and abuse laws, including the Stark Law, the Anti-Kickback Statute, the FCA and the Civil Monetary Penalties Law;
- and/or state analogs to these federal enforcement authorities, or other regulatory requirements;
- enforcement actions by governmental agencies and/or state law claims for monetary damages by patients who believe their health information has been used, disclosed or not properly safeguarded in violation of federal or state patient privacy laws, including the regulations implementing HIPAA;
- mandated changes to our practices or procedures that significantly increase operating expenses or decrease our revenue;
- imposition of and compliance with corporate integrity agreements that could subject us to ongoing audits and reporting requirements, as
 well as increased scrutiny of our business practices which could lead to potential fines, among other things;
- termination of various relationships and/or contracts related to our business, including provider arrangements;
- changes in and reinterpretation of rules and laws by a regulatory agency or court, such as state corporate practice of medicine laws, that could affect the structure and management of our business and our affiliated physician-owned professional medical groups;
- · negative adjustments to government payment models including, but not limited to, Parts A, B and D benefits; and
- harm to our reputation, which could negatively impact our business relationships, our ability to attract and retain patients and physicians, our ability to obtain financing and our access to new business opportunities, among other things.

We expect that our industry will continue to be subject to substantial regulation, the scope and effect of which are difficult to predict. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Regulation."

HIPPA, HITECH Act and Other Laws, Rules and Regulations Related to Data Privacy

We are subject to data privacy and protection laws and regulations that apply to the collection, transmission, storage and use of PHI and other PII, which among other things, impose certain requirements relating to the privacy, security and transmission of PII. The legislative and regulatory landscape for privacy and data protection continues to evolve, and there has been an increasing focus on privacy and data protection issues.

The use of individually identifiable health data by our business is regulated at federal and state levels. These laws and rules are changed frequently by legislation or administrative interpretation. Various state laws address the use and maintenance of individually identifiable health data. Most are derived from the privacy provisions in the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act and HIPAA. HIPAA includes administrative provisions directed at simplifying electronic data interchange through standardizing transactions, establishing uniform healthcare provider, payor, and employer identifiers, and seeking protections for confidentiality and security of patient data. The rules do not provide for complete federal preemption of state laws, but rather preempt all inconsistent state laws unless the state law is more stringent. These regulations set standards for the security of electronic health information, including requirements that insurers provide customers with notice regarding how their non-public personal information is used, including an opportunity to "opt out" of certain disclosures.

HIPAA imposes mandatory penalties for certain violations. In 2020, penalties for violations of HIPAA and its implementing regulations start at \$118 per violation and are not to exceed approximately \$60,000 per violation, subject to a cap of approximately \$1.8 million for violations of the same standard in a single calendar year. However, a single breach incident can result in violations of multiple standards. HIPAA also authorizes

state attorneys general to file suit on behalf of their residents. Courts may award damages, costs and attorneys' fees related to violations of HIPAA in such cases. While HIPAA does not create a private right of action allowing individuals to sue in civil court for violations of HIPAA, its standards have been used as the basis for duty of care in state civil suits such as those for negligence or recklessness in the misuse or breach of PHI.

In addition, HIPAA mandates that the HHS conduct periodic compliance audits of HIPAA-covered entities and business associates for compliance with HIPAA's privacy and security standards. It also tasks HHS with establishing a methodology whereby harmed individuals who were the victims of breaches of unsecured PHI may receive a percentage of the civil monetary penalty fine paid by the violator.

HIPAA further requires that members be notified of any unauthorized acquisition, access, use or disclosure of their unsecured PHI that compromises the privacy or security of such information, with certain exceptions related to unintentional or inadvertent use or disclosure by employees or authorized individuals. HIPAA specifies that such notifications must be made "without unreasonable delay and in no case later than 60 calendar days after discovery of the breach." If a breach affects 500 patients or more, it must be reported to HHS without unreasonable delay, and HHS will post the name of the breaching entity on its public web site. Breaches affecting 500 patients or more in the same state or jurisdiction must also be reported to the local media. If a breach involves fewer than 500 people, the covered entity must record it in a log and notify HHS at least annually.

We also publish statements to our members and partners that describe how we handle and protect PHI. If federal or state regulatory authorities or private litigants consider any portion of these statements to be untrue, we may be subject to claims of deceptive practices, which could lead to significant liabilities and consequences, including, without limitation, costs of responding to investigations, defending against litigation, settling claims and complying with regulatory or court orders.

Data privacy remains an evolving landscape. For example, the CCPA, which came into effect on January 1, 2020, requires companies that process information on California residents to make new disclosures to consumers about their data collection, use and sharing practices, allow consumers to opt out of certain data sharing with third parties and provides a new cause of action for data breaches. In addition, on November 3, 2020, California voters approved a new privacy law, the CPRA, which significantly modifies the CCPA, including by expanding consumers' rights with respect to certain personal information and creating a new state agency to oversee implementation and enforcement efforts. Many of the CPRA's provisions will become effective on January 1, 2023. Additionally, other states are considering the enactment of similar laws.

The HITECH Act, one part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, significantly broadened the scope of the privacy and security regulations of HIPAA. Among other requirements, the HITECH Act and HIPAA mandate individual notification in the event of a breach of unsecured, individually identifiable health information, provides enhanced penalties for HIPAA violations, requires business associates to comply with certain provisions of the HIPAA privacy and security rule, and grants enforcement authority to state attorneys general in addition to the HHS Office of Civil Rights. In addition, there are numerous federal and state laws and regulations addressing patient and consumer privacy concerns, including unauthorized access or theft of personal information. State statutes and regulations vary from state to state and could impose additional penalties. Violations of HIPAA or applicable federal or state laws or regulations could subject us to significant criminal or civil penalties, including significant monetary penalties. Compliance with HIPAA and other privacy regulations requires significant systems enhancements, training and administrative effort.

As described above, substantially all of our relevant member data is maintained on our technology platform, AVA, which aggregates and provides us with access to extensive member datasets, including individually identifiable PHI. As a result, any breach of our technology platform could expose us to substantial liability under HIPAA, the HITECH Act and other applicable laws, regulations or rules. See "Risk Factors – Security breaches, loss of data and other disruptions could compromise sensitive information related to our business or our members, or prevent us from accessing critical information and expose us to liability, which could adversely affect our business and our reputation."

ARRA

On February 17, 2009, the ARRA was enacted into law. In addition to including a temporary subsidy for healthcare continuation coverage issued pursuant to the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act, ARRA also expands and strengthens the privacy and security provisions of HIPAA and imposes additional limits on the use and disclosure of PHI. Among other things, ARRA requires us and other covered entities to report any unauthorized release or use of or access to PHI to any impacted individuals and to HHS in those instances where the unauthorized activity poses a significant risk of financial, reputational or other harm to the individuals, and to notify the media in any states where 500 or more people are impacted by any unauthorized release or use of or access to PHI. ARRA also requires business associates to comply with certain HIPAA provisions. ARRA also establishes higher civil and criminal penalties for covered entities and business associates who fail to comply with HIPAA's provisions and requires HHS to issue regulations implementing its privacy and security enhancements.

The Health Care Reform Law and Other Current or Future Legislative, Judicial or Regulatory Changes

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and The Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (which we collectively refer to as the Health Care Reform Law) enacted significant reforms to various aspects of the U.S. health insurance industry. Certain significant provisions of the Health Care Reform Law include, among others, mandated coverage requirements, mandated benefits and guarantee issuance associated with commercial medical insurance, rebates to policyholders based on minimum benefit ratios, adjustments to Medicare Advantage premiums, the establishment of federally facilitated or state-based exchanges coupled with programs designed to spread risk among insurers, and the introduction of plan designs based on set actuarial values. In addition, the Health Care Reform Law established insurance industry assessments, including an annual health insurance industry fee. In 2018, the fee levied on the health insurance industry was \$14.3 billion. Under current law, the health industry fee will be permanently repealed beginning in calendar year 2021.

Potential legislative changes or judicial determinations, including activities to repeal or replace the Health Care Reform Law or declare all or certain portions of the Health Care Reform Law unconstitutional, creates uncertainty for our business, and we cannot predict when, or in what form, such legislative changes or judicial determinations may occur.

Corporate Practice of Medicine and Other Laws

As a corporate entity, we are not licensed to practice medicine. Many states in which we operate through our subsidiaries limit the practice of medicine to licensed individuals or professional organizations comprised of licensed individuals, and business corporations generally may not exercise control over the medical decisions of physicians. Statutes and regulations relating to the practice of medicine, fee-splitting between physicians and referral sources, and similar issues vary widely from state to state. Under management agreements between certain of our subsidiaries and affiliated physician-owned professional groups, these groups retain sole responsibility for all medical decisions, as well as for hiring and managing physicians and other licensed healthcare providers, developing operating policies and procedures, implementing professional standards and controls, and maintaining malpractice insurance.

We, our in-house and externally engaged physicians and the facilities in which they operate are subject to various federal, state and local licensing and certification laws and regulations and accreditation standards and other laws, relating to, among other things, the adequacy of medical care, equipment, privacy of member information, physician relationships, personnel and operating policies and procedures. Failure to comply with these licensing, certification and accreditation laws, regulations and standards could result in prior payments being subject to recoupment, requirements to make significant changes to our operations and can give rise to civil or, in extreme cases, criminal penalties. We routinely take the steps we believe are necessary to retain or obtain all requisite licensure and operating authorities.

In markets where the corporate practice of medicine is prohibited, we have historically operated by maintaining long-term management and administrative services contracts with multiple associated professional medical corporations which, in turn, employ or contract with physicians to provide those professional medical services required by our members. Under these management agreements, Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC performs only non-medical administrative services, does not represent that it offers medical services and does not exercise influence or control over the practice of medicine by the physicians or the associated physician groups with which it contracts. In addition, the professional medical corporations are all 100% owned by licensed physicians employed by us. In the event of the death or disability of the current owners or upon certain other triggering events, we maintain the right to direct the transfer of the ownership of the professional medical corporations to another licensed physician designated by us. In addition to the above management arrangements, we have certain contractual rights relating to the orderly transfer of equity interests in our physician practices through succession agreements and other arrangements with their physician equity holders. Such equity interests cannot, however, be transferred to or held by us or by any non-professional medical corporation. Accordingly, neither we nor our direct subsidiaries directly own any equity interests in any of our physician practices.

Anti-Kickback, Physician Self-Referral and Other Fraud and Abuse Laws

A federal law commonly referred to as the "Anti-Kickback Statute" prohibits the offer, payment, solicitation, or receipt of any form of remuneration to induce, or in return for, the referral of Medicare or other governmental health program patients or patient care opportunities, or in return for the purchase, lease or order of items or services that are covered by Medicare or other federal governmental health programs. Because the prohibitions contained in the Anti-Kickback Statute apply to the furnishing of items or services for which payment is made in "whole or in part," the Anti-Kickback Statute could be implicated if any portion of an item or service we provide is covered by any of the state or federal health benefit programs described above. Violation of these provisions constitutes a felony criminal offense and applicable sanctions could include exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

Section 1877 of the Social Security Act, commonly known as the "Stark Law," prohibits physicians, subject to certain exceptions described below, from referring Medicare or Medicaid patients to an entity providing "designated health services" in which the physician, or an immediate family member, has an ownership or investment interest or with which the physician, or an immediate family member, has entered into a compensation arrangement. These prohibitions, contained in the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, commonly known as "Stark II," amended prior federal physician self-referral legislation known as "Stark I" by expanding the list of designated health services to a total of 11 categories. The professional groups with which we are contracted or affiliated provide one or more of these designated health services. Persons or entities found to be in violation of the Stark Law are subject to denial of payment for services furnished pursuant to an improper referral, civil monetary penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs.

Many states also have enacted laws similar in scope and purpose to the Anti-Kickback Statute and, in more limited instances, the Stark Law, that are not limited to services for which Medicare or Medicaid payment is made. In addition, most states have statutes, regulations, or professional codes that restrict a physician from accepting various kinds of remuneration in exchange for making referrals. These laws vary from state to state and have seldom been interpreted by the courts or regulatory agencies. In states that have enacted these statutes, we believe that regulatory authorities and state courts interpreting these statutes may regard federal law under the Anti-Kickback Statute and the Stark Law as persuasive.

State Regulation of Insurance-Related Products

Laws in each of the states in which we operate our business regulate our operations including: capital adequacy and other licensing requirements, policy language describing benefits, mandated benefits and processes, entry, withdrawal or re-entry into a state or market, rate increases, delivery systems, utilization review procedures, quality assurance, complaint systems, enrollment requirements, claim payments, marketing and advertising. The products we offer are sold under licenses issued by the applicable insurance regulators.

Certain of our licensed insurance subsidiaries are also subject to regulation under state insurance holding company regulations. These regulations generally require, among other things, prior approval and/or notice of new products, rates, benefit changes, and certain material transactions, including dividend payments, purchases or sales of assets, intercompany agreements, and the filing of various financial and operational reports. The amount of dividends that may be paid to us by these insurance subsidiaries, without prior approval by state regulatory authorities, or ordinary dividends, is limited based on the entity's level of statutory income and statutory capital and surplus. Actual dividends paid may vary due to consideration of excess statutory capital and surplus and expected future surplus requirements. We continue to maintain significant levels of aggregate excess statutory capital and surplus in our state-regulated operating subsidiaries. Dividends from our non-insurance companies are generally not restricted by Departments of Insurance.

Intellectual Property

We believe that our intellectual property rights are valuable and critical to our business stability and growth. We rely on a combination of trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, know-how license agreements and confidentiality procedures, non-disclosure agreements, employee disclosure and invention assignment agreements and other contractual rights to establish and protect our proprietary rights.

We do not have any issued patents and we are not pursuing any patent applications.

We intend to pursue additional intellectual property protection to the extent we believe it would be beneficial and cost effective. Despite our efforts to protect our intellectual property rights, they may not be respected in the future or may be invalidated, circumvented, or challenged. In addition, the laws of various foreign countries where our products are distributed may not protect our intellectual property rights to the same extent as laws in the United States.

AVA is critical to our continued success. If we are unable to protect our intellectual property and other rights, particularly with respect to AVA, our competitive position and our business could be harmed, as third parties may be able to commercialize and use technologies and software products that are substantially the same as ours without incurring the development and licensing costs that we have incurred. We do not currently hold a patent or other registered or applied for intellectual property protection for AVA. See "Risk Factors – If we are unable to obtain, maintain, protect and enforce intellectual property protection for our technology or if the scope of our intellectual property protection is not sufficiently broad, others may be able to develop and commercialize technology substantially similar to ours, and our ability to successfully commercialize our technology may be adversely affected."

Competition

The U.S. healthcare insurance industry is highly competitive. Our competitors vary by local market and include other managed care companies, national insurance companies, HMOs and PPOs. Many of our competitors have a larger membership base and/or greater financial resources than we do. In addition, other companies may enter our markets in the future, including emerging competitors in the Medicare Advantage program or competitors in the delivery of healthcare services. We believe that barriers to entry in our markets are not substantial, so the addition of new competitors can occur relatively easily, and customers enjoy significant flexibility in moving between competitors. Contracts for the sale of our products are generally tied to an annual bidding process with CMS. While health plans compete on the basis of many factors, including service and the quality and depth of provider networks, we expect that price and Star ratings will continue to be significant bases of competition. In addition to the challenge of controlling healthcare costs, we face intense competitive pressure to contain premium prices. Factors such as business consolidations, strategic alliances, legislative reform and marketing practices create pressure to contain premium price increases, despite being faced with increasing medical costs. The primary competitive factors for our industry include, but are not limited to, the following:

- premium price;
- Star ratings;

- · breadth and richness of benefits, services and products offered, particularly ones that address the social determinants of health;
- · level of member engagement;
- level of member satisfaction;
- provider network access;
- · care delivery and health outcomes;
- costs of care;
- ability to recruit and retain skilled employees and clinicians;
- · brand identity and reputation; and
- regulatory compliance.

Legal Proceedings

We are from time to time subject to, and are presently involved in, litigation and other legal proceedings. We believe that there are no pending lawsuits or claims that, individually or in the aggregate, may have a material effect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

Employees

As of September 30, 2020 we had approximately 750 employees. We consider our relationship with our employees to be good. None of our employees is represented by a labor union or party to a collective bargaining agreement.

Properties

Our corporate office is located in Orange, California at 1100 W. Town and Country Rd, Suite 1600. We also have offices located in Cary and Raleigh, North Carolina, and small clinics located in Los Angeles, Milpitas, Modesto and Stockton, California, and Cary and Raleigh, North Carolina. We believe that our properties are generally suitable to meet our needs for the foreseeable future. In addition, to the extent we require additional space in the future, we believe that it would be readily available on commercially reasonable terms.

MANAGEMENT

Our Executive Officers and Directors

Below is a list of the names, ages as of December 31, 2020, positions and a brief account of the business experience of the individuals who serve as (i) our executive officers and (ii) our directors.

Name	Age	Position District Francis of Control
John Kao	59	Director and Chief Executive Officer
Dawn Maroney	53	President, Consumer and Markets
Thomas Freeman	31	Chief Financial Officer
Donald Furman	70	Chief Clinical Officer
Dinesh Kumar	52	Chief Health Officer
Joseph Konowiecki	67	Chairman of the Board
David Hodgson	63	Director
Mark McClellan	57	Director
Robbert Vorhoff	42	Director
Thomas Carella	45	Director
Jeffrey Margolis	57	Director
Jacqueline Kosecoff	71	Director

John Kao has served as our Chief Executive Officer and as a member of our Board since 2014. Mr. Kao is our founder, and was appointed as our Chief Executive Officer and to serve on our board of directors because of his extensive experience in managing organizations in the healthcare industry. Mr. Kao previously served as president of CareMore Medical Enterprises, Inc. ("CareMore"), which Mr. Kao and his partners acquired in 2006. In August 2011, CareMore was acquired by Wellpoint, Inc. Mr. Kao has also served as executive vice president at The TriZetto Group, and has served as president and CEO of the Ventures Division of PacifiCare Health Systems. While at PacifiCare, Mr. Kao was the chief financial officer at Secure Horizons USA. His earlier work included mergers and acquisitions with FHP International and investment banking with BancAmerica Securities, Inc. Mr. Kao received his Bachelor of Science degree from Santa Clara University and his MBA from the UCLA Anderson Graduate School of Management, where he was honored as a Venture Capital Fellow.

Dawn Maroney has served as our President, Consumer and Markets since 2014. Prior to that, she was chief Medicare officer for Blue Shield of California (formerly known as Care1st Health Plan) from 2011 to 2014, and was chief sales and marketing officer for CareMore Health Plan from 2005 to 2011. Ms. Maroney also served as vice president, Medicare, at Secure Horizons from 2003 to 2005, and as regional vice president of HealthNet from 1994 to 2003.

Thomas Freeman has served as our Chief Financial Officer since 2017. Mr. Freeman first joined Alignment in 2015 where he served as our Vice President of Corporate Development. Prior to joining Alignment, Mr. Freeman was a growth investor on the healthcare team at General Atlantic. Before joining General Atlantic, Mr. Freeman worked in the Investment Banking division at Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC where he also focused on the healthcare sector. He earned his Bachelor of Science in finance from the University of Kansas, where he graduated with Highest Distinction from the School of Business and University Honors.

Donald Furman has served as our Chief Clinical Officer since 2013. Mr. Furman previously served as senior director of healthcare services in the health and life sciences division of Oliver Wyman from 2012 to

2013, and as an independent consultant to hospital systems, health plans and medical groups from 2010 to 2012. In 1993, he was one of the founders of CareMore Medical Group, CareMore IPA and CareMore Medical Enterprises, where he served in a variety of senior executive roles, including chief medical officer, chief medical adviser, and vice chairman of the board. Prior to CareMore, Dr. Furman practiced internal medicine and gastroenterology from 1981 to 1997. Dr. Furman received a Bachelor of Science degree from The American University in Washington, D.C., and an M.D. from Wayne State University in Detroit. He trained in internal medicine and gastroenterology at Yale University in New Haven and is board-certified in both specialties. He also received an MBA from the University of California, Irvine.

Dinesh Kumar has served as our Chief Health Officer since 2019. Prior to that, he served as a principal in the healthcare consulting practice of DK Healthcare Advisors from 2018 to 2019, and as senior vice president, clinical transformation for Devita Medical Group from 2015 to 2018. He also served as chief medical officer of Healthcare Partners Medical Group from 2014 to 2015. Dr. Kumar received his Bachelor of Medicine, Bachelor of Surgery (M.B.B.S.) from the University of Madras, Kilpauk Medical College & Hospital.

Joseph Konowiecki has served as a member of our Board since 2014. Mr. Konowiecki serves as managing partner of Moriah Partners, LLC. Mr. Konowiecki also serves as Chairman and CEO of Apollo Enterprise Solutions, Inc. Mr. Konowiecki was previously CEO of Future Solutions with UnitedHealth Group's Ovations division. Mr. Konowiecki has also held the positions of general counsel and executive vice president corporate affairs at PacifiCare Health Systems, Inc. In addition, he is a founding partner of the law firm Konowiecki & Rank. Mr. Konowiecki serves as a member of the RAND Healthcare Advisory Board. Mr. Konowiecki received a Bachelor of Arts degree in Political Science from the University of California, Los Angeles and a JD from Hastings College. Mr. Konowiecki was appointed to serve on our board of directors because of his extensive experience in managing organizations and representing organizations in the healthcare industry.

David Hodgson has served as a member of our Board since 2014. Mr. Hodgson is a Managing Director and Vice Chairman of General Atlantic. He joined General Atlantic in 1982 and has over 30 years of experience identifying and assisting portfolio companies worldwide in all areas of their development. Mr. Hodgson has an MBA from Stanford Graduate School of Business (1982) and a Bachelor of Arts in Mathematics and Social Sciences from Dartmouth College (1978). Mr. Hodgson is a valuable member of our Board because of his private equity experience and his experience on other healthcare companies' boards.

Mark McClellan has served as a member of our Board since 2014. Dr. McClellan became the inaugural Director of the Duke-Robert J. Margolis, MD, Center for Health Policy and the Margolis Professor of Business, Medicine and Policy at Duke University in January 2016. He is also a faculty member at Dell Medical School at The University of Texas in Austin. Previously, he served from 2007 to 2015 as a Senior Fellow in Economic Studies and as Director of the Initiatives on Value and Innovation in Health Care at the Brookings Institution. Dr. McClellan served as Administrator of CMS for the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services from 2004 to 2006 and as Commissioner of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) from 2002 to 2004. He served as a Member of the President's Council of Economic Advisers and as Senior Director for Healthcare Policy at the White House from 2001 to 2002 and, during the Clinton administration, held the position of Deputy Assistant Secretary for Economic Policy for the Department of the Treasury. Dr. McClellan previously served as an Associate Professor of Economics and Medicine with tenure at Stanford University, where he also directed the Program on Health Outcomes Research. Dr. McClellan is the founding Chair and a current Board member of the Reagan-Udall Foundation, is a Member of the National Academy of Medicine, Chairs the Academy's Leadership Consortium for Value and Science-Driven Health Care, and Co-Chairs the Guiding Committee of the Health Care Payment Learning and Action Network. He sits on the Boards of Directors of ResearchAmerica!, Long Term Quality Alliance, Seer, Inc., National Alliance for Hispanic Health and the Alliance for Health Policy as well as two public companies, Cigna Corporation and Johnson & Johnson. Dr. McClellan received his Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of Texas, his Masters of Public Administration and Medical Doctorate from Harvard University and his Doctor of Philosophy in Economics from Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Dr. McClellan is a valuable member of our Board because of his extensive experience in public health policy, his academic experience and background as both a regulator and government advisor.

Robbert Vorhoff has served as a member of our Board since 2014. Mr. Vorhoff is a Managing Director, Management Committee member and the Global Head of Healthcare at General Atlantic in New York City. Before joining General Atlantic in 2003, Mr. Vorhoff worked at Greenhill & Co., first in the mergers & acquisitions and restructuring advisory group, then in the private equity group, Greenhill Capital Partners. Mr. Vorhoff is currently a member of the board of several healthcare companies, including Alternate Solutions Health Network, Doctor on Demand, Marathon Health, Oak Street Health, and OneOncology. Mr. Vorhoff previously was a member of the board of eviCore Healthcare, Align Networks, A Place for Mom, and MedExpress. Mr. Vorhoff received a B.S. in Commerce with a concentration in Finance from the McIntire School of Commerce at the University of Virginia. Mr. Vorhoff is a valuable member of our Board because of his private equity experience and his experience on other healthcare companies' boards.

Thomas Carella has served as a member of our Board since 2017. Mr. Carella has served as a Managing Director at Warburg Pincus since September 2016. Prior to joining Warburg Pincus, Mr. Carella was a Partner in the Merchant Banking Division of Goldman Sachs and Global Head of the division's private equity activities in the healthcare sector. Mr. Carella currently serves on the board of directors of private healthcare companies, including CityMD/Summit Medical Group, Polyplus Transfection, Vertice Pharma and WebPT as well as public companies SOC Telemed and Outset Medical. Mr. Carella previously served on the board of directors of several private healthcare companies, as well as a public company, T2 Biosystems, Inc., where he served from March 2013 to March 2016. Mr. Carella holds a B.A. from Harvard College and an M.B.A. from Harvard Business School. Mr. Carella serves on our Board because of his private equity experience and his experience on other healthcare companies' boards.

Jeffrey Margolis has served as a member of our Board since 2014. Currently, Mr. Margolis is chairman of Welltok, Inc., where he also served as CEO from April 2013 through April 2020. Mr. Margolis is Chairman Emeritus of TriZetto Corporation, where he served as the founding CEO beginning in 1997, served as Chairman and CEO until 2010, and continued as Chairman until October 2011. Mr. Margolis also served as Senior Executive Advisor to the Oliver Wyman Health Innovation Center during 2012 and 2013. From 1989 to 1997, Mr. Margolis served as Senior Vice President and Chief Information Officer of FHP International Corp. Earlier in his career, Mr. Margolis served in various positions with Andersen Consulting including his final position as Manager, Healthcare Consulting. Mr. Margolis currently serves on the boards of directors of TriNetX, Inc., and Hoag Hospital in Newport Beach, California. He is a member of the board of governors at Cedars-Sinai in Los Angeles, California and is on the Advisory Boards of the University of California at Irvine's Center for Healthcare Management & Policy and Center for Digital Transformation. He has previously served on a variety of other for-profit boards. A published author on topics of healthcare information technology and systems, Mr. Margolis earned a bachelor's degree in business administration/management information systems with high honors from the University of Illinois in 1984, and holds CPA certificates (currently inactive) in Colorado and Illinois. Mr. Margolis is a valuable member of our Board because of his extensive experience as a chief executive officer in the healthcare information technology sector and his experience as an executive officer and director of various companies.

Jacqueline Kosecoff has served as a member of our Board since 2017. Dr. Kosecoff is a Managing Partner of Moriah Partners and also a Senior Advisor of Warburg Pincus. From 2002 to 2012, Dr. Kosecoff was a senior executive inside UnitedHealth Group-PacifiCare, which she joined as part of the acquisition of PacifiCare Health Systems in 2005, where she served as Executive Vice President. Upon joining UnitedHealth Group, Dr. Kosecoff was appointed Chief Executive Officer of Prescription Solutions (now known as OptumRx). Prior to joining UnitedHealth Group-PacifiCare, Dr. Kosecoff was founder, President and Chief Operating Officer of Protocare. Currently, Dr. Kosecoff sits on the board of directors of three other public companies: Sealed Air Corporation, STERIS Corporation, and TriNet. From July 2012 through February 2019, Dr. Kosecoff served on the board of directors of athenahealth, Inc. Dr. Kosecoff holds a B.A. from the University of California, Los Angeles, an M.S. in Applied Mathematics from Brown University, and a doctorate from University of California, Los Angeles. Dr. Kosecoff was appointed to serve on our board of directors because of her extensive experience in managing organizations and her experience serving on public company boards.

Family Relationships

There are no family relationships between any of our executive officers or directors.

Corporate Governance

Board Composition and Director Independence

Our business and affairs are managed under the direction of our Board. Following completion of this offering, our Board will be composed of directors. Our certificate of incorporation will provide that the authorized number of directors may be changed only by resolution of our Board. Our certificate of incorporation will also provide that our Board will be divided into three classes of directors, with the classes as nearly equal in number as possible. Subject to any earlier resignation or removal in accordance with the terms of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, our Class I and will serve until the first annual meeting of shareholders following the completion of this offering, our Class II directors directors will be and will serve until the second annual meeting of shareholders following the completion of this offering and our Class III directors will will be and will serve until the third annual meeting of shareholders following the completion of this offering. Upon completion of this offering, we he expect that each of our directors will serve in the classes as indicated above. This classification of our Board could have the effect of increasing the length of time necessary to change the composition of a majority of the Board. In general, at least two annual meetings of stockholders will be necessary for stockholders to effect a change in a majority of the members of the Board. In addition, our certificate of incorporation will provide that directors may be removed with or without cause upon the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the voting power of our outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote thereon.

Our Board has also determined that , and meet the requirements to be independent directors. In making this determination, our Board considered the relationships that each such non-employee director has with the Company and all other facts and circumstances that our Board deemed relevant in determining their independence, including beneficial ownership of our common stock.

Board Committees

Upon completion of this offering, our Board will have an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee and a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The composition, duties and responsibilities of these committees are as set forth below. In the future, our Board may establish other committees, as it deems appropriate, to assist it with its responsibilities.

			Nominating and Corporate
Board Member	Audit Committee	Compensation Committee	Governance Committee
John Kao	Committee	Committee	Committee
Joseph Konowiecki			
David Hodgson			
Mark McClellan			
Robbert Vorhoff			
Thomas Carella			
Jeffrey Margolis			
Jacqueline Kosecoff			

Audit Committee

Following this offering, our Audit Committee will be composed of , and committee. We intend to comply with the audit committee requirements

, with serving as chairman of the

of the SEC and , which require that the Audit Committee be composed of at least one independent director at the closing of this offering, a majority of independent directors within 90 days following this offering and all independent directors within one year following this offering. We anticipate that, prior to the completion of this offering, our Board will determine that , and , with meet the independence requirements of Rule 10A-3 under the Exchange Act and the applicable listing standards of . In addition, our Board has determined that is an "audit committee financial expert" as defined in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). This designation does not impose on any duties, obligations or liabilities that are greater than are generally imposed on members of our audit committee and our Board. The Audit Committee's responsibilities upon completion of this offering will include:

- appointing, approving the compensation of, and assessing the qualifications, performance and independence of our independent registered public accounting firm;
- pre-approving audit and permissible non-audit services, and the terms of such services, to be provided by our independent registered public
 accounting firm;
- discussing the scope and results of the audits with our independent registered public accounting firm and reviewing, with management and that accounting firm, our interim and year-end operating results;
- reviewing our policies on risk assessment and risk management;
- reviewing and discussing with management and the independent registered public accounting firm our annual and quarterly financial statements and related disclosures as well as critical accounting policies and practices used by us;
- reviewing the adequacy of our internal control over financial reporting;
- establishing policies and procedures for the receipt and retention of accounting-related complaints and concerns;
- recommending, based upon the Audit Committee's review and discussions with management and the independent registered public
 accounting firm, whether our audited financial statements shall be included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K;
- monitoring our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements as they relate to our financial statements and accounting matters;
- preparing the Audit Committee report required by the rules of the SEC to be included in our annual proxy statement;
- reviewing all related party transactions for potential conflict of interest situations and approving all such transactions; and
- reviewing and discussing with management and our independent registered public accounting firm our earnings releases and scripts.

Compensation Committee

Following this offering, our Compensation Committee will be composed of and , with serving as chairman of the committee. The Compensation Committee's responsibilities upon completion of this offering will include:

- annually reviewing and approving corporate goals and objectives relevant to the compensation of our chief executive officer;
- evaluating the performance of our chief executive officer in light of such corporate goals and objectives and determining and approving the compensation of our chief executive officer;
- reviewing and approving the compensation of our other executive officers;

- appointing, compensating and overseeing the work of any compensation consultant, legal counsel or other advisor retained by the compensation committee;
- conducting the independence assessment outlined in rules with respect to any compensation consultant, legal counsel or other advisor retained by the compensation committee;
- annually reviewing and reassessing the adequacy of the committee charter in its compliance with the listing requirements of
- reviewing and establishing our overall management compensation, philosophy and policy;
- overseeing and administering our compensation and similar plans;
- reviewing and making recommendations to our Board with respect to director compensation; and
- reviewing and discussing with management the compensation discussion and analysis to be included in our annual proxy statement or Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

Following this offering, our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will be composed of , and , with serving as chairman of the committee. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee's responsibilities upon completion of this offering will include:

- developing and recommending to our Board criteria for board and committee membership;
- identifying and recommending to our Board the persons to be nominated for election as directors and to each of our Board's committees;
- developing and recommending to our Board best practices and corporate governance principles;
- developing and recommending to our Board a set of corporate governance guidelines; and
- reviewing and recommending to our Board the functions, duties and compositions of the committees of our Board.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

None of our executive officers currently serves, or in the past fiscal year has served, as a member of the Board or compensation committee of any entity that has one or more executive officers serving on our Board or Compensation Committee.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

Prior to completion of this offering, we intend to adopt a code of business conduct and ethics that applies to all of our employees, officers and directors, including those officers responsible for financial reporting. Upon the closing of this offering, our code of business conduct and ethics will be available on our website. We intend to disclose any amendments to the code, or any waivers of its requirements, on our website or in public filings.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Unless we state otherwise or the context otherwise requires, in this Executive Compensation section the terms "Alignment Healthcare," "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC for the period up to this offering, and for all periods following this offering, to Alignment Healthcare, Inc.

This section discusses the material components of the executive compensation program for our Chief Executive Officer and our two other most highly compensated officers, who we refer to as our "Named Executive Officers." For the year ended December 31, 2020, our Named Executive Officers and their positions were as follows:

- John E. Kao, President and Chief Executive Officer and Director;
- Dawn Maroney, President, Consumer and Markets; and
- Thomas Freeman, Chief Financial Officer.

This discussion may contain forward-looking statements that are based on our current plans, considerations, expectations and determinations regarding future compensation programs. Actual compensation programs that we adopt in the future may differ materially from the currently planned programs summarized in this discussion.

Summary Compensation Table

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary _(\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	Non- Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
John E. Kao	2020							
President and Chief Executive Officer								
Dawn Maroney	2020							
President, Consumer and Markets								
Thomas Freeman Chief Financial Officer	2020							

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End

The following table summarizes, for each of the Named Executive Officers, the number of shares of our common stock underlying awards of stock appreciation rights and incentive units as of December 31, 2020.

		Option Awards					Stock Awards			
							Market	Equity Incentive Plan	Equity Incentive Plan Awards:	
							Value	Awards:	Market	
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised	Option		Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have	of Shares or Units of Stock That Have	Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That	or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That	
	Options	Options	Unearned	Exercise	Option	Not	Not	Have Not	Have Not	
	_ (#)	(#)	Options	Price	Expiration	Vested	Vested	Vested	Vested	
Name L. L. D. IV	Exercisable	Unexercisable	(#)	(\$)	Date	(#)	(\$)	(#)	(\$)	
John E. Kao										

Dawn Maroney
Thomas Freeman

Emerging Growth Company Status

As an emerging growth company, we are currently exempt from certain requirements related to executive compensation, including the requirements to hold a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and to provide information relating to the ratio of total compensation of our Chief Executive Officer to the median of the annual total compensation of all of our employees, each as required by the Investor Protection and Securities Reform Act of 2010, which is part of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

Employment, Severance and Change of Control Arrangements

Employment Agreements

We have entered into an employment agreement with each of our Named Executive Officers, each of which provides for an initial three-year term (with automatic one-year renewals) and sets forth the executive's initial annual base salary and target and maximum bonus opportunities, among other terms and conditions.

The employment agreements with Mr. Kao, Ms. Maroney and Mr. Freeman provide for an initial annual base salary of \$350,000, \$300,000 and \$250,000, respectively. In addition, each employment agreement provides for an annual cash incentive bonus with an initial target and maximum bonus opportunity equal to 25.0% and 50.0% of base salary, respectively. Ms. Maroney's employment agreement initially provided for a commission payment program, however, such program is no longer applicable and Ms. Maroney is currently eligible to receive an annual cash incentive bonus.

Mr. Kao's base salary for 2020 was \$675,000, Ms. Maroney's base salary for 2020 was \$500,000 and Mr. Freeman's base salary for 2020 was \$400,000. Mr. Kao's bonus target for 2020 was \$337,500, Ms. Maroney's bonus target for 2020 was \$175,000 and Mr. Freeman's bonus target for 2020 was \$140,000. Our annual cash incentive compensation is further described under the heading "Non-Equity Incentive Compensation" below.

Each of the employment agreements provide that upon a termination of employment by the Company without "cause", a resignation by the executive for "good reason" (each as defined therein), or a termination of employment due to the delivery of a notice of nonrenewal by the Company to the executive, in each case subject to the execution and delivery of a release of claims and the executive's continued compliance with restrictive covenants (as described below), each of Mr. Kao, Ms. Maroney and Mr. Freeman will receive the following severance payments and benefits: (i) continuation of base salary for 12 months (or 24 months, for Mr. Kao), (ii) a lump sum payment equal to annual cash incentive bonus with respect to the calendar year in which the termination occurs, based on actual performance and, for Ms. Maroney and Mr. Freeman, prorated based on the number of months the executive was employed during the year of termination, and (iii) one-year of COBRA benefits.

Each employment agreement contains the following restrictive covenants: (i) non-competition during employment, (ii) non-solicitation of employees or customers during employment and for one year following termination, (iii) perpetual non-disparagement, and (iv) perpetual confidentiality. In connection with the offering, we anticipate entering into new employment agreements with our Named Executive Officers.

Non-Equity Incentive Compensation

For 2020, our Named Executive Officers were eligible to receive an annual cash incentive award. Performance was assessed against goals and targets that were established for the fiscal year by our Board in the first quarter of 2020. Each performance goal was assigned a "target" level of performance and included a "max" level at which the award opportunity was capped. Achievement of the target performance level would earn the target award, and achievement at the max performance level would earn a multiple of the target opportunity. Achievements falling below the target or between the target and max levels would result in a pro-rated payout. The performance goals used to determine cash incentive awards for 2020 were based on financial targets (including revenue and EBITDA), member count targets and certain operational and clinical objectives.

Equity Incentive Compensation

Incentive Units

Alignment Partners has granted incentive units to certain key employees of the Company, which are governed by the terms of the individual award agreement documenting the grant and the Third Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of Alignment Partners, dated as of February 28, 2020 (the "Partnership Agreement"). The incentive units are intended to qualify as "profits interests" for federal income tax purposes. As of November 19, 2020, 21,313,621.53 incentive units had been issued and are outstanding pursuant to the Partnership Agreement, and an additional 277,968.62 were authorized for future issuance pursuant to the Partnership Agreement.

Vesting

Unless otherwise provided in an individual award agreement, a specified percentage of each grant of incentive units will be fully-vested-upon-grant, a specified percentage will vest based on service, and the remaining percentage will vest based on the occurrence of a "change of control". The service-based incentive units generally vest 25% on the first four anniversaries of the applicable vesting commencement date, subject to the employee's continued employment or service on each such vesting date; provided, that with respect to certain prior grants of incentive units to members of our management team in 2014, 25% of the service-based incentive units vested upon issuance. Change of control is defined in the incentive unit award agreement as the first to occur of any of the following with respect to Alignment Partners, the Company or Alignment Healthcare USA,

LLC: (i) the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of such entity, (ii) the liquidation or dissolution of Alignment Partners, except in connection with an initial public offering, or (iii) the consummation of any transaction in which any person becomes the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the voting interests of such entity.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in connection with the offering, (i) all transaction-based incentive units will vest upon the later of (x) the four-year anniversary of the applicable date of grant, or (y) 50% on the first anniversary of the offering and 50% on the second anniversary of the offering, in each case, subject to continued employment or service on each such vesting date, and (ii) all unvested service-based incentive units will remain outstanding following the initial public offering, subject to the applicable employee's vesting schedule.

Restrictive Covenants

Incentive unit holders are subject to the following restrictive covenants, which are found in the Partnership Agreement: (i) non-competition, (ii) non-solicitation and non-hire of employees, (iii) non-inducement of customers, and (iv) non-disparagement, in each case, during employment and for two years following dissociation from Alignment Partners or dissolution of Alignment Partners, provided that any person is deriving title to Alignment Partners' business or its goodwill carries on a like business. In addition, incentive unit holders are subject to a perpetual confidentiality covenant, which is also found in the Partnership Agreement.

Stock Appreciation Rights Plan

The Company maintains the Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC Stock Appreciation Rights Plan, effective as of December 14, 2014 (the "SAR Plan"), which provides for the grant of stock appreciation rights ("SARs") to key employees of the Company. A SAR is a phantom equity interest that allows the grantee to share in the appreciation of our business above a certain threshold, and represents the right to receive cash equal to the excess of (i) the aggregate fair market value of a portion of the equity interests of the Company, over (y) the aggregate applicable exercise price. The threshold price for each SAR grant is the fair market value of the Company's business as of the applicable date of grant. As of November 19, 2020, 179,925 SARs had been issued and are outstanding under the SAR Plan, and an additional 170,075 were authorized for future issuance under the SAR Plan. Awards of SARs are governed by the terms of the SAR Plan and the individual award letter documenting the grant.

Vesting

Unless otherwise provided in an individual award letter, each grant of SARs vests 80% based on service and 20% based on the occurrence of a "change of control" (change of control under the SAR Plan is generally defined in the same manner as in the incentive unit award agreement, as described above). The service-based SARs vest 25% on the first four anniversaries of the applicable grant date, subject to the employee's continued employment on each such vesting date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in connection with this offering, (i) all transaction-based SARs will vest 50% on the first anniversary of this offering and 50% on the second anniversary of this offering, in each case, subject to continued employment or service on each such vesting date, and (ii) all unvested service-based SARs will continue to vest in accordance with the applicable employee's vesting schedule.

Settlement and Payment

Vested SARs are automatically settled and paid upon the earlier of a change of control or initial public offering, provided that such event occurs on or prior to December 31, 2024. Upon settlement of SARs following a change of control, employees may receive cash or marketable securities. Upon settlement of SARs following an initial public offering, employees may receive cash, marketable securities, or shares of the new publicly traded company. The Board may delay payment for SARs so that the employee is paid at the same time that equity

holders are paid in connection with a change of control, or in order to reflect any restrictions that apply to trading by employees following an initial public offering. In connection with the offering, it is anticipated that the SARs will be converted into the economic equivalent of shares of common stock of the Company.

Restrictive Covenants

Grantees under the SAR Plan are subject to the following restrictive covenants: (i) non-competition during employment, (ii) non-solicitation of employees or customers during employment and for one year following termination, (iii) perpetual non-disparagement, and (iv) perpetual confidentiality.

Summary of the Omnibus Incentive Plan

Prior to the consummation of this offering, we anticipate that our Board will adopt, and our shareholders will approve, an omnibus incentive plan (the "2021 Plan"), pursuant to which employees, consultants and directors of our company and our affiliates performing services for us, including our executive officers, will be eligible to receive awards. We anticipate that the 2021 Plan will provide for the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted shares, dividend equivalents, other stock-based awards (including RSUs) and performance awards intended to align the interests of participants with those of our shareholders. The following description of the 2021 Plan is based on the form we anticipate will be adopted, but since the 2021 Plan has not yet been adopted, the provisions remain subject to change. As a result, the following description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the final 2021 Plan once adopted, a copy of which in substantially final form will be filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Share Reserve

An aggregate of shares of our common stock will initially be available for issuance under the 2021 Plan. The number of shares initially available for issuance will be increased on January 1 of each calendar year beginning in 2022 and ending in and including 2031 by an amount equal to the lesser of (A) % of the shares of common stock outstanding on the final day of the immediately preceding calendar year and (B) a smaller number of shares determined by our Board. No more than shares of common stock may be issued under the 2021 Plan upon the exercise of incentive stock options. Shares issued under the 2021 Plan may be authorized but unissued shares or treasury shares.

If an award under the 2021 Plan expires, terminates, or is forfeited, settled in cash, or canceled without having been fully exercised, any unused shares subject to the award will be available for new grants under the 2021 Plan. With respect to stock appreciation rights settled in shares, upon settlement, only the number of shares delivered to a participant will count against the share reserve. If shares issuable upon exercise, vesting, or settlement of an award are surrendered or tendered to the Company in payment of the purchase or exercise price of an award or any taxes required to be withheld in respect of an award, in each case, in accordance with the terms of the 2021 Plan, such surrendered or tendered shares will be added back to the share reserve. Awards granted under the 2021 Plan in substitution for any options or other stock or stock-based awards granted by an entity before the entity's merger or consolidation with us or our acquisition of the entity's property or stock will not reduce the shares available for grant under the 2021 Plan, but may count against the maximum number of shares that may be issued upon the exercise of incentive stock options ("ISOs").

Administration

The 2021 Plan will be administered by our Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee has the authority to construe and interpret the 2021 Plan, grant awards and make all other determinations necessary or advisable for the administration of the plan. Awards under the 2021 Plan may be made subject to "performance conditions" and other terms.

Eligibility

Our employees, consultants and directors, and employees, consultants and directors of our affiliates, will be eligible to receive awards under the 2021 Plan. The Compensation Committee will determine who will receive awards, and the terms and conditions associated with such award.

Term

The 2021 Plan will terminate ten years from the date our Board approves the plan, unless it is terminated earlier by our Board.

Non-Employee Director Award Limitation

The maximum value of awards granted during any calendar year to any non-employee director, taken together with any cash fees paid to that non-employee director during the calendar year and the value of awards granted to the non-employee director under any other compensation plan of the company or any affiliate during the calendar year, may not exceed \$\text{ in total value (based on the fair market value of the shares underlying the award as of the grant date for restricted stock and other share-based awards, and based on the grant date fair value for accounting purposes for stock options and SARs).

Stock Options

The 2021 Plan provides for the grant of ISOs only to our employees. All options other than ISOs may be granted to our employees, directors and consultants. The exercise price of each option to purchase stock must be at least equal to the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant. The exercise price of ISOs granted to 10% or more shareholders must be at least equal to 110% of that value. Options granted under the 2021 Plan may be exercisable at such times and subject to such terms and conditions as the Compensation Committee determines. The maximum term of options granted under the 2021 Plan is 10 years (five years in the case of ISOs granted to 10% or more shareholders).

Stock Appreciation Rights

Stock appreciation rights provide for a payment, or payments, in cash or common stock, to the holder based upon the difference between the fair market value of our common stock on the date of exercise and the stated exercise price of the stock appreciation right. The exercise price must be at least equal to the fair market value of our common stock on the date the stock appreciation right is granted. Stock appreciation rights may vest based on time or achievement of performance conditions, as determined by the Compensation Committee in its discretion.

Restricted Shares and RSUs

Restricted share awards are awards of nontransferable shares of our common stock that remain forfeitable unless and until specified conditions are met and which may be subject to payment of a purchase price. RSUs are contractual promises to deliver shares of our common stock in the future, which may also remain forfeitable unless and until specified conditions are met and may be accompanied by the right to receive the equivalent value of dividends paid on shares of our common stock prior to the delivery of the underlying shares. The terms and conditions applicable to restricted shares and RSUs will be determined by the Compensation Committee, subject to the conditions and limitations contained in the 2021 Plan.

Performance Awards

A performance award is an award that becomes payable upon the attainment of specific performance goals. A performance award may become payable in cash or in shares of our common stock. These awards are subject to forfeiture prior to settlement due to termination of a participant's employment or failure to achieve the performance conditions.

Other Cash-Based Awards

The Compensation Committee may grant other cash-based awards to participants in amounts and on terms and conditions determined by them in their discretion. Cash-based awards may be granted subject to vesting conditions or awarded without being subject to conditions or restrictions.

Additional Provisions

Awards granted under the 2021 Plan may not be transferred in any manner other than by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and all such rights will be exercisable, during the participant's lifetime, only by the participant.

In the event of a change of control (as defined in the 2021 Plan), the Compensation Committee may, in its discretion, provide for any or all of the following actions: (i) awards may be continued, assumed or substituted with new rights, (ii) awards may be purchased for cash equal to the excess (if any) of the highest price per share of common stock paid in the change of control transaction over the aggregate exercise price of such awards, (iii) outstanding and unexercised stock options and stock appreciation rights may be terminated prior to the change of control (in which case holders of such unexercised awards would be given notice and the opportunity to exercise such awards), or (iv) any other determination as to the treatment of awards that the Compensation Committee may make. In the event of any change to our outstanding common stock or capital structure, such as a stock split, reverse stock split, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, combination, division, exchange, spin off, extraordinary cash or stock dividend or other relevant change in capitalization, all awards will be equitably adjusted or substituted to the extent necessary to preserve the economic intention of such awards.

IPO Grants

We may issue restricted shares to certain employees or directors pursuant to the terms of our new 2021 Plan upon the completion of this offering. Such restricted shares will vest 25% on the first four anniversaries of the applicable grant date. Upon the pricing of this offering, we may also award options to purchase shares of common stock to certain employees or directors with an exercise price set at the initial public offering price. The options awarded upon the pricing of the offering will be contingent upon the closing of the offering, and such options will vest 25% on the first four anniversaries of the applicable grant date.

401(k) Plan

We maintain a tax-qualified retirement plan that provides all regular employees with an opportunity to save for retirement on a tax-advantaged basis. Under our 401(k) plan, participants may elect to defer a portion of their compensation on a pre-tax or after-tax basis and have it contributed to the plan subject to applicable annual limits under the Code. The Company makes a matching contribution on 100% of employee deferrals up to 4% of the eligible employee's compensation eligible for deferral. Contributions are allocated to each participant's individual account and are then invested in selected investment alternatives according to the participants' directions. Employee elective deferrals and matching contributions are 100% vested at all times. As a U.S.

tax-qualified retirement plan, contributions to the 401(k) plan and earnings on those contributions are not taxable to the employees until distributed from the 401(k) plan and employer matching contributions are deductible by us when made.

Non-Employee Director Compensation

The following table summarizes, for each member of our Board that is not also an employee of the Company, the compensation received by such director for the year ended December 31, 2020. In addition, Mr. Andy Slavitt formerly served as a director of the Company. Mr. Slavitt did not receive director compensation in 2020 but did receive \$ for consulting services in 2020.

	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash	Stock Awards	Option Awards	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation	All Other Compensation	Total
Name	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Thomas Carella						
David Hodgson						
Joseph Konowiecki						
Jacqueline Kosecoff						
Jeffrey Margolis						
Mark McClellan						
Robbert Vorhoff						

PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS

The following table sets forth information about the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of Corporate Conversion and as adjusted to reflect the sale of the common stock in this offering, for

- each person or group known to us who beneficially owns more than 5% of our common stock immediately prior to this offering;
- each of our directors;
- each of our named executive officers; and
- all of our directors and executive officers as a group.

Each shareholder's percentage ownership before the offering is based on common stock outstanding as of , 2021 after giving effect to the Corporate Conversion. Each shareholder's percentage ownership after the offering is based on common stock outstanding immediately after the completion of this offering. We have granted the underwriters an option to purchase up to additional shares of common stock.

Beneficial ownership for the purposes of the following table is determined in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. These rules generally provide that a person is the beneficial owner of securities if such person has or shares the power to vote or direct the voting thereof, or to dispose or direct the disposition thereof or has the right to acquire such powers within 60 days. Common stock subject to options that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of , 2021 are deemed to be outstanding and beneficially owned by the person holding the options. These shares, however, are not deemed outstanding for the purposes of computing the percentage ownership of any other person. Except as disclosed in the footnotes to this table and subject to applicable community property laws, we believe that each shareholder identified in the table possesses sole voting and investment power over all common stock shown as beneficially owned by the shareholder.

Unless otherwise noted below, the address of each beneficial owner listed on the table is c/o Alignment Healthcare, Inc. 1100 W. Town and Country Road, Suite 1600, Orange, California 92868. Beneficial ownership representing less than 1% is denoted with an asterisk (*).

			Shares	Beneficially Owned After	this Offering
	Shares Beneficially Owned Prior to this Offering			No exercise of underwriters' option	Full exercise of underwriters' option
Name of Beneficial Owner	Number of shares	Percentage	Number of shares	Percentage	Percentage
5% Stockholders:					
General Atlantic(1)		%		%	%
Warburg Pincus(2)					
Fidelity Investments(3)					
Directors and Named Executive Officers					
John Kao					
Dawn Maroney					
Thomas Freeman					
Joseph Konowiecki					
David Hodgson					
Mark McClellan					
Robbert Vorhoff					
Thomas Carella					
Jeffrey Margolis ⁽⁴⁾					
Jacqueline Kosecoff					

			Share	Shares Beneficially Owned After this Offering		
				No exercise of	Full exercise of	
	Shares Bene	ficially Owned		underwriters'	underwriters'	
	Prior to the	Prior to this Offering optic		<u>option</u>	option	
	Number	_	Number		·	
Name of Beneficial Owner	of shares	Percentage	of shares	Percentage	Percentage	
Directors and executive officers						
as a group (individuals)		%		%	%	

- (1) The limited partners that share beneficial ownership of the shares held by General Atlantic (ALN HLTH), L.P. are the following General Atlantic investment funds (the "GA Funds"): General Atlantic Partners 95, L.P. ("GAP 95"), GAP Coinvestments III, LLC ("GAPCO III"), GAP Coinvestments IV, LLC ("GAPCO IV"), GAP Coinvestments V, LLC ("GAPCO V") and GAP Coinvestments CDA, L.P. ("GAPCO CDA"). The general partner of General Atlantic (ALN HLTH), L.P. is General Atlantic (SPV) GP, LLC ("GA SPV"). The general partner of GAP 95 is General Atlantic GenPar, L.P. ("GA GenPar") and the general partner of GA GenPar is General Atlantic LLC ("GA LLC"). GA LLC is the managing member of GAPCO III, GAPCO IV and GAPCO V, the general partner of GAPCO CDA and is the sole member of GA SPV. There are eight members of the management committee of GA LLC (the "GA Management Committee"). GA LLC, GA GenPar, GA SPV, GAP 95, GAPCO III, GACO IV, GAPCO V and GAPCO CDA (collectively, the "GA Group") are a "group" within the meaning of Rule 13d-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Each of the members of the GA Management Committee disclaims ownership of the shares except to the extent that he has a pecuniary interest therein. The mailing address of the GA Group is c/o General Atlantic Service Company, L.P., 55 East 52nd Street, 33rd Floor, New York, NY 10055.
- (2) Includes shares held by (i) Warburg Pincus Private Equity XII, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("WP XII"), (ii) Warburg Pincus Private Equity XII-B, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("WP XII-B"), (iii) Warburg Pincus Private Equity XII-D, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("WP XII-D"), (iv) Warburg Pincus Private Equity XII-E, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("WP XII Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("WP XII Partners"), (vi) Warburg Pincus XII Partners, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("Warburg Pincus XII Partners" and, together with WP XII, WP XII-B, WP XII-D, WP XII-E, and WP XII Partners, the "WP XII Funds"). Warburg Pincus XII, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("WP XII GP"), is the general partner of the WP XII Funds. WP Global LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("WP Global"), is the general partner of WP XII GP. Warburg Pincus Partners II, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership ("WPP II"), is the managing member of WP Global. Warburg Pincus Partners GP LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("WPP GP"), is the general partner of WPP II. Warburg Pincus & Co., a New York general partnership ("WP"), is the managing member of WPP GP. Warburg Pincus LLC, a New York limited liability company ("WP LLC") is a registered investment adviser and the manager of the WP XII Funds. Investment and voting decisions with respect to the shares held by the WP XII Funds are made by a committee comprised of three or more individuals and all members of such committee disclaim beneficial ownership of the shares. The address of the WP LLC, WP, WPP GP, WPP II, WP Global, WP XII GP, and the WP XII Funds is 450 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10017. All indirect holders of the above referenced shares disclaim beneficial ownership of all applicable shares except to the extent of their pecuniary interest therein.
- Includes shares held directly by Fidelity Mt, Vernon Street Trust: Fidelity Series Growth Company Fund, Fidelity Mt. Vernon Street Trust: Fidelity Growth Company Fund, Fidelity Growth Company Commingled Pool, Fidelity Mt. Vernon Street Trust: Fidelity Growth Company K6 Fund, Fidelity Securities Fund: Fidelity Blue Chip Growth Commingled Pool, Fidelity Securities Fund: Fidelity Flex Large Cap Growth Fund, Fidelity Securities Fund: Fidelity Blue Chip Growth K6 Fund, Fidelity Blue Chip Growth Institutional Trust, Fidelity Securities Fund: Fidelity Series Blue Chip Growth Fund, FIAM Select Portfolios: Health Care Portfolios, Fidelity Advisors Series VII: Fidelity Advisor Health Care Fund, Variable Insurance Products Fund IV: Health Care Portfolio, and Fidelity Select Portfolios: Health Care Services Portfolio (collectively, the "Fidelity Funds"). The Fidelity Funds are managed by direct or indirect subsidiaries of FMR LLC. Abigail P. Johnson is a Director, the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer and the President of FMR LLC. Members of the Johnson family, including Abigail P.

Johnson, are the predominant owners, directly or through trusts, of Series B voting common shares of FMR LLC, representing 49% of the voting power of FMR LLC. The Johnson family group and all other Series B shareholders have entered into a shareholders' voting agreement under which all Series B voting common shares will be voted in accordance with the majority vote of Series B voting common shares. Accordingly, through their ownership of voting common shares and the execution of the shareholders' voting agreement, members of the Johnson family may be deemed, under the Investment Company Act of 1940, to form a controlling group with respect to FMR LLC. Neither FMR LLC nor Abigail P. Johnson has the sole power to vote or direct the voting of the shares owned directly by the Fidelity Funds advised by Fidelity Management & Research Company, LLC ("FMR Co"), a wholly owned subsidiary of FMR LLC, which power resides with the Fidelity Funds' Boards of Trustees. FMR Co carries out the voting of the shares under written guidelines established by the Fidelity Funds' Boards of Trustees. The address of FMR LLC and FRMC LLC is 88 Black Falcon Ave., Suite 167, V12F, Boston, Massachusetts 02210.

(4) Shares are held by the Margolis Family trust 12/23/98, of which Jeffrey Margolis is the trustee.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Prior to completion of this offering, we intend to adopt a policy with respect to the review, approval and ratification of related party transactions. Under the policy, our Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing and approving related person transactions. In the course of its review and approval of related party transactions, our Audit Committee will consider the relevant facts and circumstances to decide whether to approve such transactions. In particular, our policy requires our Audit Committee to consider, among other factors it deems appropriate:

- the related person's relationship to us and interest in the transaction;
- the material facts of the proposed transaction, including the proposed aggregate value of the transaction;
- the impact on a director's independence in the event the related person is a director or an immediate family member of the director;
- the benefits to us of the proposed transaction;
- if applicable, the availability of other sources of comparable products or services; and
- an assessment of whether the proposed transaction is on terms that are comparable to the terms available to an unrelated third party or to
 employees generally.

The Audit Committee may only approve those transactions that are in, or are not inconsistent with, our best interests and those of our shareholders, as the Audit Committee determines in good faith.

In addition, under of Code of Ethics, which will be adopted prior to the consummation of this offering, our employees and directors will have an affirmative responsibility to disclose any transaction or relationship that reasonably could be expected to give rise to a conflict of interest.

All of the transactions described below were entered into prior to the adoption of the Company's written Related Party Transactions Policy (which policy will be adopted prior to the consummation of this offering), but all were approved by our Board considering similar factors to those described above.

Related Party Transactions

Other than compensation arrangements for our directors and named executive officers, which are described in the sections of this prospectus titled "Management" and "Executive Compensation," below we describe transactions since January 1, 2017 to which we were a participant or will be a participant, in which:

- the amounts involved exceeded or will exceed \$120,000; and
- any of our directors, executive officers, or holders of more than 5% of our capital stock, or any member of the immediate family of, or person sharing the household with, the foregoing persons, had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

Indemnification of Officers and Directors

Upon completion of this offering, we intend to enter into indemnification agreements with each of our executive officers and directors. The indemnification agreements will provide the executive officers and directors with contractual rights to indemnification, expense advancement and reimbursement, to the fullest extent permitted under the DGCL. Additionally, we may enter into indemnification agreements with any new directors or officers that may be broader in scope than the specific indemnification provisions contained in Delaware law.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

General

Upon completion of this offering, our authorized capital stock will consist of shares of common stock, par value \$ per share, and shares of undesignated preferred stock, par value \$ per share. After the consummation of the Corporate Conversion and this offering and the use of proceeds therefrom, we expect to have shares of our common stock outstanding, assuming no exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares. The following description of our capital stock is intended as a summary only and is qualified in its entirety by reference to our certificate of incorporation and bylaws to be in effect at the closing of this offering, which are filed as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, and to the applicable provisions of the DGCL.

Common Stock

Dividend Rights. Subject to preferences that may apply to shares of preferred stock outstanding at the time, holders of outstanding shares of common stock will be entitled to receive dividends out of assets legally available at the times and in the amounts as our Board may determine from time to time.

Voting Rights. Each outstanding share of common stock will be entitled to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of shareholders. Holders of shares of our common stock shall have no cumulative voting rights.

Preemptive Rights. Our common stock will not be entitled to preemptive or other similar subscription rights to purchase any of our securities.

Conversion or Redemption Rights. Our common stock will be neither convertible nor redeemable.

Liquidation Rights. Upon our liquidation, the holders of our common stock will be entitled to receive pro rata our assets that are legally available for distribution, after payment of all debts and other liabilities and subject to the prior rights of any holders of preferred stock then outstanding.

Preferred Stock

Our Board may, without further action by our shareholders, from time to time, direct the issuance of shares of preferred stock in series and may, at the time of issuance, determine the designations, powers, preferences, privileges, and relative participating, optional or special rights as well as the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, including dividend rights, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption and liquidation preferences, any or all of which may be greater than the rights of the common stock. Satisfaction of any dividend preferences of outstanding shares of preferred stock would reduce the amount of funds available for the payment of dividends on shares of our common stock. Holders of shares of preferred stock may be entitled to receive a preference payment in the event of our liquidation before any payment is made to the holders of shares of our common stock. Under certain circumstances, the issuance of shares of preferred stock may render more difficult or tend to discourage a merger, tender offer or proxy contest, the assumption of control by a holder of a large block of our securities or the removal of incumbent management. Upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of directors then in office, our Board, without shareholder approval, may issue shares of preferred stock with voting and conversion rights which could adversely affect the holders of shares of our common stock and the market value of our common stock.

Anti-Takeover Effects of Our Certificate of Incorporation and Our Bylaws

Our certificate of incorporation, bylaws and the DGCL will contain provisions, which are summarized in the following paragraphs, that are intended to enhance the likelihood of continuity and stability in the composition of

our Board. These provisions are intended to avoid costly takeover battles, reduce our vulnerability to a hostile change of control and enhance the ability of our Board to maximize shareholder value in connection with any unsolicited offer to acquire us. However, these provisions may have an anti-takeover effect and may delay, deter or prevent a merger or acquisition of the Company by means of a tender offer, a proxy contest or other takeover attempt that a shareholder might consider in its best interest, including those attempts that might result in a premium over the prevailing market price for the shares of common stock held by shareholders.

These provisions include:

Classified Board. Our certificate of incorporation will provide that our Board will be divided into three classes of directors, with the classes as nearly equal in number as possible, and with the directors serving three-year terms. As a result, approximately one-third of our Board will be elected each year. The classification of directors will have the effect of making it more difficult for shareholders to change the composition of our Board. Our certificate of incorporation will also provide that, subject to any rights of holders of preferred stock to elect additional directors under specified circumstances, the number of directors will be fixed exclusively pursuant to a resolution adopted by our Board. Upon completion of this offering, we expect that our Board will have members.

Shareholder Action by Written Consent. Our certificate of incorporation will preclude shareholder action by written consent.

Special Meetings of Shareholders. Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws will provide that, except as required by law, special meetings of our shareholders may be called at any time only by or at the direction of our Board or the chairman of our Board. Our bylaws will prohibit the conduct of any business at a special meeting other than as specified in the notice for such meeting. These provisions may have the effect of deferring, delaying or discouraging hostile takeovers, or changes in control or management of the Company.

Advance Notice Procedures. Our bylaws establish advance-notice procedures with respect to shareholder proposals and the nomination of candidates for election as directors, other than nominations made by or at the direction of our Board or a committee of our Board. Shareholders at an annual meeting will only be able to consider proposals or nominations specified in the notice of meeting or brought before the meeting by or at the direction of our Board or by a shareholder who was a shareholder of record on the record date for the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has given our Secretary timely written notice, in proper form, of the shareholder's intention to bring that business before the meeting. Although the bylaws will not give our Board the power to approve or disapprove shareholder nominations of candidates or proposals regarding other business to be conducted at a special or annual meeting, the bylaws may have the effect of precluding the conduct of certain business at a meeting if the proper procedures are not followed or may discourage or deter a potential acquirer from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or otherwise attempting to obtain control of the Company.

Removal of Directors; Vacancies. Our certificate of incorporation will provide all directors may only be removed for cause, and only by the affirmative vote of holders of at least 66 2/3% in voting power of all the then-outstanding shares of stock of the Company entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class. In addition, our certificate of incorporation will also provide that, subject to the rights granted to one or more series of preferred stock then outstanding, any newly created directorship on our Board that results from an increase in the number of directors and any vacancy occurring on our Board may only be filled by a majority of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director (and not by the shareholders).

Supermajority Approval Requirements

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws will provide that our Board is expressly authorized to make, alter, amend, change, add to, rescind or repeal, in whole or in part, our bylaws without a shareholder vote in any

matter not inconsistent with the laws of the State of Delaware and our certificate of incorporation. Any amendment, alteration, rescission or repeal of our bylaws by our shareholders will require the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66 2/3% in voting power of all the then-outstanding shares of stock of the Company entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class.

The DGCL provides generally that the affirmative vote of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class, is required to amend a corporation's certificate of incorporation, unless the certificate of incorporation requires a greater percentage.

Our certificate of incorporation will provide that the following provisions in our certificate of incorporation may be amended, altered, repealed or rescinded only by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66 2/3% in voting power of all the then-outstanding shares of stock of the Company entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class:

- the provision requiring a 66 2/3% supermajority vote for shareholders to amend our bylaws;
- the provisions providing for a classified board of directors (the election and term of our directors);
- the provisions regarding resignation and removal of directors;
- the provisions regarding entering into business combinations with interested shareholders;
- the provisions regarding shareholder action by written consent;
- the provisions regarding calling special meetings of shareholders;
- the provisions regarding filling vacancies on our Board and newly created directorships;
- the provision establishing the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware as the exclusive forum for certain litigation;
- the provisions eliminating monetary damages for breaches of fiduciary duty by a director; and
- the amendment provision requiring that the above provisions be amended only with a 66 2/3% supermajority vote.

The combination of the classification of our Board, the lack of cumulative voting and the supermajority voting requirements will make it more difficult for our existing shareholders to replace our Board as well as for another party to obtain control of us by replacing our Board. Because our Board has the power to retain and discharge our officers, these provisions could also make it more difficult for existing shareholders or another party to effect a change in management.

Authorized but Unissued Shares. Our authorized but unissued shares of common stock and preferred stock will be available for future issuance without shareholder approval, subject to stock exchange rules. These additional shares may be utilized for a variety of corporate purposes, including future public offerings to raise additional capital, corporate acquisitions and employee benefit plans. One of the effects of the existence of authorized but unissued common stock or preferred stock may be to enable our Board to issue shares to persons friendly to current management, which issuance could render more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of the Company by means of a merger, tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise, and thereby protect the continuity of our management and possibly deprive our shareholders of opportunities to sell their shares of common stock at prices higher than prevailing market prices.

Business Combinations. Upon completion of this offering, we will not be subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the DGCL. In general, Section 203 prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested shareholder" for a three-year period following the time that the person becomes an interested shareholder, unless the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner. A "business combination" includes, among other things, a merger, asset or stock sale or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested shareholder. An "interested shareholder" is a person who, together with

affiliates and associates, owns, or did own within three years prior to the determination of interested shareholder status, 15% or more of the corporation's voting stock.

Under Section 203, a business combination between a corporation and an interested shareholder is prohibited unless it satisfies one of the following conditions: (1) before the shareholder became an interested shareholder, the board of directors approved either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the shareholder becoming an interested shareholder; (2) upon consummation of the transaction which resulted in the shareholder becoming an interested shareholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the voting stock outstanding, shares owned by persons who are directors and also officers, and employee stock plans, in some instances; or (3) at or after the time the shareholder became an interested shareholder, the business combination was approved by the board of directors and authorized at an annual or special meeting of the shareholders by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding voting stock which is not owned by the interested shareholder.

A Delaware corporation may "opt out" of these provisions with an express provision in its original certificate of incorporation or an express provision in its certificate of incorporation or bylaws resulting from a shareholders' amendment approved by at least a majority of the outstanding voting shares.

We will opt out of Section 203; however, our certificate of incorporation will contain similar provisions providing that we may not engage in certain "business combinations" with any "interested shareholder" for a three-year period following the time that the shareholder became an interested shareholder, unless:

- prior to such time, our Board approved either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the shareholder becoming an interested shareholder;
- upon consummation of the transaction that resulted in the shareholder becoming an interested shareholder, the interested shareholder owned at least 85% of our voting stock outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding certain shares; or
- at or subsequent to that time, the business combination is approved by our Board and by the affirmative vote of holders of at least 66 2/3% of our outstanding voting stock that is not owned by the interested shareholder.

Under certain circumstances, this provision will make it more difficult for a person who would be an "interested shareholder" to effect various business combinations with the Company for a three-year period. This provision may encourage companies interested in acquiring the Company to negotiate in advance with our Board because the shareholder approval requirement would be avoided if our Board approves either the business combination or the transaction which results in the shareholder becoming an interested shareholder. These provisions also may have the effect of preventing changes in our Board and may make it more difficult to accomplish transactions which shareholders may otherwise deem to be in their best interests.

Dissenters' Rights of Appraisal and Payment

Under the DGCL, with certain exceptions, our shareholders will have appraisal rights in connection with a merger or consolidation of us. Pursuant to the DGCL, shareholders who properly request and perfect appraisal rights in connection with such merger or consolidation will have the right to receive payment of the fair value of their shares as determined by the Delaware Court of Chancery.

Shareholders' Derivative Actions

Under the DGCL, any of our shareholders may bring an action in our name to procure a judgment in our favor, also known as a derivative action, provided that the shareholder bringing the action is a holder of our shares at the time of the transaction to which the action relates or such shareholder's stock thereafter devolved by operation of law.

Exclusive Forum

Our certificate of incorporation will provide that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (or, if the Court of Chancery does not have jurisdiction, the United States District Court for the District of Delaware) will be the sole and exclusive forum for (1) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf, (2) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers or other employees to us or our shareholders, (3) any action asserting a claim against the Company or any director or officer of the Company arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL, our certificate of incorporation or our bylaws or (4) any other action asserting a claim against the Company or any director or officer of the Company that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine; provided that for the avoidance of doubt, the forum selection provision that identifies the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware as the exclusive forum for certain litigation, including any "derivative action", will not apply to suits to enforce a duty or liability created by the Securities Act, the Exchange Act or any other claim for which there is exclusive federal or concurrent federal and state jurisdiction. Additionally, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States of America shall be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act. Although we believe these exclusive forum provisions benefit us by providing increased consistency in the application of Delaware law and federal securities laws in the types of lawsuits to which each applies, the exclusive forum provisions may limit a stockholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that it finds favorable for disputes with us or any of our directors, officers or stockholders, which may discourage lawsuits with respect to such claims. Our stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder as a result of our exclusive forum provisions. Further, in the event a court finds any such exclusive forum provision contained in our certificate of incorporation to be unenforceable or inapplicable in an action, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such action in other jurisdictions, which could harm our business, operating results and financial condition. Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of our capital stock will be deemed to have notice of and to have consented to the provisions of our certificate of incorporation described above. Although we believe these provisions benefit us by providing increased consistency in the application of Delaware law for the specified types of actions and proceedings, the provisions may have the effect of discouraging lawsuits against us or our directors and officers.

Conflicts of Interest

Delaware law permits corporations to adopt provisions renouncing any interest or expectancy in certain opportunities that are presented to the corporation or its officers, directors or shareholders. Our certificate of incorporation will, to the maximum extent permitted from time to time by Delaware law, renounce any interest or expectancy that we have in, or right to be offered an opportunity to participate in, specified business opportunities that are from time to time presented to certain of our officers, directors or shareholders or their respective affiliates, other than those officers, directors, shareholders or affiliates who are our or our subsidiaries' employees. Our certificate of incorporation will provide that, to the fullest extent permitted by law, none of Lead Sponsors or any director who is not employed by us (including any non-employee director who serves as one of our officers in both his director and officer capacities) or his or her affiliates will have any duty to refrain from (1) engaging in a corporate opportunity in the same or similar lines of business in which we or our affiliates now engage or propose to engage or (2) otherwise competing with us or our affiliates. In addition, to the fullest extent permitted by law, in the event that Lead Sponsors or any non-employee director acquires knowledge of a potential transaction or other business opportunity which may be a corporate opportunity for itself or its or his affiliates or for us or our affiliates, such person will have no duty to communicate or offer such transaction or business opportunity to us or any of our affiliates and they may take any such opportunity for themselves or offer it to another person or entity. Our certificate of incorporation will not renounce our interest in any business opportunity that is expressly offered to a non-employee director solely in his or her capacity as a director or officer of the Company. To the fullest extent permitted by law, no business opportunity will be deemed to be a potential corporate o

under our certificate of incorporation, we have sufficient financial resources to undertake the opportunity, and the opportunity would be in line with our business.

Limitations on Liability and Indemnification of Officers and Directors

The DGCL authorizes corporations to limit or eliminate the personal liability of directors to corporations and their shareholders for monetary damages for breaches of directors' fiduciary duties, subject to certain exceptions. Our certificate of incorporation will include a provision that eliminates the personal liability of directors for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except to the extent such exemption from liability or limitation thereof is not permitted under the DGCL. The effect of these provisions will be to eliminate the rights of us and our shareholders, through shareholders' derivative suits on our behalf, to recover monetary damages from a director for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, including breaches resulting from grossly negligent behavior. However, exculpation will not apply to any director if the director has acted in bad faith, knowingly or intentionally violated the law, authorized illegal dividends or redemptions or derived an improper benefit from his or her actions as a director.

Our bylaws will provide that we must indemnify and advance expenses to our directors and officers to the fullest extent authorized by the DGCL. We also will be expressly authorized to carry directors' and officers' liability insurance providing indemnification for our directors, officers and certain employees for some liabilities. We believe that these indemnification and advancement provisions and insurance will be useful to attract and retain qualified directors and officers.

The limitation of liability, indemnification and advancement provisions that will be included in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws may discourage shareholders from bringing a lawsuit against directors for breaches of their fiduciary duty. These provisions also may have the effect of reducing the likelihood of derivative litigation against directors and officers, even though such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit us and our shareholders. In addition, your investment may be adversely affected to the extent we pay the costs of settlement and damage awards against directors and officers pursuant to these indemnification provisions.

There is currently no pending material litigation or proceeding involving any of our directors, officers or employees for which indemnification is sought.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is . The transfer agent's address is and its phone number is .

Listing

We have applied to list our common stock on under the symbol "."

SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Before this offering, there has been no public market for our common stock. As described below, only a limited number of shares currently outstanding will be available for sale immediately after this offering due to contractual and legal restrictions on resale. Nevertheless, future sales of substantial amounts of our common stock, including shares issued upon the exercise of outstanding options, in the public market after this offering, or the perception that those sales may occur, could cause the prevailing market price for our common stock to fall or impair our ability to raise capital through sales of our equity securities.

Upon the closing of this offering, based on the number of shares of our common stock outstanding as of , 2021, we will have outstanding shares of our common stock, after giving effect to the Corporate Conversion and the issuance of shares of our common stock in this offering, assuming no exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares.

Of the shares that will be outstanding immediately after the closing of this offering, we expect that the shares to be sold in this offering will be freely tradable without restriction under the Securities Act unless purchased by our "affiliates," as that term is defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act. Shares purchased by our affiliates may not be resold except pursuant to an effective registration statement or an exemption from registration, including the safe harbor under Rule 144 of the Securities Act described below. In addition, following this offering, shares of common stock issuable pursuant to awards granted under certain of our equity plans that are covered by a registration statement on Form S-8 will be freely tradable in the public market, subject to certain contractual and legal restrictions described below.

The remaining shares of our common stock outstanding after this offering will be "restricted securities," as that term is defined in Rule 144 of the Securities Act, and we expect that substantially all of these restricted securities will be subject to the lock-up agreements described below. These restricted securities may be sold in the public market only if the sale is registered or pursuant to an exemption from registration, such as Rule 144 or Rule 701 of the Securities Act, which are summarized below.

Lock-up Agreements

We, each of our directors and executive officers and other shareholders owning all of our common stock, have agreed that, without the prior written consent of the representatives on behalf of the underwriters, we and they will not, subject to limited exceptions, directly or indirectly sell or dispose of any shares of common stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for shares of common stock for a period of 180 days after the date of this prospectus. The lock-up restrictions and specified exceptions are described in more detail under "Underwriting."

Following the lock-up periods set forth in the agreements described above, and assuming that the representatives of the underwriters do not release any parties from these agreements, all of the shares of our common stock that are restricted securities or are held by our affiliates as of the date of this prospectus will be eligible for sale in the public market in compliance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act.

Rule 144

In general, under Rule 144, beginning 90 days after we become subject to the public company reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, any person who is not our affiliate, who was not our affiliate at any time during the preceding three months and who has held their shares for at least six months, including the holding period of any prior owner other than one of our affiliates, may sell shares without restriction, subject to the availability of current public information about us and subject to applicable lock-up restrictions. If such a person has beneficially owned the shares proposed to be sold for at least one year, including the holding period of any prior owner other than one of our affiliates, then that person would be entitled to sell those shares without complying with any of the requirements of Rule 144.

Beginning 90 days after we become subject to the public company reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and subject to applicable lock-up restrictions, a person who is our affiliate or who was our affiliate at any time during the preceding three months and who has beneficially owned restricted securities for at least six months, including the holding period of any prior owner other than one of our affiliates, is entitled to sell a number of shares within any three-month period that does not exceed the greater of: (1) 1% of the number of shares of our common stock outstanding, which will equal approximately shares immediately after this offering; and (2) the average weekly trading volume of our common stock on during the four calendar weeks preceding the filing of a notice on Form 144 with respect to the sale.

Sales under Rule 144 by our affiliates are also subject to certain manner of sale provisions, notice requirements and to the availability of current public information about us.

Rule 701

In general, under Rule 701, any of our employees, directors or officers who acquired shares from us in connection with a compensatory stock or option plan or other compensatory written agreement before the effective date of this offering are, subject to applicable lock-up restrictions, eligible to resell such shares in reliance upon Rule 144 beginning 90 days after the date of this prospectus. If such person is not an affiliate and was not our affiliate at any time during the preceding three months, the sale may be made subject only to the manner-of-sale restrictions of Rule 144. If such a person is an affiliate, the sale may be made under Rule 144 without compliance with the holding period requirements under Rule 144, but subject to the other Rule 144 restrictions described above.

Equity Incentive Plans

Following this offering, we intend to file with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-8 under the Securities Act covering the shares of common stock that are subject to outstanding options and other awards issuable pursuant to the 2021 Plan. Shares covered by such registration statement will be available for sale in the open market following its effective date, subject to certain Rule 144 limitations applicable to affiliates and the terms of lock-up agreements applicable to those shares.

MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS

The following discussion is a summary of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences to Non-U.S. Holders (as defined below) of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock issued pursuant to this offering, but does not purport to be a complete analysis of all potential tax effects. The effects of other U.S. federal tax laws, such as estate and gift tax laws, and any applicable state, local or non-U.S. tax laws are not discussed. This discussion is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Treasury Regulations"), judicial decisions, and published rulings and administrative pronouncements of the Service, in each case as in effect as of the date hereof. These authorities may change or be subject to differing interpretations. Any such change or differing interpretation may be applied retroactively in a manner that could adversely affect a Non-U.S. Holder of our common stock. We have not sought and will not seek any rulings from the Service regarding the matters discussed below. There can be no assurance the Service or a court will not take a contrary position to those discussed below regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock.

This discussion is limited to Non-U.S. Holders that hold our common stock as a "capital asset" within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code. This discussion does not address all U.S. federal income tax consequences relevant to a Non-U.S. Holder's particular circumstances, including the impact of the Medicare tax on net investment income. In addition, it does not address consequences relevant to Non-U.S. Holders subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws, including, without limitation:

- U.S. expatriates and former citizens or long-term residents of the U.S.;
- persons subject to the alternative minimum tax;
- persons holding our common stock as part of a straddle or other risk reduction strategy or as part of a conversion transaction or other integrated investment;
- banks, insurance companies and other financial institutions;
- real estate investment trusts or regulated investment companies;
- brokers, dealers or traders in securities or currencies;
- "controlled foreign corporations," "passive foreign investment companies," and corporations that accumulate earnings to avoid U.S. federal income tax;
- partnerships or other entities or arrangements treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes (and investors therein);
- tax-exempt organizations or governmental organizations;
- persons deemed to sell our common stock under the constructive sale provisions of the Code;
- persons who hold or receive our common stock pursuant to the exercise of any employee stock option or otherwise as compensation;
- persons that own, or are deemed to own, more than five percent of our capital stock (except to the extent specifically set forth below);
- persons required to confirm the timing of income accruals to financial statements pursuant to section 451 of the Code;
- "qualified foreign pension funds" (within the meaning of Section 897(1)(2) of the Code and entities, all of the interests of which are held by qualified foreign pension funds); and
- tax-qualified retirement plans.

If any partnership or arrangement classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds our common stock, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will depend on the status of the partner, the activities of the partnership and certain determinations made at the partner level. Accordingly, partnerships holding our common stock and partners in such partnerships are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the purchase, ownership and disposition of shares of our common stock.

INVESTORS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS WITH RESPECT TO THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS RELATED TO THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF OUR COMMON STOCK IN LIGHT OF THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES, AS WELL AS ANY TAX CONSIDERATIONS RELATED TO THE U.S. FEDERAL ESTATE OR GIFT TAX LAWS OR UNDER THE APPLICABLE LAWS OF ANY STATE, LOCAL OR NON-U.S. TAXING AUTHORITY OR UNDER ANY APPLICABLE INCOME TAX TREATY.

Definition of a Non-U.S. Holder

For purposes of this discussion, a "Non-U.S. Holder" is any beneficial owner of our common stock that is neither a "United States person" nor an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes. A United States person is any person that, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, is or is treated as any of the following:

- an individual who is a citizen or resident of the U.S.;
- a corporation, or an entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized under the laws of the U.S. any state thereof, or the District of Columbia;
- an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income tax regardless of its source; or
- a trust (1) whose administration is subject to the primary supervision of a U.S. court and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or (2) that has a valid election in effect to be treated as a United States person for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Distributions

As described in the section entitled "Dividend Policy" we do not anticipate declaring or paying dividends to holders of our common stock in the foreseeable future. However, if we do make distributions of cash or property on our common stock, such distributions will constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. Amounts not treated as dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes will constitute a non-taxable return of capital up to (and will reduce, but not below zero) a Non-U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in its common stock. Any excess amounts will be treated as capital gain and will be treated as described below under "Sale or Other Taxable Disposition."

Subject to the discussions below on effectively connected income, backup withholding, and FATCA (as defined below) dividends paid to a Non-U.S. Holder of our common stock will be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax at a rate of 30% of the gross amount of the dividends (or such lower rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty, provided the Non-U.S. Holder furnishes to us or the applicable withholding agent prior to the payment of dividends a valid Service Form W-8BEN, W-8BEN-E or other applicable documentation (or, in each case, an appropriate successor form) certifying qualification for the lower income tax treaty rate). A Non-U.S. Holder that does not timely furnish the required documentation, but that qualifies for a reduced treaty rate, may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld by timely filing an appropriate claim for refund with the Service. Non-U.S. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding their entitlement to benefits under any applicable income tax treaty.

If dividends paid to a Non-U.S. Holder are effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the U.S. (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, the Non-U.S. Holder maintains a permanent establishment in the U.S. to which such dividends are attributable), the Non-U.S. Holder will be exempt from the U.S. federal withholding tax described above. To claim the exemption, the Non-U.S. Holder must furnish to the applicable withholding agent a valid Service Form W-8ECI (or an appropriate successor form), certifying that the dividends are effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the U.S.

Any such effectively connected dividends will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis at the regular graduated rates. A Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation also may be subject to a branch profits tax at a rate of 30% (or such lower rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty) on its effectively connected earnings and profits (as adjusted for certain items), which will include such effectively connected dividends. Non-U.S. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding any applicable tax treaties that may provide for different rules.

Sale or Other Taxable Disposition

Subject to the discussions below on backup withholding and the FATCA (as defined below), a Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on any gain realized upon the sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with the Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business within the U.S. (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, the Non-U.S. Holder maintains a permanent establishment in the U.S. to which such gain is attributable);
- the Non-U.S. Holder is a nonresident alien individual present in the U.S. for 183 days or more during the taxable year of the disposition and certain other requirements are met; or
- our common stock constitutes a U.S. real property interest (a "USRPI") by reason of our status as a U.S. real property holding corporation (a "USRPHC") for U.S. federal income tax purposes at any time within the shorter of (1) the five-year period preceding the Non-U.S. Holder's disposition of our common stock and (2) the Non-U.S. Holder's holding period for our common stock.

Gain described in the first bullet point above generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis at the regular graduated rates. A Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation also may be subject to a branch profits tax at a rate of 30% (or such lower rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty) on its effectively connected earnings and profits (as adjusted for certain items), which will include such effectively connected gain.

A Non-U.S. Holder described in the second bullet point above will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 30% (or such lower rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty) on any gain derived from the disposition, which may generally be offset by capital losses of the Non-U.S. Holder allocable to U.S. sources (even though the individual is not considered a resident of the U.S.), provided the Non-U.S. Holder has timely filed U.S. federal income tax returns with respect to such losses.

With respect to the third bullet point above, we believe we currently are not, and do not anticipate becoming, a USRPHC. Because the determination of whether we are a USRPHC depends, however, on the fair market value of our USRPIs relative to the fair market value of our non-U.S. real property interests and our other business assets, there can be no assurance we currently are not a USRPHC or will not become one in the future. Even if we are or were to become a USRPHC, gain arising from the sale or other taxable disposition by a Non-U.S. Holder of our common stock will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax if our common stock is "regularly traded on an established securities market," as defined by applicable Treasury Regulations, during the calendar year in which the disposition occurs and such Non-U.S. Holder owned, actually and constructively, five percent or less of our common stock throughout the shorter of (1) the five-year period ending on the date of the

sale or other taxable disposition or (2) the Non-U.S. Holder's holding period for our common stock. If we were to become a USRPHC and our common stock were not considered to be "regularly traded on an established securities market" during the calendar year in which the relevant disposition by a Non-U.S. Holder occurs, such Non-U.S. Holder (regardless of the percentage of stock owned) would be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock and a 15% withholding tax would apply to the gross proceeds from such disposition.

Non-U.S. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding potentially applicable income tax treaties that may provide for different rules.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Payments of dividends on our common stock generally will not be subject to backup withholding, provided the applicable withholding agent does not have actual knowledge or reason to know the Non-U.S. Holder is a United States person and the Non-U.S. Holder either certifies its non-U.S. status, such as by furnishing a valid Service Form W-8BEN, W-8BEN-E or W-8ECI (or, in each case, an appropriate successor form) or otherwise establishes an exemption. However, information returns are required to be filed with the Service in connection with any dividends on our common stock paid to the Non-U.S. Holder, regardless of whether any tax was actually withheld. In addition, proceeds of the sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock within the U.S. or conducted through certain U.S.-related brokers generally will not be subject to backup withholding or information reporting if the applicable withholding agent receives the certification described above and does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that such Non-U.S. Holder does not provide the certification described above or the applicable withholding agent has actual knowledge or reason to know that such Non-U.S. Holder is a United States person, payments of dividends or of proceeds of the sale or other taxable disposition of our common stock may be subject to backup withholding at a rate currently equal to 24% of the gross proceeds of such dividend, sale, or taxable disposition. Proceeds of a disposition of our common stock conducted through a non-U.S. broker generally will not be subject to backup withholding or information reporting.

Copies of information returns that are filed with the Service may also be made available under the provisions of an applicable treaty or agreement to the tax authorities of the country in which the Non-U.S. Holder resides or is established.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be allowed as a refund or a credit against a Non-U.S. Holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the required information is timely furnished to the Service.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act

Withholding taxes may be imposed under Sections 1471 to 1474 of the Code (such Sections commonly referred to as the "Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act" or "FATCA") on certain types of payments made to non-U.S. financial institutions and certain other non-U.S. entities. Specifically, a 30% withholding tax may be imposed on dividends on, or (in the future) gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of, our common stock paid to a "foreign financial institution" or a "non-financial foreign entity" (each as defined in the Code), unless (1) in the case of a foreign financial institution, certain diligence and reporting obligations are undertaken, (2) in the case of a non-financial foreign entity, the non-financial foreign entity either certifies it does not have any "substantial United States owners" (as defined in the Code) or furnishes identifying information regarding each of its direct and indirect substantial United States owners, or (3) the foreign financial institution or non-financial foreign entity otherwise qualifies for an exemption from these rules. If the payee is a foreign financial institution and is subject to the diligence and reporting requirements in (1) above, it must enter into an agreement with the U.S. Department of the Treasury requiring, among other things, that it undertake to identify

accounts held by certain "specified United States persons" or "United States-owned foreign entities" (each as defined in the Code), annually report certain information about such accounts, and withhold 30% on certain payments to noncompliant foreign financial institutions and certain other account holders. Foreign financial institutions located in jurisdictions that have an intergovernmental agreement with the U.S. governing FATCA may be subject to different rules.

Under the applicable Treasury Regulations and administrative guidance, withholding under FATCA generally applies to payments of dividends on our common stock. Proposed Treasury Regulations, which taxpayers may rely upon until final regulations are issued, eliminate withholding under FATCA on payments of gross proceeds.

Prospective investors are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the potential application of withholding under FATCA to their investment in our common stock.

UNDERWRITING

The Company and the underwriters named below have entered into an underwriting agreement with respect to the shares being offered. Subject to certain conditions, each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase the number of shares indicated in the following table. Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC and Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC are the representatives of the underwriters.

<u>Underwriters</u>	Number of Shares
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC	
Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC	
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC	
BofA Securities, Inc.	
William Blair & Company, L.L.C.	
UBS Securities LLC	
Piper Sandler & Co.	
Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated	
Total	

The underwriters are committed to take and pay for all of the shares being offered, if any are taken, other than the shares covered by the option described below unless and until this option is exercised.

The underwriters have an option to buy up to an additional shares from the Company to cover sales by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than the total number set forth in the table above. They may exercise that option for 30 days. If any shares are purchased pursuant to this option, the underwriters will severally purchase shares in approximately the same proportion as set forth in the table above.

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions to be paid to the underwriters by the Company. Such amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares.

Paid by the Company

	No Exercise	Full Exercise
Per Share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

Shares sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus. Any shares sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount of up to \$ per share from the initial public offering price. After the initial offering of the shares, the representatives may change the offering price and the other selling terms. The offering of the shares by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part.

The underwriters have informed us that they do not intend sales to discretionary accounts to exceed 5% of the total number of shares of common stock offered by them.

The Company and its officers, directors and shareholders have agreed with the underwriters, subject to certain exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any of their common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of common stock during the period from the date of this prospectus continuing through the date 180 days after the date of this prospectus, except with the prior written consent of the representatives. This agreement does not apply to any existing employee benefit plans. See "Shares Available for Future Sale" for a discussion of certain transfer restrictions.

The restrictions in the immediately preceding paragraph with respect to our officers, directors and shareholders are subject to certain exceptions and will not apply to transfers of shares of common stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of common stock (i) as a bona fide gift or gifts, provided that the donee or donees thereof agree to be bound in writing by the restrictions set forth in the lock-up agreement, (ii) to any trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the undersigned or the immediate family of the undersigned, provided that the trustee of the trust agrees to be bound in writing by the restrictions set forth in the lock-up agreement, and provided further that any such transfer shall not involve a disposition for value; provided further than in the case of a transfer or distribution pursuant to clause (i) or (ii), no filing under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act, reporting a reduction in beneficial ownership of shares of common stock, shall be required or shall be voluntarily made during the restricted period, or (iii) with the prior written consent of the representatives on behalf of the underwriters. For purposes of the lock-up agreement, "immediate family" shall mean any relationship by blood, marriage or adoption, not more remote than first cousin. In addition, notwithstanding the foregoing, if the signatory to the lock-up agreement is a corporation, the corporation may transfer the capital stock of the Company to any wholly-owned subsidiary of such corporation; provided, however, that in any such case, it shall be a condition to the transferee execute an agreement stating that the transferee is receiving and holding such capital stock subject to the provisions of the lock-up agreement and there shall be no further transfer of such capital stock except in accordance with the lock-up agreement, provided further that any such transfer shall not involve a disposition for value, and provided further that and no filing under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act, reporting

Prior to the offering, there has been no public market for the shares. The initial public offering price has been negotiated among the Company and the representatives. Among the factors to be considered in determining the initial public offering price of the shares, in addition to prevailing market conditions, will be the Company's historical performance, estimates of the business potential and earnings prospects of the Company, an assessment of the Company's management and the consideration of the above factors in relation to market valuation of companies in related businesses.

An application has been made to list the common stock on the under the symbol " ". In order to meet one of the requirements for listing the common stock on the , the underwriters have undertaken to sell lots of 100 or more shares to a minimum of 400 beneficial holders.

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell shares of common stock in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than they are required to purchase in the offering, and a short position represents the amount of such sales that have not been covered by subsequent purchases. A "covered short position" is a short position that is not greater than the amount of additional shares for which the underwriters' option described above may be exercised. The underwriters may cover any covered short position by either exercising their option to purchase additional shares or purchasing shares in the open market. In determining the source of shares to cover the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase additional shares pursuant to the option described above. "Naked" short sales are any short sales that create a short position greater than the amount of additional shares for which the option described above may be exercised. The underwriters must cover any such naked short position by purchasing shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common stock in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of various bids for or purchases of common stock made by the underwriters in the open market prior to the completion of the offering.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased shares sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Purchases to cover a short position and stabilizing transactions, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for their own accounts, may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the Company's stock, and together with the imposition of the penalty bid, may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the common stock. As a result, the price of the common stock may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. The underwriters are not required to engage in these activities and may end any of these activities at any time. These transactions may be effected on the

The Company estimates that its share of the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$. The Company has agreed to reimburse the underwriters for expenses relating to clearance of this offering with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") up to \$.

The Company has agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on websites maintained by one or more underwriters participating in this offering. The representatives may agree to allocate a number of shares of common stock to underwriters for sale to their online brokerage account holders. Internet distributions will be allocated by the representatives to underwriters that may make Internet distributions on the same basis as other allocations.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include sales and trading, commercial and investment banking, advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, market making, brokerage and other financial and non-financial activities and services. Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates have provided, and may in the future provide, a variety of these services to the issuer and to persons and entities with relationships with the issuer, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates, officers, directors and employees may purchase, sell or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade securities, derivatives, loans, commodities, currencies, credit default swaps and other financial instruments for their own account and for the accounts of their customers, and such investment and trading activities may involve or relate to assets, securities and/or instruments of the issuer (directly, as collateral securing other obligations or otherwise) and/or persons and entities with relationships with the issuer. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments.

European Economic Area and United Kingdom

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area and the United Kingdom (each a "Relevant State"), no shares of common stock (the "Shares") have been offered or will be offered pursuant to the offering to the public in that Relevant State prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to the Shares which has been approved by the competent authority in that Relevant State or, where appropriate, approved in another Relevant State and notified to the competent authority in that Relevant State, all in accordance with the Prospectus Regulation, except that it may make an offer to the public in that Relevant State of any Shares at any time under the following exemptions under the Prospectus Regulation:

(a) to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined under the Prospectus Regulation;

- (b) to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined under the Prospectus Regulation), subject to obtaining the prior consent of the representatives for any such offer; or
- (c) in any other circumstances falling within Article 1(4) of the Prospectus Regulation,

provided that no such offer of the Shares shall require the Issuer or any underwriter to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Regulation or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer to the public" in relation to the Shares in any Relevant State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and any Shares to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for any Shares, and the expression "Prospectus Regulation" means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129

United Kingdom

Each underwriter severally represents, warrants and agrees that:

- (a) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (FSMA)) in connection with the issue or sale of the Shares in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of FSMA does not apply to the Issuer; and
- (b) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Shares in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Canada

The securities may be sold in Canada only to purchasers purchasing, or deemed to be purchasing, as principal that are accredited investors, as defined in National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus Exemptions or subsection 73.3(1) of the Securities Act (Ontario), and are permitted clients, as defined in National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions, and Ongoing Registrant Obligations. Any resale of the securities must be made in accordance with an exemption form, or in a transaction not subject to, the prospectus requirements of applicable securities laws.

Securities legislation in certain provinces or territories of Canada may provide a purchaser with remedies for rescission or damages if this offering memorandum (including any amendment thereto) contains a misrepresentation, provided that the remedies for rescission or damages are exercised by the purchaser within the time limit prescribed by the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory. The purchaser should refer to any applicable provisions of the securities legislation of the purchaser's province or territory of these rights or consult with a legal advisor.

Pursuant to section 3A.3 of National Instrument 33-105 Underwriting Conflicts (NI 33-105), the underwriters are not required to comply with the disclosure requirements of NI 33-105 regarding underwriter conflicts of interest in connection with this offering.

Hong Kong

The shares may not be offered or sold in Hong Kong by means of any document other than (i) in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance") or which do not constitute an invitation to the public within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("Securities and Futures Ordinance"), or (ii) to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance and any rules

made thereunder, or (iii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance, and no advertisement, invitation or document relating to the shares may be issued or may be in the possession of any person for the purpose of issue (in each case whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere), which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to shares which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" in Hong Kong as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance and any rules made thereunder.

Singapore

This prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the shares may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the shares be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor (as defined under Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "SFA")) under Section 274 of the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA) pursuant to Section 275(1) of the SFA, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A) of the SFA, and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA, in each case subject to conditions set forth in the SFA.

Where the shares are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor, the securities (as defined in Section 239(1) of the SFA) of that corporation shall not be transferable for 6 months after that corporation has acquired the shares under Section 275 of the SFA except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA), (2) where such transfer arises from an offer in that corporation's securities pursuant to Section 275(1A) of the SFA, (3) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer, (4) where the transfer is by operation of law, (5) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA, or (6) as specified in Regulation 32 of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Shares and Debentures) Regulations 2005 of Singapore ("Regulation 32")

Where the shares are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an accredited investor, the beneficiaries' rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferable for 6 months after that trust has acquired the shares under Section 275 of the SFA except: (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA or to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA), (2) where such transfer arises from an offer that is made on terms that such rights or interest are acquired at a consideration of not less than S\$200,000 (or its equivalent in a foreign currency) for each transaction (whether such amount is to be paid for in cash or by exchange of securities or other assets), (3) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer, (4) where the transfer is by operation of law, (5) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA, or (6) as specified in Regulation 32.

Japan

The securities have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Act No. 25 of 1948, as amended), or the FIEA. The securities may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to or for the benefit of any resident of Japan (including any person resident in Japan or any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan) or to others for reoffering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to or for the benefit of any resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the FIEA and otherwise in compliance with any relevant laws and regulations of Japan.

Dubai International Financial Centre ("DIFC")

This document relates to an Exempt Offer in accordance with the Markets Rules 2012 of the Dubai Financial Services Authority ("DFSA"). This document is intended for distribution only to persons of a type specified in the Markets Rules 2012 of the DFSA. It must not be delivered to, or relied on by, any other person. The DFSA has no responsibility for reviewing or verifying any documents in connection with Exempt Offers. The DFSA has not approved this prospectus supplement nor taken steps to verify the information set forth herein and has no responsibility for this document. The securities to which this document relates may be illiquid and/or subject to restrictions on their resale. Prospective purchasers of the securities offered should conduct their own due diligence on the securities. If you do not understand the contents of this document you should consult an authorized financial advisor.

In relation to its use in the DIFC, this document is strictly private and confidential and is being distributed to a limited number of investors and must not be provided to any person other than the original recipient, and may not be reproduced or used for any other purpose. The interests in the securities may not be offered or sold directly or indirectly to the public in the DIFC.

Australia

This prospectus:

- does not constitute a product disclosure document or a prospectus under Chapter 6D.2 of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (the "Corporations Act");
- has not been, and will not be, lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC"), as a disclosure document for the purposes of the Corporations Act and does not purport to include the information required of a disclosure document under Chapter 6D.2 of the Corporations Act; and
- may only be provided in Australia to select investors who are able to demonstrate that they fall within one or more of the categories of investors, or Exempt Investors, available under section 708 of the Corporations Act.

The shares may not be directly or indirectly offered for subscription or purchased or sold, and no invitations to subscribe for or buy the shares may be issued, and no draft or definitive offering memorandum, advertisement or other offering material relating to any shares may be distributed in Australia, except where disclosure to investors is not required under Chapter 6D of the Corporations Act or is otherwise in compliance with all applicable Australian laws and regulations. By submitting an application for the shares, you represent and warrant to us that you are an Exempt Investor.

As any offer of shares under this document will be made without disclosure in Australia under Chapter 6D.2 of the Corporations Act, the offer of those securities for resale in Australia within 12 months may, under section 707 of the Corporations Act, require disclosure to investors under Chapter 6D.2 if none of the exemptions in section 708 applies to that resale. By applying for the shares you undertake to us that you will not, for a period of 12 months from the date of issue of the shares, offer, transfer, assign or otherwise alienate those securities to investors in Australia except in circumstances where disclosure to investors is not required under Chapter 6D.2 of the Corporations Act or where a compliant disclosure document is prepared and lodged with ASIC.

Switzerland

The shares may not be publicly offered in Switzerland and will not be listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange ("SIX") or on any other stock exchange or regulated trading facility in Switzerland. This document does not constitute a prospectus within the meaning of, and has been prepared without regard to the disclosure standards for issuance prospectuses under art. 652a or art. 1156 of the Swiss Code of Obligations or the disclosure standards for listing prospectuses under art. 27 ff. of the SIX Listing Rules or the listing rules of any other stock exchange or regulated trading facility in Switzerland.

Neither this document nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the shares or the offering may be publicly distributed or otherwise made publicly available in Switzerland. Neither this document nor any other offering or marketing material relating to the offering, the Company, the shares have been or will be filed with or approved by any Swiss regulatory authority. In particular, this document will not be filed with, and the offer of shares will not be supervised by, the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority FINMA, and the offer of shares has not been and will not be authorized under the Swiss Federal Act on Collective Investment Schemes ("CISA"). The investor protection afforded to acquirers of interests in collective investment schemes under the CISA does not extend to acquirers of shares.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the issuance of our common stock offered in this prospectus will be passed upon for us by Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the underwriters by Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, New York, New York.

EXPERTS

The financial statements included in this Prospectus and the related financial statement schedule included elsewhere in the Registration Statement have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein and elsewhere in the Registration Statement. Such financial statements and financial statement schedule have been so included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act to register our common stock being offered in this prospectus. This prospectus, which forms part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information included in the registration statement and the attached exhibits. You will find additional information about us and our common stock in the registration statement. References in this prospectus to any of our contracts, agreements or other documents are not necessarily complete, and you should refer to the exhibits attached to the registration statement for copies of the actual contracts, agreements or documents.

The SEC maintains a website that contains reports, proxy statements and other information about companies like us, who file electronically with the SEC. The address of that website is http://www.sec.gov. This reference to the SEC's website is an inactive textual reference only and is not a hyperlink.

Upon the effectiveness of the registration statement, we will be subject to the reporting, proxy and information requirements of the Exchange Act, and will be required to file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. These periodic reports, proxy statements and other information will be available on the website of the SEC referred to above, as well as on our website free of charge, https://www.alignmenthealthcare.com. This reference to our website is an inactive textual reference only and is not a hyperlink. The contents of our website are not part of this prospectus, and you should not consider the contents of our website in making an investment decision with respect to our common stock. We will furnish our shareholders with annual reports containing audited financial statements and quarterly reports containing unaudited interim financial statements for each of the first three quarters of each year.

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Page
Audited consolidated financial statements of Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC	
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-1
Consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2019	F-2
Consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019	F-3
Consolidated statement of changes in members' deficit for the year ended December 31, 2019	F-4
Consolidated statement of cash flow for the year ended December 31, 2019	F-5
Notes to audited consolidated financial statements	F-6-F-25
Financial Statement Schedule	
Schedule I – Audited Financial Statements of Registrant	FS-1-FS-4

Table of	<u>Contents</u>
	Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC
	Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019, and Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Member of Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC:

Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in member's deficit, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes and the schedule listed in the accompanying Index (collectively, the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the US federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audit, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP Los Angeles, California December 3, 2020

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2019.

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, LLC

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019 (In thousands, except for unit data)

A COPIETO	
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash	\$ 86,484
Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,144)	35,632
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	5,236
Total current assets	127,352
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT—Net	27,442
GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS—Net	34,971
RESTRICTED AND OTHER ASSETS	3,678
TOTAL ASSETS	\$193,443
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S DEFICIT	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Medical expense payable	\$102,384
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	15,351
Accrued compensation	12,521
Total current liabilities	130,256
LONG-TERM DEBT—Net of debt issuance costs	137,957
OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	3,941
Total liabilities	272,154
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 14)	
MEMBER'S DEFICIT:	
566,200 no par units authorized, issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2019	
Accumulated deficit	(78,711)
Total member's deficit	(78,711)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S DEFICIT	\$193,443

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, LLC

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(In thousands, except for unit and per unit data)

DEVENUEC.	
REVENUES:	
Earned premiums	\$753,973
Other	2,988
Total revenues	756,961
EXPENSES:	
Medical expenses	661,389
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	110,134
Depreciation and amortization	14,922
Total expenses	786,445
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(29,484)
OTHER EXPENSES:	
Interest expense	14,897
Other expenses	351
Total other expenses	15,248
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(44,732)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	_
NET LOSS	(44,732)
WEIGHTED-AVERAGE NUMBER OF MEMBERSHIP UNITS OUTSTANDING—BASIC AND DILUTED	566,200
NET LOSS PER UNIT—BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ (79.00)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, LLC

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(In thousands, except for unit data)

	Member's Units	Member's Equity	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Balance at January 1, 2019	566,200	\$278,258	\$ (311,913)	\$(33,655)
Net loss	_	_	(44,732)	(44,732)
Capital contribution	_	500	_	500
Equity-based compensation expense	_	1,157	_	1,157
Return of capital	_	(1,981)	_	(1,981)
Balance at December 31, 2019	566,200	\$277,934	\$ (356,645)	\$(78,711)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, LLC

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(In thousands)

OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net loss	\$(44,732)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	Φ(11,7.52)
Provision for doubtful accounts	1,424
Depreciation and amortization	16,583
Amortization—debt issuance costs and investment discount	1,949
Payment-in-kind interest	3,414
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	418
Equity-based compensation	1,157
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(5,784)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(2,683)
Other assets	1,154
Medical expenses payable	36,570
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,294
Accrued compensation	(196)
Noncurrent liabilities	(1,360)
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,208
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchase of investments	(320)
Sale of investments	325
Acquisition of property and equipment	(10,245)
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,240)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Issuance of long-term debt	55,000
Debt issuance costs	(854)
Return of capital	(1,981)
Capital contribution	500
Net cash provided by financing activities	52,665
NET INCREASE IN CASH	51,633
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	34,851
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 86,484
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:	
Cash paid for interest	\$ 9,527
Acquisition of property in accounts payable	\$ 366
	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, LLC NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

(In thousands, except for unit and per unit data)

1. ORGANIZATION

Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC (collectively, "we" or "us" or "our" or the "Company") is a next generation, consumer-centric health care platform that is purpose-built to provide seniors with high quality, affordable care with a vastly improved consumer experience. Enabled by our innovative technology and care delivery model, the Company focuses on improving outcomes in the Medicare Advantage sector. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP (the "Parent").

The Company's operations primarily consist of the following:

- The Company owns a Medicare Advantage Plan in the state of California.
- The Company coordinates and provides covered health care services, including professional, institutional, and ancillary services, to members enrolled in certain benefit plans of unaffiliated Medicare Advantage Health Maintenance Organizations ("HMO") (collectively, "Third-Party Payors"). The Company's contract with a Third-Party Payor terminated on December 31, 2019. The Company continues to service the claims in runoff related to the agreement.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, our subsidiaries, and two immaterial variable interest entities in which we are the primary beneficiary. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

We have no components of other comprehensive income (loss), and accordingly, comprehensive income (loss) is the same as the net loss for all periods presented.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgment that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. Our significant estimates include, but are not limited to, the determination of medical expenses payable; the impact of risk adjustment provisions related to our Medicare contracts; collectability of receivables; valuation of related impairment recognition of long-lived assets, including goodwill and intangible assets; equity-based compensation expense; and contingent liabilities. Estimates and judgment are based upon historical information and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates and the impact of any change in estimates is included in earnings in the period in which the estimate is adjusted.

Segments

We have determined that our chief executive officer is the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). We operate and manage the business as one reporting and one operating segment, which is referred to as the Medicare Advantage segment. Factors used in determining the reportable segment include the nature of operating activities, our organizational and reporting structure, and the type of information reviewed by the CODM to allocate resources and evaluate financial performance. All of our assets are located in the United States.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Our current assets and current liabilities approximate fair value because of the short-term nature of these financial instruments. Financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis were based upon a three-tier hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1—Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Other inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability
- Level 3—Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date

The fair value of cash was determined based on Level 1 inputs. The fair value of deposits of US Treasury bills and certificate of deposits, which were included in restricted and other assets in the consolidated balance sheet, was determined based on Level 2 inputs. There were no assets or liabilities measured at fair value using Level 3 inputs for the year ended December 31, 2019. Our long-term debt was reported at carrying value. As of December 31, 2019, the carrying value and fair value of long-term debt were \$137,957 and \$139,636, respectively.

Revenue and Accounts Receivable

Earned premium revenue consisted of premium revenue and capitation revenue as of December 31, 2019:

Premium	\$629,404
Capitation	124,569
	\$753,973

Premium revenue is derived monthly from the federal government based on our contract with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS"). In accordance with this arrangement, we assume the responsibility for the outcomes and the economic risk of funding our members' health care, supplemental benefits and related administration costs. We recognize premium revenue in the month that members are entitled to receive health care services, and premiums collected in advance are deferred. The monthly reimbursement includes a fixed payment per member month ("PMPM"), which is adjusted based on certain risk factors derived from medical diagnoses for our members. The adjustments are estimated by projecting the ultimate annual premium and are recognized ratably during the year, with adjustments each period to reflect changes in the estimated ultimate premium. Premiums are also recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts and retroactive membership adjustments.

Capitation revenue consists primarily of capitated fees for medical care services provided by us under arrangements with our Third-Party Payors. Under those arrangements, we receive a PMPM payment for a defined member population, and we are responsible to provide health care services to the member population over the contract period. We are solely responsible for the cost of health care services related to the member population and in some cases, providing supplemental benefits provided by us to the members. We act as a principal in arranging for and controlling the services provided by our provider network and we are at risk for arranging and providing health care services. Capitation revenue is recognized in the month that members are entitled to receive health care services and capitation revenue collected in advance is deferred.

The premium and capitation payments we receive monthly from CMS for our members are determined from our annual bid or similarly from Third-Party Payors under our capitation arrangement. These payments represent revenues for providing health care coverage, including Medicare Part D benefits. Under the Medicare Part D program, our members and the members of our Third-Party Payors receive standard drug

benefits. We may also provide enhanced benefits at our own expense. We recognize premium or capitation revenue for providing this insurance coverage in the month that members are entitled to receive health care services. Our CMS payment related to Medicare Part D is subject to risk sharing through the Medicare Part D risk corridor provisions.

Revenue Adjustments

Payments by CMS to health plans are determined via a competitive bidding process with CMS and are based upon the cost of care in a local market and the average utilization of services by the member enrolled. These payments are subject to periodic adjustments under CMS' "risk adjustment model," which compensates health plans based on the health severity and certain demographic factors of each individual member. Members diagnosed with certain conditions are paid at a higher monthly payment than members who are healthier. Under this risk adjustment model, CMS calculates the risk adjustment payment using diagnosis data from hospital inpatient, hospital outpatient, and physician treatment settings. The Company and health care providers collect, capture, and submit the necessary and available diagnosis data to CMS within prescribed deadlines. Both premium and capitation revenues (including Medicare Part D) are subject to adjustments under the risk adjustment model.

Throughout the year, we estimate risk adjustment payments based upon the diagnosis data submitted and expected to be submitted to CMS. Those estimated risk adjustment payments are recorded as an adjustment to premium and capitation revenue. Our risk adjustment data is also subject to review by the government, including audit by regulators.

Our recognized premium revenue for our Medicare Advantage Plan in California is subject to a minimum annual medical loss ratio ("MLR") of 85%. The MLR represents medical costs as a percentage of premium revenue. The Code of Federal Regulations define what constitutes medical costs and premium revenue. If the minimum MLR is not met, we are required to remit a portion of the premiums back to the federal government. The amount remitted, if any, is recognized as an adjustment to premium revenues in the consolidated statement of operations. There were no amounts payable for the MLR as of December 31, 2019.

Medicare Part D payments are also subject to a federal risk corridor program, which limits a health plan's overall losses or profit if actual spending for basic Medicare Part D benefits is much higher or lower than what was anticipated. Risk corridor is recorded within premium revenue. The risk corridor provisions compare costs targeted in our bids or Third-Party Payors' bids to actual prescription drug costs, limited to actual costs that would have been incurred under the standard coverage as defined by CMS. Variances exceeding certain thresholds may result in CMS or Third-Party Payors making additional payments to us or require us to refund a portion of the premiums we received. We estimate and recognize an adjustment to premiums revenue related to these provisions based upon pharmacy claims experience. We record a receivable or payable at the contract level and classify the amount as current or long-term in our consolidated balance sheet based on the timing of expected settlement.

Receivables, including risk adjusted premium due from the government or through Third-Party Payors, pharmacy rebates, and other receivables, are shown net of allowances for estimated uncollectible accounts and retroactive membership adjustments.

Cash

Cash includes currency on hand with banks and financial institutions. We consider short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. Carrying value approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of the investments.

There were no cash equivalents as of December 31, 2019.

Restricted and Other Long-Term Assets

Restricted assets are required to be maintained at a financial institution within certain states. Due to the nature of the state's requirements, these assets are classified as noncurrent assets regardless of the contractual maturity date.

Restricted assets are composed of investments in US Treasury bills and certificate of deposits and are held to maturity. The US Treasury bills are reported at amortized costs. Premiums and discounts, if any, are amortized or accreted as interest expense or income over the life of the related asset using the effective interest method.

We paid a security deposit to one of our Third-Party Payors. As of December 31, 2019, the balance of the security deposit was \$2,758 and was included in restricted and other assets in the consolidated balance sheet.

Property and Equipment—Net

Property and equipment are carried at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance that do not improve or extend the life of the assets are expensed when incurred. Costs and the related accumulated depreciation are removed when property and equipment are sold or otherwise disposed of, and any resulting gains or losses are reflected in the consolidated statement of operations.

Software development activities typically consist of three phases: (1) planning, (2) application and infrastructure development, and (3) postimplementation. Costs incurred in the planning and postimplementation phases, including post-configuration training and repairs and maintenance, are expensed as incurred. Costs incurred in the application and infrastructure development phases, including significant enhancements and upgrades, are capitalized once the planning phase is completed and management authorizes the project to commence. Those costs include, but are not limited to, salaries and benefit expenses for employees who are directly associated with the development projects and outside contractor expenses. Software development costs that do not qualify for capitalization are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method generally based on the following estimated useful lives (in years):

Description	Estimated Service Lives
Computers and equipment	5
Office equipment and furniture	5–7
Software	3–5
Leasehold improvements	15 (or lease term, if shorter)

Depreciation expenses related to property and equipment used to service our members or at our clinics are included within medical expenses on the consolidated statement of operations.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are classified into three categories: (1) goodwill, (2) indefinite-lived intangible assets, and (3) definite-lived intangible assets.

Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are not amortized. For definite-lived intangible assets, we determine the useful lives of intangible assets after considering each asset's specific facts and circumstances. Intangible assets that are determined to have definite lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful lives.

Impairment

Goodwill and indefinite-lived assets are tested for impairment on an annual basis and more frequently if indicators of impairment are present. Impairment tests are performed, at a minimum, in the fourth quarter of each year supported by our long-range business plan and annual planning process.

When testing goodwill for impairment, we first perform a qualitative assessment. If the qualitative assessment indicates that it is more likely than not that the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds the estimated fair value, then a quantitative assessment is performed. We may elect to bypass the qualitative assessment and proceed directly to the quantitative assessment.

If the quantitative test is needed, we determine an appropriate valuation technique to estimate the fair value of the reporting unit as of the testing date. We utilize the income approach and the market approach to assess the most appropriate fair value for the reporting unit. Changes in economic and operating conditions impacting assumptions used in our analyses could result in goodwill impairment in future periods.

When testing indefinite-lived intangible assets other than goodwill for impairment, we first perform a qualitative analysis to determine whether it is more likely than not that an asset has been impaired. If it is more likely than not that an asset has been impaired, an impairment is evaluated by comparing the estimated fair value of the asset to its carrying value. An impairment charge is recognized if the asset's estimated fair value is less than its carrying value.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets consist of property and equipment and other finite-lived intangible assets. These assets are depreciated or amortized over their estimated useful life and are subject to impairment reviews. We periodically review long-lived assets whenever adverse events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable.

We review these assets for impairment by comparing the sum of the expected future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) to the carry value. If the sum of the estimated undiscounted future cash flows is less than the carrying value, an impairment determination is required. The amount of impairment is calculated by subtracting the fair value of the asset from the carrying value. An impairment charge, if any, is recognized within earnings from operations.

Medical Expenses and Medical Expense Payable

Medical expense includes claim payments, capitation payments, pharmacy costs net of rebates, allocations of certain centralized expenses, internal care delivery expenses and various other costs incurred to provide health insurance coverage to members, as well as estimates of future payments to hospitals and others for medical care and other supplemental benefits provided.

We have contracts with a network of hospitals, physicians, and other providers and compensates those providers and ancillary organizations based on contractual arrangements or CMS Medicare compensation guidelines. We pay these contracting providers either through fee-for-service arrangement in which the provider is paid negotiated rates for specific services provided or a capitation payment, which represent monthly contractual fees disbursed for each member regardless of medical services provided to the member. We are responsible for the entirety of the cost of health care services related to the member population, in addition to supplemental benefits provided by us to our seniors.

Capitation-related expenses are recorded on an accrual basis during the coverage period. Expenses related to fee-for-service contracts are recorded in the period in which the related services are dispensed.

Pharmacy costs represent payments for members' prescription drug benefits, net of rebates from drug manufacturers. Receivables for such pharmacy rebates are included in accounts receivable in the consolidated balance sheet.

Medical Expenses Payable

Medical expenses payable includes estimates of our obligations for medical care services that have been rendered on behalf of our members and the members of the Third-Party Payors, but for which claims have either not yet been received or processed, loss adjustment expense reserve for the expected costs of settling these claims, and for liabilities related to physician, hospital, and other medical cost disputes.

We develop estimates for medical expenses incurred but not yet paid ("IBNP") using an actuarial process that is consistently applied and centrally controlled. Medical expenses payable includes claims reported but not yet paid, estimates for claims incurred but not reported, and estimates for the costs necessary to process unpaid claims at the end of each period. We estimate our medical claims liability using actuarial methods that are commonly used by health insurance actuaries and meet Actuarial Standards of Practice. These actuarial methods consider factors, such as historical data for payment patterns, cost trends, product mix, seasonality, utilization of health care services, and other relevant factors. Each period, we re-examine previously established medical expense payable estimates based on actual claim submissions and other changes in facts and circumstances. As the medical expenses payable estimates recorded in prior periods develop, we adjust the amount of the estimates and include the changes in estimates in medical expenses in the period in which the change is identified.

Actuarial Standards of Practice generally require that the medical claims liability estimates be adequate to cover obligations under moderately adverse conditions. Moderately adverse conditions are situations in which the actual claims are expected to be higher than the otherwise estimated value of such claims at the time of estimate. In many situations, the claims amount ultimately settled will be different than the estimate that satisfies the Actuarial Standards of Practice. We include in our IBNP an estimate for medical claims liability under moderately adverse conditions, which represents the risk of adverse deviation of the estimates in its actuarial method of reserving.

We reassess the profitability of contracts for providing coverage to members when current operating results or forecasts indicate probable future losses. A premium deficiency reserve is established in current operations to the extent that the sum of expected future costs, claim adjustment expenses, and maintenance costs exceed related future premiums under contracts without consideration of investment income. For purposes of determining premium deficiencies, contracts are grouped in a manner consistent with the method of acquiring, servicing, and measuring the profitability of such contracts. Losses recognized as a premium deficiency result in a beneficial effect in subsequent periods as operating losses under these contracts are charged to the liability previously established. We believe that medical expenses payable is adequate to cover future claims payments required. However, such estimates are based on knowledge of current events and anticipated future events. Therefore, the actual liability could differ materially from the amounts provided.

Part D Subsidies

We also receive advance payments each month from CMS related to Catastrophic Reinsurance, Coverage Gap Discount, and the Low-Income Member Cost Sharing Subsidy ("Subsidies"). Reinsurance subsidies represent funding from CMS for our portion of prescription drug costs, which exceed the member's out-of-pocket threshold or the catastrophic coverage level. Low-income cost subsidies represent funding from CMS for all or a portion of the deductible, the coinsurance and co-payment amounts above the out-of-pocket threshold for low-income beneficiaries. Additionally, the Health Care Reform Law mandates consumer discounts of 75% on brand-name prescription drugs for Part D plan participants in the coverage gap. The majority of the discounts are funded by the pharmaceutical manufacturers, while we fund a smaller portion and administer the application of the total discount. These Subsidies represent cost reimbursements under the Medicare Part D program and are recorded as deposits.

These advance payments in excess of, or less than, actual subsidized benefits paid are refundable to or recoverable from CMS through an annual reconciliation process following the end of the contract year (e.g.,

one year in arrears). The final 2019 reconciliation is expected to be settled during 2020. The 2018 reconciliation amounts were settled in November 2019.

For 2019, subsidized benefits incurred by us of \$48,200 were less than reimbursement for Part D subsidies of \$51,327 by \$3,127.

Shared Risk Reserve Arrangements

We established a fund (also referred to as "a pool") for risk and profit-sharing with various independent physician associations ("IPAs"). The pool enables us and our IPAs to share in the financial responsibility and/or upside associated with providing covered medical expenses to our members. The risk pool is based on a contractually agreed upon medical budget, typically based upon a percentage of revenue. If actual medical expenses are less than the budgeted amount, this results in a surplus. Conversely, if actual medical expenses are greater than the budgeted amount, this results in a deficit. We will distribute the surplus, or a portion thereof, to each IPA based upon contractual terms. Deficits are charged to shared risk providers' risk pool as per the contractual term and evaluated for collectability at each reporting period.

We record risk-sharing receivables and payables on a gross basis on the consolidated balance sheet. Throughout the year, we evaluate expected losses on risk-sharing receivables and record the resulting expected losses to the reserve. We systematically build and release reserves based on adequacy and its assessment of expected losses on a monthly basis. Bad debt associated with risk share deficit receivables are recorded within medical expense in the consolidated statement of operations. As of December 31, 2019, we recorded a valuation allowance for the full risk-sharing receivable balance due to collection risks related to the balance. The risk-sharing payable is included within medical expenses payable on the consolidated balance sheet.

Concentrations of Revenue and Credit Risk

For the year ended December 31, 2019, our source of revenue was 83.2% directly from CMS and 16.4% indirectly from CMS through our agreement with the Third-Party Payors. Should CMS alter its payment/capitation rates in the future, or should the legislative environment change, this could have an adverse impact on our revenue. Our terminated contract with the terminated Third-Party Payor represented 7.9% of earned premium revenue during the year ended December 31, 2019.

Financial instruments that potentially subject us to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash deposits and restricted investments with financial institutions. Accounts at each financial institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to certain limits. At December 31, 2019, there was \$84,796 in excess of FDIC-insured limits.

Risks and Uncertainties

Our profitability depends in large part on its ability to accurately predict and effectively manage medical care costs. We continually review our medical costs in light of underlying claims experience and revised actuarial data. However, factors such as, but not limited to, changes in health care practices, inflation, new technologies, major epidemics, and natural disasters are beyond our control and may have an adverse effect on our ability to accurately predict and effectively manage medical care costs. Costs in excess of those anticipated could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

We are dependent upon a small number of contracts to support our revenue. The loss of any one of those contracts could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. In addition, our ability to arrange medical services to our members is dependent upon are ability to develop and maintain adequate provider networks. Our inability to develop or maintain such networks might, in certain circumstances, have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Our ability to sustain and grow our business is dependent upon a number of factors including, but not limited to, creating efficiencies in our operations, increasing/maintaining our rating in CMS' "Five-Star Quality Rating System" which is used by CMS to rate the performance of Medicare Advantage and Part D plans, and appropriately documenting our member's underlying conditions. Our inability to address these factors can lead to increase operational expenditures and impact our per-member revenue which could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Industry Tax

Section 9010 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act imposes an annual, nondeductible insurance industry tax ("Industry Tax"), which is levied proportionately across the insurance industry for risk-based products. The Industry Tax was estimated based on a ratio of our net premiums written compared to the US Health insurance total net premiums. The Industry Tax was \$0 in 2019, which was due to a one-year moratorium. The Industry Tax has been repealed for calendar years beginning after December 31, 2020.

Income Taxes

We are a single member limited liability that made an election to be taxed as a C corporation for income tax purposes and files a consolidated federal income tax return with its subsidiaries.

We account for income taxes using the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between the bases used for financial reporting and income tax reporting purposes based on the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect at the time such temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is provided for deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that we will not realize those tax assets through future operations.

The recognition of deferred tax assets requires an assessment to determine the realization of such assets. Realization refers to the incremental benefits achieved through the reductions in future taxes payable or refunds receivable from the deferred tax assets, assuming that the underlying deductible differences and carryforwards are the last items to enter into the determination of future taxable income. We establish a valuation allowance for tax assets when it is more likely than not that they will not be realized, based on all available positive and negative evidence.

We account for uncertainty in income taxes using a "more-likely-than-not" recognition threshold. We consider many factors when evaluating and estimating our tax positions and tax benefits, which may require periodic adjustments, and which may not accurately reflect actual outcomes. Interest and penalties related to uncertain tax benefits are recognized as a component of interest expense and income tax expense, respectively, in the consolidated statement of operations.

Member Acquisition Costs

Member acquisition costs primarily relate to internal and external broker commission costs. We expense these member acquisition costs related to our health services contract with our members as incurred. These short-term health services contract typically have a one-year term and may be canceled by the member.

Equity-Based Compensation

We measure equity-based compensation expense for equity awards based upon the fair value of the equity awards as of the grant date. Equity-based compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period of the equity awards. We elected to account for forfeitures as they occur.

The method and assumptions for how fair value is determined for equity awards are described in Note 10. The assumptions are highly subjective and include, but not limited to, the expected term of the equity awards, volatility, and risk-free interest rates.

Net Loss per Unit

The numerator for basic net loss per unit is calculated as the net loss for the year ended December 31, 2019. The denominator for basic net loss per unit is determined as the weighted-average number of membership units outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2019.

Basic net loss per unit is the same as diluted net loss per unit as the inclusion of all potentially dilutive membership units would have been anti-dilutive.

Emerging Growth Company Status

We are an emerging growth company, as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"). Under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can delay adopting new or revised accounting standards issued subsequent to the enactment of the JOBS Act until such time as those standards apply to private companies. We elected to use this extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards that have different effective dates for public and private companies until the earlier of the date that it (i) is no longer an emerging growth company or (ii) affirmatively and irrevocably opts out of the extended transition period provided in the JOBS Act. As a result, these consolidated financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with the new or revised accounting pronouncements as of public company effective dates.

As described in "Recent Accounting Pronouncements Adopted" and "Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted" below, we early adopted certain accounting standards, as the JOBS Act does not preclude an emerging growth company from adopting a new or revised accounting standard earlier than the time that such standard applies to private companies. We expect to use the extended transition period for any other new or revised accounting standards during the period in which it remains an emerging growth company.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

On January 1, 2019, we adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-18, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force*). This ASU clarifies how restricted cash should be presented in the cash flow statement. There was no impact to the consolidated financial statements as we do not have restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents.

On January 1, 2019, we adopted ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*, as amended, on when and how revenue is recognized based on a modified retrospective method. The core principle is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services and requires additional disclosures about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts. There were no material changes to our current revenue recognition practices.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

In October 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2018-17, *Targeted Improvements to Related Party Guidance for Variable Interest Entities*, which provides clarification on determining whether a decision-making fee is a variable interest. This ASU requires reporting entities to consider indirect interests held through related parties under common control on a proportional basis rather than as the equivalent of a direct interest in its entirety. This guidance is effective for us on January 1, 2021. We are currently evaluating the impact of the guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-15, *Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That Is a Service Contract*, which aligns the requirements for capitalization implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the

requirement for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software. Capitalized implementation costs related to a hosting arrangement that is a service contract will be amortized over the term of the hosting arrangement. New disclosures will also be required. This guidance is effective for us on January 1, 2021. We are currently evaluating the impact of the guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement*, which amends fair value disclosure requirements. This ASU removes disclosure requirements on the transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the policy for timing of transfers between levels, and the valuation processes for Level 3 fair value measurements. It also clarifies the measurement uncertainty disclosure and adds disclosure requirements for Level 3 unrealized gains and losses and significant unobservable inputs used to develop Level 3 fair value measurements. This guidance is effective for us on January 1, 2020 and has not had a material impact to our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, *Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*. This ASU eliminates the requirement to calculate the implied fair value of goodwill to measure a goodwill impairment charge. A goodwill impairment charge would be recognized if the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds the estimated fair value of the reporting unit. This guidance is effective for us on January 1, 2023. We are currently evaluating the impact of the guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments.* This ASU requires the use of the current expected credit loss impairment model to develop an estimate of expected credit losses for certain financial assets. Expected credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities will be required to be recognized through an allowance for credit losses and revises certain disclosure requirements. This guidance is effective for us on January 1, 2023. We early adopted this guidance on January 1, 2020. There was no impact on our accumulated deficit balance.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, related to accounting for leases that requires lessees to record assets and liabilities reflecting the leased assets and lease obligations, respectively, while following the dual model for recognition in statements of income requiring leases to be classified as either operating or finance. Operating leases will result in straight-line expense (similar to current operating leases) while finance leases will result in a front-loaded expense pattern (similar to current capital leases). This guidance is effective for us beginning January 1, 2022 and must be adopted using a modified retrospective approach. We early adopted the guidance on January 1, 2020. Based on its analysis, we recorded an initial lease liability and right-of-use asset of \$15,682 and \$11,129, respectively. The difference between the initial lease liability and the right-of-use asset is primarily due to deferred rent.

3. FAIR VALUE

US Treasury bills and certificate of deposits are reported at amortized costs which is equivalent to fair value. The following table presents the carrying value and fair value of these financial instruments as of December 31, 2019:

	Carrying		Fair Value		
	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
US Treasury bills	\$ 321	\$ —	\$ 321	\$ —	
Certificate of deposits	358		358		
Total	\$ 679	\$ —	\$ 679	\$ —	

The carrying value of long-term debt represents outstanding balance, net of unamortized debt issuance costs. As of December 31, 2019, the carrying value and fair value of our long-term debt was \$137,957 and \$139,636, respectively.

The fair value of our long-term debt is classified as a Level 3 financial instrument because certain inputs used to determine its fair value are not observable. The fair value was estimated using a discounted cash flow ("DCF") methodology. The discount rate used in the DCF model was estimated based on a synthetic credit rating analysis for us, and a screening of market data to identify market yields of instruments within the range of identified credit ratings and with otherwise similar features.

Our nonfinancial assets and liabilities, which include goodwill, intangible assets, property, and equipment, are not required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. However, on a periodic basis, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable, we assess these assets for impairment. No such impairment resulted during the year ended December 31, 2019.

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following as of December 31, 2019:

Government receivables	\$10,324
Pharmacy rebates	21,433
Other receivables	5,019
Total accounts receivable	36,776
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(1,144)
Accounts receivable—net	\$35,632

We recorded bad debt expense related to accounts receivable of \$1,424 during the year ended December 31, 2019. The amount was recorded in selling, general, and administrative expense in the statement of operations.

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of December 31, 2019:

Computers and equipment	\$ 7,766
Office equipment and furniture	4,485
Software	66,018
Leasehold improvements	6,309
Construction in progress	594
Subtotal	85,172
Less accumulated depreciation	(57,730)
Property and equipment—net	\$ 27,442

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2019, was \$16,257, of which \$1,661 was included in medical expenses.

6. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consisted of the following as of December 31, 2019:

	Gross Carrying Value	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value	Weighted Average Life
Goodwill	\$ 29,303	\$ —	\$ 29,303	_
License (indefinite lived)	4,500	_	4,500	_
Plan member relationships	2,700	(1,759)	941	9 years
Other	633	(406)	227	2–10 years
	\$ 37,136	\$ (2,165)	\$ 34,971	

Amortization expense relating to intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2019, was \$327. Estimated amortization expense relating to intangible assets for each of the next five years ending December 31, is as follows:

2020	\$ 327
2021	327
2022	327
2023	166
Thereafter	21
	\$1,168

Impairment tests completed during the year did not result in any impairment charges related to goodwill and intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2019.

7. MEDICAL EXPENSES PAYABLE

The following table is a detail of medical expenses payable at December 31, 2019:

Claims incurred but not paid	\$ 83,939
Capitation payable, risk-sharing payable, and other	18,445
	\$102,384

Each period, we re-examine previously established outstanding claims reserve estimates based on actual claims submissions and other changes in facts and circumstances. As more complete claim information becomes available, we adjust the amount of the estimates and include the changes in estimates in claim costs in the period in which the change is identified. Substantially, all of the total claims paid by us are known and settled within the first year from the date of service, and substantially, all remaining claim amounts are paid within a three-year period.

The following table presents components of the change in medical expenses payable as of December 31, 2019:

\$ 52,898
274,871
(11,113)
263,758
196,086
36,631
232,717
83,939
18,445
\$102,384

For the year ended December 31, 2019, medical cost reserve development was primarily driven by lower than expected health system utilization levels in the latter half of 2019.

The following tables provide information about incurred and paid claims development as of December 31, 2019:

		Incurred Claims, Net of Reinsurance For the Years Ended December 31,		
Claims Incurred Year		2017 Unaudited	2018 Unaudited	2019
2017		\$200,473	\$198,567	\$ 196,183
2018			240,940	232,211
2019				274,871
Total				\$703,265
	Cu	ımulative Claims Paic	l,	Cumulative
	For the	Net of Reinsurance For the Years Ended December 31,		Number of Paid Claims
Claims	2017	2018	2019	of Faid Claims
Incurred Year	Unaudited	Unaudited		
2017	\$157,683	\$196,243	\$195,958	397,724
2018		190,482	227,398	461,057
2019			196,086	352,719
Total			\$619 442	

There is no single or common claim frequency metric used in the health care industry. We believe a relevant metric for our health insurance business is the cumulative number of claims paid for each incurred year. Claims that did not result in a liability are not included in the frequency metric.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt is recorded at carrying value in the consolidated balance sheet. The carrying value of long-term debt outstanding, net of unamortized debt issuance costs, consisted of the following at December 31, 2019:

Long-term debt	\$145,900
Less unamortized debt issuance costs	(7,943)
Long-term debt—net of amortization	137,957
Less current potion of long-term debt	
Long-term debt—net of current portion	\$137,957

In August 2018, we entered into a term loan for \$80,000 with an option to borrow up to an additional \$20,000. In April 2019, we amended the term loan to increase our borrowing capacity by \$75,000. The terms and conditions in the term loan remain the same unless otherwise stated in the amendment. The term loan was subject to a commitment fee of \$6,750 and we incurred debt issuance costs of \$3,625.

Debt issuance costs relate to attorney fees, other third-party costs, and commitment fees that represent 5% of the amount borrowed. We are required to pay the commitment fees when the term loan is due or when the term loan is repaid, whichever comes first. Debt issuance costs were deferred and are amortized to interest expense over the debt term using the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs are presented in the consolidated balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the term loan.

The term loan (including the related amendment) bears interest at a rate of 10.25% payable on a quarterly basis. We have the option to pay a portion of the interest rate in cash, and the remaining portion of the interest rate will be added to the debt principal balance as a payment-in-kind. The payment-in-kind is also subject to a commitment fee of 5%. The cash and payment-in-kind interest rates were 7.75% and 2.5%, respectively, through April 2019 and converted to 7.50% and 2.75%, respectively, for the remainder of the year. In 2019, we utilized our option to pay the quarterly interest payments in both cash and payment in kind. As of December 31, 2019, the payment-in-kind balance was \$4,120.

The total long-term debt balance of \$145,900 included the principal balance of \$135,000, the initial commitment fee of \$6,750, and the payment-in-kind interest on the principal balance of \$4,120. The payment-in-kind interest on the principal balance is also subject to the commitment fee which was \$30 as of December 31, 2019. The amount was included in the long-term debt balance.

The term loan matures in June 2023, at which time the full balance of the term loan, including the commitment fee and the payment-in-kind balance, will be due.

In addition, the term loan includes financial covenants regarding the maintenance of minimum liquidity of \$6,000 of operating cash, as defined, on a consolidated basis, at least \$10,000 in its cash accounts on a daily basis and minimum consolidated revenue amounts. The term loan also contains certain nonfinancial covenants. As of December 31, 2019, we were in compliance with all financial and nonfinancial covenants.

The term loan was entered into by our wholly owned subsidiary and is also guaranteed by certain of our wholly owned subsidiaries and collateralized by all unrestricted assets of our subsidiaries.

9. INCOME TAXES

There was no income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The reconciliation of income tax expense recorded in the consolidated statement of operations and amounts computed at the statutory federal income tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Amount	Percentage
Loss before tax at statutory federal rate	\$ (9,394)	21.0%
Valuation allowance	12,066	(27.0)
State income tax—net of federal tax benefit	(2,892)	6.5
Meals 50% nondeductible	187	(0.4)
Prior-year provision to return adjustment	33	(0.1)
Income tax expense	\$ —	

The components of deferred income taxes as of December 31, 2019, were as follows:

Deferred tax assets:	
Federal and state net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 90,535
Employee benefits	6,002
Interest deduction limitation	4,306
Other	383
Gross deferred tax assets	101,226
Deferred tax liabilities:	
Intangibles	(1,583)
Depreciation	(568)
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(2,151)
Net deferred tax assets	99,075
Valuation allowance	(99,075)
Net deferred taxes	\$ —

Valuation allowances are provided when it is considered more likely than not that deferred tax assets will not be realized. The valuation allowances primarily relate to future tax benefits on certain federal and state net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards. Federal NOL carryforwards of \$321,996 were incurred prior to January 1, 2020. The federal NOL carryforwards incurred prior to January 1, 2018, expire commencing in 2034, and state NOL carryforwards of approximately \$363,952 expire commencing in 2033. Accordingly, we recorded a full valuation allowance against our net deferred tax assets at December 31, 2019.

Of the total NOL carryforwards, approximately \$11,097 of federal and \$13,221 of California NOL carryforwards relate to Alignment Health Plan, Inc. for which the utilization of the federal NOL carryforward is subject to a federal Section 382 limitation of \$803 per year, and the utilization of the California NOL carryforwards is subject to a similar California annual limitation. In June 2020, California's Governor signed into law Assembly Bill ("AB") 85 suspending California NOL utilization for taxpayers with more than \$1 million of taxable income, effective for tax years 2020, 2021, and 2022. AB 85 includes an extended carryover period for the suspended NOLs with an additional year carryforward for each year of suspension.

We have cumulative NOLs as of December 31, 2019. Given the history of losses, and after consideration for the risk associated with estimates of future taxable income, we established a full valuation allowance against net deferred tax assets at December 31, 2019.

NOLs generated for tax years 2017 and prior are generally eligible for a two-year carryback and 20-year carryforward, and such NOL carryovers and carrybacks can fully offset taxable income of the taxpayer if not otherwise limited under the Internal Revenue Code (e.g., Section 382 limitations). As a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("TCJA"), the federal NOLs generated in 2018 through 2020 will be carried forward indefinitely and are limited to an 80% deduction of taxable income. The 80% limitation is not applicable to NOLs generated before 2018. An exception to the TCJA federal NOL modification applies to nonlife insurance companies (e.g., Alignment Health Plan Inc.). Alignment Health Plan Inc.'s NOL treatment is the same as those NOLs generated in tax years 2017 and prior.

As of December 31, 2019, there were no liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits.

10. EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION

Our Parent granted its Class B units to certain of our executives and board members. The initial Class B units granted vest 20% upon grant; 60% are time-based awards vesting on the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th grant-date anniversary; and 20% contain a performance condition that vests upon a change in control. Class B units granted after 2015 have similar terms, but 80% vest over four years commencing on the 1st anniversary date and 20% vest upon a change in control. The management unitholder agreement specifies automatic cancellation and call features that apply in the event of an employee's termination of employment.

Beginning in 2017, the Parent issued its Class C units with similar terms to the Class B units to certain of our employees, board members, and certain advisors. The Class B units and Class C units do not have termination dates. There were 17,309,769 authorized Class C units for issuance, of which 2,975,369 remained unissued as of December 31, 2019.

Upon a change of control, all of the outstanding Class B units and Class C units would vest, subject to the holder's unitholder agreement and the Limited Partnership Agreement ("LPA"). For this purpose, change of control means:

- (i) A sale of all or substantially all assets of the Parent, our, or Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC (collectively, the "Entities") for cash or marketable securities to a person other than the majority shareholder;
- (ii) A dissolution or liquidation of the Parent (except in connection with an initial public offering ("IPO")); or
- (iii) A transaction in which a person other than the majority shareholder becomes the beneficial owner of more than 50% of the voting interests of an Entity.

Upon an IPO, subject to the holder's unitholder agreement and the LPA, a portion of the outstanding time-vesting Class B units and Class C units would vest based on any proceeds received by the majority shareholder in connection with the IPO. Furthermore, in connection with a dissolution of the Parent in connection with an IPO, the majority shareholder may treat the vesting of the stock of the corporation distributed in such IPO (e.g., the public company) in respect of any transaction-vesting Class B units and Class C units in the same manner.

These Class B units and Class C units are intended as incentive units and were issued as profits interests. As such, the Class B and Class C units are accounted for as equity awards using the fair value method, which requires the measurement and recognition of equity-based compensation expense for all awards made to our employees based upon the grant-date fair value. The fair value of each equity award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes closed-form option valuation model based on the following assumptions at December 31, 2019:

Risk-free rate	1.69%
Volatility	35.00%
Dividend yield	_

The risk-free rate was based on the US Treasury Strip yields in effect at the time of grant with maturity dates approximately equal to the expected life of two years and 1.5 years, for the Class B and Class C units, respectively. The volatility of the equity awards was based on the average of the two-year historical stock price volatility and average historical stock price volatility analysis for market participants in our industry, adjusted to reflect the differences between our and market participants in size, resources, time in industry, and breadth of product and service offerings. Expected dividend yield was assumed to be zero as we are not required to pay dividends. Forfeitures are recognized as they occur. The weighted-average exercise price for the Class B and Class C units that were redeemed was \$4.70 and \$1.75, respectively.

Changes in the status of Class B units for the year ended December 31, 2019, were as follows:

	Units	Weighted- Average Grant-Date Fair Value	Amount
Outstanding—beginning of year	4,338,065	\$ 1.75	\$7,592
Granted	_	_	_
Redeemed	(56,243)	1.75	(99)
Outstanding—end of year	4,281,822	1.75	\$7,493 \$6,044
Vested	3,453,931	1.75	\$6,044
Unvested	827,891	1.75	1,449
	4,281,822	1.75	\$7,493

Unvested compensation expense for time-based Class B units was \$2 as of December 31, 2019 and are expected to vest over a weighted-average remaining term of .01 years.

Changes in the status of Class C units for the year presented were as follows:

	Units	Weighted- Average Grant- Date Fair Value	Amount
Outstanding—beginning of year	11,062,600	\$ 0.26	\$2,894
Granted	5,091,000	0.67	3,395
Canceled	(1,708,800)	0.22	(384)
Redeemed	(110,400)	0.25	(28)
Outstanding—end of year	14,334,400	0.41	\$5,877
Vested	3,535,800	0.30	\$1,055
Unvested	10,798,600	0.45	4,822
	14,334,400	0.41	\$5,877

Unvested compensation expense for time-based Class C units was \$2,115 as of December 31, 2019 and are expected to vest over a weighted-average remaining term of 2.13 years.

We recorded compensation expense of \$4 related to Class B units, and \$1,153 related to the Class C units, for the year ended December 31, 2019, within selling, general, and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of operations. The compensation expense recorded relates to the time-based vested units. Performance-based vesting is contingent upon a change in control or liquidity event, which is not considered probable as of December 31, 2019, and accordingly, no compensation expense was recorded.

Stock Appreciation Rights

The Parent approved the Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC Stock Appreciation Rights ("SARs") Plan in December 2014. There were 350,000 SARs awards authorized for issuance, of which 153,375 remained unissued at December 31, 2019.

Under the SARs Plan, we granted awards to certain executives and management to entitle the holder to a payment in cash (or in certain circumstances marketable securities) equal to an appreciation in the value of the membership units. 80% of each SARs award time vests over a four-year vesting schedule and can only become payable to the extent vested upon a qualified change in control or IPO, while the remaining 20% vests concurrent to the change in control. The SAR awards can only be cash settled upon a change in control or IPO.

The change of control and IPO is pursuant and subject to the terms and conditions of the SARs Plan and must occur prior to December 31, 2024, when the SARs Plan expires.

Upon a change of control (a) all of the outstanding SARs held by persons employed through the change of control would vest and (b) all vested SARs would become payable in cash or marketable securities. For this purpose, a change of control means either:

- (i) A sale of all or substantially all assets of the Entities for cash or marketable securities to a person other than the majority shareholder,
- (ii) A dissolution or liquidation of the Parent, or
- (iii) A transaction in which a person other than the majority shareholder becomes the beneficial owner more than 50% of the voting interests of an Entity in exchange for cash or marketable securities.

Each change in control, as defined above, is subject to a requirement that the event giving rise to such change of control satisfies the definition of a change in the ownership or effective control of a corporation, or a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of a corporation pursuant to Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code.

Upon an IPO (a) subject to the holder's continuous employment through the IPO, a percentage of the holder's unvested time-vesting SARs would vest based on any proceeds received by the sponsors in connection with the IPO (such percentage is in the Board's discretion and could be zero) and (b) the vested SARs would become payable either in cash or marketable securities.

The awards qualify for liability accounting based on the cash settlement requirement upon occurrence of a change in control or IPO. Since a change in control or IPO has not occurred as of December 31, 2019, there were no vested SARs that were payable. Further, no compensation expense has been recorded related to the SARs as the liability settlement is contingent upon a change in control or liquidity event, which is not considered probable as of December 31, 2019. Compensation expense related to the SARs would be recorded at fair value upon an occurrence of an IPO or a change in control as defined above.

Changes in the status of SARs for the year presented were as follows:

	Units
Outstanding at January 1, 2019	\$230,675
Expired	(17,550)
Canceled	(16,500)
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	\$196,625

Return of Capital

Beginning in 2018, the Parent redeemed fully vested Class B and Class C units from certain individuals. In 2019, the amount we redeemed and paid was \$1,981. The amount paid by us for our Parent's redemption of these units represents return of capital to the Parent and was recognized as a reduction to member's equity.

11. REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTED FUNDS

Our health plans or risk-bearing entities are required to maintain minimum capital requirements prescribed by various regulatory authorities in each of the states in which it operates.

Risk-Based Capital Regulatory

The National Association of Insurance Commissioners has adopted rules, which, if implemented by the states, set minimum capitalization requirements for insurance companies, HMOs, and other entities bearing risk for health care coverage. The requirements take the form of risk-based capital ("RBC") rules, which may vary from state to state. Certain states in which our health plans or risk bearing entities operate in have adopted the RBC rules. Our health plans or risk-bearing entities were in compliance with the minimum capital requirements for all periods presented.

Tangible Net Equity

Our health plan in California is required to comply with the tangible net equity ("TNE") requirements. The required amount is the larger of: (1) \$1,000; (2) 2% of the first \$150,000 of annualized premium revenue, plus 1% of annualized premium revenue in excess of \$150,000; or (3) 8% of the first \$150,000 of annualized health care expenditures, except for those paid on a capitated or managed hospital payment basis, plus 4% of the annualized health care expenditures in excess of \$150,000, except those paid on a capitated or managed hospital payment basis, plus 4% of annualized hospital expenditures paid on a managed hospital payment basis. We were in compliance with the TNE requirement at for all periods presented.

We have the ability to provide additional capital to each of our health plans or risk-bearing entities when necessary to ensure that the RBC and TNE requirements are met.

Restricted Assets

Pursuant to the regulations governing our subsidiaries, we maintain certain deposits required by the government authorities in the form of certificate of deposits and Treasury bills as protection in the event of insolvency. The use of funds from these investments is limited as required by regulation in the various states in which we operate, or as needed in the event of insolvency. Therefore, these deposits are reported as "Restricted Assets" in the consolidated balance sheet.

We hold these assets until maturity, at which time these assets will renew or are invested in a similar type of investment instrument. As a result, we do not expect the value of these investments to decline significantly due to a sudden change in market interest rates. These investments are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

12. LEASES

Our leases are primarily for our corporate office, including parking spaces, and healthcare services operating facilities. These noncancelable leases are classified as operating leases and expire at various intervals up through 2024. Majority of the leases contain renewal options, some of which include options to extend the lease for up to five years per option.

Various lease agreements contain escalating rent payments over the life of the respective lease, and we recognize rent expense on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease. This results in a non-interest-

bearing liability (deferred rent) that increases during the early portion of the lease term, as the cash paid is less than the expense recognized, and reverses by the end of the lease term. Gross lease expense, which included the minimum required parking and sublease income, was \$3,773 and \$587, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Minimum lease payments under operating leases by fiscal year are as follows:

	Future Minimum Lease Payments
2020	\$ 4,115
2021	4,003
2022	4,121
2023	4,127
2024	2,313
Thereafter	60
	\$ 18,739

13. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

All full-time employees are eligible to participate in a 401(k) plan that we sponsor upon completing 90 days of services. Eligible employees are permitted to contribute up to the maximum amount allowed by law. We match up to 4% of the compensation contributed by the employee. We made matching contributions of \$1,269 during 2019 and were included within selling, general, and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of operations.

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Standby Letter of Credit

We issued a standby letter of credit to one of our unaffiliated business partners in conjunction with commitments to perform. The standby letter of credit in the amount of \$775 could be increased up to \$1,163 based upon certain criteria. The standby letter of credit automatically renews on an annual basis in February and is collateralized by a savings account in the same amount.

Legal Proceedings

We record a liability and accrue the costs for a loss when an unfavorable outcome is probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In some cases, no estimate of the possible loss or range of loss in excess of amounts accrued, if any, can be made because of the inherently unpredictable nature of legal and regulatory proceedings. While the liability and accrued costs reflect our best estimate, the actual amounts may materially be different.

We may be involved in various litigation matters in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of legal proceedings is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements. Amounts accrued for legal proceedings were not material as of December 31, 2019.

Professional Liability Insurance

We maintain coverage for professional liability, errors and omissions, directors and officers, employment practices liability insurance, and worker's compensation. The professional liability insurance policy is claims based while the other insurance policies are occurrence based. Such policies provide coverage for our employees, certain covered physicians, loss of income due to potential business interruption, and possible destruction or theft of assets. There have not been any reductions in coverage nor have there been any claims, which have exceeded such coverage(s) for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Medical Reinsurance (Stop-Loss Insurance)

We utilize medical insurance (or stop-loss agreement) to limits excess losses on individual members. Under the terms of the stop-loss agreement, we are reimbursed for certain proportions of the cost of each member's hospital expenses in excess of a specified deductible in a coverage period, limited to \$2,000 in aggregate per member per coverage period. We have until April 30, 2020, to submit claims to the reinsurance carrier with dates of service prior to October 1, 2020. Reinsurance premiums are included in medical costs in the consolidated statement of operations.

Each coverage period starts October 1 to September 30 of the following year. As of September 30, 2019, we renewed our expiring policy for the 2019–2020 coverage period with all existing terms and conditions remaining intact with the exception of an increase in the deductible amount.

In the event that the third party with whom we have contracted is unable to meet its obligations under the stop-loss agreement, we remain 100% liable for paying such claim amounts submitted.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 3, 2020, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were issued.

In February 2020, the Parent entered into a unit purchase agreement with multiple investors, pursuant to which such investors acquired Class A-1 Limited Partnership Units in the Parent. The aggregate cash purchase price paid and contributed to the Parent was \$135 million (the "Purchase Price"). The cash representing the Purchase Price was concurrently contributed to us by the Parent.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization characterized the coronavirus ("COVID-19") a pandemic, and in March 2020, the President of the United States declared the COVID-19 outbreak a national emergency. COVID-19 has spread across the globe during 2020 and is impacting economic activity worldwide. The virus disproportionately impacts older adults, especially those with chronic illnesses, which describes many of the patients served by us. Although, the ultimate impact of COVID-19 to us and our financial condition is presently unknown, we have experienced temporarily lower claims cost due to deferred utilization, in patient admissions, and elective services. We continue to monitor the impact of COVID-19 on our claim reserve estimate.

We re-examine previously established outstanding claims reserve estimates based on actual claims submissions and other changes in facts and circumstances. We recognized a favorable prior year development of \$12,573 through September 30, 2020 that was related to the year ended December 31, 2019. The favorable prior year development was primarily due to internal initiatives resulting in more claims recoveries and actual claims expense being less than expected.

Our contract with a Third-Party Payor will terminate on December 31, 2020 and not be renewed. We will continue to service the claims in runoff related to the contract. Revenue related to this Third-Party Payor was 7.6% of earned premium revenue as of December 31, 2019.

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF REGISTRANT ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, LLC (Parent Company Only)

BALANCE SHEET

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

(In thousands, except for unit data)

ASSETS	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ —
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S DEFICIT	
INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY	78,711
Total liabilities	78,711
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 3)	
MEMBER'S DEFICIT	
566,200 no par units authorized, issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2019	
Accumulated deficit	(78,711)
Total member's deficit	(78,711)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S DEFICIT	\$ —

See Notes to the Financial Statement of Registrant

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF REGISTRANT ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, LLC (Parent Company Only)

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (In thousands)

REVENUES:	\$ —
Total revenues	
EXPENSES:	2
Total expenses	2
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(2)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	
NET LOSS OF PARENT COMPANY	(2)
SUBSIDIARY'S NET LOSS	(44,730)
MEMBER'S NET LOSS	\$(44,732)

See Notes to the Financial Statement of Registrant

CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF REGISTRANT ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, LLC (Parent Company Only)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (In thousands)

OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Member's net loss	\$(44,732)
Adjustments to reconcile subsidiary's net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Equity in loss of subsidiary	44,730
Net cash used in operating activities	(2)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Capital contribution from Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP	500
Capital contribution to subsidiary	(500)
Return of capital to Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP	(1,981)
Return of capital from subsidiary	1,983
Net cash provided by investing activities	2
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Net cash provided by financing activities	_
NET INCREASE IN CASH	
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	_
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ —

See Notes to the Financial Statement of Registrant

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, LLC

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC's (collectively, "we" or "us" or "our") parent company financial information has been derived from our consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements included in the table of contents "Index to Consolidated Financial Statements." The accounting policies for the parent company are the same as those described in Note 2 of Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the table of contents, "Index to Consolidate Financial Statements." We are a wholly owned subsidiary of Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP.

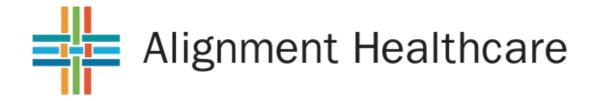
2. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY

For purposes of these condensed financial statements, our wholly owned and majority-owned subsidiaries are recorded using the equity method of accounting. Investment in subsidiary represents capital contributions to subsidiary and return of capital from our subsidiary to us.

We immediately remit any return of capital received from our subsidiary to Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP as a return of capital for Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP's investment in us. Discussion on return of capital contributions can be found in Note 10 of Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in table of contents, "Index to Consolidated Financial Statements."

3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

For a summary of commitments and contingencies, see Note 14 of Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in table of contents, "Index to Consolidated Financial Statements."



Alignment Healthcare, Inc.

	Preliminary 	prospectus		
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC	Morgan Stanley	J.P. Morgan	BofA Securities	William Blai
JBS Investment Bank	Piper S	Sandler		Baire
	3	, 2021		

Until , 2021, all dealers that buy, sell or trade our common stock, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

PART II

INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution

The following table sets forth all costs and expenses, other than the underwriting discounts and commissions payable by us, in connection with the offer and sale of the securities being registered. All amounts shown are estimates except for the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") registration fee and the FINRA filing fee.

	Amount to Paid	be
SEC registration fee	\$	*
FINRA filing fee		*
Listing fee		*
Printing expenses		*
Legal fees and expenses		*
Accounting fees and expenses		*
Transfer agent fees and registrar fees		*
Miscellaneous expenses		*
Total expenses	\$	*

^{*} To be provided by amendment.

Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Section 102(b)(7) of the DGCL allows a corporation to provide in its certificate of incorporation that a director of the corporation will not be personally liable to the corporation or its shareholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except where the director breached the duty of loyalty, failed to act in good faith, engaged in intentional misconduct or knowingly violated a law, authorized the payment of a dividend or approved a stock repurchase in violation of Delaware corporate law or obtained an improper personal benefit. Our certificate of incorporation will provide for this limitation of liability.

Section 145 of the DGCL ("Section 145") provides that a Delaware corporation may indemnify any person who was, is or is threatened to be made party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of such corporation), by reason of the fact that such person is or was an officer, director, employee or agent of such corporation or is or was serving at the request of such corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or enterprise. The indemnity may include expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding, provided that such person acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the corporation's best interests and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was illegal. A Delaware corporation may indemnify any persons who are, were or are threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation by reason of the fact that such person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or enterprise. The indemnity may include expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such person in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit, provided that such person acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the corporation's best interests, provided that no indemnification is permitted without judicial approval if the officer, director, employee or agent is adjudged to be liable to the corporation. Where an officer or director is successful on the merits or otherwise in the defense of any action referred to above, the corporation must indemnify him against the expenses which s

Section 145 further authorizes a corporation to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or enterprise, against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the corporation would otherwise have the power to indemnify him under Section 145.

Our bylaws will provide that we will indemnify our directors and officers to the fullest extent authorized by the DGCL and must also pay expenses incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition upon delivery of an undertaking by or on behalf of an indemnified person to repay all amounts so advanced if it should be determined ultimately that such person is not entitled to be indemnified under this section or otherwise.

Upon completion of this offering, we intend to enter into indemnification agreements with each of our executive officers and directors. The indemnification agreements will provide the executive officers and directors with contractual rights to indemnification, expense advancement and reimbursement, to the fullest extent permitted under the DGCL.

The indemnification rights set forth above shall not be exclusive of any other right which an indemnified person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, provision of our certificate of incorporation or bylaws, agreement, vote of shareholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

We will maintain standard policies of insurance that provide coverage (1) to our directors and officers against loss arising from claims made by reason of breach of duty or other wrongful act and (2) to us with respect to indemnification payments that we may make to such directors and officers. The proposed form of Underwriting Agreement to be filed as Exhibit 1.1 to this Registration Statement provides for indemnification of our directors and officers by the underwriters party thereto against certain liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") or otherwise.

Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

Set forth below is information regarding securities sold by us within the past three years that were not registered under the Securities Act. Also included is the consideration, if any, received by us for such securities and information relating to the section of the Securities Act, or rule of the SEC, under which exemption from registration was claimed.

Since November 1, 2017, we have made sales of the following unregistered securities:

Investor Unit Issuances

In February 2020, Alignment Partners sold an aggregate of 11,139,888 of its Class A-1 Units to certain institutional investors at a purchase price of \$12.12 per unit, for an aggregate purchase price of \$135,000,005.35.

Incentive Unit Issuances

Since November 1, 2017, Alignment Partners has granted 11,598,000 Class C incentive units to our directors, officers, employees and certain advisors.

The offers and sales of the above securities were deemed to be exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 in reliance upon Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act or Regulation D promulgated thereunder, or Rule 701 promulgated under Section 3(b) of the Securities Act, as transactions by an issuer not involving any public offering or pursuant to benefit plans and contracts relating to compensation as provided under Rule 701. The recipients of the above securities represented their intentions to acquire the securities for investment only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof. Appropriate legends were placed

upon any certificates issued in these transactions. All recipients had adequate access, through their relationships with us, to information about us. The sales of these securities were made without any general solicitation or advertising.

Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(i) Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
1.1*	Form of Underwriting Agreement
3.1*	Form of Certificate of Incorporation of Alignment Healthcare, Inc.
3.2*	Form of Bylaws of Alignment Healthcare, Inc.
5.1*	Opinion of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP
10.1	Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018, among Alignment Healthcare Holdco 2, LLC, Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC as borrower, certain subsidiaries of Alignment Healthcare Holdco 2, LLC as guarantors, the parties named therein as guarantors and lenders, and CRG Servicing LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent
10.2	Security Agreement dated as of August 21, 2018 among, among Alignment Healthcare Holdco 2, LLC, Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC as borrower, certain subsidiaries of Alignment Healthcare Holdco 2, LLC as grantors, and CRG Servicing LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent
10.3	Amendment No. 1 to Loan Agreement and Amendment to Fee Letter, dated as of April 25, 2019, among Alignment Healthcare Holdco 2, LLC, Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC as borrower, certain subsidiaries of Alignment Healthcare Holdco 2, LLC as guarantors, the parties named therein as guarantors and lenders and CRG Servicing LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent
10.4	Amendment No. 2 to Loan Agreement and Amendment to Fee Letter, dated as of May 26, 2020, among Alignment Healthcare Holdco 2, LLC, Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC as borrower, certain subsidiaries of Alignment Healthcare Holdco 2, LLC as guarantors, the parties named therein as guarantors and lenders and CRG Servicing LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent
10.5	Amendment No. 3 to Loan Agreement and Amendment to Fee Letter, dated as of September 8, 2020, among Alignment Healthcare Holdco 2, LLC, Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC as borrower, certain subsidiaries of Alignment Healthcare Holdco 2, LLC as guarantors, the parties named therein as guarantors and lenders and CRG Servicing LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent
10.6*	Form of Director and Officer Indemnification Agreement
10.7+	Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC Stock Appreciation Rights Plan
10.8+*	Form of 2021 Omnibus Incentive Plan
10.9+*	Form of Employment Agreement of John E. Kao
10.10+*	Form of Employment Agreement of Dawn Maroney
10.11+*	Form of Employment Agreement of Thomas Freeman
10.12+§	Form of Employment Agreement of Donald Furman
10.13+§	Form of Employment Agreement of Dinesh Kumar
21.1*	Subsidiaries of Alignment Healthcare, Inc.
23.1*	Consent of Deloitte LLP
23.2*	Consent of Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1)
24.1	Power of Attorney (included on signature page)

- * To be filed by amendment.
- + Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or agreement.
- § Exhibits and schedules have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K and will be provided on a supplemental basis to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

(ii) Financial statement schedules

A financial statement schedule is included in the consolidated financial statements, which form part of this registration statement, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 17. Undertakings

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to provide to the underwriters at the closing specified in the underwriting agreement certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the underwriters to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that:

- 1. For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this Registration Statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in the form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act of 1933 shall be deemed to be part of this Registration Statement as of the time it was declared effective; and
- 2. For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at the time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Orange, State of California, on , 2021.

By:
Name: John Kao
Title: Chief Executive Officer

POWER OF ATTORNEY

The undersigned directors and officers of Alignment Healthcare, Inc. hereby appoint each of and, as attorney-in-fact for the undersigned, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for and in the name, place and stead of the undersigned, to sign and file with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933 any and all amendments (including post-effective amendments) and exhibits to this registration statement on Form S-1 (or any other registration statement for the same offering that is to be effective upon filing pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act of 1933) and any and all applications and other documents to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pertaining to the registration of the securities covered hereby, with full power and authority to do and perform any and all acts and things whatsoever requisite and necessary or desirable, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact, or his substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
John Kao	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	, 2021
Thomas Freeman	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	, 2021
Joseph Konowiecki	Director	, 2021
David Hodgson	Director	, 2021
Mark McClellan	Director	, 2021
Robbert Vorhoff	Director	, 2021
Thomas Carella	Director	, 2021

Signature		Title	Date
Jeffrey Margolis	Director		, 2021
Jacqueline Kosecoff	Director		, 2021

TERM LOAN AGREEMENT

dated as of

August 21, 2018

among

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC,} \\ \textbf{as Holdings,} \end{array}$

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, as Borrower,

the Guarantors from time to time party hereto,

the Lenders from time to time party hereto

and

CRG SERVICING LLC, as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent

U.S. \$100,000,000

SECTION 1	DEFINITIONS	Page 1
1.01	Certain Defined Terms	1
1.02	Accounting Terms and Principles	26
1.03	Interpretation	26
1.04	Changes to GAAP	26
SECTION 2	THE COMMITMENT	27
2.01	Commitments	27
2.02	Borrowing Procedures	27
2.03	Fees	27
2.04	Use of Proceeds	27
2.05	Defaulting Lenders	27
2.06	Substitution of Lenders	28
SECTION 3	PAYMENTS OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST	29
3.01	Repayment	29
3.02	Interest	29
3.03	Prepayments	30
SECTION 4	PAYMENTS, ETC.	31
4.01	Payments	31
4.02	Computations	32
4.03	Notices	32
4.04	Set-Off	32
4.05	Pro Rata Treatment	33
SECTION 5	S YIELD PROTECTION, ETC.	34
5.01	Additional Costs	34
5.02	Illegality	35
5.03	Taxes	35
SECTION 6	S CONDITIONS PRECEDENT	39
6.01	Conditions to the First Borrowing	39
6.02	Conditions to Second Borrowing	41
6.03	Conditions to Each Borrowing	41

Table of Contents (continued)

SECTION 7	REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES	Page 42
7.01	Power and Authority	42
7.02	Authorization; Enforceability	42
7.03	Governmental and Other Approvals; No Conflicts	43
7.04	Financial Statements; Material Adverse Change	43
7.05	Properties	43
7.06	No Actions or Proceedings	44
7.07	Compliance with Laws and Agreements	44
7.08	Taxes	44
7.09	Full Disclosure	44
7.10	Regulation	45
7.11	Solvency	45
7.12	Subsidiaries and Managed Companies	45
7.13	[Reserved.]	46
7.14	Material Agreements	46
7.15	Restrictive Agreements	46
7.16	Real Property	46
7.17	Pension Matters	46
7.18	Collateral; Security Interest	46
7.19	Regulatory Approvals; Health Care Representations and Warranties	47
SECTION 8	AFFIRMATIVE COVENANTS	51
8.01	Financial Statements and Other Information	51
8.02	Notices of Material Events	52
8.03	Existence; Conduct of Business	55
8.04	Payment of Obligations	55
8.05	Insurance	55
8.06	Books and Records; Inspection Rights	56
8.07	Compliance with Laws and Other Obligations	56
8.08	Maintenance of Properties, Etc.	56
8.09	Licenses	56

Table of Contents (continued)

8.10	Action under Environmental Laws	Page 56
8.11	Use of Proceeds	57
8.12	Certain Obligations Respecting Subsidiaries; Further Assurances	57
8.13	[Reserved.]	58
8.14	Intellectual Property	59
8.15	[Reserved.]	59
8.16	Health Care Affirmative Covenants	59
8.17	Post-Closing Conditions	60
SECTION 9	9 NEGATIVE COVENANTS	60
9.01	Indebtedness	60
9.02	Liens	62
9.03	Fundamental Changes and Acquisitions	64
9.04	Lines of Business	65
9.05	Investments	65
9.06	Restricted Payments	66
9.07	Payments of Indebtedness	68
9.08	Change in Fiscal Year	68
9.09	Sales of Assets, Etc.	68
9.10	Transactions with Affiliates	69
9.11	Restrictive Agreements	70
9.12	Amendments to Material Agreements; Organizational Documents	70
9.13	Excess Cash	71
9.14	Sales and Leasebacks	71
9.15	Hazardous Material	71
9.16	Accounting Changes	71
9.17	Compliance with ERISA	71
9.18	Health Care Negative Covenants	72
9.19	Holding Company Status	72

(continued)

SECTION 10	FINANCIAL COVENANTS	Page 72
10.01	Minimum Liquidity	72
10.02	Minimum Revenue	73
SECTION 11	EVENTS OF DEFAULT	73
11.01	Events of Default	73
11.02	Remedies	76
SECTION 12	ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT	78
12.01	Appointment and Duties	78
12.02	Binding Effect	79
12.03	Use of Discretion	79
12.04	Delegation of Rights and Duties	79
12.05	Reliance and Liability	79
12.06	Administrative Agent Individually	80
12.07	Lender Credit Decision	81
12.08	Expenses; Indemnities	81
12.09	Resignation of Administrative Agent	81
12.10	Release of Collateral or Guarantors	82
12.11	Additional Secured Parties	83
SECTION 13	MISCELLANEOUS	83
13.01	No Waiver	83
13.02	Notices	83
13.03	Expenses, Indemnification, Etc.	83
13.04	Amendments, Etc.	84
13.05	Successors and Assigns	85
13.06	Survival	88
13.07	Captions	88
13.08	Counterparts	88
13.09	Governing Law	88
13.10	Jurisdiction, Service of Process and Venue	88
13.11	Waiver of Jury Trial	89
13.12	Waiver of Immunity	89
13.13	Entire Agreement	89

Table of Contents (continued)

	- · · · ·	Page
13.14	Severability	89
13.15	No Fiduciary Relationship	89
13.16	Confidentiality	90
13.17	USA PATRIOT Act	90
13.18	Maximum Rate of Interest	90
13.19	Certain Waivers.	91
13.20	Tax Treatment	92
13.21	Original Issue Discount	92
SECTION 14 GUARANTEE		92
14.01	The Guarantee	92
14.02	Obligations Unconditional; Guarantor Waivers	93
14.03	Reinstatement	94
14.04	Subrogation	94
14.05	Remedies	94
14.06	Instrument for the Payment of Money	94
14.07	Continuing Guarantee	94
14.08	Rights of Contribution	95
14.09	General Limitation on Guarantee Obligations	95
14.10	Release	95

SCHEDULES AND EXHIBITS

- Commitments Schedule 1

Schedule 7.03(a) Consent and Approval Exceptions

Schedule 7.06 Certain Litigation

Schedule 7.12 - Information Regarding Subsidiaries and Managed Companies

Schedule 7.15 - Restrictive Agreements

Schedule 7.16 - Real Property - Pension Matters Schedule 7.17 - Existing Indebtedness Schedule 9.01(b)

- Healthcare Subsidiary Letters of Credit Schedule 9.01(n)

Schedule 9.02(b) - Existing Liens

- Healthcare Subsidiary Letter of Credit Liens Schedule 9.02(1)

- Existing Investments Schedule 9.05 - Specified Asset Sales Schedule 9.09 - Transactions with Affiliates Schedule 9.10 Schedule 9.14 - Permitted Sales and Leasebacks

Exhibit A - Form of Guarantee Assumption Agreement

Exhibit B - Form of Notice of Borrowing

- Form of U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate Exhibit C-1 - Form of U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate Exhibit C-2 Form of U.S. Tax Compliance CertificateForm of U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate Exhibit C-3 Exhibit C-4 - Form of Compliance Certificate Exhibit D

Exhibit E

Opinion RequestForm of Landlord Consent Exhibit F

TERM LOAN AGREEMENT, dated as of August 21, 2018 (this "Agreement"), among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Holdings"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), the Subsidiary Guarantors from time to time party hereto, the Lenders from time to time party hereto and CRG SERVICING LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("CRG Servicing"), as administrative agent and collateral agent for the Lenders (in such capacities, together with its successors and assigns, "Administrative Agent").

WITNESSETH:

Borrower has requested the Lenders to make term loans to Borrower, and the Lenders are prepared to make such loans on and subject to the terms and conditions hereof. Accordingly, the parties agree as follows:

SECTION 1 DEFINITIONS

1.01 Certain Defined Terms. As used herein, the following terms have the following respective meanings:

"Accounting Change Notice" has the meaning set forth in Section 1.04(a).

"Act" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.17.

"Acquisition" means any transaction, or any series of related transactions, by which any Person directly or indirectly, by means of a take-over bid, tender offer, amalgamation, merger, purchase or license of assets, or similar transaction having the same effect as any of the foregoing, (a) acquires any business or product, or any division, product or line of business or all or substantially all of the assets of any Person engaged in any business or any division, product or line of business, (b) acquires control of securities of a Person engaged in a business representing more than 50% of the ordinary voting power for the election of directors or other governing body if the business affairs of such Person are managed by a board of directors or other governing body, or (c) acquires control of more than 50% of the ownership interest in any Person engaged in any business that is not managed by a board of directors or other governing body.

"Acquisitions Basket" means (a) \$20,000,000, less (b) the sum of (i) without duplication, the aggregate amount of Investments made pursuant to Section 9.03(f) and 9.05(k), except to the extent (x) any such Investment is funded with Net Cash Equity Proceeds relating thereto, (y) the consideration for any such Investments consists of Qualified Equity Interests of Holdings or Parent or (z) such Investment is made concurrently with the applicable Permitted Acquisition and consists of either (1) the properties and assets of the entities included on Schedule 9.09 or (2) the Equity Interests of the entities included on Schedule 9.09, (ii) the aggregate consideration for all Permitted Acquisitions, except to the extent such consideration consists of Qualified Equity Interests of Parent or Holdings or is funded with Net Cash Equity Proceeds relating to such Permitted Acquisition, (iii) any Investments made in any Person acquired in a Permitted Acquisition pursuant to Section 9.05(e)(ii) to the extent such Investment is made on or prior to the closing date of such Permitted Acquisition or a specific amount is expressly required by a

Governmental Authority concurrently with or prior to the closing date of such Permitted Acquisition to be funded on such date or over a stated time period (other than general requirements to maintain cash reserves, working capital or positive net-worth balances on a going-forward basis) and (iv) the aggregate amount of Indebtedness incurred pursuant to **Section 9.01(j)**.

- "Affected Lender" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(a).
- "Affiliate" means, with respect to a specified Person, another Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, Controls or is Controlled by or is under common Control with the Person specified.
 - "Agreement" has the meaning set forth in the introduction hereto.
 - "AHP" means Alignment Health Plan, a California corporation.
 - "Alignment Florida" means Alignment Healthcare Florida, LLC, a Florida limited liability company.
 - "Alignment Nevada" means Alignment Health Plan of Nevada, Inc., a Nevada corporation.
 - "Alignment-CMS Agreement" means the agreement between Centers of Medicare and Medicaid Services and AHP, as in effect from time to time.
- "Anti-Corruption Laws" means all laws, rules, and regulations of any jurisdiction applicable to any Obligor, its Subsidiaries or Affiliates from time to time concerning or relating to bribery or corruption, including the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder.
- "Anti-Money Laundering Laws" means any and all laws, statutes, regulations or obligatory government orders, decrees, ordinances or rules applicable to an Obligor, its Subsidiaries or Affiliates related to terrorism financing or money laundering, including any applicable provision of the Act and The Currency and Foreign Transaction Reporting Act (also known as the "Bank Secrecy Act," 31 U.S.C. §§5311-5330 and 12 U.S.C. §§ 1818(s), 1820(b) and 1951-1959), in each case as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder.
 - "Asset Sale" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.09.
- "Asset Sale Net Proceeds" means the aggregate amount of the cash proceeds received from any Asset Sale, net of (i) any bona fide costs incurred in connection with such Asset Sale and (ii) any income, sales, use, transfer or other transaction Taxes paid or payable (to the extent reserved for under GAAP) as a result thereof and Tax Distributions in respect thereof.
 - "Assignment and Assumption" means an assignment and assumption entered into by a Lender and an assignee of such Lender.
 - "Bankruptcy Code" means Title 11 of the United States Code entitled "Bankruptcy."

- "Benefit Plan" means any employee benefit plan as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA (whether governed by the laws of the United States or otherwise) to which any Obligor or Subsidiary thereof incurs or otherwise has any obligation or liability, contingent or otherwise.
 - "Borrower" has the meaning set forth in the introduction hereto.
 - "Borrower Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.03(b).
- "Borrowing" means a borrowing consisting of Loans made on the same day by the Lenders according to their respective Commitments (including a borrowing of a PIK Loan).
 - "Borrowing Date" means the date of a Borrowing.
- "Borrowing Notice Date" means, (a) in the case of the first Borrowing, a date that is at least one (1) Business Day prior to the Borrowing Date of such Borrowing and, (b) in the case of the second Borrowing, a date that is at least twelve (12) Business Days prior to the Borrowing Date of such Borrowing.
 - "Budget" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.01(f).
- "Business Day" means a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which commercial banks are not authorized or required to close in New York City.
- "Capital Lease Obligations" means, as to any Person, the obligations of such Person to pay rent or other amounts under a lease of (or other agreement conveying the right to use) real and/or personal Property which obligations are required to be classified and accounted for as a capital lease on a balance sheet of such Person under GAAP and, for purposes of this Agreement, the amount of such obligations shall be the capitalized amount thereof, determined in accordance with GAAP; provided that any lease that would be characterized as an operating lease in accordance with GAAP on the Closing Date (whether or not such operating lease was in effect on such date) shall continue to be accounted for as an operating lease (and not as a capital lease) for purposes of this Agreement regardless of any change in GAAP following the Closing Date that would otherwise require such lease to be recharacterized (on a prospective or retroactive basis or otherwise) as a capital lease.
 - "CCP" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.16(c).
- "Change of Control" means (a) the failure of Parent, directly or indirectly, to own all of the Equity Interests of Holdings, (b) the failure of Holdings, directly or indirectly through wholly-owned Subsidiaries that are Guarantors, to own all of the Equity Interests of Borrower and (c) the failure by the Sponsors to, directly or indirectly through one or more holding companies, own (i) at least a majority of the issued and outstanding voting Equity Interests of Parent and Holdings or, in any event, Equity Interests representing voting control of Parent and Holdings and (ii) Equity Interests representing at least 40% of the economic value of Parent and Holdings.
- "Claims" means any claims, demands, complaints, grievances, actions, applications, suits, causes of action, orders, charges, indictments, prosecutions, informations (brought by a public prosecutor without grand jury indictment) or other similar processes, assessments or reassessments.

- "Closing Date" means August 21, 2018.
- "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder from time to time.
- "Collateral" means any Property in which a Lien is purported to be granted under any of the Security Documents (or all such Property, as the context may require).
- "Commitment" means, with respect to each Lender, the obligation of such Lender to make Loans to Borrower in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, which commitment is in the amount set forth opposite such Lender's name on **Schedule 1** under the caption "Commitment", as such Schedule may be amended from time to time. The aggregate Commitments on the Closing Date equal \$100,000,000. For purposes of clarification, the amount of any PIK Loans shall not reduce the amount of the available Commitment.
- "Commitment Period" means the period from and including the first date on which all of the conditions precedent set forth in Section 6.01 have been satisfied (or waived by the Lenders) and through and including December 31, 2019.
 - "Commodity Account" has the meaning set forth in the Security Agreement.
 - "Compliance Certificate" has the meaning given to such term in Section 8.01(d).
- "Connection Income Taxes" means Other Connection Taxes that are imposed on or measured by net income (however denominated) or that are franchise Taxes or branch profits Taxes.
- "Contracts" means contracts, licenses, leases, agreements, obligations, promises, undertakings, understandings, arrangements, documents, commitments, entitlements or engagements under which a Person has, or will have, any liability or contingent liability (in each case, whether written or oral, express or implied).
- "Control" means, in respect of a particular Person, the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of such Person, whether through the ability to exercise voting power, by contract or otherwise. "Controlling" and "Controlled" have meanings correlative thereto.
 - "Controlled Foreign Corporation" means a "controlled foreign corporation" as defined in Section 957(a) of the Code.
 - "Copyright" has the meaning set forth in the Security Agreement.
- "Default" means any Event of Default and any event that, upon the giving of notice, the lapse of time or both, would constitute an Event of Default.

"Default Rate" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.02(b).

"Defaulting Lender" means, subject to Section 2.05, any Lender that (a) has failed to perform any of its funding obligations hereunder, including in respect of its Loans, within three (3) Business Days of the date required to be funded by it hereunder, (b) has notified Borrower or any Lender that it does not intend to comply with its funding obligations or has made a public statement to that effect with respect to its funding obligations hereunder or under other agreements in which it commits to extend credit, or (c) has, or has a direct or indirect parent company that has, (i) become the subject of an Insolvency Proceeding, (ii) had a receiver, conservator, trustee, administrator, assignee for the benefit of creditors or similar Person charged with reorganization or liquidation of its business or a custodian appointed for it, or (iii) taken any action in furtherance of, or indicated its consent to, approval of or acquiescence in any such proceeding or appointment; provided that a Lender shall not be a Defaulting Lender solely by virtue of the ownership or acquisition of any equity interest in that Lender or any direct or indirect parent company thereof by a Governmental Authority.

"Deposit Account" is defined in the Security Agreement.

"Disqualified Equity Interests" means, with respect to any Person, any Equity Interests of such Person which, by their terms, or by the terms of any security into which they are convertible or for which they are putable or exchangeable, or upon the happening of any event or condition, (a) mature or are mandatorily redeemable (other than solely as a result of a change of control or asset sale, so long as any rights of the holders thereof upon the occurrence of a change of control or asset sale event shall be subject to the prior indefeasible repayment in full in cash of the Loans and all other Obligations that are accrued and payable and the termination or expiration of the Commitments) pursuant to a sinking fund obligation or otherwise, or are redeemable at the option of the holder thereof (other than solely as a result of a change of control or asset sale, so long as any rights of the holders thereof upon the occurrence of a change of control or asset sale event shall be subject to the prior indefeasible repayment in full in cash of the Loans and all other Obligations that are accrued and payable and the termination or expiration of the Commitments), in whole or in part, or otherwise has any distributions or other payments which are mandatory or otherwise required at any time (other than distributions or payments in Equity Interests that do not constitute Disqualified Equity Interests), in each case prior to the date 181 days after the Stated Maturity Date or (b) are convertible into or exchangeable (unless at the sole option of the issuer thereof) for (x) debt securities or (y) any Equity Interest referred to in clause (a) above; provided, however, that, if such Equity Interests are issued to any plan for the benefit of employees of Borrower or its Subsidiaries or by any such plan to such employees, such Equity Interests shall not constitute Disqualified Equity Interests solely because they may be required to be repurchased by Borrower or its Subsidiaries in order to satisfy applicable statutory or regulatory

"Dollars" and "\$" means lawful money of the United States.

"Eligible Transferee" means and includes a commercial bank, an insurance company, a finance company, a financial institution, any investment fund that invests in loans or any other "accredited investor" (as defined in Regulation D under the Securities Act) that is principally in the business of managing investments or holding assets for investment purposes; provided that (i) no Ineligible Institution shall be an Eligible Transferee and (ii) during the Commitment Period, any Eligible Transferee shall be a "qualified institutional buyer" (as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act).

"Environmental Law" means any federal, state, provincial or local governmental law, rule, regulation, order, writ, judgment, injunction or decree relating to pollution or protection of the environment or the treatment, storage, disposal, release, threatened release or handling of hazardous materials, and all local laws and regulations related to environmental matters and any specific agreements entered into with any competent authorities which include commitments related to environmental matters.

"*Equity Interest*" means, with respect to any Person, any and all shares, interests, participations or other equivalents, including membership interests (however designated, whether voting or nonvoting), of equity of such Person, including, if such Person is a partnership, partnership interests (whether general or limited) and any other interest or participation that confers on a Person the right to receive a share of the profits and losses of, or distributions of property of, such partnership, but excluding debt securities convertible or exchangeable into such equity.

"*Equivalent Amount*" means, with respect to an amount denominated in one currency, the amount in another currency that could be purchased by the amount in the first currency determined by reference to the Exchange Rate at the time of determination.

"ERISA" means the United States Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

"ERISA Affiliate" means, collectively, any Obligor, Subsidiary thereof, and any Person under common control, or treated as a single employer, with any Obligor or Subsidiary thereof, within the meaning of Section 414(b), (c), (m) or (o) of the Code.

"ERISA Event" means (a) a reportable event as defined in Section 4043 of ERISA with respect to a Title IV Plan, excluding, however, such events as to which the PBGC by regulation has waived the requirement of Section 4043(a) of ERISA that it be notified within 30 days of the occurrence of such event; (b) the applicability of the requirements of Section 4043(b) of ERISA with respect to a contributing sponsor, as defined in Section 4001(a)(13) of ERISA, to any Title IV Plan where an event described in paragraph (9), (10), (11), (12) or (13) of Section 4043(c) of ERISA is reasonably expected to occur with respect to such plan within the following 30 days; (c) a withdrawal by any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof from a Title IV Plan or the termination of any Title IV Plan resulting in liability under Sections 4063 or 4064 of ERISA; (d) the withdrawal of any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof in a complete or partial withdrawal (within the meaning of Section 4203 and 4205 of ERISA) from any Multiemployer Plan if there is any potential liability therefore, or the receipt by any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof of notice from any Multiemployer Plan that it is in reorganization or insolvency pursuant to Section 4241 or 4245 of ERISA; (e) the filing of a notice of intent to terminate, the treatment of a plan amendment as a termination under Section 4041 or 4041A of ERISA, or the commencement of proceedings by the PBGC to terminate a Title IV Plan or Multiemployer Plan; (f) the imposition of liability on any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof pursuant to Sections

4062(e) or 4069 of ERISA or by reason of the application of Section 4212(c) of ERISA; (g) the failure by any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof to make any required contribution to a Plan, or the failure to meet the minimum funding standard of Section 412 of the Code with respect to any Title IV Plan (whether or not waived in accordance with Section 412(c) of the Code) or the failure to make by its due date a required installment under Section 430 of the Code with respect to any Title IV Plan or the failure to make any required contribution to a Multiemployer Plan; (h) the determination that any Title IV Plan is considered an at-risk plan or a plan in endangered to critical status within the meaning of Sections 430, 431 and 432 of the Code or Sections 303, 304 and 305 of ERISA; (i) an event or condition which might reasonably be expected to constitute grounds under Section 4042 of ERISA for the termination of, or the appointment of a trustee to administer, any Title IV Plan or Multiemployer Plan; (j) the imposition of any liability under Title I or Title IV of ERISA, other than PBGC premiums due but not delinquent under Section 4007 of ERISA, upon any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof; (k) an application for a funding waiver under Section 303 of ERISA or an extension of any amortization period pursuant to Section 412 of the Code with respect to any Title IV Plan; (1) the occurrence of a non-exempt prohibited transaction under Sections 406 or 407 of ERISA for which any Obligor or any Subsidiary thereof may be directly or indirectly liable; (m) a violation of the applicable requirements of Section 404 or 405 of ERISA or the exclusive benefit rule under Section 401(a) of the Code by any fiduciary or disqualified person for which any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof may be directly or indirectly liable; (n) the occurrence of an act or omission which could reasonably be expected to give rise to the imposition on any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof of fines, penalties, taxes or related charges under Chapter 43 of the Code or under Sections 409, 502(c), (i) or (1) or 4071 of ERISA; (o) the assertion of a material claim (other than routine claims for benefits) against any Plan or the asserts thereof, or against any Obligor or any Subsidiary thereof in connection with any such plan; (p) receipt from the IRS of notice of the failure of any Qualified Plan to qualify under Section 401(a) of the Code, or the failure of any trust forming part of any Qualified Plan to fail to qualify for exemption from taxation under Section 501(a) of the Code; (q) the imposition of any lien (or the fulfillment of the conditions for the imposition of any lien) on any of the rights, properties or assets of any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof, in either case pursuant to Title I or IV, including Section 302(f) or 303(k) of ERISA or to Section 401(a)(29) or 430(k) of the Code; or (r) the establishment or amendment by any Obligor or any Subsidiary thereof of any "welfare plan", as such term is defined in Section 3(1) of ERISA, that provides post-employment welfare benefits in a manner that would increase the liability of any Obligor.

"*ERISA Funding Rules*" means the rules regarding minimum required contributions (including any installment payment thereof) to Title IV Plans, as set forth in Sections 412, 430, 431, 432 and 436 of the Code and Sections 302, 303, 304 and 305 of ERISA.

"Event of Default" has the meaning set forth in Section 11.01.

"Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

"Exchange Rate" means the rate at which any currency (the "Pre-Exchange Currency") may be exchanged into another currency (the "Post-Exchange Currency"), as set forth on such date on the relevant Reuters screen at or about 11:00 a.m. (Central time) on such date. In the event that such rate does not appear on the Reuters screen, the "Exchange Rate" with respect to

exchanging such Pre-Exchange Currency into such Post-Exchange Currency shall be determined by reference to such other publicly available service for displaying exchange rates as may be agreed upon by Borrower and Administrative Agent or, in the absence of such agreement, such Exchange Rate shall instead be determined by Administrative Agent by any reasonable method as they deem applicable to determine such rate, and such determination shall be conclusive absent manifest error.

"Excluded Foreign Subsidiary" means any Foreign Subsidiary that is (i) a Controlled Foreign Corporation or (ii) a Foreign Subsidiary owned by a Subsidiary described in clause (i).

"Excluded Taxes" means any of the following Taxes imposed on or with respect to a Recipient or required to be withheld or deducted from a payment to a Recipient: (a) Taxes imposed on or measured by net income (however denominated), franchise Taxes and branch profits Taxes, in each case (i) imposed as a result of such Recipient being organized under the laws of, or having its principal office or, in the case of any Lender, its applicable lending office located in, the jurisdiction (or any political subdivision thereof) imposing such Tax, or (ii) that are Other Connection Taxes, (b) U.S. Federal withholding Taxes that are imposed on amounts payable to a Lender pursuant to a Requirement of Law in effect on the date that (i) such Lender acquired such interest in the Loan (other than pursuant to an assignment request by Borrower under Section 5.03(g)) or (ii) such Lender changes its lending office, except in each case to the extent pursuant to Section 5.03, amounts with respect to Taxes were payable either to such Lender's assignor immediately before such Lender became a party hereto or to such Lender immediately before it changed its lending office, (c) any withholding Taxes imposed under FATCA, and (d) Taxes attributable to such Recipient's failure to comply with Section 5.03(e).

"Existing Ally Facility" means the Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of December 16, 2016, among Ally Bank, Borrower, Holdings and the subsidiary guarantors party thereto.

"Expense Cap" has the meaning set forth in the Fee Letter.

"FATCA" means Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, as of the date of this Agreement (or any amended or successor version that is substantively comparable and not materially more onerous to comply with), any current or future regulations or official interpretations thereof, any agreements entered into pursuant to Section 1471(b)(1) of the Code and any fiscal or regulatory legislation, rules or practices adopted pursuant to any intergovernmental agreement, treaty or convention among Governmental Authorities and implementing such Sections of the Code.

"Federal Funds Effective Rate" means, for any day, the weighted average of the rates on overnight federal funds transactions with members of the Federal Reserve System arranged by federal funds brokers, as published on the next succeeding Business Day by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or, if such rate is not so published for any day that is a Business Day, the average of the quotations for the day of such transactions received by Administrative Agent from three federal funds brokers of recognized standing selected by it.

"Federal Health Care Program" has the meaning as set forth at 42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7b(f).

"Fee Letter" means that fee letter agreement dated as of the Closing Date between Borrower and Administrative Agent.

- "Financing Transaction" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.05(b).
- "First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary" means an Excluded Foreign Subsidiary that is a direct Subsidiary of an Obligor.
- "Foreign Lender" means a Lender that is not a U.S. Person.
- "Foreign Subsidiary" means a Subsidiary of Borrower that is not a U.S. Person.

"GAAP" means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, as in effect from time to time, set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, in the statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board and in such other statements by such other entity as may be in general use by significant segments of the accounting profession that are applicable to the circumstances as of the date of determination. Subject to Section 1.02 and the proviso to the definition of "Capital Lease Obligations", all references to "GAAP" shall be to GAAP applied consistently with the principles used in the preparation of the financial statements described in Section 7.04(a).

"Governmental Approval" means any consent, authorization, approval, order, license, franchise, permit, certificate, accreditation, registration, filing or notice, of, issued by, from or to, or other act by or in respect of, any Governmental Authority.

"Governmental Authority" means any nation, government, branch of power (whether executive, legislative or judicial), state, province or municipality or other political subdivision thereof and any entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, monetary, regulatory or administrative functions of or pertaining to government, including regulatory authorities, governmental departments, agencies, commissions, bureaus, officials, ministers, courts, bodies, boards, tribunals and dispute settlement panels, and other law-, rule- or regulation-making organizations or entities of any State, territory, county, city or other political subdivision of the United States.

"Guarantee" of or by any Person (the "guarantor") means any obligation, contingent or otherwise, of the guarantor guaranteeing or having the economic effect of guaranteeing any Indebtedness or other obligation of any other Person (the "primary obligor") in any manner, whether directly or indirectly, and including any obligation of the guarantor, direct or indirect, (a) to purchase or pay (or advance or supply funds for the purchase or payment of) such Indebtedness or other obligation or to purchase (or to advance or supply funds for the purchase of) any security for the payment thereof, (b) to purchase or lease property, securities or services for the purpose of assuring the owner of such Indebtedness or other obligation of the payment thereof, (c) to maintain working capital, equity capital or any other financial statement condition or liquidity of the primary obligor so as to enable the primary obligor to pay such Indebtedness or other obligation or (d) as an account party in respect of any letter of credit or letter of guaranty issued to support such Indebtedness or obligation; provided that the term Guarantee shall not include endorsements for collection or deposit in the ordinary course of business.

"Guarantee Assumption Agreement" means a Guarantee Assumption Agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit A by an entity that, pursuant to Section 8.12(a), is required to become a "Subsidiary Guarantor" hereunder.

"Guaranteed Obligations" has the meaning set forth in Section 14.01.

"Guarantors" means, collectively, Holdings and the Subsidiary Guarantors.

"Hazardous Material" means any substance, element, chemical, compound, product, solid, gas, liquid, waste, by-product, pollutant, contaminant or material which is hazardous or toxic, and includes (a) asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyls and petroleum (including crude oil or any fraction thereof) and (b) any material classified or regulated as "hazardous" or "toxic" or words of like import pursuant to an Environmental Law.

"Health Care Laws" means, to the extent applicable to Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company and its business operations, the following, including applicable Governmental Authority guidance related thereto: (a) all state and federal health care fraud and abuse laws and regulations, including: (i) the Anti-Kickback Statute, 42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7b, 42 C.F.R. § 1001.952, (ii) the Civil Monetary Penalties Law, 42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7a, (iii) the federal physician self-referral prohibition, 42 U.S.C. § 1395nn, 42 C.F.R. § 411.351 et seq., (iv) the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3729 et seq.; and (v) state laws relating to fee-splitting, the corporate practice of medicine and the licensure and registration of health care providers; (b) the Medicare Regulations, Medicaid Regulations and any other federal and state laws, and regulations related to billing or claims for reimbursement submitted to any other Third Party Payor Program; (c) HIPAA and other federal and state privacy laws and regulations; (d) any and all federal and state laws, rules, and regulations relating to health insurance, coordination of patient care, third party administrators, utilization review, and provider risk sharing arrangements; (e) all state laws and regulations relating to the operation of pharmacies, the repackaging of drug products, the wholesale distribution of prescription drugs or controlled substances, the dispensing of prescription drugs or controlled substances and the labeling, packaging, advertising or adulteration of prescription drugs or controlled substances; (f) all federal and state laws regulating disposal of medical waste and radioactive waste, (g) all applicable certificate of need laws and (h) any other federal or state laws and regulations pertaining to the delivery or payment for health care services applicable to Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company, each of (a) through (h) as any of the foregoing as may be amended from time to

"Health Care Permit" means all governmental licenses, authorizations, registrations, permits, consents, certificates of need and approvals (a) issued or required under Health Care Laws necessary in the possession, ownership, warehousing, marketing, promoting, sale, labeling, furnishing, management, coordination, administration, distribution or delivery of goods or services under Health Care Laws to the extent applicable to the business of Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company and/or (b) issued or required under Health Care Laws applicable to the ownership or operation of Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company.

"Healthcare Subsidiary" means (a) any Subsidiary of Borrower (other than Alignment Nevada) that is subject to orders or regulations governing managed care organizations or is a healthcare entity required by a federal or state regulatory authority to maintain cash reserves or positive net worth balances or subject to federal or state regulations that restrict changes in ownership or control, asset transfers or dividend payments or other distributions by such person to its affiliates, including those identified by Borrower to Administrative Agent on or prior to the Closing Date and (b) Alignment Nevada, but, in the case of clause (b), only at such times on and after 30 days after the Closing Date that it either (x) has no assets or property with an aggregate value in excess of \$25,000 (other than required assets held for regulatory purposes related to any pending or then pursued application to become a regulated healthcare entity in Nevada) and no operating business or (y) otherwise constitutes a "Healthcare Subsidiary" pursuant to the definition in clause (a) above. As of the Closing Date, the only Healthcare Subsidiaries are AHP, Alignment Florida, Alignment Health Plan of Illinois, Inc., an Illinois corporation, Alignment Healthcare Tampa, LLC, a Florida limited liability company, Alignment Nevada.

"Hedging Agreement" means any interest rate exchange agreement, foreign currency exchange agreement, commodity price protection agreement or other interest or currency exchange rate or commodity price hedging arrangement.

"HIPAA" means the (a) Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Pub. L. No. 104-191) and (b) the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (Title XIII of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009), and all regulations promulgated from time to time under each of these statutes, including, without limitation, 45 C.F.R. Parts 160, 162 and 164, as all such statutes and regulations may be amended from time to time.

"HIPAA Compliant" shall mean that the applicable Person is in material compliance with each of the applicable requirements of HIPAA, and is not and would not reasonably be expected to become the subject of any civil or criminal penalty, process, claim, action or proceeding, or any administrative or other regulatory review, survey, process or proceeding (other than routine surveys or reviews) conducted by any Governmental Authority that would result in any of the foregoing or that would reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.

"Holdings" has the meaning set forth in the introduction hereto.

"Indebtedness" of any Person means, without duplication, (a) all obligations of such Person for borrowed money, (b) all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, (c) all obligations of such Person under conditional sale or other title retention agreements relating to property acquired by such Person, (d) all obligations of such Person in respect of the deferred purchase price of property or services (excluding current accounts payable incurred in the ordinary course of business), (e) all Indebtedness of others secured by (or for which the holder of such Indebtedness has an existing right, contingent or otherwise, to be secured by) any Lien on property owned or acquired by such Person, whether or not the Indebtedness secured thereby has been assumed, (f) all Guarantees by such Person of Indebtedness or other obligations of others, (g) all Capital Lease Obligations of such Person, (h)

all obligations, contingent or otherwise, of such Person as an account party in respect of letters of credit and letters of guaranty, (i) obligations under any Hedging Agreement currency swaps, forwards, futures or derivatives transactions, (j) all obligations, contingent or otherwise, of such Person in respect of bankers' acceptances and (k) the amount of all obligations of such Person with respect to the redemption, repayment or other repurchase of any Disqualified Equity Interests; *provided* that "Indebtedness" shall not include (A) purchase price holdbacks arising in the ordinary course of business or consistent with past practice or industry norm in respect of a portion of the purchase prices of an asset to satisfy unperformed obligations of the seller of such asset, (B) earn-out obligations until such obligations become a liability on the balance sheet of such person in accordance with GAAP, (C) prepaid or deferred revenue, (D) obligations in respect of Third Party Funds and (E) any stock appreciation right plan and related obligations. The Indebtedness of any Person shall include the Indebtedness of any other entity (including any partnership in which such Person is a general partner) to the extent such Person is liable therefor as a result of such Person's ownership interest in or other relationship with such entity, except to the extent the terms of such Indebtedness provide that such Person is not liable therefor.

"Indemnified Party" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.03(b).

"Indemnified Taxes" means (a) Taxes, other than Excluded Taxes, imposed on or with respect to any payment made by or on account of any Obligation and (b) to the extent not otherwise described in clause (a), Other Taxes.

"Ineligible Institution" means (i) the persons identified as, and to the extent readily ascertainable by Administrative Agent, funds managed by persons identified as, "Disqualified Lenders" in writing to Administrative Agent by Borrower, and accepted by Administrative Agent, on or prior to the Closing Date and (ii) any operating company that provides insurance services in direct competition with Holdings and the Subsidiaries and as identified in writing to Administrative Agent by Borrower from time to time by delivery of a notice thereof to Administrative Agent setting forth such person or persons (or the person or persons previously identified to Administrative Agent that are to be no longer considered Ineligible Institutions); provided that no such updates pursuant to this clause (ii) shall be deemed to retroactively disqualify any parties that have previously acquired an assignment or participation interest in respect of the Loans from continuing to hold or vote such previously acquired assignments and participations on the terms set forth herein for Lenders that are not Ineligible Institutions.

"Insolvency Proceeding" means (a) any case, action or proceeding before any court or other Governmental Authority relating to bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency, liquidation, receivership, dissolution, winding-up or relief of debtors, or (b) any general assignment for the benefit of creditors, composition, marshaling of assets for creditors, or other, similar arrangement in respect of any Person's creditors generally or any substantial portion of such Person's creditors, in each case undertaken under U.S. Federal, state or foreign law, including the Bankruptcy Code.

"Intellectual Property" means all Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, and Technical Information, whether registered or not, domestic and foreign. Intellectual Property shall include all:

- (a) applications or registrations relating to such Intellectual Property;
- (b) rights and privileges arising under applicable Laws with respect to such Intellectual Property;
- (c) rights to sue for past, present or future infringements of such Intellectual Property; and
- (d) rights of the same or similar effect or nature in any jurisdiction corresponding to such Intellectual Property throughout the world.

"Interest Period" means, with respect to each Borrowing, (a) initially, the period commencing on and including the Borrowing Date thereof and ending on and excluding the next Payment Date, and, (b) thereafter, each period beginning on and including the last day of the immediately preceding Interest Period and ending on and excluding the next succeeding Payment Date.

"*Invention*" means any novel, inventive and useful art, apparatus, method, process, machine (including article or device), manufacture or composition of matter, or any novel, inventive and useful improvement in any art, method, process, machine (including article or device), manufacture or composition of matter.

"Investment" means, for any Person: (a) the acquisition (whether for cash, property, services or securities or otherwise) of capital stock, bonds, notes, debentures, partnership or other ownership interests or other securities of any other Person (including any "short sale" or any sale of any securities at a time when such securities are not owned by the Person entering into such sale); (b) the making of any deposit with, or advance, loan or other extension of credit to, any other Person (including the purchase of property from another Person subject to an understanding or agreement, contingent or otherwise, to resell such property to such Person), but excluding any such advance, loan or extension of credit having a term not exceeding 90 days arising in connection with the sale of inventory or supplies by such Person in the ordinary course of business; (c) the entering into of any Guarantee of, or other contingent obligation with respect to, Indebtedness or other liability of any other Person and (without duplication) any amount committed to be advanced, lent or extended to such Person; or (d) the entering into of any Hedging Agreement.

"IRS" means the U.S. Internal Revenue Service or any successor agency, and to the extent relevant, the U.S. Department of the Treasury.

"Knowledge" or "knowledge" means, with respect to any Person, the actual knowledge of any Responsible Officer of such Person and, in the case of Borrower, so long as he or she is employed by Borrower or its Subsidiaries, the actual knowledge of John Kao and Thomas Freeman, so long as such Person is an officer of Borrower.

"Landlord Consent" means a Landlord Consent substantially in the form of Exhibit F.

"Laws" means, collectively, all international, foreign, federal, state, provincial, territorial, municipal and local statutes, treaties, rules, guidelines, regulations, ordinances, codes and administrative or judicial precedents or authorities, including the interpretation or administration thereof by any Governmental Authority charged with the enforcement, interpretation or administration thereof, and all applicable administrative orders, directed duties, requests, licenses, authorizations and permits of, and agreements with, any Governmental Authority, in each case whether or not having the force of law.

"Lender" means each Person listed as a "Lender" on a signature page hereto, together with its successors, and each permitted assignee of a Lender pursuant to Section 13.05(b).

"Licensed Personnel" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.19(b)(ii).

"*Lien*" means any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge or other security interest, or any lease, title retention agreement, mortgage, restriction, easement, right-of-way, option or adverse claim (of ownership or possession) or other encumbrance of any kind or character whatsoever or any preferential arrangement that has the practical effect of creating a security interest.

"Liquidity" means the balance of unencumbered (other than by Liens described in **Sections 9.02(a)** and **9.02(j)**) cash and Permitted Cash Equivalent Investments (which for greater certainty shall not include any undrawn credit lines), in each case to the extent held in an account over which the Secured Parties have a perfected security interest.

"Loan" means (a) each loan advanced by a Lender pursuant to Section 2.01 and (b) each PIK Loan deemed to have been advanced by a Lender pursuant to Section 3.02(d). For purposes of clarification, any calculation of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of Loans on any date of determination shall include both the aggregate principal amount of loans advanced pursuant to Section 2.01 and not yet repaid, and all PIK Loans deemed to have been advanced and not yet repaid, on or prior to such date of determination.

"Loan Documents" means, collectively, this Agreement, the Fee Letter, the Security Documents, the Perfection Certificate, any subordination agreement or any intercreditor agreement entered into by Administrative Agent (on behalf of the Lenders) with any other creditors of Obligors or any agent acting on behalf of such creditors, and any other present or future document, instrument, agreement or certificate executed by Obligors and delivered to Administrative Agent or any Secured Party in connection with or pursuant to this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents, all as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified.

"Loss" means judgments, debts, liabilities, expenses, costs, damages or losses, contingent or otherwise, whether liquidated or unliquidated, matured or unmatured, disputed or undisputed, contractual, legal or equitable, including loss of value, professional fees, including fees and disbursements of legal counsel on a full indemnity basis, and all costs incurred in investigating or pursuing any Claim or any proceeding relating to any Claim.

"Majority Lenders" means, at any time, Lenders having at such time in excess of 50% of the aggregate Commitments (or, if such Commitments are terminated, the outstanding principal amount of the Loans) then in effect, ignoring, in such calculation, the Commitments of and outstanding Loans owing to any Defaulting Lender.

"Managed Company" means any Person (other than an Obligor) that is engaged in the delivery of health care services to patients, including without limitation any health care or medical clinic or practice, or Person (other than an Obligor) owning or operating any such Person, for which Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries performs management, administrative and/or business services pursuant to Management Services Documents, whether now in effect or entered into after the Closing Date as permitted by, and pursuant to the terms of, the Loan Documents. As of the Closing Date, the only Managed Company is Alignment Healthcare Medical Associates PC, a North Carolina professional corporation.

"Management Services Agreement" means (a) those management or service agreements by and between Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries, on the one hand, and any Managed Company, as delivered to Lender as required by Section 7.19 and (b) any other similar management or administrative and/or business services agreement entered into after the Closing Date between Holdings or a Subsidiary thereof and any Managed Company pursuant to which Holdings or such Subsidiary agrees to provide management, administrative and/or business services to such Managed Company on or after the Closing Date, in each case of clause (a) and (b), as the same may be amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time as permitted by the terms of this Agreement. For clarity, Management Services Agreements do not include any agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business involving Holdings or any Subsidiary thereof (i) providing or arranging for institutional, professional or ancillary services for members or enrollees of any Medicare Advantage health plan by a Healthcare Subsidiary or Medicare Advantage sponsor or payer, or (ii) providing or implementing Care As A Service or CAAS programs for any Person.

"Management Services Documents" means the Management Service Agreements, the Stock Transfer Restriction Agreements, any agreements (other than the Management Services Agreements) which set forth any funding or financing arrangements between Holdings or its Subsidiaries and any Managed Company, whether executed and delivered on or after the Closing Date, any employee lease agreements between Holdings or its Subsidiaries and any Managed Company, whether executed and delivered on or after the Closing Date, and all other agreements, documents and instruments executed and delivered pursuant thereto or in connection therewith and to which Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries is a party, all of the foregoing as amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time as permitted by the terms of this Agreement.

"Margin Stock" means "margin stock" within the meaning of Regulations U and X.

"Material Adverse Change" and "Material Adverse Effect" mean a material adverse change in or effect on (a) the business, condition (financial or otherwise), operations, performance or Property of Holdings and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole, (b) the ability of the Obligors taken as a whole to perform their obligations under the Loan Documents or (c) the legality, validity, binding effect or enforceability of the Loan Documents or the rights and remedies of Administrative Agent or any Lender under any of the Loan Documents.

"Material Agreements" means (a) the Alignment-CMS Agreement and (b) at any time the amount of Revenue that Holdings and its Subsidiaries receives from the Alignment-CMS Agreement for the immediately preceding twelve-month period is less than \$650,000,000, any agreement with the Centers of Medicare and Medicaid Services that contributes, or is necessary in connection with generating, more than 30% of Revenue of Holdings, its Subsidiaries and the Managed Companies in the immediately preceding twelve-month period.

- "Material Indebtedness" means, at any time, any Indebtedness of any Obligor, the outstanding principal amount of which, individually or in the aggregate, exceeds \$2,500,000 (or the Equivalent Amount in other currencies).
- "*Maturity Date*" means the earlier to occur of (a) the Stated Maturity Date, and (b) the date on which the Loans are accelerated pursuant to Section 11.02.
 - "Maximum Rate" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.18.
- "*Medicaid*" means the medical assistance programs administered by state agencies and approved by CMS pursuant to the provisions of Title XIX of the Social Security Act, codified at 42 U.S.C. §§ 1396 et seq., including without limitation any federally approved Medicaid waiver program.
- "*Medicare*" means the program of health benefits for the aged and certain disabled individuals and certain individuals with end-stage renal disease administered by CMS pursuant to the provisions of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, codified at 42 U.S.C. §§ 1395 et seq.
 - "Moody's" means Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and its successors and assigns.
- "*Multiemployer Plan*" means any multiemployer plan, as defined in Section 400l(a)(3) of ERISA, to which any ERISA Affiliate incurs or otherwise has any obligation or liability, contingent or otherwise.
- "Net Cash Equity Proceeds" means, with respect to any Permitted Acquisition or Investment, the net cash proceeds of Qualified Equity Issuance by Parent or Holdings to finance all or a portion of such Permitted Acquisition or Investment effected substantially concurrently with such Permitted Acquisition or Investment to the extent such cash proceeds are contributed to Borrower.
 - "Non-Consenting Lender" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(a).
 - "Notice of Borrowing" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.02.
- "Obligations" means, with respect to any Obligor, all amounts, obligations, liabilities, covenants and duties of every type and description owing by such Obligor to Administrative Agent, any Lender or any other indemnitee hereunder, arising out of, under, or in connection with, any Loan Document, whether direct or indirect (regardless of whether acquired by assignment), absolute or contingent, due or to become due, whether liquidated or not, now existing or hereafter arising and however acquired, and whether or not evidenced by any instrument or for the payment of money, including, without duplication, (a) if such Obligor is Borrower, all Loans, (b) all interest, whether or not accruing after the filing of any petition in bankruptcy or after the commencement of any insolvency, reorganization or similar proceeding, and whether or not a claim for post-filing or post-petition interest is allowed in any such proceeding, and (c) all other fees, expenses (including fees, charges and disbursement of counsel), interest, commissions, charges, costs, disbursements, indemnities and reimbursement of amounts paid and other sums chargeable to such Obligor under any Loan Document.

- "Obligor Intellectual Property" means Intellectual Property owned by or licensed to any of the Obligors.
- "Obligors" means, collectively, Borrower, Holdings and the Subsidiary Guarantors and their respective successors and permitted assigns.
- "OFAC" means the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the United States Department of the Treasury.
- "Other Connection Taxes" means, with respect to any Recipient, Taxes imposed as a result of a present or former connection between such Recipient and the jurisdiction imposing such Tax (other than connections arising from such Recipient having executed, delivered, become a party to, performed its obligations under, received payments under, received or perfected a security interest under, engaged in any other transaction pursuant to or enforced any Loan Document, or sold or assigned an interest in any Loan Document).
- "Other Taxes" means all present or future stamp, court or documentary, intangible, recording, filing or similar Taxes that arise from any payment made under, from the execution, delivery, performance, enforcement or registration of, from the receipt or perfection of a security interest under, or otherwise with respect to, any Loan Document, except any such Taxes that are Other Connection Taxes imposed with respect to an assignment (other than an assignment made pursuant to Section 5.03(g)).
 - "Parent" means Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP, a Delaware limited partnership.
 - "Participant" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.05(e).
 - "Participant Register" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.05(f).
 - "Patents" has the meaning set forth in the Security Agreement.
- "*Payment Date*" means each March 31, June 30, September 30, December 31 and the Maturity Date, commencing on the first such date to occur following the first Borrowing Date; *provided* that, if any such date shall occur on a day that is not a Business Day, the applicable Payment Date shall be the next preceding Business Day.
- "PBGC" means the United States Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation referred to and defined in ERISA and any successor entity performing similar functions.
 - "Perfection Certificate" means that certain Perfection Certificate, dated as of the Closing Date delivered by the Obligors to Administrative Agent.
- "Permitted Acquisition" means any Acquisition by Holdings or any of its wholly-owned Subsidiaries, whether by purchase, merger or otherwise; provided that:

- (a) immediately prior to, and after giving effect thereto, no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing or would result therefrom;
- (b) all transactions in connection therewith shall be consummated, in all material respects, in accordance with all applicable Laws and in conformity with all applicable Governmental Approvals;
- (c) in the case of the acquisition of at least a majority of the Equity Interests of such Person, the Equity Interests acquired, or otherwise issued by such Person or any newly formed Subsidiary of Holdings in connection with such acquisition, shall be owned 100% by an Obligor or any other Subsidiary, and Holdings shall take, or cause to be taken, within the time periods set forth therein, each of the actions set forth in **Section 8.12**, if applicable;
- (d) Holdings and its Subsidiaries shall be in compliance with the financial covenants set forth in **Section 10.01** and **Section 10.02** on a *pro forma* basis after giving effect to such acquisition;
- (e) the Person being acquired in such Acquisition, or from whom the applicable assets, business line or unit is acquired, shall not be an Affiliate of Parent or Sponsors; and
- (f) such Person (in the case of an acquisition of Equity Interests) or assets (in the case of an acquisition of assets or a division) shall be engaged or used, as the case may be, in a business permitted under **Section 9.04**.

"Permitted Cash Equivalent Investments" means:

- (a) direct obligations of the United States or any agency thereof or obligations guaranteed by the United States or any agency thereof, in each case with maturities of not more than two (2) years from the date of acquisition thereof;
- (b) time deposit accounts, certificates of deposit, money market deposits, banker's acceptances and other bank deposits maturing within 180 days of the date of acquisition thereof issued by a bank or trust company that is organized under the laws of the United States or any state thereof having capital, surplus and undivided profits in excess of \$1,000,000,000 and whose long-term debt, or whose parent holding company's long-term debt, is rated A according to S&P (or such similar equivalent rating or higher by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (as defined in Rule 436 under the Securities Act));
- (c) repurchase obligations with a term of not more than 180 days for underlying securities of the types described in **clause (a)** above entered into with a bank meeting the qualifications described in **clause (b)** above;

- (d) commercial paper maturing not more than one year after the date of acquisition issued by a corporation (other than an Affiliate of Borrower or Holdings) organized and in existence under the laws of the United States with a rating at the time as of which any investment therein is made of P-1 (or higher) according to Moody's or A-1 (or higher) according to S&P (or such similar equivalent rating or higher by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (as defined in Rule 436 under the Securities Act));
- (e) securities with maturities of two years or less from the date of acquisition, issued or fully guaranteed by any State, commonwealth or territory of the United States, or by any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof, and rated at least A by S&P or A by Moody's (or such similar equivalent rating or higher by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (as defined in Rule 436 under the Securities Act));
- (f) shares of actively traded mutual funds whose investment guidelines restrict 95% of such funds' investments to those satisfying the provisions of **clauses (a)** through **(e)** above; and
- (g) money market funds that (i) comply with the criteria set forth in Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, (ii) are rated both (1) AAA by S&P and (2) Aaa by Moody's and (iii) have portfolio assets of at least \$5,000,000,000.
- "Permitted Indebtedness" means any Indebtedness permitted under Section 9.01.
- "Permitted Liens" means any Liens permitted under Section 9.02.

"Permitted Refinancing" means, with respect to any Indebtedness, any extensions, renewals, refinancings and replacements of such Indebtedness; provided that (a) such extension, renewal, refinancing or replacement shall not increase the outstanding principal amount of such Indebtedness (plus unpaid accrued interest and premium (including tender premiums) thereon and underwriting discounts, defeasance costs, fees, commissions and expenses), (b) such extension, renewal, refinancing or replacement shall have an applicable interest rate which does not exceed the interest rate of the refinanced Indebtedness by more than 4.00%, (c) the final maturity date of such refinancing Indebtedness is on or after the final maturity date of the refinanced Indebtedness, (d) the Weighted Average Life to Maturity of such refinancing Indebtedness is greater than or equal to the remaining Weighted Average Life to Maturity of the refinanced Indebtedness is subordinated in right of payment to the Obligations under this Agreement, such refinancing Indebtedness shall be subordinated in right of payment to such Obligations on terms in the aggregate not materially less favorable to the Lenders as those contained in the documentation governing the refinanced Indebtedness being Refinanced, (f) no refinancing Indebtedness shall have obligors that are not (or would not have been) obligated with respect to the refinanced Indebtedness (except that an Obligor may be added as an additional obligor) and (g) if the refinanced Indebtedness is secured by Liens on any Collateral (whether senior to, equally and ratably with, or junior to the Liens on such Collateral securing the Obligations or otherwise), such refinancing Indebtedness may be secured by such Collateral (including any Collateral pursuant to after-acquired property clauses to the extent any such Collateral secured (or would have secured) the refinanced Indebtedness or on terms otherwise permitted by Section 9.02.

"*Person*" means any individual, corporation, company, voluntary association, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization or Governmental Authority or other entity of whatever nature.

"PIK Loan" has the meaning set forth in Section 3.02(d).

"PIK Period" means the period beginning on the first Borrowing Date through and including the earlier to occur of (a) the nineteenth (19th) Payment Date after the first Borrowing Date and (b) the date on which any Default shall have occurred (provided that, if such Default shall have been cured or waived, the PIK Period shall resume until the earlier to occur of the next Default and the nineteenth (19th) Payment Date after the first Borrowing Date).

"*Plan*" means any employee pension benefit plan (other than a Multiemployer Plan) subject to the provisions of Title IV of ERISA or Section 412 of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA, and in respect of which Holdings or any ERISA Affiliate is (or, if such plan were terminated, would under Section 4069 of ERISA be deemed to be) an "employer" as defined in Section 3(5) of ERISA.

"Prepayment Premium" means if the prepayment occurs:

- (A) on or prior to the fourth (4th) Payment Date, the Prepayment Premium shall be an amount equal to 15.00% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans being prepaid on such Redemption Date;
- (B) after the fourth (4th) Payment Date, and on or prior to the eighth (8th) Payment Date, the Prepayment Premium shall be an amount equal to 10.00% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans being prepaid on such Redemption Date;
- (C) after the eighth (8th) Payment Date, and on or prior to the twelfth (12th) Payment Date, the Prepayment Premium shall be an amount equal to 3.00% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans being prepaid on such Redemption Date; and
- (D) after the twelfth (12th) Payment Date, the Prepayment Premium shall be an amount equal to 0.00% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans being prepaid on such Redemption Date;

provided that, to determine the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans, and how many Payment Dates have occurred, as of any Redemption Date for purposes of this definition:

- (i) if, as of such Redemption Date, Borrower shall have made only one Borrowing, the number of Payment Dates shall be deemed to be the number of Payment Dates that shall have occurred following the first Borrowing Date;
- (ii) if, as of such Redemption Date, Borrower shall have made more than one Borrowing, then the Redemption Price shall equal the sum of multiple Redemption Prices calculated with respect to the Loans of each Borrowing, each of which Redemption Prices shall be calculated based on solely the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans borrowed

in such Borrowing (and PIK Loans subsequently borrowed in respect of interest payments thereon), as though the applicable number of Payment Dates equals the number of Payment Dates that shall have occurred following the applicable Borrowing Date. In the case of any partial prepayment, the amount of such prepayment shall be allocated to Loans made in the various Borrowings (and PIK Loans in respect thereof) in the order in which such Borrowings were made.

The Prepayment Premium payable upon any prepayment shall be in addition to any payments required pursuant to the Fee Letter.

"Privacy Obligations" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.19(b)(v).

"Property" of any Person means any property or assets, or interest therein, of such Person.

"**Proportionate Share**" means, with respect to any Lender, the percentage obtained by dividing (a) the Commitment (or, if the Commitments are terminated, the outstanding principal amount of the Loans) of such Lender then in effect by (b) the sum of the Commitments (or, if the Commitments are terminated, the outstanding principal amount of the Loans) of all Lenders then in effect.

"Qualified Equity Interests" means any Equity Interests other than Disqualified Equity Interests.

"*Qualified Plan*" means an employee benefit plan (as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA) other than a Multiemployer Plan (a) that is or was at any time maintained or sponsored by any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof or to which any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof has ever made, or was ever obligated to make, contributions, and (b) that is intended to be tax qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code.

"Real Property Security Documents" means each Landlord Consent and any mortgage or deed of trust or any other real property security document executed or required hereunder to be executed by any Obligor and granting a security interest in real property owned in fee simple by any Obligor in favor of the Secured Parties.

"Recipient" means Administrative Agent, any Lender or any other recipient of any payment to be made by or on account of any Obligation.

"Redemption Date" means, as the context may require, (i) the Payment Date on which an optional prepayment is made pursuant to Section 3.03(a), (ii) the date of an Asset Sale or Change of Control in connection with which a prepayment pursuant to Section 3.03(b), (iii) the date mandated by a Requirement of Law as described in Section 5.02(b), (iv) the date on which Loans become due and payable pursuant to Section 11.02(a) or (b), and (v) in the event that Loans become due and payable prior to the Stated Maturity Date for any reason not related to the foregoing clauses (i) through (iv), the date on which a prepayment is due.

"Redemption Price" means amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of the Loans being prepaid plus the Prepayment Premium (if any) plus any accrued but unpaid interest and any fees then due and owing (including any fees payable pursuant to the Fee Letter).

- "Register" has the meaning set forth in Section 13.05(d).
- "Regulation T" means Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, as amended.
- "Regulation U" means Regulation U of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, as amended.
- "Regulation X" means Regulation X of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, as amended.
- "Regulatory Approvals" means any registrations, licenses, authorizations, permits or approvals issued by any Governmental Authority and applications or submissions related to any of the foregoing.
- "Related Person" means, with respect to any Person, such Person's Affiliates and the partners, directors, officers, employees, agents, trustees, administrators, managers, advisors and representatives of such Person and of such Person's Affiliates.
- "Requirement of Law" means, as to any Person, any statute, law, treaty, rule or regulation or determination, order, injunction or judgment of an arbitrator or a court or other Governmental Authority, in each case applicable to or binding upon such Person or any of its Properties or revenues.
 - "Responsible Officer" of any Person means each of the president, chief executive officer and chief financial officer of such Person.
- "Restricted Payment" means any dividend or other distribution (whether in cash, securities or other property) with respect to any Equity Interest of Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries, or any payment (whether in cash, securities or other property), including any sinking fund or similar deposit, on account of the purchase, redemption, retirement, acquisition, cancellation or termination of any such Equity Interests of Parent, Holdings or any of their Subsidiaries.
 - "Restrictive Agreement" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.15.
 - "Revenue" of a Person means all consolidated revenue properly recognized under GAAP, consistently applied.
 - "S&P" means mean Standard & Poor's Ratings Group, Inc. and its successors and assigns.
- "Sanctions" means any international economic sanction administered or enforced by the United States Government (including OFAC), the United Nations Security Council, the European Union, Her Majesty's Treasury or other relevant sanctions authority.

"Sanctioned Jurisdiction" means any country or territory to the extent that such country or territory is the subject of any Sanction.

"Sanctioned Person" means, at any time, (a) any Person listed in any Sanctions-related list of designated Persons maintained by OFAC, the U.S. Department of State, the United Nations Security Council, the European Union, Her Majesty's Treasury, or other relevant sanctions authority, (b) any Person operating, organized or resident in a Sanctioned Jurisdiction or (c) any Person owned or Controlled by any such person or Persons described in clauses (a) and (b).

"Secured Parties" means the Lenders, Administrative Agent, each other Indemnified Party and any other holder of any Obligation.

"Securities Account" has the meaning set forth in the Security Agreement.

"Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

"Security Agreement" means the Security Agreement, dated as of the Closing Date, among the Obligors and Administrative Agent, granting a security interest in the Obligors' personal Property in favor of the Secured Parties.

"Security Documents" means, collectively, the Security Agreement, each Short-Form IP Security Agreement, each Real Property Security Document, and each other security document, control agreement or financing statement required or recommended to perfect Liens in favor of the Secured Parties.

"Short-Form IP Security Agreements" means short-form copyright, patent or trademark (as the case may be) security agreements, entered into by one or more Obligors in favor of Administrative Agent, for the benefit of the Secured Parties, each in form and substance satisfactory to Administrative Agent (and as amended, modified or replaced from time to time).

"Solvent" means, with respect to any Person at any time, that (a) the present fair saleable value of the Property of such Person and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis is greater than the total amount of liabilities (including contingent liabilities) of such Person and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, (b) the present fair saleable value of the Property of such Person and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis is not less than the amount that will be required to pay the probable liability of such Person and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis on its debts as they become absolute and matured and (c) such Person and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis have not incurred and do not intend to, and do not believe that they will, incur debts or liabilities beyond such Person's and its Subsidiaries' on a consolidated basis ability to pay as such debts and liabilities mature.

"Sponsors" means, collectively, (a) General Atlantic Service Company, LLC, its Affiliates and any funds, partnerships or other co-investment vehicles managed or controlled by the foregoing or their respective Affiliates (other than Holdings and its Subsidiaries or any portfolio company) and (b) Warburg Pincus LLC, its Affiliates and any funds, partnerships or other co-investment vehicles managed or controlled by the foregoing or their respective Affiliates (other than Holdings and its Subsidiaries or any portfolio company).

"Stated Maturity Date" means the twentieth (20th) Payment Date following the first Borrowing Date.

"Stock Transfer Restriction Agreements" means (a) that certain Assignable Option Agreement among Borrower, Managed Company and Licensed Personnel, together with each stock power or other instrument of transfer attached thereto or referred to therein, in effect as of the Closing Date and delivered to Administrative Agent and (b) any other succession agreement or equity transfer restriction agreement (including by execution of a joinder to an existing succession agreement or stock transfer restriction agreement) similar to the Assignable Option Agreement and stock powers and instruments of transfer described in clause (a) entered into by and between or among Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries and one or more Managed Companies and/or Licensed Personnel following the Closing Date, as the same may be amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time as permitted by the terms hereof.

"Subsidiary" means, with respect to any Person (the "parent") at any date, any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association or other entity (a) of which securities or other ownership interests representing more than 50% of the equity or more than 50% of the ordinary voting power or, in the case of a partnership, more than 50% of the general partnership interests are, as of such date, owned, controlled or held by the parent or one or more subsidiaries of the parent or by the parent and one or more subsidiaries of the parent; provided that, in the case of this clause (b), any professional corporation or professional practice entity that is a Managed Company solely by virtue of being subject to a Management Agreement shall not be considered a Subsidiary. Unless the context requires otherwise, "Subsidiary" refers to a Subsidiary of Holdings.

"Subsidiary Guarantors" means each of the Subsidiaries of Holdings identified under the caption "SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS" on the signature pages hereto and each Subsidiary of Holdings that becomes a "Subsidiary Guarantor" after the Closing Date as required by Section 8.12.

"Substitute Lender" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.06(a).

"Tax Affiliate" means (a) Holdings and its Subsidiaries, (b) each other Obligor and (c) any Affiliate of an Obligor with which such Obligor files or is eligible to file consolidated, combined or unitary Tax returns.

"Tax Distributions" has the meaning set forth in Section 9.06(d).

"Tax Returns" has the meaning set forth in Section 7.08.

"*Taxes*" means all present or future taxes, levies, imposts, duties, deductions, withholdings (including backup withholding), assessments, fees or other charges imposed by any Governmental Authority, including any interest, additions to tax or penalties applicable thereto.

"Technical Information" means all trade secrets and other proprietary or confidential information, public information, non-proprietary know-how, any information of a scientific, technical, or business nature in any form or medium, standards and specifications, conceptions, ideas, innovations, discoveries, Invention disclosures, all documented research, developmental, demonstration or engineering work and all other information, data, plans, specifications, reports, summaries, experimental data, manuals, models, samples, know-how, technical information, systems, methodologies, computer programs, information technology and any other information.

"Third Party Funds" means any segregated accounts or funds, or any portion thereof, received by Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries as agent on behalf of third parties in accordance with a written agreement that imposes a duty upon Holdings or one or more of its Subsidiaries to collect and remit those funds to such third parties.

"Third Party Payor" means any governmental payor, private insurers, managed care plans and any other Person or entity which presently or in the future maintains Third Party Payor Programs.

"Third Party Payor Programs" means all health care payment and reimbursement programs in which Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company participates.

"Title IV Plan" means an employee benefit plan (as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA) other than a Multiemployer Plan (i) that is or was at any time maintained or sponsored by any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof or to which any Obligor or any ERISA Affiliate thereof has ever made, or was obligated to make, contributions, and (ii) that is or was subject to Section 412 of the Code, Section 302 of ERISA or Title IV of ERISA.

"Trademarks" is defined in the Security Agreement.

"*Transactions*" means the execution, delivery and performance by each Obligor of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents to which such Obligor is intended to be a party and the Borrowings (and the use of the proceeds of the Loans).

"U.S. Person" means a "United States Person" within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code.

"U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate" has the meaning set forth in Section 5.03(e)(ii)(B)(3).

"United States" means the United States of America.

"Weighted Average Life to Maturity" means, when applied to any Indebtedness at any date, the number of years obtained by dividing: (a) the sum of the products obtained by multiplying (i) the amount of each then remaining installment, sinking fund, serial maturity or other required payments of principal, including payment at final maturity, in respect thereof, by (ii) the number of years (calculated to the nearest one-twelfth) that will elapse between such date and the making of such payment; by (b) the then outstanding principal amount of such Indebtedness.

"Withdrawal Liability" means, at any time, any liability incurred (whether or not assessed) by any ERISA Affiliate and not yet satisfied or paid in full at such time with respect to any Multiemployer Plan pursuant to Section 4201 of ERISA.

"Withholding Agent" means any Obligor and Administrative Agent.

- **1.02 Accounting Terms and Principles**. All accounting determinations required to be made pursuant hereto shall, unless expressly otherwise provided herein, be made in accordance with GAAP. All components of financial calculations made to determine compliance with this Agreement, including **Section 10**, shall be adjusted to include or exclude, as the case may be, without duplication, such components of such calculations attributable to any Acquisition consummated after the first day of the applicable period of determination and prior to the end of such period, as determined in good faith by Borrower based on assumptions expressed therein and that were reasonable based on the information available to Borrower at the time of preparation of the Compliance Certificate setting forth such calculations.
- 1.03 Interpretation. For all purposes of this Agreement, except as otherwise expressly provided herein or unless the context otherwise requires, (a) the terms defined in this Agreement include the plural as well as the singular and vice versa; (b) words importing gender include all genders; (c) any reference to a Section, Annex, Schedule or Exhibit refers to a Section of, or Annex, Schedule or Exhibit to, this Agreement; (d) any reference to "this Agreement" refers to this Agreement, including all Annexes, Schedules and Exhibits hereto, and the words herein, hereof, hereto and hereunder and words of similar import refer to this Agreement and its Annexes, Schedules and Exhibits as a whole and not to any particular Section, Annex, Schedule, Exhibit or any other subdivision; (e) references to days, months and years refer to calendar days, months and years, respectively; (f) all references herein to "include" or "including" shall be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation"; (g) the word "from" when used in connection with a period of time means "from and including" and the word "until" means "to but not including"; and (h) accounting terms not specifically defined herein shall be construed in accordance with GAAP (except for the term "property", which shall be interpreted as broadly as possible, including, in any case, cash, securities, other assets, rights under contractual obligations and permits and any right or interest in any property, except where otherwise noted). Unless otherwise expressly provided herein, references to organizational documents, agreements (including the Loan Documents) and other contractual instruments shall be deemed to include all permitted subsequent amendments, restatements, extensions, supplements and other modifications thereto.
- **1.04 Changes to GAAP**. If, after the Closing Date, any change occurs in GAAP or in the application thereof and such change would cause any amount required to be determined for the purposes of the covenants to be maintained or calculated pursuant to **Section 8**, **9** or **10** to be materially different than the amount that would be determined prior to such change, then:
- (a) Borrower will provide a detailed notice of such change (an "Accounting Change Notice") to Administrative Agent within 30 days of such change;
- (b) either Borrower or the Majority Lenders may indicate within 90 days following the date of the Accounting Change Notice that they wish to revise the method of calculating such financial covenants or amend any such amount, in which case the parties will in good faith attempt to agree upon a revised method for calculating the financial covenants;

- (c) until Borrower and the Majority Lenders have reached agreement on such revisions, (i) such financial covenants or amounts will be determined without giving effect to such change and (ii) all financial statements, Compliance Certificates and similar documents provided hereunder shall be provided together with a reconciliation between the calculations and amounts set forth therein before and after giving effect to such change in GAAP;
- (d) if no party elects to revise the method of calculating the financial covenants or amounts, then the financial covenants or amounts will not be revised and will be determined in accordance with GAAP without giving effect to such change; and
- (e) any Event of Default arising as a result of such change which is cured by operation of this **Section 1.04** shall be deemed to be of no effect *ab initio*.

SECTION 2 THE COMMITMENT

- **2.01 Commitments**. Each Lender agrees severally, on and subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement (including **Section 6**), to make up to two term loans (*provided* that PIK Loans shall be deemed not to constitute "term loans" for purposes of this **Section 2.01**) to Borrower, each on a Business Day during the Commitment Period in Dollars in an aggregate principal amount for such Lender not to exceed such Lender's unfunded Commitment; *provided*, *however*, that no Lender shall be obligated to make a Loan in excess of such Lender's Proportionate Share of the applicable amount of any Borrowing set forth in **Section 6** (if any) other than PIK Loans. Amounts of Loans repaid may not be reborrowed.
- **2.02 Borrowing Procedures**. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement (including **Section 6**), each Borrowing (other than a Borrowing of PIK Loans) shall be made on written notice in the form of **Exhibit B** given by Borrower to Administrative Agent not later than 11:00 a.m. (Central time) on the Borrowing Notice Date (a "*Notice of Borrowing*").
- 2.03 Fees. Borrower shall, as and when due and payable, pay to Administrative Agent and/or the Lenders, as applicable, such fees as described in the Fee Letter.
- **2.04 Use of Proceeds**. Borrower shall use the proceeds of the Loans for repayment of all outstanding Indebtedness and obligations under the Existing Ally Facility, general working capital purposes and corporate purposes and to pay fees, costs and expenses incurred in connection with the Transactions; *provided* that the Lenders shall have no responsibility as to the use of any proceeds of Loans.

2.05 Defaulting Lenders.

(a) **Adjustments**. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, if any Lender becomes a Defaulting Lender, then, until such time as that Lender is no longer a Defaulting Lender, to the extent permitted by applicable law:

- (i) **Waivers and Amendments**. Such Defaulting Lender's right to approve or disapprove any amendment, waiver or consent with respect to this Agreement shall be restricted as set forth in **Section 13.04**.
- (ii) **Reallocation of Payments**. Any payment of principal, interest, fees or other amounts received by the Lenders for the account of such Defaulting Lender (whether voluntary or mandatory, at maturity, pursuant to **Section 11** or otherwise), shall be applied at such time or times as follows: first, as Borrower may request (so long as no Default exists), to the funding of any Loan in respect of which such Defaulting Lender has failed to fund its portion thereof as required by this Agreement; second, if so determined by the Majority Lenders and Borrower, to be held in a non-interest bearing deposit account and released in order to satisfy obligations of such Defaulting Lender to fund Loans under this Agreement; third, to the payment of any amounts owing to the Lenders as a result of any judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction obtained by any Lender against such Defaulting Lender as a result of such Defaulting Lender's breach of its obligations under this Agreement; fourth, so long as no Default exists, to the payment of any amounts owing to Borrower as a result of any judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction obtained by Borrower against such Defaulting Lender as a result of such Defaulting Lender or as otherwise directed by a court of competent jurisdiction; *provided* that if (A) such payment is a payment of the principal amount of any Loans in respect of which such Defaulting Lender has not fully funded its appropriate share and (B) such Loans were made at a time when the conditions set forth in **Section 6** were satisfied or waived, such payment shall be applied solely to pay the Loans of all non-Defaulting Lenders on a *pro rata* basis prior to being applied to the payment of any Loans of such Defaulting Lender. Any payments, prepayments or other amounts paid or payable to a Defaulting Lender that are applied (or held) to pay amounts owed by a Defaulting Lender pursuant to this **Section 2.05(a)(ii)** shall be deemed paid to and redirected by such Defaulting Lender, and each Lender irrevocably consen
- (b) **Defaulting Lender Cure**. If Borrower and the Majority Lenders agree in writing in their sole discretion that a Defaulting Lender should no longer be deemed to be a Defaulting Lender, that Lender will, to the extent applicable, purchase that portion of outstanding Loans of the other Lenders or take such other actions as necessary to cause the Loans to be held on a *pro rata* basis by the Lenders in accordance with their Proportionate Share, whereupon that Lender will cease to be a Defaulting Lender; *provided* that no adjustments will be made retroactively with respect to fees accrued or payments made by or on behalf of Borrower while that Lender was a Defaulting Lender; and *provided further* that, except to the extent otherwise expressly agreed by the affected parties, no change hereunder from Defaulting Lender to Lender will constitute a waiver or release of any claim of any party hereunder arising from that Lender's having been a Defaulting Lender.

2.06 Substitution of Lenders.

(a) **Substitution Right**. If any Lender (an "Affected Lender"), (i) becomes a Defaulting Lender or (ii) does not consent to any amendment, waiver or consent to any Loan Document for which the consent of the Majority Lenders is obtained but that requires the consent of other Lenders (a "Non-Consenting Lender"), then (x) Borrower may elect to pay in full such Affected Lender with respect to all Obligations due to such Affected Lender or (y) either

Borrower or Administrative Agent (with the consent of Borrower) shall identify any willing Lender or Affiliate of any Lender or Eligible Transferee (in each case, a "Substitute Lender") to substitute for such Affected Lender; provided that any substitution of a Non-Consenting Lender shall occur only with the consent of Administrative Agent (not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned).

- (b) **Procedure**. To substitute such Affected Lender or pay in full all Obligations owed to such Affected Lender, Borrower shall deliver a notice to such Affected Lender. The effectiveness of such payment or substitution shall be subject to the delivery by Borrower (or, as may be applicable in the case of a substitution, by the Substitute Lender) of (i) payment for the account of such Affected Lender, of, to the extent accrued through, and outstanding on, the effective date for such payment or substitution, all Obligations owing to such Affected Lender (which for the avoidance of doubt, shall not include any Prepayment Premium) and (ii) in the case of a substitution, an Assignment and Assumption executed by the Substitute Lender, which shall thereunder, among other things, agree to be bound by the terms of the Loan Documents.
- (c) Effectiveness. Upon satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Sections 2.06(a) and (b), Administrative Agent shall record such substitution or payment in the Register, whereupon (i) in the case of any payment in full of an Affected Lender, such Affected Lender's Commitments shall be terminated and (ii) in the case of any substitution of an Affected Lender, (A) such Affected Lender shall sell and be relieved of, and the Substitute Lender shall purchase and assume, all rights and claims of such Affected Lender under the Loan Documents, except that the Affected Lender shall retain such rights under the Loan Documents that expressly provide that they survive the repayment of the Obligations and the termination of the Commitments, (B) such Affected Lender shall no longer constitute a "Lender" hereunder and such Substitute Lender shall become a "Lender" hereunder and (C) such Affected Lender shall execute and deliver an Assignment and Assumption to evidence such substitution; provided, however, that the failure of any Affected Lender to execute any such Assignment and Assumption shall not render such sale and purchase (or the corresponding assignment) invalid.

SECTION 3 PAYMENTS OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST

3.01 Repayment.

- (a) Repayment. Borrower agrees to repay to the Lenders the outstanding principal amount of the Loan on the Maturity Date.
- (b) **Application**. To the extent not previously paid, the principal amount of the Loans, together with all other outstanding Obligations (other than contingent indemnification obligations for which no claims has been made), shall be due and payable on the Maturity Date.

3.02 Interest.

(a) **Interest Generally**. Subject to **Section 3.02(e)**, Borrower agrees to pay to the Lenders interest on the unpaid principal amount of the Loans and the amount of all other outstanding Obligations, in the case of the Loans, for the period from the applicable Borrowing Date and, in the case of any other Obligation, from the date such other Obligation is due and payable, in each case, until paid in full, at a rate *per annum* equal to 10.25%.

- (b) **Default Interest**. Notwithstanding the foregoing, upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any Event of Default, the interest payable pursuant to **Section 3.02(a)** shall increase immediately after written notice of the same from Administrative Agent (acting at the direction of the Majority Lenders) to Borrower by 4.00% *per annum* (such aggregate increased rate, the "*Default Rate*"); *provided* that, if Borrower fails to provide notice of a Default as required by **Section 8.02(a)**, the Default Rate shall have automatically applied since the date of the occurrence of such Default. Notwithstanding any other provision herein (including **Section 3.02(e)**), if interest is required to be paid at the Default Rate, it shall be paid entirely in cash.
- (c) **Interest Payment Dates**. Subject to **Section 3.02(e)**, accrued interest on the Loans shall be payable in arrears on each Payment Date with respect to the most recently completed Interest Period in cash, and upon the payment or prepayment of the Loans (on the principal amount being so paid or prepaid); *provided* that interest payable at the Default Rate shall be payable from time to time on demand.
- (d) **Redemption Price.** For the avoidance of doubt, in the event any Loans shall become due and payable for any reason, interest pursuant to **Sections 3.02(a)** and **(b)** shall accrue on the Redemption Price for such Loans from and after the date such Redemption Price is due and payable until paid in full.
- (e) **Paid In-Kind Interest**. Notwithstanding **Section 3.02(a)** or **(c)**, at any time during the PIK Period, Borrower may elect to pay the interest on the outstanding principal amount of the Loans payable pursuant to **Section 3.01** as follows: (i) only 7.75% of the 10.25% *per annum* interest in cash and (ii) 2.50% of the 10.25% *per annum* interest as compounded interest, added to the aggregate principal amount of the Loans (the amount of any such compounded interest being a "*PIK Loan*"). The principal amount of each PIK Loan shall accrue interest in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement applicable to the Loans.

3.03 Prepayments.

(a) **Optional Prepayments**. Upon prior written notice to Administrative Agent delivered pursuant to **Section 4.03**, Borrower shall have the right to optionally prepay in whole or in part the outstanding principal amount of the Loans on any Payment Date for the Redemption Price. No partial prepayment shall be made under this Section 3.03(a) in connection with any event described in Section 3.03(b).

(b) Mandatory Prepayments.

(i) **Asset Sales**. In the event of any contemplated Asset Sale or series of Asset Sales (other than any Asset Sale permitted under **Section 9.09(a)**, **(b)**, **(c)** or **(g)**) yielding Asset Sale Net Proceeds in excess of \$2,500,000 in the aggregate, Borrower shall provide written notice of such Asset Sale to Administrative Agent within five (5) Business Days of the consummation thereof and, if within such notice period Majority Lenders or Administrative Agent advise Borrower that the Majority Lenders require a prepayment pursuant to this **Section 3.03(b)(i)**, Borrower shall: (x) if the assets sold represent all or substantially all of the assets or

Revenues of Borrower or represent any specific line of business which either on its own or together with other lines of business sold over the term of this Agreement (other than any Asset Sale permitted under **Section 9.09(g)**) account for Revenue generated by such lines of business exceeding 15% of the Revenue of Borrower in the immediately preceding year, prepay the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans in an amount equal to the Redemption Price applicable on the date of such Asset Sale and (y) in the case of all other Asset Sales not described in the foregoing **clause (x)**, prepay the Loans in an amount equal to the entire amount of the Asset Sale Net Proceeds of such Asset Sale, plus any accrued but unpaid interest and any fees (including any fees payable pursuant to the Fee Letter) then due and owing, credited in the following order:

- (A) first, in reduction of Borrower's obligation to pay any unpaid interest and any fees then due and owing;
- (B) second, in reduction of Borrower's obligation to pay any Claims or Losses referred to in Section 13.03 then due and owing;
- (C) third, in reduction of Borrower's obligation to pay any amounts due and owing on account of the unpaid principal amount of the

Loans;

- (D) fourth, in reduction of any other Obligation then due and owing; and
- (E) fifth, to Borrower or such other Persons as may lawfully be entitled to or directed by Borrower to receive the remainder.
- (ii) **Change of Control**. In the event of a Change of Control, Borrower shall immediately provide notice of such Change of Control to Administrative Agent and, if within 10 days of receipt of such notice Majority Lenders or Administrative Agent advise Borrower that the Majority Lenders require a prepayment pursuant to this **Section 3.03(b)(ii)**, Borrower shall prepay the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans in an amount equal to the Redemption Price applicable on the date of such Change of Control and pay any fees payable pursuant to the Fee Letter.

SECTION 4 PAYMENTS, ETC.

4.01 Payments.

(a) **Payments Generally**. Each payment of principal, interest and other amounts to be made by the Obligors under this Agreement or any other Loan Document shall be made in Dollars, in immediately available funds, without deduction, set off or counterclaim, to an account to be designated by Administrative Agent by notice to Borrower, not later than 4:00 p.m. (Central time) on the date on which such payment shall become due (each such payment made after such time on such due date to be deemed to have been made on the next succeeding Business Day).

- (b) **Application of Payments**. Each Obligor shall, at the time of making each payment under this Agreement or any other Loan Document, specify to Administrative Agent the amounts payable by such Obligor hereunder to which such payment is to be applied (and, in the event that Obligors fail to so specify, the Lenders may apply such payment in the manner they determine to be appropriate to satisfy the Obligations).
- (c) **Non-Business Days**. If the due date of any payment under this Agreement (other than of principal of or interest on the Loans) would otherwise fall on a day that is not a Business Day, such date shall be extended to the next succeeding Business Day, and, in the case of any payment accruing interest, interest thereon shall be payable for the period of such extension.
- **4.02 Computations**. All computations of interest and fees hereunder shall be computed on the basis of a year of 360 days and actual days elapsed during the period for which payable.
- **4.03 Notices**. Each notice of optional prepayment shall be effective only if received by Administrative Agent not later than 4:00 p.m. (Central time) on the date five (5) Business Days (or such shorter period as may be agreed to in Administrative Agent's sole discretion) prior to the date of prepayment. Each notice of optional prepayment shall specify the amount to be prepaid and the date of prepayment. A notice of optional prepayment may state that such notice is conditioned upon the effectiveness of other credit facilities, indentures or similar agreements or other transactions, in which case such notice may be revoked by Borrower (by notice to Administrative Agent on or prior to the specified prepayment date) if such condition is not satisfied (or waived by Borrower in its sole discretion) and/or tolled until the date on which such condition is satisfied (or waived) and/or rescinded at any time by Borrower determines in its sole discretion that any or all of such conditions will not be satisfied (or waived).

4.04 Set-Off.

- (a) **Set-Off Generally**. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any Event of Default, each of Administrative Agent, each Lender and each of their Affiliates is hereby authorized at any time and from time to time, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to set off and apply any and all deposits (general or special, time or demand, provisional or final) at any time held and other indebtedness at any time owing by Administrative Agent, any Lender and any of their Affiliates to or for the credit or the account of any Obligor against any and all of the Obligations, whether or not such Person shall have made any demand and although such obligations may be unmatured. Administrative Agent and each Lender agree promptly to notify Borrower after any such set-off and application; *provided* that the failure to give such notice shall not affect the validity of such set-off and application. The rights of Administrative Agent, each Lender and each of their Affiliates under this **Section 4.04** are in addition to other rights and remedies (including other rights of set-off) that such Persons may have.
- (b) **Exercise of Rights Not Required**. Nothing contained herein shall require Administrative Agent, any Lender or any of their respective Affiliates to exercise any such right or shall affect the right of such Person to exercise, and retain the benefits of exercising, any such right with respect to any other indebtedness or obligation of any Obligor.

4.05 Pro Rata Treatment.

- (a) Unless Administrative Agent shall have been notified in writing by any Lender prior to the proposed date of any Borrowing that such Lender will not make the amount that would constitute its share of such Borrowing available to Administrative Agent, Administrative Agent may assume that such Lender has made such amount available to Administrative Agent on such date in accordance with Section 2, and Administrative Agent may, in reliance upon such assumption, make available to Borrower a corresponding amount. If such amount is not in fact made available to Administrative Agent by the required time on the applicable Borrowing Date therefor, such Lender and Borrower severally agree to pay to Administrative Agent forthwith, on demand, such corresponding amount with interest thereon, for each day from and including the date on which such amount is made available to Borrower but excluding the date of payment to Administrative Agent, at a rate equal to the greater of (A) the Federal Funds Effective Rate and (B) a rate reasonably determined by Administrative Agent in accordance with banking industry rules on interbank compensation. If Borrower and such Lender shall pay such interest to Administrative Agent for the same or an overlapping period, Administrative Agent shall promptly remit to Borrower the amount of such interest paid by Borrower for such period. If such Lender pays its share of the applicable borrowing to Administrative Agent, then the amount so paid shall constitute such Lender's Loan included in such borrowing. Any payment by Borrower shall be without prejudice to any claim Borrower may have against a Lender that shall have failed to make such payment to Administrative Agent.
- (b) Unless Administrative Agent shall have received notice from Borrower prior to the date on which any payment is due to Administrative Agent for the account of the Lenders hereunder that Borrower will not make such payment, Administrative Agent may assume that Borrower has made such payment on such date in accordance herewith and may, in reliance upon such assumption, distribute to the Lenders the amount due. In such event, if Borrower has not in fact made such payment, then each of the Lenders severally agrees to repay to Administrative Agent forthwith on demand the amount so distributed to such Lender, with interest thereon, for each day from and including the date such amount is distributed to it to but excluding the date of payment to Administrative Agent, at the greater of the Federal Funds Effective Rate and a rate determined by Administrative Agent in accordance with banking industry rules on interbank compensation. Nothing herein shall be deemed to limit the rights of Administrative Agent or any Lender against any Obligor.
- (c) If any Lender shall obtain any payment (whether voluntary, involuntary, through the exercise of any right of set-off, or otherwise) on account of the principal of or interest on any Loan made by it or other obligations hereunder, as applicable (other than pursuant to a provision hereof providing for non-pro rata treatment), in excess of its Proportionate Share, of such payment on account of the Loans, such Lender shall (i) notify Administrative Agent of the receipt of such payment, and (ii) within five (5) Business Days of such receipt purchase (for cash at face value) from the other Lenders, as applicable (directly or through Administrative Agent), without recourse, such participations in the Loans made by them or make such other adjustments as shall be equitable, as shall be necessary to cause such purchasing Lender to share the excess payment ratably with each of the other Lenders in accordance with their respective Proportionate Shares, as applicable; *provided*, *however*, that (A) if any such participations are purchased and all or any portion of the payment giving rise thereto is recovered, such participations shall be

rescinded and the purchase price restored to the extent of such recovery, without interest and (B) the provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to apply to (x) any payment made by Borrower pursuant to and in accordance with the express terms of this Agreement (including the application of funds arising from the existence of a Defaulting Lender) or (y) any payment obtained by a Lender as consideration for the assignment or sale of a participation in any of its Loans to any assignee or participant, other than to Borrower or any of its Affiliates (as to which the provisions of this paragraph shall apply). Borrower agrees that any Lender so purchasing a participation from another Lender pursuant to this **Section 4.05(c)** may exercise all its rights of payment (including the right of set-off) with respect to such participation as fully as if such Lender were the direct creditor of Borrower in the amount of such participation. No documentation other than notices and the like referred to in this **Section 4.05(c)** shall be required to implement the terms of this **Section 4.05(c)**. Administrative Agent shall keep records (which shall be conclusive and binding in the absence of manifest error) of participations purchased pursuant to this **Section 4.05(c)** and shall in each case notify the Lenders following any such purchase. Borrower consents on behalf of itself and each other Obligor to the foregoing and agrees, to the extent it may effectively do so under applicable law, that any Lender acquiring a participation pursuant to the foregoing arrangements may exercise against each Obligor rights of setoff and counterclaim with respect to such participation as fully as if such Lender were a direct creditor of each Obligor in the amount of such participation.

SECTION 5 YIELD PROTECTION, ETC.

5.01 Additional Costs.

(a) Change in Requirements of Law Generally. If, on or after the Closing Date, the adoption of any Requirement of Law, or any change in any Requirement of Law, or any change in the interpretation or administration thereof by any court or other Governmental Authority charged with the interpretation or administration thereof, or compliance by any of the Lenders (or its lending office) with any request or directive (whether or not having the force of law) of any such Governmental Authority, shall impose, modify or deem applicable any reserve (including any such requirement imposed by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System), special deposit, contribution, insurance assessment or similar requirement, in each case that becomes effective after the Closing Date, against assets of, deposits with or for the account of, or credit extended by, a Lender (or its lending office) or shall impose on a Lender (or its lending office) any other condition affecting the Loans or the Commitment, and the result of any of the foregoing is to increase the cost to such Lender of making or maintaining the Loans, or to reduce the amount of any sum received or receivable by such Lender under this Agreement or any other Loan Document, by an amount deemed by such Lender to be material (other than (i) Indemnified Taxes, (ii) Taxes described in clauses (b) through (d) of the definition of "Excluded Taxes" and (iii) Connection Income Taxes), then Borrower shall pay to such Lender on demand such additional amount or amounts as will compensate such Lender for such increased cost or reduction.

- (b) Change in Capital Requirements. If a Lender shall have determined that, on or after the Closing Date, the adoption of any Requirement of Law regarding capital adequacy, or any change therein, or any change in the interpretation or administration thereof by any Governmental Authority charged with the interpretation or administration thereof, or any request or directive regarding capital adequacy (whether or not having the force of law) of any such Governmental Authority, in each case that becomes effective after the Closing Date, has or would have the effect of reducing the rate of return on capital of a Lender (or its parent) as a consequence of a Lender's obligations hereunder or the Loans to a level below that which a Lender (or its parent) could have achieved but for such adoption, change, request or directive by an amount reasonably deemed by it to be material, then Borrower shall pay to such Lender on demand such additional amount or amounts as will compensate such Lender (or its parent) for such reduction.
- (c) **Notification by Lender**. Each Lender (directly or through Administrative Agent) will promptly notify Borrower of any event of which it has knowledge, occurring after the Closing Date, which will entitle such Lender to compensation pursuant to this **Section 5.01**. Before giving any such notice pursuant to this **Section 5.01(c)** such Lender shall designate a different lending office if such designation (x) will, in the reasonable judgment of such Lender, avoid the need for, or reduce the amount of, such compensation and (y) will not, in the reasonable judgment of such Lender, be materially disadvantageous to such Lender. A certificate of the Lender claiming compensation under this **Section 5.01**, setting forth the additional amount or amounts to be paid to it hereunder, shall be conclusive and binding on Borrower in the absence of manifest error.
- (d) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, (x) the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and all requests, rules, guidelines or directives thereunder or issued in connection therewith and (y) all requests, rules, guidelines or directives promulgated by the Bank for International Settlements, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or any successor or similar authority) or the United States or foreign regulatory authorities, in each case pursuant to Basel III, shall in each case be deemed to constitute a change in Requirements of Law for all purposes of this **Section 5.01**, regardless of the date enacted, adopted or issued.
- **5.02 Illegality**. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, in the event that on or after the Closing Date the adoption of or any change in any Requirement of Law or in the interpretation or application thereof by any competent Governmental Authority shall make it unlawful for a Lender or its lending office to make or maintain the Loans (and, in the opinion of such Lender, the designation of a different lending office would either not avoid such unlawfulness or would be disadvantageous to such Lender), then such Lender shall promptly notify Borrower thereof following which (a) the Lender's Commitment shall be suspended until such time as such Lender may again make and maintain the Loans hereunder and (b) if such Requirement of Law shall so mandate, the Loans shall be prepaid by Borrower on or before such date as shall be mandated by such Requirement of Law in an amount equal to the Redemption Price applicable on the date of such prepayment.

5.03 Taxes.

(a) **Payments Free of Taxes**. Any and all payments by or on account of any Obligation shall be made without deduction or withholding for any Taxes, except as required by applicable law. If any applicable law (as determined in the good faith discretion of an applicable Withholding Agent) requires the deduction or withholding of any Tax from any such payment by

a Withholding Agent, then the applicable Withholding Agent shall be entitled to make such deduction or withholding and shall timely pay the full amount deducted or withheld to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with applicable law and, if such Tax is an Indemnified Tax, then the sum payable by the applicable Obligor shall be increased as necessary so that after such deduction or withholding has been made (including such deductions and withholdings applicable to additional sums payable under this **Section 5.03**) the applicable Recipient receives an amount equal to the sum it would have received had no such deduction or withholding been made.

- (b) **Payment of Other Taxes by Borrower**. The Obligors shall timely pay to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with applicable law, or at the option of Administrative Agent, timely reimburse it for, Other Taxes.
- (c) **Evidence of Payments**. As soon as practicable after any payment of Taxes by any Obligor to a Governmental Authority pursuant to this **Section 5.03**, such Obligor shall deliver to Administrative Agent the original or a certified copy of a receipt issued by such Governmental Authority evidencing such payment.
- (d) **Indemnification**. The Obligors shall reimburse and indemnify each Recipient, within 10 days after demand therefor, for the full amount of any Indemnified Taxes (including Indemnified Taxes imposed or asserted on or attributable to amounts payable under this **Section 5.03**) payable or paid by such Recipient or required to be withheld or deducted from a payment to such Recipient and any reasonable expenses arising therefrom or with respect thereto, whether or not such Indemnified Taxes were correctly or legally imposed or asserted by the relevant Governmental Authority. A certificate as to the amount of such payment or liability delivered to Borrower by a Lender shall be conclusive absent manifest error.

(e) Status of Lenders.

- (i) Any Lender that is entitled to an exemption from, or reduction of withholding Tax with respect to payments made under any Loan Document shall make available to Borrower (directly or through Administrative Agent) at the time or times reasonably requested by Borrower or Administrative Agent such properly completed and executed documentation reasonably requested by Borrower or Administrative Agent as will permit such payments to be made without withholding or at a reduced rate of withholding. In addition, any Lender shall make available (directly or through Administrative Agent) such other documentation prescribed by applicable law as reasonably requested by Borrower or Administrative Agent as will enable Borrower or Administrative Agent to determine whether or not such Lender is subject to backup withholding or information reporting requirements. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the preceding two sentences, the completion, execution and submission of such documentation (other than such documentation set forth in Section 5.03(e)(ii)(A), (B) or (D)) shall not be required if in the Lender's reasonable judgment such completion, execution or submission would subject such Lender to any material unreimbursed cost or expense or would materially prejudice the legal or commercial position of such Lender.
 - (ii) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in the event that Borrower is a U.S. Person:

- (A) any Lender that is a U.S. Person shall make available to Borrower (directly or through Administrative Agent) on or prior to the date on which such Lender becomes a Lender under this Agreement (and from time to time thereafter upon the reasonable request of Borrower), executed originals of IRS Form W-9 (or successor form) certifying that such Lender is exempt from U.S. Federal backup withholding tax;
- (B) any Foreign Lender shall, to the extent it is legally entitled to do so, make available to Borrower (directly or through Administrative Agent and in such number of copies as shall be requested by the recipient) on or prior to the date on which such Foreign Lender becomes a Lender under this Agreement (and from time to time thereafter upon the reasonable request of Borrower), whichever of the following is applicable:
- (1) in the case of a Foreign Lender claiming the benefits of an income tax treaty to which the United States is a party (x) with respect to payments of interest under any Loan Document, executed originals of IRS Form W-8BEN or IRS Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable (or successor form) establishing an exemption from, or reduction of, U.S. Federal withholding Tax pursuant to the "interest" article of such tax treaty and (y) with respect to any other applicable payments under any Loan Document, IRS Form W-8BEN or IRS Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable (or successor form) establishing an exemption from, or reduction of, U.S. Federal withholding Tax pursuant to the "business profits" or "other income" article of such tax treaty;
 - (2) executed originals of IRS Form W-8ECI (or successor form);
- (3) in the case of a Foreign Lender claiming the benefits of the exemption for portfolio interest under Section 881(c) of the Code, (x) a certificate substantially in the form of **Exhibit C-1** to the effect that such Foreign Lender is not a "bank" within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code, a "10 percent shareholder" of the applicable Borrower within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(B) of the Code, or a "controlled foreign corporation" described in Section 881(c)(3)(C) of the Code (a "**U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate**") and (y) executed originals of IRS Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable (or successor form); or
- (4) to the extent a Foreign Lender is not the beneficial owner, executed originals of IRS Form W-8IMY (or successor form), accompanied by IRS Form W-8ECI (or successor form), IRS Form W-8BEN or IRS Form W-8BEN-E, as applicable (or successor form), a U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate substantially in the form of **Exhibit C-2** or **Exhibit C-3**, IRS Form W-9 (or successor form), and/or other certification documents from each beneficial owner, as applicable; *provided* that if the Foreign Lender is a partnership and one or more direct or indirect partners of such Foreign Lender are claiming the portfolio interest exemption, such Foreign Lender may provide a U.S. Tax Compliance Certificate substantially in the form of **Exhibit C-4** on behalf of each such direct and indirect partner.

(C) any Foreign Lender shall, to the extent it is legally entitled to do so, make available to Borrower (directly or through Administrative Agent and in such number of copies as shall be requested by the recipient) on or prior to the date on which such Foreign Lender becomes a Lender under this Agreement (and from time to time thereafter upon the reasonable request of Borrower), executed originals of any other form prescribed by applicable law as a basis for claiming exemption from or a reduction in U.S. Federal withholding Tax, duly completed, together with such supplementary documentation as may be prescribed by applicable law to permit Borrower to determine the withholding or deduction required to be made; and

- (D) if a payment made to a Lender under any Loan Document would be subject to U.S. Federal withholding Tax imposed by FATCA if such Lender were to fail to comply with the applicable reporting requirements of FATCA (including those contained in Section 1471(b) or 1472(b) of the Code, as applicable), such Lender shall make available to Borrower (directly or through Administrative Agent) such documentation prescribed by applicable law (including as prescribed by Section 1471(b)(3)(C)(i) of the Code) and such additional documentation reasonably requested by Borrower or Administrative Agent as may be necessary for Borrower and Administrative Agent to comply with their obligations under FATCA and to determine that such Lender has complied with such Lender's obligations under FATCA or to determine the amount, if any, to deduct and withhold from such payment. Solely for purposes of this clause (D), "FATCA" shall include any amendments made to FATCA after the date of this Agreement.
- (iii) Each Lender agrees that if any form or certification it previously made available becomes inaccurate in any respect, or if Borrower notifies such Lender that any form or certification such Lender previously made available has expired or becomes obsolete in any respect, such Lender shall update such form or certification or promptly notify Borrower in writing of its legal inability to do so.
- (f) **Treatment of Certain Refunds**. If any party determines, in its sole discretion exercised in good faith, that it has received a refund of any Taxes as to which it has been indemnified pursuant to this **Section 5.03** (including by the payment of additional amounts pursuant to this **Section 5.03**), it shall pay to the indemnifying party an amount equal to such refund (but only to the extent of indemnity payments made under this **Section 5.03** with respect to the Taxes giving rise to such refund), net of all out-of-pocket expenses (including Taxes) of such indemnified party and without interest (other than any interest paid by the relevant Governmental Authority with respect to such refund). Such indemnifying party, upon the request of such indemnified party, shall repay to such indemnified party the amount paid over pursuant to this paragraph (plus any penalties, interest or other charges imposed by the relevant Governmental Authority) in the event that such indemnified party is required to repay such refund to such Governmental Authority. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this **Section 5.03(f)**, in no event will the indemnified party be required to pay any amount to an indemnifying party pursuant to this **Section 5.03(f)** the payment of which would place the indemnified party in a less favorable net after-Tax position than the indemnified party would have been in if the indemnification payments or additional amounts giving rise to such refund had never been paid. This **Section 5.03(f)** shall not be construed to require any indemnified party to make available its Tax returns (or any other information relating to its Taxes that it deems confidential) to the indemnifying party or any other Person.

(g) **Mitigation Obligations**. If Borrower is required to pay any Indemnified Taxes or additional amounts to any Lender or to any Governmental Authority for the account of any Lender pursuant to **Section 5.01** or this **Section 5.03**, then such Lender shall (at the request of Borrower) use commercially reasonable efforts to designate a different lending office for funding or booking its Loans hereunder or to assign and delegate its rights and obligations hereunder to another of its offices, branches or Affiliates if, in the sole reasonable judgment of such Lender, such designation or assignment and delegation would (i) eliminate or reduce amounts payable pursuant to **Section 5.01** or this **Section 5.03**, as the case may be, in the future, (ii) not subject such Lender to any unreimbursed cost or expense and (iii) not otherwise be disadvantageous to such Lender. Borrower hereby agrees to pay all reasonable costs and expenses incurred by any Lender in connection with any such designation or assignment and delegation.

SECTION 6 CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

6.01 Conditions to the First Borrowing. The obligation of each Lender to make a Loan as part of the first Borrowing shall not become effective until the following conditions precedent shall have been satisfied or waived in writing by the Lenders:

- (a) Borrowing Date. Such Borrowing shall be made on the Closing Date.
- (b) **Amount of First Borrowing**. The amount of such Borrowing shall equal \$80,000,000.
- (c) **Terms of Material Agreements, Etc**. Lenders shall be reasonably satisfied with the terms and conditions of all of the Obligors' Material Agreements.
- (d) **No Law Restraining Transactions**. No applicable law or regulation shall restrain, prevent or, in the reasonable judgment of the Lenders, impose materially adverse conditions upon the Transactions.
- (e) **Payment of Fees**. Lenders shall be satisfied with the arrangements to deduct the fees (to the extent then required to be paid) set forth in the Fee Letter (including the financing fee required pursuant to the Fee Letter) from the proceeds advanced.
 - (f) Lien Searches. Lenders shall be satisfied with Lien searches regarding Holdings and its Subsidiaries made prior to such Borrowing.
- (g) **Documentary Deliveries**. The Lenders shall have received the following documents, each of which shall be in form and substance satisfactory to the Lenders:
 - (i) Agreement. This Agreement duly executed and delivered by Holdings and each of the other parties hereto.
 - (ii) Security Documents.
 - (A) The Security Agreement, duly executed and delivered by each of the Obligors.

- (B) Each of the Short-Form IP Security Agreements, duly executed and delivered by the applicable Obligor.
- (C) To the extent required to be pledged pursuant to the terms of the Security Agreement, original share certificates or other documents or evidence of title with regard to all Equity Interests owned by the Obligors (to the extent that such Equity Interests are certificated), together with share transfer documents, undated and executed in blank.
- (D) To the extent required pursuant to the Security Agreement, duly executed control agreements in favor of Administrative Agent for the benefit of the Secured Parties for all Deposit Accounts, Securities Accounts and Commodity Accounts owned by the Obligors in the United States.
- (E) Evidence of filing of UCC-1 financing statements against each Obligor in its jurisdiction of formation or incorporation, as the case may be.
- (F) Without limitation, all other documents and instruments reasonably required to perfect the Secured Parties' Lien on, and security interest in, the Collateral required to be delivered on or prior to such Borrowing Date shall have been duly executed and delivered and be in proper form for filing, and shall create in favor of the Secured Parties, a perfected Lien on, and security interest in, the Collateral, subject to no Liens other than Permitted Liens.
 - (iii) Fee Letter. The Fee Letter duly executed and delivered by Borrower and Administrative Agent.
 - (iv) **Perfection Certificate**. The Perfection Certificate duly executed and delivered by the Obligors.
- (v) **Approvals**. Certified copies of all material licenses, consents, authorizations and approvals of, and notices to and filings and registrations with, any Governmental Authority (including all foreign exchange approvals), and of all third-party consents and approvals, necessary in connection with the making and performance by the Obligors of the Loan Documents and the Transactions.
- (vi) **Corporate Documents**. Certified copies of the constitutive documents of each Obligor (if publicly available in such Obligor's jurisdiction of formation) and of resolutions of the Board of Directors (or shareholders, if applicable) of each Obligor authorizing the making and performance by it of the Loan Documents to which it is a party.
- (vii) **Incumbency Certificate**. A certificate of each Obligor as to the authority, incumbency and specimen signatures of the persons who have executed the Loan Documents and any other documents in connection herewith on behalf of the Obligors.
- (viii) **Officer's Certificate**. A certificate, dated such Borrowing Date and signed by the President, a Vice President or a financial officer of Holdings, confirming compliance with the conditions set forth in **Section 6.03**.

- (ix) **Opinions of Counsel**. One or more favorable opinions, dated such Borrowing Date, of counsel to each Obligor in form acceptable to the Lenders and their counsel, responsive to the requests set forth in **Exhibit E**.
- (x) **Insurance**. Certificates and endorsements of insurance evidencing the existence of all insurance required to be maintained by the Obligors and their respective Subsidiaries pursuant to **Section 8.05** and the designation of Administrative Agent as the lender's loss payees or additional named insured, as the case may be, thereunder.
- (xi) **Payoff Letter**. A duly executed and delivered payoff letter with respect to the Existing Ally Facility, together with all UCC-3 financing statements, terminations and releases, each in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Administrative Agent.
- (xii) **Other Liens**. Duly executed and delivered copies of such acknowledgment letters as are reasonably requested by Administrative Agent with respect to existing Liens.
- **6.02 Conditions to Second Borrowing**. The obligation of each Lender to make a Loan as part of the second Borrowing is subject to the following conditions precedent, which shall have been satisfied or waived in writing by the Lenders:
 - (a) Number of Borrowings. Borrower may make up to two Borrowings under the second Borrowing.
 - (b) **Borrowing Date**. Each such Borrowing shall occur on or prior to December 31, 2019.
- (c) **Amount of Borrowing**. The amount of each such Borrowing shall be at least \$5,000,000 individually and, in the aggregate for both Borrowings, shall not exceed \$20,000,000.
- (d) **Financing Fee.** Administrative Agent shall have received, for the account of each Lender, the fees payable pursuant to the Fee Letter (to the extent then due and payable).
- **6.03 Conditions to Each Borrowing**. The obligation of each Lender to make a Loan as part of any Borrowing (including the first Borrowing but excluding the Borrowing of any PIK Loan) is also subject to satisfaction of the following further conditions precedent on the applicable Borrowing Date, which shall have been satisfied or waived in writing by the Lenders:
 - (a) Commitment Period. Such Borrowing Date shall occur during the Commitment Period.
- (b) **No Default; Representations and Warranties**. Both immediately prior to the making of such Loan and after giving effect thereto and to the intended use thereof:
 - (i) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing or would result from such proposed Loan or the application of the proceeds thereof;

- (ii) the representations and warranties made in **Section 7** shall be true and correct in all material respects (unless qualified by materiality or Material Adverse Effect, in which case they shall be true and correct in all respects) on and as of the Borrowing Date, and immediately after giving effect to the application of the proceeds of the Borrowing, with the same force and effect as if made on and as of such date (except that the representation regarding representations and warranties that refer to a specific earlier date shall be that they were true and correct in all material respects (unless qualified by materiality or Material Adverse Effect, in which case they shall be true and correct in all respects) on such earlier date); and
 - (iii) no Material Adverse Effect has occurred or is reasonably likely to occur after giving effect to such proposed Borrowing.
 - (c) Notice of Borrowing. Administrative Agent shall have received a Notice of Borrowing as and when required pursuant to Section 2.02.

Each Borrowing shall constitute a certification by Borrower to the effect that the conditions set forth in this **Section 6.03** have been fulfilled as of the applicable Borrowing Date.

SECTION 7 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

Each Obligor represents and warrants to Administrative Agent and the Lenders that:

7.01 Power and Authority. Each of Holdings and its Subsidiaries (a) is duly organized and validly existing under the laws of its jurisdiction of organization, (b) has all requisite corporate or other equivalent power, and has all material governmental licenses, authorizations, consents and approvals necessary to own its assets and carry on its business as now being or as proposed to be conducted except to the extent that failure to have the same could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, (c) is qualified to do business and is in good standing in all jurisdictions in which the nature of the business conducted by it makes such qualification necessary and where failure so to qualify could (either individually or in the aggregate) reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, and (d) has full power, authority and legal right to make and perform each of the Loan Documents to which it is a party and, in the case of Borrower, to borrow the Loans hereunder.

7.02 Authorization; Enforceability. The Transactions are within each Obligor's corporate or equivalent powers and have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or equivalent action and, if required, by all necessary shareholder action. This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by each Obligor and constitutes, and each of the other Loan Documents to which it is a party when executed and delivered by such Obligor will constitute, a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Obligor, enforceable against each Obligor in accordance with its terms, except as such enforceability may be limited by (a) bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws of general applicability affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights and (b) the application of general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).

7.03 Governmental and Other Approvals; No Conflicts. The Transactions (a) except as disclosed on **Schedule 7.03(a)**, do not require any consent or approval of, registration or filing with, or any other action by, any Governmental Authority or any third party, except for (i) such as have been obtained or made and are in full force and effect and (ii) filings and recordings in respect of the Liens created pursuant to the Security Documents, (b) will not violate any applicable law or regulation in any material respect or the charter, bylaws or other organizational documents of Holdings and its Subsidiaries, (c) will not violate any order of any Governmental Authority, (d) will not violate or result in a default under any indenture, agreement or other instrument binding upon Holdings and its Subsidiaries or assets, or give rise to a right thereunder to require any payment to be made by any such Person, and (e) will not result in the creation or imposition of any Lien (other than Permitted Liens) on any asset of Holdings and its Subsidiaries.

7.04 Financial Statements; Material Adverse Change.

- (a) **Financial Statements**. Borrower has heretofore furnished to the Lenders certain financial statements as provided for in **Section 8.01**. Such financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and results of operations and cash flows of Borrower and its Subsidiaries as of such dates and for such periods in accordance with GAAP, subject to year-end audit adjustments and the absence of footnotes in the case of the previously-delivered statements of the type described in **Section 8.01(a)**. Neither Holdings nor any of its Subsidiaries has any material contingent liabilities or unusual forward or long-term commitments not disclosed in the aforementioned financial statements.
 - (b) No Material Adverse Change. Since December 31, 2017, there has been no Material Adverse Change.

7.05 Properties.

- (a) **Property Generally**. Each Obligor has good and marketable fee simple title to, or valid leasehold interests in, all its real and personal Property material to its business, subject only to Permitted Liens and except for minor defects in title that do not interfere with its ability to conduct its business as currently conducted or to utilize such properties for their intended purposes.
- (b) **Intellectual Property**. Except as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, (a) Holdings and each of its Subsidiaries owns, or possesses the right to use, all Intellectual Property used or held for use in or otherwise reasonably necessary for the present conduct of their respective businesses, (b) to the knowledge of Borrower, the conduct of the business of Holdings and its Subsidiaries as currently conducted does not infringe upon or misappropriate the Intellectual Property of any other person and (c) (i) no claim or litigation regarding any of the Intellectual Property owned by Holdings and its Subsidiaries is pending or, to the knowledge of Borrower, threatened in writing and (ii) to the knowledge of Borrower, no claim or litigation regarding any other Intellectual Property described in the foregoing clauses (a) and (b) is pending or threatened.

7.06 No Actions or Proceedings.

- (a) **Litigation**. There is no litigation, investigation or proceeding pending or, to any Obligor's Knowledge, threatened with respect to Holdings and its Subsidiaries by or before any Governmental Authority or arbitrator (i) that either individually or in the aggregate could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, except as specified in **Schedule 7.06** or (ii) that involves this Agreement or the Transactions.
- (b) **Environmental Matters**. The operations and Property of Holdings and its Subsidiaries comply with all applicable Environmental Laws, except to the extent the failure to so comply (either individually or in the aggregate) could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.
- (c) **Labor Matters**. Except as (either individually or in the aggregate) could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, Holdings and its Subsidiaries have not engaged in unfair labor practices and there are no labor actions or disputes involving the employees of Holdings or its Subsidiaries.
- **7.07 Compliance with Laws and Agreements**. Each of the Obligors is in compliance with all Laws applicable to it or its property and all indentures, agreements and other instruments binding upon it or its property, except where the failure to do so, individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. No Default has occurred and is continuing.

7.08 Taxes. All federal, state, local and foreign income and franchise and other material Tax returns, reports and statements (collectively, the "**Tax Returns**") required to be filed by any Tax Affiliate have been timely filed with the appropriate Governmental Authorities, all such Tax Returns are true, correct and complete in all material respects, and all Taxes reflected therein or otherwise due and payable have been timely paid (except for those contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings diligently conducted and for which adequate reserves are maintained on the books of the appropriate Tax Affiliate in accordance with GAAP). Except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, no Tax Return is under audit or examination by any Governmental Authority. Except as disclosed to Administrative Agent by Borrower pursuant to **Section 8.01(g)**, no notice of any material audit or examination or any assertion of any claim for material amounts of Taxes has been given or made by any Governmental Authority. Proper and accurate amounts have been withheld by each Tax Affiliate from their respective employees for all periods in full and complete compliance with the Tax, social security and unemployment withholding provisions of applicable Laws and such withholdings have been timely paid to the respective Governmental Authorities, in each case in all material respects. No Tax Affiliate has participated in a "listed transaction" within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.6011-4(b)(2).

7.09 Full Disclosure. Obligors have disclosed to Administrative Agent and the Lenders all Material Agreements to which any Obligor is subject, and all other matters to any Obligor's Knowledge, that, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. None of the reports, financial statements, certificates or other information furnished by or on behalf of any Obligor to Administrative Agent or any Lender in connection with the negotiation of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents or delivered hereunder or thereunder (as modified or supplemented by other information so furnished), when taken as a whole, as of the date of delivery, contains any material misstatement of material fact or omits to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; *provided* that, with respect to projected financial information, Holdings represents only that such information was prepared in good faith based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable at the time.

7.10 Regulation.

- (a) **Investment Company Act**. Neither Holdings nor any of its Subsidiaries is an "investment company" as defined in, or subject to regulation under, the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- (b) **Margin Stock**. Neither Holdings nor any of its Subsidiaries is engaged principally, or as one of its important activities, in the business of extending credit for the purpose, whether immediate, incidental or ultimate, of buying or carrying Margin Stock, and no part of the proceeds of the Loans will be used to buy or carry any Margin Stock in violation of Regulation T, U or X.
- (c) **OFAC; Sanctions, Etc.** Neither Holdings nor any of its Subsidiaries or, to the knowledge of any Obligor, any Related Person (i) is currently the subject of any Sanctions or is a Sanctioned Person, (ii) is located (or has its assets located), organized or residing in any Sanctioned Jurisdiction, (iii) is or has been (within the previous five (5) years) engaged in any impermissible transaction with any Person who is now or was then the subject of Sanctions or who is located, organized or residing in any Sanctioned Jurisdiction, (iv) directly or indirectly derives revenues from investments in, or transactions with, Sanctioned Persons, (v) has taken any action, directly or indirectly, that would result in a violation by such Persons of any Anti-Corruption Laws, or (vi) has violated any Anti-Money Laundering Laws. No Loan, nor the proceeds from any Loan, has been or will be used, directly or indirectly, to lend, contribute or provide to, or has been or will be otherwise made available to fund, any impermissible activity or business of any Person located, organized or residing in any Sanctioned Jurisdiction or who is the subject of any Sanctions, or in any other manner that will result in any violation by any Person (including the Lender and its Affiliates) of Sanctions or otherwise in violation of any Anti-Corruption Laws or Anti-Money Laundering Laws. Each of Holdings and its Subsidiaries has implemented and maintains in effect policies and Porcedures designed to promote compliance by Holdings and its Subsidiaries and their respective directors, officers, employees, agents and Related Persons with the Anti-Corruption Laws.
- **7.11 Solvency**. The Obligors on a consolidated basis are, and immediately after giving effect to the Borrowing and the use of proceeds thereof will be, Solvent.
- **7.12** Subsidiaries and Managed Companies. Set forth on Schedule **7.12** is a complete and correct list of all Subsidiaries and Managed Companies as of the Closing Date. Each such Subsidiary is duly organized and validly existing under the jurisdiction of its organization shown in said **Schedule 7.12**, and the percentage ownership by Holdings of each such Subsidiary is as shown in said **Schedule 7.12**. Each such Managed Company is duly organized and validly existing under the jurisdiction of its organization shown in said **Schedule 7.12**, and the ownership of each such Managed Company is as shown in said **Schedule 7.12** or as notified by Borrower to Administrative Agent from time to time.

7.13 [Reserved.]

7.14 Material Agreements. No Obligor is in default under any such Material Agreement or agreement creating or evidencing any Material Indebtedness.

7.15 Restrictive Agreements. None of the Obligors is subject to any indenture, agreement, instrument or other arrangement that prohibits, restricts or imposes any condition upon (a) the ability of Holdings or any Subsidiary to create, incur or permit to exist any Lien upon any of its property or assets (other than (x) customary provisions in contracts (including leases and in-bound licenses of Intellectual Property) restricting the assignment thereof and (y) restrictions or conditions imposed by any agreement governing secured Permitted Indebtedness permitted under **Section 9.01**, to the extent that such restrictions or conditions apply only to the property or assets securing such Indebtedness) or (b) the ability of any Subsidiary to pay dividends or other distributions with respect to any shares of its capital stock or to make or repay loans or advances to Holdings or any other Subsidiary or to Guarantee Indebtedness of Holdings or any other Subsidiary (each, a "**Restrictive Agreement**"), except those listed on **Schedule 7.15** or otherwise permitted under **Section 9.11**.

7.16 Real Property. As of the Closing Date, neither Holdings nor any of its Subsidiaries owns or leases (as tenant thereof) any real property, except as described on **Schedule 7.16**.

7.17 Pension Matters. Schedule **7.17** sets forth, as of the Closing Date, a complete and correct list of, and that separately identifies, (a) all Title IV Plans and (b) all Multiemployer Plans. Except for those that could not, in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect, (x) each Benefit Plan is in compliance with applicable provisions of ERISA, the Code and other Requirements of Law, (y) there are no existing or pending (or to the Knowledge of any Obligor or Subsidiary thereof, threatened) claims (other than routine claims for benefits in the normal course), sanctions, actions, lawsuits or other proceedings or investigation involving any Benefit Plan to which any Obligor or Subsidiary thereof incurs or otherwise has or could have an obligation or any liability or Claim and (z) no ERISA Event is reasonably expected to occur. Holdings and each of its ERISA Affiliates has met all applicable requirements under the ERISA Funding Rules with respect to each Title IV Plan, and no waiver of the minimum funding standards under the ERISA Funding Rules has been applied for or obtained. As of the most recent valuation date for any Title IV Plan, the funding target attainment percentage (as defined in Section 430(d)(2) of the Code) is at least 60%, and neither Holdings nor any of its ERISA Affiliates knows of any facts or circumstances that could reasonably be expected to cause the funding target attainment percentage to fall below 60% as of the most recent valuation date. As of the Closing Date, no ERISA Event has occurred in connection with which material obligations and liabilities (contingent or otherwise) remain outstanding. No ERISA Affiliate would have any Withdrawal Liability as a result of a complete withdrawal from any Multiemployer Plan on the date this representation is made.

7.18 Collateral; Security Interest. Subject to Section **8.17** and upon the delivery of all certificates or promissory notes required to be delivered pursuant to the Security Documents to Administrative Agent and the filing in the applicable filing offices of each filing (including UCC financing statements and Short-Form IP Security Agreements) required to be made by the Security Documents, each Security Document is effective to create in favor of the Secured

Parties a legal, valid and enforceable security interest in the Collateral subject thereto and each such security interest is perfected to the extent required by (and has the priority required by) the applicable Security Document. The Security Documents collectively are effective to create in favor of the Secured Parties a legal, valid and enforceable security interest in the Collateral, which security interests are first-priority (subject only to Permitted Liens).

7.19 Regulatory Approvals; Health Care Representations and Warranties.

- (a) Holdings and its Subsidiaries hold, and will continue to hold, either directly or through licensees and agents, all Regulatory Approvals, licenses, permits and similar governmental authorizations of a Governmental Authority necessary or required for Holdings and its Subsidiaries to conduct their respective operations and business in the manner currently conducted.
- (b) (i) Holdings and its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary), and to the knowledge of Borrower and Holdings, each Managed Company has (A) each material Health Care Permit, necessary to engage in its business, (B) no knowledge of any material default under, violation of, or other material noncompliance with the terms and conditions of any such material Health Care Permit and (C) no knowledge that any Governmental Authority is considering limiting, suspending or revoking any such material Health Care Permit. All such material Health Care Permits are valid and in full force and effect and Holdings and its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary), and to the knowledge of Borrower and Holdings, each Managed Company is in material compliance with the terms and conditions of all such material Health Care Permits, except where failure to be in such compliance or for a material Health Care Permit to be valid and in full force and effect could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change.
- (ii) To the knowledge of Holdings and its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary), all professional health care providers employed or contracted by Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary) and each Managed Company to perform professional services within the scope of their professional license for Borrower, its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary) and each Managed Company or at a facility owned or operated by such Person(s) (collectively, the "*Licensed Personnel*") (A) are appropriately licensed in the jurisdiction in which they hold themselves out to Borrower, its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary) and each Managed Company as professional health care providers and perform services for Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary) and each Managed Company and, to the knowledge of Holdings, Borrower and its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary), no suspension, revocation, termination, impairment, modification or nonrenewal of any such license is pending or threatened in writing, except in each case where the failure to hold such professional licenses in full force and effect or such suspension, revocation, termination, impairment, modification or nonrenewal would not reasonably be expected to have, in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Change and (B) have not been debarred from participating in government contracts, subcontracts, loans, grants and other assistance programs or excluded from participation in a state or federal health care program.

- (iii) Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiaries) and, to Borrower's and Holdings' knowledge, the Managed Companies have obtained and maintain accreditation in good standing and without limitation or impairment by all applicable accrediting organizations, to the extent required by a Health Care Law or Governmental Authority.
- (iv) Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary) and, to Borrower's and Holdings' knowledge, each Managed Company holds in full force and effect all Third Party Payor authorizations necessary to participate in and be reimbursed by all Third Party Payor Programs in which Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary) or, to Borrower's and Holdings' knowledge, each Managed Company participates (if any), except where the failure to do so has not had or could not reasonably be expected to have, in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Change. To the knowledge of Borrower and Holdings, there is no investigation, audit, claim review, or other action pending or, to the knowledge of Holdings, Borrower and the other Obligors, threatened in writing, which could result in a suspension, revocation, termination, restriction, limitation, modification or nonrenewal of any authorization from a Third Party Payor or result in the exclusion of Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company from any Third Party Payor Program that could reasonably be expected to have, in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Change.
- (v) Neither Holdings, nor any of its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary), nor to Borrower's and Holdings' knowledge, any Licensed Personnel or any Managed Company, is in material default or material violation of any Health Care Laws that could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change. Borrower and its Subsidiaries (including each Healthcare Subsidiary) and, to Borrower's and Holdings' knowledge, each Managed Company is HIPAA Compliant and compliant with all other applicable Laws regarding the privacy, security, processing, maintenance, use and/or disclosure of medical information (collectively, including HIPAA, "*Privacy Obligations*"). Neither Holdings, nor any of its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) nor, to Borrower's and Holdings' knowledge, any Managed Company has experienced a breach relating to its Privacy Obligations.
- (vi) Neither Holdings, nor any of its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) nor any Licensed Personnel or Managed Company, or any owner, officer, director, managing employee or person with a "direct or indirect ownership interest" (as that phrase is defined in 42 C.F.R. § 420.201) in Holdings, any of its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company, have been debarred or excluded from participation under a Federal Health Care Program. Neither Holdings nor any of its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary), nor any Licensed Personnel or Managed Company, is a party to any corporate integrity agreement, corporate compliance agreement, deferred prosecution agreement, monitoring agreement, consent decree, settlement order or similar agreement with or imposed by any Governmental Authority.
- (vii) To Borrower's knowledge, neither Holdings nor any of its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) nor any Licensed Personnel or Managed Company, are subject to any civil or criminal suit, claim, administrative hearing or, to Holdings', Borrower's and the other Obligors' knowledge, investigation by any Governmental Authority (including the Office of the Inspector General of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services) (A) which would reasonably be expected to result in the imposition of a fine or other sanction, which

would have a Material Adverse Change; (B) which pertains to a potential overpayment matter involving the submission of claims to Third Party Payor by Borrower, any Subsidiary (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company (excluding any overpayment investigated in an audit conducted in the ordinary course, e.g., a standard Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services recovery audit contractor audit); or (C) which would reasonably be expected to result in the revocation, transfer, surrender, suspension or other impairment of any Health Care Permits of Borrower, any of its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company, which could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change.

(viii) Neither Holdings, nor any Subsidiary (including any Healthcare Subsidiary), nor to Borrower's Holdings' and the other Obligors' knowledge, any Licensed Personnel or Managed Company, or any owner, officer, director, managing employee or person with a "direct or indirect ownership interest" (as that phrase is defined in 42 C.F.R. § 420.201) in Holdings, any Subsidiary (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company, has engaged, or is alleged by a Governmental Authority to have engaged, in any of the following: (A) knowingly and willfully making or causing to be made a false statement or representation of a material fact in any application for any benefit or payment under any Federal Health Care Program; (B) knowingly and willfully making or causing to be made any false statement or false representation of a material fact for use in determining rights to any benefit or payment under any Federal Health Care Program; (C) failing to disclose knowledge by a claimant of the occurrence of any event affecting the initial or continued right to any benefit or payment under any Federal Health Care Program on its own behalf or on behalf of another, with intent to secure such benefit or payment fraudulently; (D) knowingly and willfully soliciting or receiving any remuneration (including any kickback, bribe or rebate), directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind or offering to pay such remuneration (x) in return for referring an individual to a Person for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of any item or service for which payment may be made in whole or in part by any Third Party Payor Program in violation of the Health Care Laws, or (y) in return for purchasing, leasing or ordering or arranging for or recommending the purchasing, leasing or ordering of any good, facility, service, or item for which payment may be made in whole or in part by any Third Party Payor Program in violation of the Health Care Laws; or (E) presenting or causing to be presented a claim for reimbursement for services that is for an item or services that was known, or should have been known, to be (x) not provided as claimed, or (y) false or fraudulent; or (F) knowingly and willfully making or causing to be made or inducing or seeking to induce the making of any false statement or representation (or omitting to state a fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading) of a material fact with respect to Borrower, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company in order that Borrower, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company may qualify for Governmental Authority certification or accreditation.

(ix) Neither Holdings, nor its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) nor, to Borrower's, Holdings' or the other Obligors' knowledge, Managed Company, or any owner, officer, director, managing employee or person with a "direct or indirect ownership interest" (as that phrase is defined in 42 C.F.R. § 420.201) in Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company has (A) had a civil monetary penalty assessed against him/her/it pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7a or is the subject of a proceeding seeking to assess such penalty; (B) been excluded from participation in a Federal

Health Care Program or to Borrower's, Holdings' and the other Obligors' knowledge is the subject of a proceeding seeking to assess such penalty; (C) been convicted (as that term is defined in 42 C.F.R. § 1001.2) of any of those offenses described in 42 U.S.C. § 1320a-7b or 18 U.S.C. § 1347, or is the subject of a proceeding regarding such offense; (D) to Borrower's, Holdings and the other Obligors' knowledge been involved or named as a defendant in a complaint made by any U.S. Attorney or state office of attorney general or any other action taken pursuant to the False Claims Act under 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729-31 or qui tam action brought pursuant to 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729 et seq. or any similar state law; or (E) to Borrower's, Holdings or the other Obligors' knowledge, been or become subject to any Governmental Authority investigation, excluding routine audits or reviews, related to its material compliance with Health Care Laws or involving or threatening its participation in Medicare, Medicaid or other Third Party Payor Programs or its billing practices with respect thereto other than routine audits.

- (x) Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) and, to Borrower's and Holdings' knowledge, any Managed Company: (A) has not knowingly retained an overpayment received from, or failed to refund any amount due to, any Third Party Payor Program in material violation of any Health Care Law; or (B) has not received written notice of, or has no knowledge of, any material overpayment or refunds due to any Third Party Payor Program.
- (xi) True and correct copies of all of the Management Services Documents have been provided to Lender prior to the Closing Date. Holdings and each of its Subsidiaries are in compliance with its obligations in all material respects under each Management Services Document, except where non-compliance would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change. To the knowledge of Borrower, Holdings and the other Obligors, no default, event of default or other event entitling any party thereto to terminate any Management Services Document has occurred. To the knowledge of Borrower, Holdings and the other Obligors, all other parties to each Management Services Document are in compliance in all material respects with their respective obligations thereunder. Borrower, Holdings and the other Obligors shall promptly provide Administrative Agent with an executed copy of any Management Services Document entered into after the Closing Date, including all amendments, waivers or supplements with respect thereto. Borrower, Holdings and the other Obligors shall promptly notify Administrative Agent in writing at any time that any Person becomes a Managed Company subject to a Management Services Agreement and provide to Administrative Agent such information about such Managed Company as Administrative Agent may reasonably request.
- (xii) Borrower hereby covenants and agrees to notify Administrative Agent within five (5) Business Days following becoming aware of clear and convincing evidence, that, in the sole judgement of Borrower, after consultation with legal counsel, (A) would make any of the representations and warranties in this **Section 7.19** untrue, incomplete or incorrect and (B) could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change, and shall provide to Administrative Agent promptly after Administrative Agent's request information as Administrative Agent shall reasonably request regarding such disclosure.

(xiii) All contractual arrangements to which the Obligors are a party, including without limitation the Management Services Documents, are in compliance with all Health Care Laws, except where any non-compliance would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change. The corporate structure of the Obligors and any compensation arrangements comply in all respects with all Health Care Laws, including any Laws prohibiting the corporate practice of licensed professions or fee-splitting, except where any non-compliance would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.

(xiv) For purposes of this **Section 7.19**, all representations and warranties with respect to Managed Companies are made to the actual knowledge of the Obligors.

SECTION 8 AFFIRMATIVE COVENANTS

Each Obligor covenants and agrees with Administrative Agent and the Lenders that, until the Commitments have expired or been terminated and all Obligations (other than contingent indemnification obligations for which no claims has been made) have been paid in full in cash:

8.01 Financial Statements and Other Information. Borrower will furnish to Administrative Agent:

(a) within 45 days after the end of the first three fiscal quarters of each fiscal year, the consolidated balance sheets of Borrower as of the end of such quarter, the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and cash flows of Borrower for such quarter and the portion of the fiscal year through the end of such quarter, prepared in accordance with GAAP consistently applied (other than with respect to stock-based compensation expenses), all in reasonable detail and setting forth in comparative form the figures for the corresponding period in the preceding fiscal year and showing Revenue on a consolidating basis, together with a certificate of a Responsible Officer of Borrower stating that such financial statements fairly present the financial condition of Borrower as at such date and the results of operations of Borrower for the period ended on such date and have been prepared in accordance with GAAP consistently applied, subject to changes resulting from normal, year-end audit adjustments and except for the absence of notes;

(b) within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year, the consolidated balance sheets of Borrower as of the end of such fiscal year, the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and cash flows of Borrower for such fiscal year, prepared in accordance with GAAP consistently applied, all in reasonable detail and setting forth in comparative form the figures for the previous fiscal year and showing Revenue on a consolidating basis, accompanied by a report and opinion thereon of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP or another firm of independent certified public accountants of recognized national standing reasonably acceptable to Administrative Agent, which report and opinion shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and shall not be subject to any "going concern" or like qualification or exception or any qualification or exception as to the scope of such audit, and in the case of such consolidating financial statements, certified by a Responsible Officer of Borrower;

(c) [reserved];

- (d) together with the financial statements required pursuant to **Sections 8.01(a)** and **(b)**, a compliance certificate of a Responsible Officer of Borrower as of the end of the applicable accounting period (which delivery may, unless a Lender requests executed originals, be by electronic communication including fax or email and shall be deemed to be an original authentic counterpart thereof for all purposes) in the form of **Exhibit D** (a "**Compliance Certificate**") including details of any material issues that are raised by auditors (if any);
- (e) promptly upon receipt thereof, copies of all letters of representation signed by an Obligor to its auditors and copies of all auditor reports (but only to the extent not prohibited by such auditor to be shared with Administrative Agent and the Lenders);
- (f) within 90 days (or such later date as Administrative Agent may agree in its reasonable discretion) after the beginning of each fiscal year (commencing with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019), a consolidated annual budget for such fiscal year consisting of a projected consolidated balance sheet of Holdings and its Subsidiaries as of the end of the following fiscal year and the related consolidated statements of projected cash flow and projected income (collectively, the "*Budget*"), which Budget shall in each case be accompanied by the statement of a Responsible Officer of Borrower to the effect that the Budget is based on assumptions believed by Borrower to be reasonable as of the date of delivery thereof;
- (g) promptly, and in any event within five Business Days after notice has been delivered to Holdings, its Subsidiaries or any Managed Company thereof, notice that a Tax Return is under audit or examination by any Governmental Authority;
- (h) promptly, and in any event within five Business Days after receipt thereof by an Obligor thereof, copies of each notice or other correspondence received from any securities regulator or exchange to the authority of which an Obligor may become subject from time to time concerning any investigation or possible investigation or other inquiry by such agency regarding financial or other operational results of such Obligor;
- (i) upon the request of Administrative Agent, the information regarding insurance maintained by the Obligors and their respective Subsidiaries as required under **Section 8.05**;
 - (j) promptly following Administrative Agent's request at any time, evidence of Holdings' compliance with Section 10.01;
 - (k) [reserved]; and
- (l) promptly following Administrative Agent's request from time to time, such other customary information respecting the operations, properties, business or condition (financial or otherwise) of the Obligors pursuant to or in response to any environmental, social and governance policies and questionnaires of Administrative Agent or any Lender.
- **8.02 Notices of Material Events**. Holdings will furnish to Administrative Agent written notice of the following promptly after a Responsible Officer first learns of the existence of:
 - (a) the occurrence of any Default;

- (b) notice of the occurrence of any event with respect to an Obligor's property or assets resulting in a Loss aggregating \$1,000,000 (or the Equivalent Amount in other currencies) or more;
- (c) in each case to the extent it could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, (A) any proposed acquisition of stock, assets or property by any Obligor that would reasonably be expected to result in environmental liability under Environmental Laws, and (B)(1) spillage, leakage, discharge, disposal, leaching, migration or release of any Hazardous Material required to be reported to any Governmental Authority under applicable Environmental Laws, and (2) all actions, suits, claims, notices of violation, hearings, investigations or proceedings pending, or to any Obligor's Knowledge, threatened against or affecting Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries or with respect to the ownership, use, maintenance and operation of their respective businesses, operations or properties, relating to Environmental Laws or Hazardous Material;
- (d) the assertion of any environmental matter by any Person against, or with respect to the activities of, Holdings, any of its Subsidiaries or any Managed Company and any alleged violation of or non-compliance with any Environmental Laws or any permits, licenses or authorizations which could reasonably be expected to involve damages in excess of \$500,000 other than any environmental matter or alleged violation that, if adversely determined, could not (either individually or in the aggregate) reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (e) the filing or commencement of any action, suit or proceeding by or before any arbitrator, Governmental Authority or regulator against or affecting Holdings, any of its Subsidiaries or any Managed Company that, if adversely determined, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect;
- (f) receipt by Holdings, any of its Subsidiaries or any Managed Company of any notice of loss of licensure, loss of participation under any reimbursement program or loss of applicable health care license or certificate of authority, or loss of, limitation on or condition upon any permit, authorization, accreditation, or qualification or any notice relating to the threatened loss of any of the foregoing, from any Governmental Authority or regulator that, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (g) receipt by Holdings, any of its Subsidiaries or any Managed Company of any other material deficiency notices, compliance orders or adverse reports issued by any Governmental Authority or private insurance company pursuant to a provider agreement that, if not promptly complied with or cured, would reasonably be expected to result in the suspension or forfeiture of any license, certification or licensure necessary for Holdings, such Subsidiary or such Managed Company to carry on its business as then conducted or the termination of any insurance or reimbursement program available to Holdings, any Subsidiary or any Managed Company and that, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

- (h) the written assertion by any Governmental Authority against, or with respect to the activities of, Holdings, any of its Subsidiaries or any Managed Company of any alleged violation of or non-compliance with any Health Care Law other than as could not (either individually or in the aggregate) reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (i) (i) promptly, and in any event within ten (10) days after any Obligor becomes aware of any notice of intent to terminate any Title IV Plan, a copy of such notice and (ii) promptly, and in any event within ten days, after any Responsible Officer of any Obligor knows or has reason to know that a request for a minimum funding waiver under Section 412 of the Code has been filed with respect to any Title IV Plan or Multiemployer Plan, a notice (which may be made by telephone if promptly confirmed in writing) describing such waiver request and any action that any ERISA Affiliate proposes to take with respect thereto, together with a copy of any notice filed with the PBGC or the IRS pertaining thereto;
- (j) (i) the termination of any Material Agreement; (ii) the receipt by Holdings, any of its Subsidiaries or any Managed Company of any material notice under any Material Agreement; (iii) the entering into of any new Material Agreement by an Obligor; or (iv) any material amendment to a Material Agreement;
 - (k) [reserved];
- (l) within 30 days of the date thereof, or, if earlier, on the date of delivery of any financial statements pursuant to **Section 8.01**, notice of any material change in accounting policies or financial reporting practices by the Obligors;
- (m) promptly after the occurrence thereof, notice of any labor controversy resulting in or threatening to result in any strike, work stoppage, boycott, shutdown or other labor disruption against or involving an Obligor, in each case, that (individually or in the aggregate) could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (n) a licensing agreement or arrangement entered into by Holdings or any Subsidiary in connection with any infringement or alleged infringement of the Intellectual Property of another Person;
 - (o) any other development that results in, or could reasonably be expected to result in, a Material Adverse Effect;
- (p) concurrently with the delivery of financial statements under **Section 8.01(b)**, the creation or other acquisition of any Intellectual Property by Holdings, any Subsidiary or any Managed Company after the Closing Date and during such prior fiscal year which is registered or becomes registered or the subject of an application for registration with the U.S. Copyright Office or the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, as applicable, or with any other equivalent foreign Governmental Authority;
- (q) concurrently with the delivery of financial statements under **Section 8.01(a)**, any change to Holdings', any Subsidiary's or any Managed Company's ownership of Deposit Accounts, Securities Accounts and Commodity Accounts, by delivering to Administrative Agent notice of such change and related account details (if any); or

(r) such other customary information respecting the operations, properties, business or condition (financial or otherwise) of Holdings, its Subsidiaries and the Managed Companies (including with respect to the Collateral) as Administrative Agent may from time to time reasonably request.

Each notice delivered under this **Section 8.02** shall be accompanied by a statement of a financial officer or other executive officer of Borrower setting forth the details of the event or development requiring such notice and, if applicable, any action taken or proposed to be taken with respect thereto.

8.03 Existence; Conduct of Business. Such Obligor will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonably efforts to cause each Managed Company to, do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve, renew and keep in full force and effect its legal existence and the rights, licenses, permits, privileges and franchises material to the conduct of its business; *provided* that the foregoing shall not prohibit any merger, amalgamation, consolidation, liquidation or dissolution permitted under **Section 9.03**.

8.04 Payment of Obligations. Such Obligor will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonably efforts to cause each Managed Company to, pay and discharge its obligations, including (i) all Taxes, fees, assessments and governmental charges or levies imposed upon it or upon its properties or assets prior to the date on which penalties attach thereto, and all lawful claims for labor, materials and supplies which, if unpaid, might become a Lien upon any properties or assets of Holdings, any Subsidiary or any Managed Company, except to the extent such Taxes, fees, assessments or governmental charges or levies, or such claims are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and are adequately reserved against in accordance with GAAP; and (ii) all lawful claims which, if unpaid, would by law become a Lien upon its property not constituting a Permitted Lien.

8.05 Insurance. Such Obligor will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonably efforts to cause each Managed Company to, maintain insurance with financially sound and reputable insurance companies in such amounts and against such risks as are customarily maintained by companies engaged in the same or similar businesses operating in the same or similar locations. Upon the request of Administrative Agent or the Majority Lenders, such Obligor shall furnish Administrative Agent from time to time with full information as to the insurance carried by it and, if so requested, copies of all such insurance policies. Such Obligor shall use commercially reasonable efforts to ensure, or cause others to ensure, that all insurance policies required under this **Section 8.05** shall provide that they shall not be terminated or cancelled nor shall any such policy be materially changed in a manner adverse to such Obligor without at least 30 days' prior written notice to such Obligor and Administrative Agent. Receipt of notice of termination or cancellation of any such insurance policies or reduction of coverages or amounts thereunder shall entitle the Secured Parties to renew any such policies, cause the coverages and amounts thereof to be maintained at levels required pursuant to the first sentence of this **Section 8.05** or otherwise to obtain similar insurance in place of such policies, in each case at the expense of such Obligor (payable on demand). The amount of any such expenses shall accrue interest at the Default Rate if not paid on demand, and shall constitute "Obligations." It is understood and agreed that Administrative Agent is an additional insured for all liability insurance policies of Holdings and its Subsidiaries by written contract.

8.06 Books and Records; Inspection Rights.

- (a) Such Obligor will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonably efforts to cause each Managed Company to, keep proper books of record and account in accordance with GAAP.
- (b) Such Obligor will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonably efforts to cause each Managed Company to, permit any representatives designated by Administrative Agent or CRG PARTNERS III, L.P. (to the extent CRG PARTNERS III, L.P., is a Lender) upon reasonable prior notice, to visit and inspect its properties, to examine and make extracts from its books and records, to inspect its facilities and to discuss its affairs, finances and condition with its officers and independent accountants, all at such reasonable times (but not more often than once per year in the aggregate unless an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing) as Administrative Agent or CRG PARTNERS III, L.P. (to the extent CRG PARTNERS III, L.P., is a Lender) may request. The Obligors shall pay all documented out-of-pocket costs of all such inspections.
- **8.07 Compliance with Laws and Other Obligations**. Such Obligor will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonably efforts to cause each Managed Company to, except where the failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, comply with all laws, rules, regulations and orders of any Governmental Authority applicable to it or its property (including Environmental Laws).
- **8.08 Maintenance of Properties, Etc.** Except where the failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, such Obligor shall, and shall cause each of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonably efforts to cause each Managed Company to, maintain and preserve all of its properties necessary or useful in the proper conduct of its business in good working order and condition in accordance with the general practice of other Persons of similar character and size, ordinary wear and tear and damage from casualty or condemnation excepted.
- **8.09 Licenses**. Such Obligor shall, and shall cause each of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonably efforts to cause each Managed Company to, obtain and maintain all material licenses, authorizations, consents, filings, exemptions, registrations and other Governmental Approvals necessary in connection with the execution, delivery and performance of the Loan Documents, the consummation of the Transactions or the operation and conduct of its business and ownership of its properties.
- **8.10** Action under Environmental Laws. Except where the failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, such Obligor shall, and shall cause each of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonably efforts to cause each Managed Company to, upon becoming aware of the presence of any Hazardous Materials or the existence of any environmental liability under applicable Environmental Laws with respect to their respective businesses, operations or properties, take all actions, at their cost and expense, as shall

be necessary or advisable to investigate and clean up the condition of their respective businesses, operations or properties, including all required removal, containment and remedial actions, and restore their respective businesses, operations or properties to a condition in compliance with applicable Environmental Laws.

8.11 Use of Proceeds. The proceeds of the Loans will be used only as provided in Section 2.04. No part of the proceeds of the Loans will be used, whether directly or indirectly, for any purpose that entails a violation of any of the Regulations of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, including Regulations T, U and X.

8.12 Certain Obligations Respecting Subsidiaries; Further Assurances.

- (a) **Subsidiary Guarantors**. Such Obligor will take such action, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to take such action, from time to time as shall be necessary to ensure that all Subsidiaries (other than (x) any Excluded Foreign Subsidiary not required to be a Subsidiary Guarantor under **Section 8.12(b)(i)** and (y) any Healthcare Subsidiary to the extent that taking any such action requires consent or authorization from any Governmental Authority (except to the extent that such consent or authorization has been obtained), but in any event only so long as such consent or authorization is required) are "Subsidiary Guarantors" hereunder. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in the event that Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries shall form or acquire any new Subsidiary (other than (x) any new Excluded Foreign Subsidiary not required to be a Subsidiary Guarantor under **Section 8.12(b)(i)** and (y) any Healthcare Subsidiary to the extent that taking any such action requires consent or authorization from any Governmental Authority (except to the extent that such consent or authorization has been obtained), but in any event only so long as such consent or authorization is required), such Obligor and its Subsidiaries shall within 30 days of forming or acquiring such new Subsidiary:
- (i) cause such new Subsidiary to become a "Subsidiary Guarantor" hereunder, and a "Grantor" under the Security Agreement, pursuant to a Guarantee Assumption Agreement;
- (ii) take such action or cause such Subsidiary to take such action (including delivering such shares of stock together with undated transfer powers executed in blank) as shall be necessary to create and perfect valid and enforceable first priority (subject to Permitted Liens) Liens on substantially all of the property of such new Subsidiary as collateral security for the obligations of such new Subsidiary hereunder; and
- (iii) deliver such evidence of corporate action, incumbency of officers, opinions of counsel and other documents as is consistent with those delivered by each Obligor pursuant to **Section 6.01** or as Administrative Agent or the Majority Lenders shall have reasonably requested.

(b) Excluded Foreign Subsidiaries.

(i) In the event that, at any time, Excluded Foreign Subsidiaries have, in the aggregate, (A) total revenues constituting 5% or more of the total revenues of Holdings and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, or (B) total assets constituting 5% or more of the total assets of Holdings and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, promptly (and, in any event,

within 30 days after such time) Obligors shall cause one or more of such Excluded Foreign Subsidiaries to become Subsidiary Guarantors in the manner set forth in **Section 8.12(a)**, such that, after such Subsidiaries become Subsidiary Guarantors, the non-guarantor Excluded Foreign Subsidiaries in the aggregate shall cease to have revenues or assets, as applicable, that meet the thresholds set forth in **clauses (A)** and **(B)** above; *provided* that no Excluded Foreign Subsidiary shall be required to become a Subsidiary Guarantor if doing so would result in material adverse tax consequences for Holdings and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole.

- (ii) With respect to each First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary that is not a Subsidiary Guarantor, such Obligor shall grant a security interest and Lien in 65% of each class of voting Equity Interest and 100% of all other Equity Interests in such First-Tier Foreign Subsidiaries in favor of the Secured Parties as Collateral for the Obligations. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in the event that any Obligor shall form or acquire any new Subsidiary that is a First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary, such Obligor will promptly and in any event within 30 days of the formation or acquisition of such Subsidiary (or such longer time as consented to by Administrative Agent in writing) grant a security interest and Lien in 65% of each class of voting Equity Interests and 100% of all other Equity Interests of such Subsidiary in favor of the Secured Parties as Collateral for the Obligations (*provided* that in the case of a First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary that is a Subsidiary Guarantor, such Obligor shall grant a security interest and Lien in 100% of the Equity Interests of such Subsidiary in favor of the Secured Parties as Collateral for the Obligations), including entering into any necessary local law security documents and delivery of certificated securities issued by such First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary as required by this Agreement or the Security Agreement.
- (iii) For the purposes of this **Section 8.12(b)**, the determination of whether a "material adverse tax consequence" shall be deemed to result from (x) any Foreign Subsidiary becoming a Subsidiary Guarantor, or (y) any Obligor granting a perfected first priority security interest and Lien in more than 65% of the voting stock of a First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary, shall be made by Majority Lenders in their sole discretion, following consultation with Holdings.
- (c) **Further Assurances**. Such Obligor will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, take such action from time to time as shall reasonably be requested by Administrative Agent or the Majority Lenders to effectuate the purposes and objectives of this Agreement.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each Obligor will, and will cause each Person that is required to be a Subsidiary Guarantor to, take such action from time to time (including executing and delivering such assignments, security agreements, control agreements and other instruments) as shall be reasonably requested by Administrative Agent or the Majority Lenders to create, in favor of the Secured Parties, perfected security interests and Liens in substantially all of the property of such Obligor as collateral security for the Obligations; *provided* that any such security interest or Lien shall be subject to the relevant requirements and exclusions of the Security Documents.

8.13 [Reserved.]

8.14 Intellectual Property. In the event that the Obligors acquire Obligor Intellectual Property during the term of this Agreement, then the provisions of this Agreement shall automatically apply thereto and any such Obligor Intellectual Property shall automatically constitute part of the Collateral under the Security Documents, without further action by any party, in each case from and after the date of such acquisition (except that any representations or warranties of any Obligor shall apply to any such Obligor Intellectual Property only from and after the date, if any, subsequent to such acquisition that such representations and warranties are brought down or made anew as provided herein).

8.15 [Reserved.]

- **8.16 Health Care Affirmative Covenants**. Holdings and its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) shall and Borrower, to the extent such obligation is imposed on Borrower by any Management Services Agreement, shall cause any Managed Company to:
- (a) timely file or cause to be timely filed (after giving effect to any extension duly obtained), materially accurate and complete notifications, reports, submissions, permit renewals and reports of every kind whatsoever required by Health Care Laws in order for Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company to carry on its business, except where the failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change;
- (b) maintain in full force and effect, and free from restrictions or conditions, all Health Care Permits necessary under Health Care Laws to carry on the business of Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) and any Managed Company as it is conducted on the Closing Date, except as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change;
- (c) maintain in full force and effect the Management Services Documents to the extent necessary to carry on the business of Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) and any Managed Company as it is conducted on the Closing Date;
- (d) maintain a corporate health care regulatory compliance program ("*CCP*") for the purpose of compliance with all applicable Health Care Laws, provide regular CCP training to its directors and employees, and modify the CCP from time to time as may be necessary to ensure continuing compliance with all applicable Health Care Laws, except where the failure to do so would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change;
- (e) at all times be in compliance with all applicable Health Care Laws relating to the operation of the business of Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company, except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change;
- (f) at all times be HIPAA Compliant and compliant with all other Privacy Obligations, except where non-compliance would not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change;
- (g) be and remain in compliance with all requirements for participation in, and for licensure required to provide the goods or services that are reimbursable under, Medicare, Medicaid and other Third Party Payor Programs, except where non-compliance could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change;

- (h) require all Licensed Personnel to be in compliance with all applicable Health Care Laws in the performance of their duties to or for Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) or any Managed Company, and to maintain in full force and effect all professional licenses and other Health Care Permits required to perform such duties, except where non-compliance could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change;
- (i) keep and maintain all records required to be maintained by any Governmental Authority or otherwise under any Health Care Law, except where failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change;
- (j) prohibit all of its current and future shareholders from authorizing or approving any pledge of, or granting a lien on or security interest in, any assets of any Healthcare Subsidiary or Managed Company; and
- (k) cause all business arrangements of Holdings, its Subsidiaries (including any Healthcare Subsidiary) and any Managed Company to be structured to comply in all material respects with all Health Care Laws.

8.17 Post-Closing Conditions.

(a) Within 30 days of the Closing Date (or such longer period as may be agreed by Administrative Agent in its sole discretion), Borrower shall use commercially reasonable efforts to deliver to Administrative Agent a Landlord Consent in respect of Borrower's leased headquarters at 1100 W. Town & Country Road, Suite 1600, Orange, CA 92868.

SECTION 9 NEGATIVE COVENANTS

Each Obligor covenants and agrees with Administrative Agent and the Lenders that, until the Commitments have expired or been terminated and all Obligations (other than contingent indemnification obligations for which no claims has been made) have been paid in full in cash:

9.01 Indebtedness. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, create, incur, assume or permit to exist any Indebtedness, whether directly or indirectly, except:

- (a) the Obligations;
- (b) Indebtedness existing on the Closing Date and set forth on Schedule 9.01(b) and Permitted Refinancings thereof;
- (c) [reserved];

- (d) accounts payable to trade creditors for goods and services, accrued expenses, medical expenses and current operating liabilities in each case not the result of the borrowing of money and incurred in the ordinary course of Holdings' or such Subsidiary's business in accordance with customary terms and paid within the specified time, unless contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and reserved for in accordance with GAAP;
- (e) Indebtedness consisting of guarantees resulting from endorsement of negotiable instruments for collection by any Obligor in the ordinary course of business;
- (f) Indebtedness (i) owed by any Obligor to any other Obligor, (ii) owed by an Obligor to a Subsidiary that is not an Obligor so long as such Indebtedness is subordinated to the Obligations in a manner, and pursuant to documentation, satisfactory to Administrative Agent, (iii) owed by a Subsidiary that is not an Obligor to any other Subsidiary that is not an Obligor and (iv) owed by a Subsidiary that is not an Obligor to any Obligor so long as, in the case of clause (iv), such Indebtedness is evidenced by a note (including a global intercompany note) (which may provide that any obligations under such note are subordinated to regulatory claims against and obligations of such Subsidiary that is not an Obligor to the extent required by law or Governmental Authority and shall otherwise be in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Administrative Agent) and pledged and delivered to Administrative Agent pursuant to the Security Agreement; *provided* that in each case such Indebtedness is permitted as an Investment under Section 9.05;
 - (g) Guarantees by any Obligor of Indebtedness of any other Obligor;
- (h) Capital Lease Obligations, mortgage financings and other Indebtedness incurred by Holdings, any Subsidiary thereof or any Managed Company within 270 days after the acquisition, lease, construction, installation, repair, replacement or improvement of the respective property (real or personal), equipment or other asset (whether through the direct purchase of property or the Equity Interests of any person owning such property) permitted under this Agreement in order to finance such acquisition, lease, construction, installation, repair, replacement or improvement (and any Permitted Refinancings thereof), in an aggregate principal amount outstanding that, immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of such Indebtedness and the use of proceeds thereof together with the aggregate principal amount of any other Indebtedness outstanding pursuant to this Section 9.01(h), would not exceed \$1,000,000;
- (i) Indebtedness of Holdings, any Subsidiary thereof or any Managed Company pursuant to Hedging Agreements entered into for non-speculative purposes to hedge against or mitigate interest rate risk to which Holdings, such Subsidiary or such Managed Company has actual exposure;
- (j) Indebtedness of a Person existing at the time such Person became a Subsidiary or assumed in connection with the acquisition of Property to the extent that (i) such Indebtedness was not incurred in connection with, or in contemplation of, such Person becoming a Subsidiary or such Property being acquired and (ii) neither Borrower nor any Subsidiary (other than such Person or, so long as such Subsidiary was formed for the purpose of such merger or acquisition, any Subsidiary that such Person merges with or that acquires such Property) has any liability or other obligation with respect to such Indebtedness, up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 in the aggregate; provided that the aggregate principal amount of all such Indebtedness shall reduce the amount available for Permitted Acquisitions under Section 9.03(f);

- (k) Indebtedness consisting of obligations under deferred compensation or other similar arrangements;
- (l) cash management obligations and other Indebtedness in respect of netting services, overdraft protections and similar arrangements and Indebtedness arising from the honoring by a bank or other financial institution of a check, draft or similar instrument drawn against insufficient funds in the ordinary course of business;
 - (m) Indebtedness consisting of financing of insurance premiums:
- (n) Indebtedness incurred by any Subsidiary under letters of credit to the extent required to support obligations of such Subsidiary to any healthcare plan to cover medical claims; *provided* that, other than for the letters of credit described on **Schedule 9.01(n)**, such Indebtedness shall not exceed in the aggregate outstanding at any time the product of (x) \$400 and (y) the number of health plan members assigned to such Subsidiary as of the most recently ended month;
- (o) Indebtedness of Holdings, any Subsidiary thereof or any Managed Company, in an aggregate principal amount outstanding that, immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of such Indebtedness and the use of proceeds thereof, together with the aggregate principal amount of any other Indebtedness outstanding pursuant to this **Section 9.01(o)**, would not exceed \$2,000,000 (and Permitted Refinancings thereof);
- (p) Guarantees of performance obligations (i) in connection with the CAAS Program Services and Shared Savings Agreement by and among FirstCarolinaCare Insurance Company and Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC, dated as of August 1, 2016, as amended, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified, or (ii) otherwise not to exceed \$1,000,000 in the aggregate at any time outstanding; and
 - (q) Indebtedness approved in advance in writing by the Majority Lenders.
- **9.02 Liens**. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, create, incur, assume or permit to exist any Lien on any property or asset now owned or hereafter acquired by it, or assign or sell any income or revenues (including accounts receivable) or rights in respect of any thereof, except:
 - (a) Liens securing the Obligations;
- (b) any Lien on any property or asset of Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries existing on the Closing Date and set forth on **Schedule 9.02(b)**; *provided* that (i) no such Lien shall extend to any other property or asset of Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries and (ii) any such Lien shall secure only those obligations which it secures on the Closing Date and Permitted Refinancings thereof;
- (c) Liens on Property of any Subsidiary which are in existence at the time that such Subsidiary is acquired pursuant to a Permitted Acquisition so long as (i) such Liens are not incurred in connection with, or in anticipation of, such Permitted Acquisition, (ii) such Liens are applicable only to specific Property, (iii) such Liens are not "blanket" or all asset Liens, (iv) such Liens do not attach to any other Property of Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries and (v) the Indebtedness secured by such Liens is permitted under **Section 9.01(j)**;

- (d) Liens securing Indebtedness permitted under **Section 9.01(h)**; *provided* that such Liens are restricted solely to the collateral described in **Section 9.01(h)**;
- (e) Liens imposed by law which were incurred in the ordinary course of business, including (but not limited to) carriers', warehousemen's and mechanics' liens and other similar liens arising in the ordinary course of business and which (x) do not in the aggregate materially detract from the value of the Property subject thereto or materially impair the use thereof in the operations of the business of such Person or (y) are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings, which proceedings have the effect of preventing the forfeiture or sale of the Property subject to such liens and for which adequate reserves have been made if required in accordance with GAAP;
- (f) pledges or deposits made in the ordinary course of business in connection with workers' compensation, unemployment insurance or other similar social security legislation;
- (g) Liens securing Taxes, assessments and other governmental charges, the payment of which is not yet due or is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings promptly initiated and diligently conducted and for which such reserve or other appropriate provisions, if any, as shall be required by GAAP shall have been made;
- (h) servitudes, easements, rights of way, restrictions and other similar encumbrances on real Property imposed by applicable Laws and encumbrances consisting of zoning or building restrictions, easements, licenses, restrictions on the use of property or minor imperfections in title thereto which, in the aggregate, are not material, and which do not in any case materially detract from the value of the property subject thereto or interfere with the ordinary conduct of the business of any of the Obligors;
- (i) with respect to any real Property, (A) such defects or encroachments as might be revealed by an up-to-date survey of such real Property; (B) the reservations, limitations, provisos and conditions expressed in the original grant, deed or patent of such property by the original owner of such real Property pursuant to applicable Laws; and (C) rights of expropriation, access or user or any similar right conferred or reserved by or in applicable Laws, which, in the aggregate for (A), (B) and (C), are not material, and which do not in any case materially detract from the value of the property subject thereto or interfere with the ordinary conduct of the business of any of the Obligors;
 - (j) Liens securing judgments that do not constitute an Event of Default under Section 11.01(k);
 - (k) Liens on not more than \$100,000 of deposits securing Hedging Agreements permitted to be incurred by Section 9.01(i);

- (l) deposits to secure the performance of bids, trade contracts (other than for Indebtedness), statutory obligations, surety bonds (other than bonds related to judgments or litigation), leases (other than Capital Lease Obligations), letters of credit, performance bonds and other obligations of a like nature incurred in the ordinary course of business; *provided* that, other than the deposits described on **Schedule 9.02(l)**, the aggregate amount outstanding of such deposits by any Obligor, Subsidiary or Managed Company to secure Indebtedness permitted pursuant to **Section 9.01(n)** and/or other obligations of such Obligor, Subsidiary or Managed Company in respect of medical claims and medical care (including bonds and sureties posted in respect thereof) shall not exceed the product of (x) \$400 and (y) the number of health plan members assigned to such Obligor, Subsidiary or Managed Company as of the most recently ended month;
- (m) Liens with respect to property or assets of Holdings, any Subsidiary thereof or any Managed Company securing obligations in an aggregate outstanding principal amount that, immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of such Lien, would not exceed \$1,000,000; and
- (n) Liens that are contractual rights of set-off (and related pledges) (i) relating to the establishment of depository relations with banks and other financial institutions not given in connection with the issuance of Indebtedness, (ii) relating to pooled deposits, sweep accounts, reserve accounts or similar accounts of Holdings, any Subsidiary thereof or any Managed Company to permit satisfaction of overdraft or similar obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business of Holdings, any Subsidiary thereof or any Managed Company, including with respect to credit card charge-backs and similar obligations, or (iii) relating to purchase orders and other agreements entered into with customers, suppliers or service providers of Holdings, any Subsidiary thereof or any Managed Company in the ordinary course of business;

provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, no Lien (other than inchoate Liens arising by Law that are Permitted Liens) shall be permitted on the Equity Interests of any Subsidiary (except any Lien securing the Obligations).

- **9.03 Fundamental Changes and Acquisitions**. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, (i) enter into any transaction of merger, amalgamation or consolidation (ii) liquidate, wind up or dissolve itself (or suffer any liquidation or dissolution), or (iii) make any Acquisition or otherwise acquire any business or substantially all the property from, or capital stock of, or be a party to any acquisition of, any Person, except:
 - (a) Investments permitted under **Section 9.05(e)**;
- (b) the merger, amalgamation or consolidation of (i) any Subsidiary Guarantor with or into any other Obligor; *provided* that, in the case of a merger, amalgamation or consolidation with or into Borrower, Borrower shall be the surviving entity and (ii) any Subsidiary or Managed Company (in each case that is not an Obligor) into any other Subsidiary or Managed Company; *provided* that, (x) in the case of a merger, amalgamation or consolidation with or into an Obligor, such Obligor shall be the surviving entity and (y) in the case of a merger, amalgamation or consolidation of a Managed Company with or into a Subsidiary, such Subsidiary shall be the surviving entity;

- (c) the sale, lease, transfer or other disposition by (i) any Subsidiary Guarantor of any or all of its property to any other Obligor, (ii) any Subsidiary or Managed Company of any or all of its property (upon voluntary liquidation or otherwise) to any other Subsidiary and (iii) any Managed Company of any or all of its property (upon voluntary liquidation or otherwise) to another Managed Company;
 - (d) the sale, transfer or other disposition of the capital stock of any Subsidiary Guarantor to any other Obligor;
- (e) the liquidation, winding up or dissolution of any Person (other than Holdings or Borrower) into any Subsidiary or Obligor that is its parent entity; *provided* that, in the case of the liquidation, winding up or dissolution of a Subsidiary Guarantor, the assets of such liquidating, wound up or dissolving Person shall become property of an Obligor; and
- (f) Permitted Acquisitions (including by way of a merger with or into a Subsidiary); *provided* that the aggregate consideration for all Permitted Acquisitions shall not exceed the Acquisitions Basket.
- **9.04 Lines of Business**. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, engage to any material extent in any business other than the business engaged in on the Closing Date by Holdings, any Subsidiary or any Managed Company or a business reasonably related thereto or a reasonable extension thereof.
- **9.05 Investments.** Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, make, directly or indirectly, or permit to remain outstanding any Investments except:
 - (a) Investments outstanding on the Closing Date and identified in Schedule 9.05;
 - (b) operating deposit accounts with banks;
- (c) extensions of credit in the nature of accounts receivable or notes receivable arising from the sales of goods or services in the ordinary course of business;
 - (d) Permitted Cash Equivalent Investments;
- (e) Investments by (i) any Obligor in any other Obligor, (ii) any Obligor in any Healthcare Subsidiary in such amounts required by any state or Federal Law or regulation to maintain required cash reserves, working capital or positive net-worth balances or to otherwise comply with all applicable Laws and regulations (including capital contributions made in the form of cancellation of intercompany payables and receivables), (iii) any Subsidiary that is not an Obligor in any other Subsidiary and (iv) Holdings and its Subsidiaries in any Managed Company in connection with capitation payments to such Managed Company and to otherwise fund payroll, employee benefits, Cost Subsidies (as defined in the Health Center and Health Services Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2015, between Alignment Healthcare North Carolina, LLC, a North Carolina limited liability company, and Alignment Healthcare Medical Associates PC, a North Carolina professional corporation, as in effect on the Closing Date) and other expenses, in each case, in the ordinary course of business and in accordance with the Management Service Documents applicable to such Managed Company;

- (f) Hedging Agreements permitted under **Section 9.01(i)**;
- (g) Investments consisting of security deposits with utilities and other like Persons made in the ordinary course of business;
- (h) employee loans, travel advances and guarantees in accordance with Holdings' usual and customary practices with respect thereto (if permitted by applicable law) which in the aggregate shall not exceed \$200,000 outstanding at any time (or the Equivalent Amount in other currencies);
- (i) Investments received in connection with any Insolvency Proceedings in respect of any customers, suppliers or clients and in settlement of delinquent obligations of, and other disputes with, customers, suppliers or clients;
- (j) Investments by Holdings or any Subsidiary thereof in an aggregate outstanding amount (valued at the time of the making thereof, and without giving effect to any subsequent change in value) not to exceed \$2,000,000 plus an amount equal to any returns (including dividends, interest, distributions, returns of principal, profits on sale, repayments, income and similar amounts) actually received in respect of any such Investment; provided that, if any Investment pursuant to this **Section 9.05(j)** is made in any person that was not a Subsidiary on the date on which such Investment was made but becomes a Subsidiary thereafter, then such Investment may, at the option of Borrower, upon such person becoming a Subsidiary and so long as such person remains a Subsidiary, be deemed to have been made pursuant to **Section 9.05(e)** (to the extent permitted thereby) and not in reliance on this **Section 9.05(j)**;
- (k) Investments in joint ventures; *provided* that (i) the aggregate amount for all such Investments in joint ventures made pursuant to this **Section 9.05(k)** shall not exceed the Acquisitions Basket, (ii) such Investments must be in a business permitted under **Section 9.04** and (iii) none of the other investors in such joint ventures shall be an Affiliate or Sponsors or Parent;
- (l) Investments received in connection with an Asset Sale permitted pursuant to **Section 9.09(g)**; *provided* that such Investment is made substantially concurrently with such Asset Sale; and
 - (m) Investments permitted under Section 9.03.
- **9.06 Restricted Payments**. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, declare or make, or agree to pay or make, directly or indirectly, any Restricted Payment, except:
 - (a) Holdings may declare and pay dividends with respect to its capital stock payable solely in additional shares of its common stock;

- (b) any Subsidiary may pay dividends to the owners of its Equity Interests on a pro rata basis;
- (c) Restricted Payments may be made in respect of (i) general corporate operating and overhead, legal, accounting and other professional fees and expenses of Parent or any parent entity and (ii) franchise and similar taxes and other fees and expenses in connection with the maintenance of Parent's (or any parent entity's) existence and Parent's (or any parent entity's indirect) ownership of Holdings and its Subsidiaries, in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$300,000 per fiscal year; *provided* that the amount of all such Restricted Payments in this clause (c) shall not exceed the portion of any amounts that are allocable to Holdings and its Subsidiaries (which (x) shall be 100% at any time that, as the case may be, (1) Parent owns, directly or indirectly, no material assets other than the Equity Interests of Holdings and assets incidental to such equity ownership or (2) any parent entity owns directly or indirectly no material assets other than Equity Interests of Holdings and any other parent entity and assets incidental to such equity ownership and (y) in all other cases shall be as determined in good faith by Borrower);
- (d) with respect of any taxable period for which Holdings and/or any of its Subsidiaries are members of a consolidated, combined, affiliated, unitary or similar income tax group for U.S. federal and/or applicable state or local income tax purposes of which a direct or indirect parent of Holdings is the common parent, Restricted Payments to any direct or indirect parent of Holdings in an amount not to exceed the amount of any U.S. federal, state, and/or local income taxes that Holdings and/or its Subsidiaries, as applicable, would have paid for such taxable period had Holdings and/or its Subsidiaries, as applicable, been a stand-alone corporate taxpayer or a stand-alone corporate group (to the extent such income taxes are not directly paid or payable by Holdings or its Subsidiaries) (such distributions, "*Tax Distributions*"); *provided* that, no later than ten (10) Business Days after the filing of an annual income Tax Return of the direct or indirect parent of Holdings that is the common parent reporting income for which Tax Distributions have been or will be made, Borrower shall deliver to Administrative Agent a certificate duly executed and completed by a financial officer of Borrower stating the amount of all Tax Distributions made during the year to which such Tax Return applies and containing a schedule, in reasonable detail, setting forth the calculation thereof;
- (e) Restricted Payments to Parent or any parent entity which Parent or such parent entity shall use to repurchase, or make scheduled payments on, pay or retire promissory notes issued to finance the repurchase of Qualified Equity Interests from any present or former directors, consultants, officers or employees (and their respective immediate family, including their spouses, ex-spouses, children, stepchildren and their respective lineal descendants) (but excluding any such Persons that are Affiliates of the Sponsors), in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 through the Stated Maturity Date; *provided* that the amount of all such Restricted Payments in this clause (e) shall not exceed the portion of any amounts that are allocable to Holdings and its Subsidiaries (which (x) shall be 100% at any time that, as the case may be, (1) Parent owns, directly or indirectly, no material assets other than the Equity Interests of Holdings and assets incidental to such equity ownership or (2) any parent entity owns directly or indirectly no material assets other than Equity Interests of Holdings and any other parent entity and assets incidental to such equity ownership and (y) in all other cases shall be as determined in good faith by Borrower);

- (f) any person may make non-cash repurchases of Equity Interests deemed to occur upon exercise of stock options if such Equity Interests represent a portion of the exercise price of such options; and
 - (g) Restricted Payments in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$250,000; provided that no Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing.
- **9.07 Payments of Indebtedness**. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, make any payments in respect of any Indebtedness that is subordinated in right of payment to the Obligations other than:
 - (a) Permitted Refinancings of any Indebtedness permitted to be incurred under **Section 9.01**;
- (b) regularly-scheduled interest, principal and fees due thereunder (to the extent permitted under the terms of any subordination to the Obligations);
 - (c) the conversion of any such Indebtedness to Equity Interests of Holdings, Parent or any parent entity; and
- (d) payments of intercompany Indebtedness permitted in reliance on **Section 9.01(f)** (to the extent permitted under the terms of any subordination to the Obligations).
- **9.08** Change in Fiscal Year. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, change the last day of its fiscal year from that in effect on the Closing Date, except (i) to the extent that prior written notice of such change is provided to Administrative Agent and Borrower and Administrative Agent have made all adjustments to this Agreement reasonably determined by Administrative Agent as necessary to reflect such change in fiscal year and (ii) to change the fiscal year of a Subsidiary acquired in connection with an Acquisition to conform its fiscal year to that of Holdings.
- **9.09** Sales of Assets, Etc. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, sell, lease, exclusively license (in terms of geography or field of use), transfer, or otherwise dispose of any of its Property (including accounts receivable and capital stock of Subsidiaries) to any Person in one transaction or series of transactions (any thereof, an "Asset Sale"), except:
 - (a) transfers of cash in the ordinary course of its business for equivalent value;
 - (b) sales of inventory in the ordinary course of its business on ordinary business terms;
 - (c) non-exclusive licenses of Intellectual Property in the ordinary course of business;

- (d) transfers of Property by (i) any Obligor to any other Obligor, (ii) any Subsidiary that is not an Obligor to any other Subsidiary and (iii) any Managed Company to any other Managed Company;
 - (e) dispositions of any equipment that is obsolete or worn out or no longer used or useful in the Business;
 - (f) any transaction permitted under **Section 9.03** or **9.05**;
 - (g) any Asset Sale set forth on Schedule 9.09; and
- (h) any other Asset Sale the Asset Sale Net Proceeds of which are applied as required under **Section 3.03(b)(i)**; *provided* that (i) at least 80% of the consideration therefor received in the Asset Sale received by such Obligor, Subsidiary or Managed Company is in the form of cash or Permitted Cash Equivalent Investments and (ii) the consideration received in respect of such Asset Sale shall be an amount at least equal to the fair market value of the assets sold in such Asset Sale.
- **9.10 Transactions with Affiliates**. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, sell, lease, license or otherwise transfer any assets to, or purchase, lease, license or otherwise acquire any assets from, or otherwise engage in any other transactions with, any of its Affiliates, except:
- (a) transactions between or among (i) Obligors, (ii) Subsidiaries that are not Obligors and/or Managed Companies and (iii) Obligors and Subsidiaries that are not Obligors and/or Managed Companies, but, in the case of clause (iii), only to the extent that such transactions are on fair and reasonable terms no less favorable to the Obligors than would be obtained in a comparable arm's length transaction with a person not an Affiliate;
 - (b) any transaction permitted under Section 9.01, 9.05, 9.06 or 9.09;
- (c) customary compensation and indemnification of, and other employment arrangements with, directors, officers and employees of Holdings or any Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business;
- (d) customary transactions between the Obligors and the Managed Companies, in each case in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice, to enable the Managed Companies to comply with all applicable Health Care Laws, including, without limitation, rules and regulations regarding the practice of medicine in various states, and for the payment of labor and services; *provided* that such transactions are upon fair and reasonable terms that are no less favorable to the Obligors than would be obtained in an arm's length transaction with a non-Affiliated Person;
- (e) administrative and management services provided by Borrower to Subsidiaries and Managed Companies in the ordinary course of business consistent with those provided on the Closing Date to Subsidiaries and Managed Entities;

- (f) transactions upon terms that are substantially no less favorable, when taken as a whole, to Holdings, such Subsidiary or Managed Company, as applicable, than would be obtained in a comparable arm's-length transaction with a non-Affiliated Person; and
 - (g) the transactions set forth on **Schedule 9.10**.
- **9.11 Restrictive Agreements**. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, directly or indirectly, enter into, incur or permit to exist any Restrictive Agreement other than:
 - (a) restrictions and conditions imposed by Law or by this Agreement;
 - (b) Restrictive Agreements listed on **Schedule 7.15**;
- (c) any agreement or other instrument of a Person acquired by Holdings or any Subsidiary thereof which was in existence at the time of such acquisition (but not created in contemplation thereof or to provide all or any portion of the funds or credit support utilized to consummate such acquisition), which encumbrance or restriction is not applicable to any Person, or the properties or assets of any Person, other than the Person and their Subsidiaries, or the property or assets of the Person and their Subsidiaries, so acquired;
- (d) contracts or agreements for the sale of assets, including any restriction with respect to a Subsidiary imposed pursuant to an agreement entered into for the sale or disposition of the Equity Interests or assets of such Subsidiary, in each case solely to the extent restricting the assets to be sold pending the closing of such sale;
- (e) restrictions on cash or other deposits or net worth imposed by suppliers, customers or landlords under contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business or consistent with past practice or industry norm or arising in connection with Permitted Liens;
- (f) customary provisions in joint venture agreements and other similar agreements relating to the Equity Interests of such joint venture or similar arrangement entered into in the ordinary course of business or consistent with past practice or industry norm;
- (g) customary provisions contained in leases and licenses entered into in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practice or industry norm; and
- (h) any encumbrance or restriction that restricts in a customary manner the subletting, assignment or transfer of any property or asset that is subject to a lease, license or similar contract or the assignment or transfer of any such lease, license (including without limitation, licenses of Intellectual Property) or other contracts.
- **9.12 Amendments to Material Agreements; Organizational Documents.** Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, enter into any amendment to or modification of any Material Agreement or terminate any Material Agreement (unless (a) such amendment, modification or termination is imposed by a Governmental Authority or required by applicable

Law or (b) if otherwise terminated, is replaced with another agreement that, when viewed as a whole, is on terms not substantially less favorable for Holdings or such Subsidiary than the Material Agreement in effect immediately prior to such termination) without in each case the prior written consent of Administrative Agent (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed). Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, enter into any amendment to or modification of its organizational documents in a manner that would reasonably be expected to be materially adverse to the interests, or rights or remedies of, Administrative Agent and the Lenders.

- **9.13** Excess Cash. Except (i) to the extent required by any state or Federal Law or regulation to maintain required cash reserves, working capital or positive net-worth balances applicable to any Healthcare Subsidiary or to otherwise comply with all Laws and regulations applicable to any Healthcare Subsidiary or Managed Company (and additional cash reserves maintained consistent with past practice to ensure such compliance) and (ii) for reasonable amounts to cover current operating expenses, the Obligors will ensure that the cash and Permitted Cash Equivalent Investments of Holdings and the Subsidiaries are held by an Obligor in a Deposit Account or Securities Account over which the Secured Parties have a perfected security interest.
- **9.14** Sales and Leasebacks. Except as disclosed on Schedule **9.14**, such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, become liable, directly or indirectly, with respect to any lease, whether an operating lease or a Capital Lease Obligation, of any property (whether real, personal, or mixed), whether now owned or hereafter acquired, (i) which Holdings or such Subsidiary has sold or transferred or is to sell or transfer to any other Person and (ii) which Holdings or such Subsidiary intends to use for substantially the same purposes as property which has been or is to be sold or transferred.
- **9.15 Hazardous Material**. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, use, generate, manufacture, install, treat, release, store or dispose of any Hazardous Material, except in compliance with all applicable Environmental Laws or where the failure to comply could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Change.
- **9.16 Accounting Changes**. Such Obligor will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to and will use commercially reasonable efforts to not permit any Managed Company to, make any significant change in accounting treatment or reporting practices, except as required or permitted by GAAP.
- **9.17 Compliance with ERISA**. No ERISA Affiliate shall cause or suffer to exist (a) any event that could result in the imposition of a Lien with respect to any Benefit Plan or (b) any other ERISA Event that would, in the aggregate, have a Material Adverse Effect.

- **9.18 Health Care Negative Covenants**. The Obligors shall not, and shall cause their respective Subsidiaries (if any) not to and shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cause each Managed Company not to, without Administrative Agent's prior written consent, do any of the following:
- (a) make any transfer of a Health Care Permit or rights thereunder to any Person other than any Person approved by Administrative Agent in advance in writing;
 - (b) make any pledge or hypothecation of any Health Care Permit as collateral security for any indebtedness other than indebtedness to Lender;
- (c) make any rescission, withdrawal, revocation, amendment or modification of or other alteration to the nature, tenor or scope of any Health Care Permit without Administrative Agent's prior written consent, except where any such rescission, withdrawal, revocation, amendment or modification or other alteration could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change;
- (d) cause any fact, event or circumstance for which notice to Administrative Agent is required under **Section 7.19**, without Administrative Agent's prior written consent;
- (e) agree to do any of the foregoing, unless such agreement either (i) provides that it is subject to the prior written consent of Administrative Agent or (ii) would only take effect after the payment in full of the Obligations; or
- (f) enter into, or permit to exist, or become effective, any agreement with any Person by which or otherwise permit any circumstances by which either (i) any Healthcare Subsidiary would create, incur, assume or permit to exist any Lien (other than Permitted Liens) upon any of its property, assets or revenues, whether now owned or hereafter acquired or (ii) the equity interests of any Healthcare Subsidiary would be pledged to any Person or otherwise subject to any Lien.
- **9.19 Holding Company Status**. Holdings shall not engage in any business activities, incur any Indebtedness or contingent obligation (except as permitted under this Agreement) or own any property or assets other than (i) ownership of the equity interests of Borrower, (ii) activities and contractual rights incidental to maintenance of its corporate existence and (iii) performance of any of its obligations under the Loan Documents to which it is a party.

SECTION 10 FINANCIAL COVENANTS

10.01 Minimum Liquidity.

(a) The Obligors shall maintain Liquidity in an amount which shall exceed \$6,000,000 at the end of each calendar day; provided that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, in the event that the Obligors fails to comply with the requirements of this **Section 10.01(a)**, until the third Business Day subsequent to the date such failure to comply occurs, Holdings and its Subsidiaries shall have the right to increase Liquidity by transferring funds from one or more accounts owned by Holdings and its Subsidiaries into one or more accounts owned by Obligors in an amount necessary to cure the relevant failure to comply with this **Section 10.01(a)**. If, after giving effect to such increase in Liquidity, the Obligors shall be

in compliance with the requirements of this **Section 10.01(a)**, the Obligors shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements of this **Section 10.01(a)** for all Business Days occurring within the last three Business Days as of the relevant dates of determination with the same effect as though there had been no failure to comply therewith at such date and the applicable breach or Default or Event of Default of **Section 10.01(a)** that had occurred shall be deemed cured for this purpose under this Agreement.

(b) Holdings and its Subsidiaries shall maintain at least \$10,000,000 in their accounts at the end of each calendar day.

10.02 Minimum Revenue. Holdings and its Subsidiaries shall have annual Revenue:

- (a) during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2018, of at least \$450,000,000;
- (b) during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2019, of at least \$550,000,000;
- (c) during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2020, of at least \$575,000,000;
- (d) during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2021, of at least \$600,000,000; and
- (e) during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2022, of at least \$625,000,000.

SECTION 11 EVENTS OF DEFAULT

11.01 Events of Default. Each of the following events shall constitute an "Event of Default":

- (a) Borrower shall fail to pay any principal of any Loan when and as the same shall become due and payable, whether at the due date thereof or at a date fixed for prepayment thereof or otherwise;
- (b) any Obligor shall fail to pay (i) any interest when due and payable, and such failure shall continue unremedied for a period of three (3) Business Days or (ii) any Obligation (other than an amount referred to in **Section 11.01(a)** or **11.01(b)(i)**) when and as the same shall become due and payable, and such failure shall continue unremedied for a period of five (5) Business Days (for the avoidance of doubt, the parties expressly agree that the payment of any interest due hereunder by the making of a PIK Loan (to the extent permitted herein) shall not constitute a failure to pay interest as and when due);
- (c) any representation or warranty made or deemed made by or on behalf of Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries in or in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document or any amendment or modification hereof or thereof, or in any report, certificate, financial statement or other document furnished pursuant to or in connection with this Agreement or any

other Loan Document or any amendment or modification hereof or thereof, shall: (i) prove to have been incorrect when made or deemed made to the extent that such representation or warranty contains any materiality or Material Adverse Effect qualifier; or (ii) prove to have been incorrect in any material respect when made or deemed made to the extent that such representation or warranty does not otherwise contain any materiality or Material Adverse Effect qualifier;

- (d) any Obligor shall fail to observe or perform any covenant, condition or agreement contained in **Section 8.02**, **8.03** (with respect to Borrower's existence), **8.11**, **8.12**, **8.17**, **9** or **10**;
- (e) any Obligor shall fail to observe or perform any covenant, condition or agreement contained in this Agreement (other than those specified in **Section 11.01(a)**, **(b)** or **(d)**) or any other Loan Document, and, in the case of any failure that is capable of cure, if such failure shall continue unremedied for a period of 30 or more days;
 - (f) [reserved];
- (g) (i) (A) any material breach of, or "event of default" or similar event by any Obligor under, any Material Agreement that results in the termination of such Material Agreement prior to its stated maturity or (B) the termination or non-renewal of any such Material Agreement (except to the extent that such Material Agreement is replaced with another Material Agreement covering the same subject matter), (ii) any material breach of, or "event of default" or similar event under, the documentation governing any Material Indebtedness shall occur or (iii) any event or condition occurs (A) that results in any Material Indebtedness becoming due prior to its scheduled maturity or (B) that enables or permits (with or without the giving of notice, the lapse of time or both) the holder or holders of such Material Indebtedness or any trustee or agent on its or their behalf to cause such Material Indebtedness to become due, or to require the prepayment, repurchase, redemption or defeasance thereof, prior to its scheduled maturity; *provided* that this **Section 11.01(g)** shall not apply to secured Indebtedness that becomes due as a result of the voluntary sale or transfer of the property or assets securing such Material Indebtedness;
- (h) any Obligor or Subsidiary or, to the extent any Managed Company contributes more than \$10,000,000 of the Revenue of Holdings, its Subsidiaries and the Managed Companies for the immediately preceding twelve-month period, such Managed Company:
- (i) becomes insolvent, or generally does not or becomes unable to pay its debts or meet its liabilities as the same become due, or admits in writing its inability to pay its debts generally, or declares any general moratorium on its indebtedness, or proposes a compromise or arrangement or deed of company arrangement between it and any class of its creditors;
- (ii) commits an act of bankruptcy or makes an assignment of its property for the general benefit of its creditors or makes a proposal (or files a notice of its intention to do so);

- (iii) institutes any proceeding seeking to adjudicate it an insolvent, or seeking liquidation, dissolution, winding-up, reorganization, compromise, arrangement, adjustment, protection, moratorium, relief, stay of proceedings of creditors generally (or any class of creditors), or composition of it or its debts or any other relief, under any federal, provincial or foreign Law now or hereafter in effect relating to bankruptcy, winding-up, insolvency, reorganization, receivership, plans of arrangement or relief or protection of debtors or at common law or in equity, or files an answer admitting the material allegations of a petition filed against it in any such proceeding;
- (iv) applies for the appointment of, or the taking of possession by, a receiver, interim receiver, receiver/manager, sequestrator, conservator, custodian, administrator, trustee, liquidator, voluntary administrator, receiver and manager or other similar official for it or any substantial part of its property; or
- (v) takes any action, corporate or otherwise, to approve, effect, consent to or authorize any of the actions described in this **Section 11.01(h)** or **(i)**, or otherwise acts in furtherance thereof or fails to act in a timely and appropriate manner in defense thereof;
- (i) any petition is filed, application made or other proceeding instituted against or in respect of Holdings or any Subsidiary or, to the extent any Managed Company contributes more than \$10,000,000 of the Revenue of Holdings, its Subsidiaries and the Managed Companies for the immediately preceding twelve-month period, such Managed Company:
 - (i) seeking to adjudicate it an insolvent;
 - (ii) seeking a receiving order against it;
- (iii) seeking liquidation, dissolution, winding-up, reorganization, compromise, arrangement, adjustment, protection, moratorium, relief, stay of proceedings of creditors generally (or any class of creditors), deed of company arrangement or composition of it or its debts or any other relief under any federal, provincial or foreign law now or hereafter in effect relating to bankruptcy, winding-up, insolvency, reorganization, receivership, plans of arrangement or relief or protection of debtors or at common law or in equity; or
- (iv) seeking the entry of an order for relief or the appointment of, or the taking of possession by, a receiver, interim receiver, receiver/manager, sequestrator, conservator, custodian, administrator, trustee, liquidator, voluntary administrator, receiver and manager or other similar official for it or any substantial part of its property;

and such petition, application or proceeding continues undismissed, or unstayed and in effect, for a period of sixty (60) days after the institution thereof; provided that if an order, decree or judgment is granted or entered (whether or not entered or subject to appeal) against Holdings or such Subsidiary thereunder in the interim, such grace period will cease to apply; provided further that, if Holdings or such Subsidiary files an answer admitting the material allegations of a petition filed against it in any such proceeding, such grace period will cease to apply;

(j) any other event occurs which, under the laws of any applicable jurisdiction, has an effect equivalent to any of the events referred to in either of **Section 11.01(h)** or (i);

- (k) one or more judgments or settlements for the payment of money in an aggregate amount in excess of \$2,500,000 (or the Equivalent Amount in other currencies) shall be rendered against or entered into by any Obligor or any combination thereof and the same shall remain undischarged for a period of sixty (60) consecutive days during which execution shall not be effectively stayed, or any action shall be legally taken by a judgment or settlement creditor to attach or levy upon any assets of any Obligor to enforce any such judgment or settlement;
- (l) (i) an ERISA Event shall have occurred that, when taken together with all other ERISA Events that have occurred, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect;
 - (m) [reserved];
 - (n) a Material Adverse Change shall have occurred;
- (o) (i) any Lien created by any of the Security Documents shall at any time not constitute a valid and perfected Lien on the applicable Collateral in favor of the Secured Parties, free and clear of all other Liens (other than Permitted Liens), (ii) except for expiration in accordance with its terms, any of the Security Documents or any Guarantee of any of the Obligations (including that contained in **Section 14**) shall for whatever reason cease to be in full force and effect, or (iii) any of the Security Documents or any Guarantee of any of the Obligations (including that contained in **Section 14**), or the enforceability thereof, shall be repudiated in writing or contested in writing by any Obligor;
- (p) any injunction or action, including by any Governmental Authority, whether temporary or permanent, shall be rendered against Holdings or any Subsidiary that prevents Holdings and its Subsidiaries from operating their insurance business in California for more than 45 consecutive calendar days; or
- (q) any of the Management Services Documents shall fail for any reason to be in full force and effect or the Obligors are in default in any material respect with any terms or conditions of such Management Services Documents beyond the applicable grace period, but only to the extent any such failure or default would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Change.
- 11.02 Remedies. (a) Upon the occurrence of any Event of Default, then, and in every such event (other than an Event of Default described in Section 11.01(h), (i) or (j)), and at any time thereafter during the continuance of such event, the Majority Lenders may, by notice to Borrower, take either or both of the following actions, at the same or different times: (i) terminate the Commitments, and thereupon the Commitments shall terminate immediately, and (ii) declare the Loans then outstanding to be due and payable in whole (or in part, in which case any principal not so declared to be due and payable may thereafter be declared to be due and payable), and thereupon the principal of the Loans so declared to be due and payable, together with accrued interest thereon and all fees and other Obligations (including fees specified in the Fee Letter), shall become due and payable immediately (in the case of the Loans, at the Redemption Price therefor), without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind, all of which are hereby waived by each Obligor.

- (b) Upon the occurrence of any Event of Default described in **Section 11.01(h)**, (i) or (j), the Commitments shall automatically terminate and the principal of the Loans then outstanding, together with accrued interest thereon and all fees and other Obligations, shall automatically become due and payable immediately (in the case of the Loans, at the Redemption Price therefor), without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind, all of which are hereby waived by each Obligor.
- (c) **Prepayment Premium and Redemption Price**. (i) For the avoidance of doubt, the Prepayment Premium (as a component of the Redemption Price) shall be due and payable whenever so stated in this Agreement, or by any applicable operation of law, regardless of the circumstances causing any related acceleration or payment prior to the Stated Maturity Date, including any Event of Default or other failure to comply with the terms of this Agreement, whether or not notice thereof has been given, or any acceleration by, through, or on account of any bankruptcy filing.
- (ii) For the avoidance of doubt, the Prepayment Premium (as a component of the Redemption Price) and the fees specified in the Fee Letter that are payable upon the repayment of the Loans shall be due and payable at any time the Loans become due and payable prior to the Stated Maturity Date for any reason, whether due to acceleration pursuant to the terms of this Agreement (in which case it shall be due immediately, upon the giving of notice to Borrower in accordance with Section 11.02(a), or automatically, in accordance with Section 11.02(b)), by operation of law or otherwise (including where bankruptcy filings or the exercise of any bankruptcy right or power, whether in any plan of reorganization or otherwise, results or would result in a payment, discharge, modification or other treatment of the Loans or Loan Documents that would otherwise evade, avoid, or otherwise disappoint the expectations of Lenders in receiving the full benefit of their bargained-for Prepayment Premium or Redemption Price as provided herein). The Obligors and Lenders acknowledge and agree that any Prepayment Premium and the fees specified in the Fee Letter due and payable in accordance with the Loan Documents shall not constitute unmatured interest, whether under section 502(b)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, but instead is reasonably calculated to ensure that the Lenders receive the benefit of their bargain under the terms of this Agreement.
- (iii) Each Obligor acknowledges and agrees that the Lenders shall be entitled to recover the full amount of the Redemption Price and the fees specified in the Fee Letter in each and every circumstance such amount is due pursuant to or in connection with this Agreement and the Fee Letter, including in the case of any Obligor's bankruptcy filing, so that the Lenders shall receive the benefit of their bargain hereunder and otherwise receive full recovery as agreed under every possible circumstance, and Borrower hereby waives any defense to payment, whether such defense may be based in public policy, ambiguity, or otherwise. Each Obligor further acknowledges and agrees, and waives any argument to the contrary, that payment of such amounts does not constitute a penalty or an otherwise unenforceable or invalid obligation. Any damages that the Lenders may suffer or incur resulting from or arising in connection with any breach hereof or thereof by Borrower shall constitute secured obligations owing to the Lenders.

SECTION 12 ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT

12.01 Appointment and Duties. (a) **Appointment of Administrative Agent**. Each Lender hereby irrevocably appoints CRG Servicing (together with any successor Administrative Agent pursuant to **Section 12.09**) as Administrative Agent hereunder and authorizes Administrative Agent to (i) execute and deliver the Loan Documents and accept delivery thereof on its behalf from any Obligor or any of its Subsidiaries, (ii) take such action on its behalf and to exercise all rights, powers and remedies and perform the duties as are expressly delegated to Administrative Agent under such Loan Documents, (iii) act as agent of such Lender for purposes of acquiring, holding, enforcing and perfecting all Liens granted by the Obligors on the Collateral to secure any of the Obligations and (iv) exercise such powers as are reasonably incidental thereto.

(b) Duties as Collateral and Disbursing Agent. Without limiting the generality of Section 12.01(a), Administrative Agent shall have the sole and exclusive right and authority (to the exclusion of the Lenders), and is hereby authorized, to (i) act as the disbursing and collecting agent for the Lenders with respect to all payments and collections arising in connection with the Loan Documents (including in any proceeding described in Section 11.01(h), (i) or (j) or any other bankruptcy, insolvency or similar proceeding), and each Person making any payment in connection with any Loan Document to any Secured Party is hereby authorized to make such payment to Administrative Agent, (ii) file and prove claims and file other documents necessary or desirable to allow the claims of the Secured Parties with respect to any Obligation in any proceeding described in Section 11.01(h), (i) or (j) or any other bankruptcy, insolvency or similar proceeding (but not to vote, consent or otherwise act on behalf of such Secured Party), (iii) act as collateral agent for each Secured Party for purposes of acquiring, holding, enforcing and perfecting all Liens created by the Loan Documents and all other purposes stated therein, (iv) manage, supervise and otherwise deal with the Collateral, (v) take such other action as is necessary or desirable to maintain the perfection and priority of the Liens created or purported to be created by the Loan Documents, (vi) except as may be otherwise specified in any Loan Document, exercise all remedies given to Administrative Agent and the other Secured Parties with respect to the Collateral, whether under the Loan Documents, applicable Requirements of Law or otherwise, (vii) enter into subordination agreements or intercreditor agreements with respect to Indebtedness of an Obligor, (viii) enter into non-disturbance agreements and similar agreements and (ix) execute any amendment, consent or waiver under the Loan Documents on behalf of any Lender that has consented in writing to such amendment, consent or waiver; provided, however, that Administrative Agent hereby appoints, authorizes and directs each Lender to act as collateral sub-agent for Administrative Agent and the Secured Parties for purposes of the perfection of all Liens with respect to the Collateral, including any deposit account maintained by an Obligor with, and cash and Permitted Cash Equivalent Investments held by, such Lender, and may further authorize and direct any Lender to take further actions as collateral sub-agents for purposes of enforcing such Liens or otherwise to transfer the Collateral subject thereto to Administrative Agent, and each Lender hereby agrees to take such further actions to the extent, and only to the extent, so authorized and directed.

- (c) **Limited Duties**. Under the Loan Documents, Administrative Agent (i) is acting solely on behalf of the Lenders (except to the limited extent provided in **Section 12.11**), with duties that are entirely administrative in nature, notwithstanding the use of the defined term "Administrative Agent", the terms "agent", "administrative agent" and "collateral agent" and similar terms in any Loan Document to refer to Administrative Agent, which terms are used for title purposes only, (ii) is not assuming any obligation under any Loan Document other than as expressly set forth therein or any role as agent, fiduciary or trustee of or for any Lender or any other Secured Party and (iii) shall have no implied functions, responsibilities, duties, obligations or other liabilities under any Loan Document, and each Lender hereby waives and agrees not to assert any claim against Administrative Agent based on the roles, duties and legal relationships expressly disclaimed in the foregoing **clauses (i)** through (iii).
- **12.02 Binding Effect.** Each Lender agrees that (i) any action taken by Administrative Agent or the Majority Lenders (or, if expressly required hereby, a greater proportion of the Lenders) in accordance with the provisions of the Loan Documents, (ii) any action taken by Administrative Agent in reliance upon the instructions of the Majority Lenders (or, where so required, such greater proportion) and (iii) the exercise by Administrative Agent or the Majority Lenders (or, where so required, such greater proportion) of the powers set forth herein or therein, together with such other powers as are reasonably incidental thereto, shall be authorized and binding upon all of the Secured Parties.
- **12.03 Use of Discretion.** (a) **No Action without Instructions.** Administrative Agent shall not be required to exercise any discretion or take, or to omit to take, any action, including with respect to enforcement or collection, except any action it is required to take or omit to take (i) under any Loan Document or (ii) pursuant to instructions from the Majority Lenders (or, where expressly required by the terms of this Agreement, a greater proportion of the Lenders).
- (b) **Right Not to Follow Certain Instructions**. Notwithstanding **Section 12.03(a)**, Administrative Agent shall not be required to take, or to omit to take, any action (i) unless, upon demand, Administrative Agent receives an indemnification satisfactory to it from the Lenders (or, to the extent applicable and acceptable to Administrative Agent, any other Secured Party) against all liabilities that, by reason of such action or omission, may be imposed on, incurred by or asserted against Administrative Agent or any Related Person thereof or (ii) that is, in the opinion of Administrative Agent or its counsel, contrary to any Loan Document or applicable Requirement of Law.
- **12.04 Delegation of Rights and Duties**. Administrative Agent may, upon any term or condition it specifies, delegate or exercise any of its rights, powers and remedies under, and delegate or perform any of its duties or any other action with respect to, any Loan Document by or through or to any trustee, co-agent, sub-agent, employee, attorney-in-fact and any other Person (including any other Secured Party). Any such Person shall benefit from this **Section 12** to the extent provided by Administrative Agent. Administrative Agent shall not be responsible for the negligence or misconduct of any sub-agent except to the extent that a court of competent jurisdiction determines in a final and nonappealable judgment that Administrative Agent acted with gross negligence or willful misconduct in the selection of such sub-agent.
- **12.05 Reliance and Liability.** (a) Administrative Agent may, without incurring any liability hereunder, (i) consult with any of its Related Persons and, whether or not selected by it, any other advisors, accountants and other experts (including advisors to, and accountants and experts engaged by, any Obligor) and (ii) rely and act upon any document and information and any telephone message or conversation, in each case believed by it to be genuine and transmitted, signed or otherwise authenticated by the appropriate parties.

- (b) None of Administrative Agent and its Related Persons shall be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by any of them under or in connection with any Loan Document, and each Lender and each Obligor hereby waives and shall not assert any right, claim or cause of action based thereon, except to the extent of liabilities resulting primarily from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of Administrative Agent or, as the case may be, such Related Person (each as determined in a final, non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction) in connection with the duties expressly set forth herein. Without limiting the foregoing, Administrative Agent:
- (i) shall not be responsible or otherwise incur liability for any action or omission taken in reliance upon the instructions of the Majority Lenders or for the actions or omissions of any of its Related Persons selected with reasonable care (other than employees, officers and directors of Administrative Agent, when acting on behalf of Administrative Agent);
- (ii) shall not be responsible to any Secured Party for the due execution, legality, validity, enforceability, effectiveness, genuineness, sufficiency or value of, or the attachment, perfection or priority of any Lien created or purported to be created under or in connection with, any Loan Document;
- (iii) makes no warranty or representation, and shall not be responsible, to any Secured Party for any statement, document, information, representation or warranty made or furnished by or on behalf of any Related Person, in or in connection with any Loan Document or any transaction contemplated therein, whether or not transmitted by Administrative Agent, including as to completeness, accuracy, scope or adequacy thereof, or for the scope, nature or results of any due diligence performed by Administrative Agent in connection with the Loan Documents; and
- (iv) shall not have any duty to ascertain or to inquire as to the performance or observance of any provision of any Loan Document, whether any condition set forth in any Loan Document is satisfied or waived, as to the financial condition of any Obligor or as to the existence or continuation or possible occurrence or continuation of any Default or Event of Default and shall not be deemed to have notice or knowledge of such occurrence or continuation unless it has received a notice from Borrower or any Lender describing such Default or Event of Default clearly labeled "notice of default" (in which case Administrative Agent shall promptly give notice of such receipt to all Lenders);

and, for each of the items set forth in **clauses (i) through (iv)** above, each Lender and each Obligor hereby waives and agrees not to assert any right, claim or cause of action it might have against Administrative Agent based thereon.

12.06 Administrative Agent Individually. Administrative Agent and its Affiliates may make loans and other extensions of credit to, acquire Equity Interests of, engage in any kind of business with, any Obligor or Affiliate thereof as though it were not acting Administrative Agent and may receive separate fees and other payments therefor. To the extent Administrative

Agent or any of its Affiliates makes any Loan or otherwise becomes a Lender hereunder, it shall have and may exercise the same rights and powers hereunder and shall be subject to the same obligations and liabilities as any other Lender and the terms "Lender", "Majority Lender", and any similar terms shall, except where otherwise expressly provided in any Loan Document, include Administrative Agent or such Affiliate, as the case may be, in its individual capacity as Lender or as one of the Majority Lenders, respectively.

12.07 Lender Credit Decision. Each Lender acknowledges that it shall, independently and without reliance upon Administrative Agent, any Lender or any of their Related Persons or upon any document solely or in part because such document was transmitted by Administrative Agent or any of its Related Persons, conduct its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs of each Obligor and make and continue to make its own credit decisions in connection with entering into, and taking or not taking any action under, any Loan Document or with respect to any transaction contemplated in any Loan Document, in each case based on such documents and information as it shall deem appropriate.

12.08 Expenses; Indemnities. (a) Each Lender agrees to reimburse Administrative Agent and each of its Related Persons (to the extent not reimbursed by any Obligor) promptly upon demand for such Lender's Proportionate Share of any costs and expenses (including fees, charges and disbursements of financial, legal and other advisors and Other Taxes paid in the name of, or on behalf of, any Obligor) that may be incurred by Administrative Agent or any of its Related Persons in connection with the preparation, syndication, execution, delivery, administration, modification, consent, waiver or enforcement (whether through negotiations, through any work- out, bankruptcy, restructuring or other legal or other proceeding or otherwise) of, or legal advice in respect of its rights or responsibilities under, any Loan Document.

(b) Each Lender further agrees to indemnify Administrative Agent and each of its Related Persons (to the extent not reimbursed by any Obligor), from and against such Lender's aggregate Proportionate Share of the liabilities (including Taxes, interests and penalties imposed for not properly withholding or backup withholding on payments made to on or for the account of any Lender) that may be imposed on, incurred by or asserted against Administrative Agent or any of its Related Persons in any matter relating to or arising out of, in connection with or as a result of any Loan Document, any Related Document or any other act, event or transaction related, contemplated in or attendant to any such document, or, in each case, any action taken or omitted to be taken by Administrative Agent or any of its Related Persons under or with respect to any of the foregoing; *provided*, *however*, that no Lender shall be liable to Administrative Agent or any of its Related Persons to the extent such liability is found in a final, non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted from such Administrative Agent's or such Related Person's gross negligence or willful misconduct.

12.09 Resignation of Administrative Agent. (a) Administrative Agent may resign at any time by delivering notice of such resignation to the Lenders and Borrower, effective on the date set forth in such notice or, if no such date is set forth therein, upon the date such notice shall be effective. If Administrative Agent delivers any such notice, the Majority Lenders shall have the right to appoint a successor Administrative Agent. If, within 30 days after the retiring Administrative Agent having given notice of resignation, no successor Administrative Agent has been appointed by the Majority Lenders that has accepted such appointment, then the

retiring Administrative Agent may, on behalf of the Lenders, appoint a successor Administrative Agent from among the Lenders. Each appointment under this **Section 12.09(a)** shall be subject to the prior consent of Borrower, which may not be unreasonably withheld but shall not be required during the continuance of an Event of Default.

(b) Effective immediately upon its resignation, (i) the retiring Administrative Agent shall be discharged from its duties and obligations under the Loan Documents, (ii) the Lenders shall assume and perform all of the duties of Administrative Agent until a successor Administrative Agent shall have accepted a valid appointment hereunder, (iii) the retiring Administrative Agent and its Related Persons shall no longer have the benefit of any provision of any Loan Document other than with respect to any actions taken or omitted to be taken while such retiring Administrative Agent was, or because such Administrative Agent had been, validly acting as Administrative Agent under the Loan Documents and (iv) subject to its rights under Section 12.03, the retiring Administrative Agent shall take such action as may be reasonably necessary to assign to the successor Administrative Agent its rights as Administrative Agent under the Loan Documents. Effective immediately upon its acceptance of a valid appointment as Administrative Agent, a successor Administrative Agent shall succeed to, and become vested with, all the rights, powers, privileges and duties of the retiring Administrative Agent under the Loan Documents.

12.10 Release of Collateral or Guarantors. Each Lender hereby consents to the release and hereby directs Administrative Agent to release (or, in the case of **Section 12.10(b)(ii)**, release or subordinate) the following:

- (a) any Subsidiary of Holdings from its guaranty of any Obligation of any Obligor if all of the Equity Interests in such Subsidiary owned by any Obligor or any of its Subsidiaries are disposed of in an Asset Sale permitted under the Loan Documents (including pursuant to a waiver or consent), to the extent that, after giving effect to such Asset Sale, such Subsidiary would not be required to guaranty any Obligations pursuant to **Section 8.12**; and
- (b) any Lien held by Administrative Agent for the benefit of the Secured Parties against (i) any Collateral that is disposed of by an Obligor in an Asset Sale permitted by the Loan Documents (including pursuant to a valid waiver or consent), to the extent all Liens required to be granted in such Collateral pursuant to **Section 8.12** after giving effect to such Asset Sale have been granted, (ii) any property subject to a Lien described in **Section 9.02(d)** and (iii) all of the Collateral and all Obligors, upon (A) termination of the Commitments and (B) payment and satisfaction in full of all Loans and all other Obligations that Administrative Agent has been notified in writing are then due and payable.

Each Lender hereby directs Administrative Agent, and Administrative Agent hereby agrees, upon receipt of reasonable advance notice from Borrower, to execute and deliver or file such documents and to perform other actions reasonably necessary to release the guaranties and Liens when and as directed in this **Section 12.10**.

12.11 Additional Secured Parties. The benefit of the provisions of the Loan Documents directly relating to the Collateral or any Lien granted thereunder shall extend to and be available to any Secured Party that is not a Lender as long as, by accepting such benefits, such Secured Party agrees, as among Administrative Agent and all other Secured Parties, that such Secured Party is bound by (and, if requested by Administrative Agent, shall confirm such agreement in a writing in form and substance acceptable to Administrative Agent) this Section 12 and the decisions and actions of Administrative Agent and the Majority Lenders (or, where expressly required by the terms of this Agreement, a greater proportion of the Lenders) to the same extent a Lender is bound; provided, however, that, notwithstanding the foregoing, (a) such Secured Party shall be bound by Section 12.08 only to the extent of liabilities, costs and expenses with respect to or otherwise relating to the Collateral held for the benefit of such Secured Party, in which case the obligations of such Secured Party thereunder shall not be limited by any concept of Proportionate Share or similar concept, (b) each of Administrative Agent and each Lender shall be entitled to act at its sole discretion, without regard to the interest of such Secured Party, regardless of whether any Obligation to such Secured Party thereafter remains outstanding, is deprived of the benefit of the Collateral, becomes unsecured or is otherwise affected or put in jeopardy thereby, and without any duty or liability to such Secured Party or any such Obligation and (c) such Secured Party shall not have any right to be notified of, consent to, direct, require or be heard with respect to, any action taken or omitted in respect of the Collateral or under any Loan Document.

SECTION 13 MISCELLANEOUS

13.01 No Waiver. No failure on the part of Administrative Agent or any Lender to exercise and no delay in exercising, and no course of dealing with respect to, any right, power or privilege under any Loan Document shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, power or privilege under any Loan Document preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, power or privilege. The remedies provided herein are cumulative and not exclusive of any remedies provided by law.

13.02 Notices. All notices, requests, instructions, directions and other communications provided for herein (including any modifications of, or waivers, requests or consents under, this Agreement) shall be given or made in writing (including by telecopy) delivered, if to Borrower, Holdings, another Obligor, Administrative Agent or any Lender, to its address specified on the signature pages hereto or its Guarantee Assumption Agreement, as the case may be, or at such other address as shall be designated by such party in a notice to the other parties. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, all such communications shall be deemed to have been duly given upon receipt of a legible copy thereof, in each case given or addressed as aforesaid. All such communications provided for herein by telecopy shall be confirmed in writing promptly after the delivery of such communication (it being understood that non-receipt of written confirmation of such communication shall not invalidate such communication).

13.03 Expenses, Indemnification, Etc.

(a) **Expenses**. Borrower agrees to pay or reimburse (i) Administrative Agent and the Lenders for all of their reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including the reasonable fees and expenses of Cooley LLP, special counsel to Administrative Agent and the Lenders) in connection with (x) the negotiation, preparation, execution and delivery of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and the making of the Loans (exclusive of post-closing costs), (y)

post-closing costs and (z) the negotiation or preparation of any modification, supplement or waiver of any of the terms of this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents (whether or not consummated) and (ii) Administrative Agent and the Lenders for all of their out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including the fees and expenses of legal counsel) in connection with any enforcement or collection proceedings resulting from the occurrence of an Event of Default; *provided*, *however*, that Borrower shall not be required to pay or reimburse any amounts pursuant to **Section 13.03(a)(i)(x)** in excess of the Expense Cap.

(b) **Indemnification**. Borrower hereby indemnifies Administrative Agent, each Lender, their respective Affiliates, and their respective directors, officers, employees, attorneys, agents, advisors and controlling parties (each, an "Indemnified Party") from and against, and agrees to hold them harmless against, any and all Claims and Losses of any kind (including reasonable fees and disbursements of counsel), joint or several, that may be incurred by or asserted or awarded against any Indemnified Party, in each case arising out of or in connection with or relating to this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby or any use made or proposed to be made with the proceeds of the Loans, and any claim, investigation, litigation or proceeding or the preparation of any defense with respect thereto arising out of or in connection with or relating to any of the foregoing, whether or not any Indemnified Party is a party to an actual or prospective claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to any of the foregoing, whether based in contract, tort or any other theory, and whether or not such investigation, litigation or proceeding is brought by Borrower, any of its shareholders or creditors, and whether or not the conditions precedent set forth in **Section 6** are satisfied or the other transactions contemplated by this Agreement are consummated, except to the extent such Claim or Loss (x) is found in a final, non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted from such Indemnified Party's gross negligence or willful misconduct, (y) arose from a material breach of such Indemnified Party's obligations under any Loan Document (as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final, non-appealable judgment) or (z) arose from any claim, action, suit, inquiry, litigation, investigation or proceeding that does not involve an act or omission of Borrower or any of its Affiliates and is brought by an Indemnified Person against another Indemnified Person (other than any claim, actions, suits, inquiries, litigation, investigation or proceeding against Administrative Agent in its capacity as such). No Obligor shall assert any claim against any Indemnified Party, on any theory of liability, for consequential, indirect, special or punitive damages arising out of or otherwise relating to this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or any of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby or the actual or proposed use of the proceeds of the Loans. Borrower, Holdings, their Subsidiaries and Affiliates and their respective directors, officers, employees, attorneys, agents, advisors and controlling parties are each sometimes referred to in this Agreement as a "Borrower Party." No Lender shall assert any claim against any Borrower Party, on any theory of liability, for consequential, indirect, special or punitive damages arising out of or otherwise relating to this Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or any of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby or the actual or proposed use of the proceeds of the Loans.

13.04 Amendments, Etc. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, any provision of this Agreement may be modified or supplemented only by an instrument in writing signed by Borrower and the Majority Lenders (or Administrative Agent on behalf of such Majority Lenders); *provided however*, that:

- (a) the consent of all of the Lenders shall be required to:
- (i) amend, modify, discharge, terminate or waive any of the terms of this Agreement if such amendment, modification, discharge, termination or waiver would increase the amount of the Loans, reduce the fees payable hereunder, reduce interest rates or other amounts payable with respect to the Loans, extend any date fixed for payment of principal, interest or other amounts payable relating to the Loans or extend the repayment dates of the Loans:
 - (ii) amend the provisions of **Section 6**;
- (iii) amend, modify, discharge, terminate or waive any Security Document if the effect is to release all or substantially all of the Collateral subject thereto other than pursuant to the terms hereof or thereof; or
 - (iv) amend this Section 13.04; and
- (b) no amendment, waiver or consent shall affect the rights or duties under any Loan Document of, or any payment to, Administrative Agent (or otherwise modify any provision of **Section 12** or the application thereof) unless in writing and signed by Administrative Agent in addition to any signature otherwise required.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, a Defaulting Lender shall not have any right to approve or disapprove any amendment, waiver or consent hereunder (and any amendment, waiver or consent which by its terms requires the consent of all Lenders or each affected Lender may be effected with the consent of the applicable Lenders other than Defaulting Lenders), except that (x) the Commitment of any Defaulting Lender may not be increased or extended without the consent of such Lender and (y) any waiver, amendment or modification requiring the consent of all Lenders or each affected Lender that by its terms affects any Defaulting Lender more adversely than other affected Lenders shall require the consent of such Defaulting Lender.

13.05 Successors and Assigns.

(a) **General**. The provisions of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns permitted hereby, except that Borrower may not assign or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations hereunder or under any of the other Loan Documents without the prior written consent of the Lenders. Any of the Lenders may assign or otherwise transfer any of their rights or obligations hereunder or under any of the other Loan Documents to an assignee (i) in accordance with the provisions of **Section 13.05(b)**, (ii) by way of participation in accordance with the provisions of **Section 13.05(e)** or (iii) by way of pledge or assignment of a security interest subject to the restrictions of **Section 13.05(g)**. Nothing in this Agreement, expressed or implied, shall be construed to confer upon any Person (other than the parties hereto, their respective successors and assigns permitted hereby, Participants to the extent provided in **Section 13.05(e)** and, to the extent expressly contemplated hereby, the Indemnified Parties) any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or by reason of this Agreement.

- (b) Assignments by Lenders. Any of the Lenders may, with the prior written consent of Borrower (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned), at any time assign to one or more Eligible Transferees all or a portion of their rights and obligations under this Agreement (including all or a portion of the Commitment and the Loans at the time owing to it); provided, however, that (i) no such assignment shall be made to Borrower, an Affiliate of Borrower, or any employees or directors of Borrower at any time, (ii) the consent of Borrower shall not be required at any time an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, (iii) the consent of Borrower to an assignment to any one or more Eligible Transferees will be deemed to have been given if Borrower has not responded within three (3) Business Days after the delivery of any request for such consent and (iv) the consent of Borrower shall not be required (A) for any assignment to any Affiliate of any Lender or Administrative Agent, (B) for any assignment in connection with a distribution of assets in connection with a liquidation of a Lender and (C) in connection with any pledge, sale or assignment in connection with any financing transaction, securitization or loan facility (collectively, the "Financing Transaction"), including, without limitation, any proceeding or action related to the Financing Transaction where the Loan is sold or assigned as part of a foreclosure, asset sale, bid wanted in competition process or other similar transaction. Subject to the recording thereof by Administrative Agent pursuant to Section 13.05(d), from and after the effective date specified in each Assignment and Assumption, the assignee thereunder shall be a party to this Agreement and, to the extent of the interest assigned by such Assignment and Assumption, have the rights and obligations of the Lenders under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, and correspondingly the assigning Lender shall, to the extent of the interest assigned by such Assignment and Assumption, be released from its obligations under this Agreement (and, in the case of an Assignment and Assumption covering all of a Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement, such Lender shall cease to be a party hereto) and the other Loan Documents but shall continue to be entitled to the benefits of Section 5 and Section 13.03. Any assignment or transfer by a Lender of rights or obligations under this Agreement that does not comply with this Section 13.05(b) shall be treated for purposes of this Agreement as a sale by such Lender of a participation in such rights and obligations in accordance with Section 13.05(e).
- (c) **Amendments to Loan Documents**. Each of Administrative Agent, the Lenders and the Obligors agrees to enter into such amendments to the Loan Documents, and such additional Security Documents and other instruments and agreements, in each case in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Administrative Agent, the Lenders and the Obligors, as shall reasonably be necessary to implement and give effect to any assignment made under this **Section 13.05**.
- (d) **Register**. Administrative Agent, acting solely for this purpose as an agent of Borrower, shall maintain at one of its offices a register for the recordation of the name and address of any assignee of the Lenders and the Commitment and outstanding principal amount of the Loans owing thereto (the "**Register**"). The entries in the Register shall be conclusive, absent manifest error, and Borrower shall treat each Person whose name is recorded in the Register pursuant to the terms hereof as the "Lender" hereunder for all purposes of this Agreement, notwithstanding notice to the contrary. The Register shall be available for inspection by Borrower, at any reasonable time and from time to time upon reasonable prior notice.

(e) **Participations**. Any of the Lenders may at any time, without the consent of, or notice to, Borrower, sell participations to any Person (other than a natural person or Borrower or any of Borrower's Affiliates or Subsidiaries) (each, a "*Participant*") in all or a portion of such Lender's rights and/or obligations under this Agreement (including all or a portion of the Commitment and/or the Loans owing to it); *provided* that (i) such Lender's obligations under this Agreement shall remain unchanged, (ii) such Lender shall remain solely responsible to the other parties hereto for the performance of such obligations and (iii) Borrower shall continue to deal solely and directly with the Lenders in connection therewith.

Any agreement or instrument pursuant to which a Lender sells such a participation shall provide that such Lender shall retain the sole right to enforce this Agreement and to approve any amendment, modification or waiver of any provision of this Agreement; *provided* that such agreement or instrument may provide that such Lender will not, without the consent of the Participant, agree to any amendment, modification or waiver that would (i) increase or extend the term of such Lender's Commitment, (ii) extend the date fixed for the payment of principal of or interest on the Loans or any portion of any fee hereunder payable to the Participant, (iii) reduce the amount of any such payment of principal, or (iv) reduce the rate at which interest is payable thereon to a level below the rate at which the Participant is entitled to receive such interest. Subject to Section 13.05(f), Borrower agrees that each Participant shall be entitled to the benefits of Section 5 (subject to the requirements and limitations therein, including the requirements under Section 5.03(e) (it being understood that the documentation required under Section 5.03(e) shall be delivered to the participating Lender) to the same extent as if it were a Lender and had acquired its interest by assignment pursuant to Section 13.05(b). To the extent permitted by law, each Participant also shall be entitled to the benefits of Section 4.04(a) as though it were the Lender.

(f) Limitations on Rights of Participants. A Participant shall not be entitled to receive any greater payment under Section 5.01 or 5.03 than its participating Lender would have been entitled to receive with respect to the participation sold to such Participant, except to the extent such entitlement to receive a greater payment results from a change in any Requirement of Law that occurs after the Participant acquired the applicable participation. Each Lender that sells a participation shall, acting solely for this purpose as a non-fiduciary agent of Borrower, maintain a register on which it enters the name and address of each Participant and the principal amounts (and stated interest) of each Participant's interest in the Loans or other obligations under the Loan Documents (the "Participant Register"); provided that no Lender shall have any obligation to disclose all or any portion of the Participant Register (including the identity of any Participant or any information relating to a Participant's interest in any commitment, loan, letter of credit or other obligations under any Loan Document) to any Person except to the extent that such disclosure is necessary to establish that such commitment, loan, letters of credit or other obligation is in registered form under Section 5f.103-1(c) of the United States Treasury Regulations. The entries in the Participant Register shall be conclusive absent manifest error, and such Lender shall treat each Person whose name is recorded in the Participant Register as the owner of such participation for all purposes of this Agreement notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. For the avoidance of doubt, Administrative Agent (in its capacity as Administrative Agent) shall have no responsibility for maintaining a Participant Register.

- (g) **Certain Pledges**. Any Lender may at any time pledge or assign a security interest in all or any portion of its rights under this Agreement and any other Loan Document to secure its obligations, including any pledge or assignment to secure obligations to a Federal Reserve Bank; *provided* that no such pledge or assignment shall release such Lender from any of its obligations hereunder or substitute any such pledgee or assignee for such Lender as a party hereto.
- 13.06 Survival. The obligations of the Obligors under Sections 5.01, 5.02, 5.03, 13.03, 13.05, 13.09, 13.10, 13.11, 13.12, 13.13, 13.14, 13.20 and Section 14 (solely to the extent guaranteeing any of the obligations under the foregoing Sections) shall survive the repayment of the Obligations and the termination of the Commitment and, in the case of the Lenders' assignment of any interest in the Commitment or the Loans hereunder, shall survive, in the case of any event or circumstance that occurred prior to the effective date of such assignment, the making of such assignment, notwithstanding that the Lenders may cease to be "Lenders" hereunder. In addition, each representation and warranty made, or deemed to be made by a Notice of Borrowing, herein or pursuant hereto shall survive the making of such representation and warranty.
- **13.07 Captions**. The table of contents and captions and section headings appearing herein are included solely for convenience of reference and are not intended to affect the interpretation of any provision of this Agreement.
- **13.08** Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument and any of the parties hereto may execute this Agreement by signing any such counterpart.
- **13.09 Governing Law**. This Agreement and the rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the State of New York, without regard to principles of conflicts of laws that would result in the application of the laws of any other jurisdiction; *provided* that Section 5-1401 of the New York General Obligations Law shall apply.

13.10 Jurisdiction, Service of Process and Venue.

- (a) **Submission to Jurisdiction**. Each Obligor agrees that any suit, action or proceeding with respect to this Agreement or any other Loan Document to which it is a party or any judgment entered by any court in respect thereof may be brought initially in the federal or state courts in Houston, Texas or in the courts of its own corporate domicile and irrevocably submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of each such court for the purpose of any such suit, action, proceeding or judgment. This **Section 13.10(a)** is for the benefit of Administrative Agent and the Lenders only and, as a result, neither Administrative Agent nor any Lender shall be prevented from taking proceedings in any other courts with jurisdiction. To the extent allowed by applicable Laws, Administrative Agent and the Lenders may take concurrent proceedings in any number of jurisdictions.
- (b) **Alternative Process**. Nothing herein shall in any way be deemed to limit the ability of Administrative Agent or the Lenders to serve any such process or summonses in any other manner permitted by applicable law.

- (c) **Waiver of Venue, Etc.** Each Obligor irrevocably waives to the fullest extent permitted by law any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document and hereby further irrevocably waives to the fullest extent permitted by law any claim that any such suit, action or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum. A final judgment (in respect of which time for all appeals has elapsed) in any such suit, action or proceeding shall be conclusive and may be enforced in any court to the jurisdiction of which such Obligor is or may be subject, by suit upon judgment.
- 13.11 Waiver of Jury Trial. EACH PARTY HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY SUIT, ACTION OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT, THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY OR THEREBY.
- **13.12 Waiver of Immunity**. To the extent that any Obligor may be or become entitled to claim for itself or its Property or revenues any immunity on the ground of sovereignty or the like from suit, court jurisdiction, attachment prior to judgment, attachment in aid of execution of a judgment or execution of a judgment, and to the extent that in any such jurisdiction there may be attributed such an immunity (whether or not claimed), such Obligor hereby irrevocably agrees not to claim and hereby irrevocably waives such immunity with respect to its obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents.
- 13.13 Entire Agreement. This Agreement and the other Loan Documents constitute the entire agreement among the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof and supersede any and all previous agreements and understandings, oral or written, relating to the subject matter hereof. EACH OBLIGOR ACKNOWLEDGES, REPRESENTS AND WARRANTS THAT IN DECIDING TO ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS OR IN TAKING OR NOT TAKING ANY ACTION HEREUNDER OR THEREUNDER, IT HAS NOT RELIED, AND WILL NOT RELY, ON ANY STATEMENT, REPRESENTATION, WARRANTY, COVENANT, AGREEMENT OR UNDERSTANDING, WHETHER WRITTEN OR ORAL, OF OR WITH ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT OR THE LENDERS OTHER THAN THOSE EXPRESSLY SET FORTH IN THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS.
- **13.14 Severability**. If any provision hereof is found by a court to be invalid or unenforceable, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law the parties agree that such invalidity or unenforceability shall not impair the validity or enforceability of any other provision hereof.
- **13.15 No Fiduciary Relationship**. Each Obligor acknowledges that Administrative Agent and the Lenders have no fiduciary relationship with, or fiduciary duty to, Borrower arising out of or in connection with this Agreement or the other Loan Documents, and the relationship between the Lenders and Borrower is solely that of creditor and debtor. This Agreement and the other Loan Documents do not create a joint venture among the parties.

13.16 Confidentiality. Each of Administrative Agent and the Lenders agree to maintain the confidentiality of the Information (as defined below), except that Information may be disclosed (a) to its Affiliates and to its Related Persons (it being understood that the Persons to whom such disclosure is made will be informed of the confidential nature of such Information and instructed to keep such Information confidential); (b) to the extent required or requested by any regulatory authority purporting to have jurisdiction over such Person or its Related Persons (including any self-regulatory authority, such as the National Association of Insurance Commissioners); (c) to the extent required by applicable laws or regulations or by any subpoena or similar legal process; (d) to any other party hereto; (e) in connection with the exercise of any remedies hereunder or under any other Loan Document or any action or proceeding relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document or the enforcement of rights hereunder or thereunder; (f) subject to an agreement containing provisions substantially the same as those of this Section, to (i) any assignee of or Participant in, or any prospective assignee of or Participant in, any of its rights and obligations under this Agreement, or (ii) any actual or prospective party (or its Related Persons) to any swap, derivative or other transaction under which payments are to be made by reference to Borrower and its obligations, this Agreement or payments hereunder (it being understood that the list of Ineligible Institutions may be disclosed to any assignee or Participant, or prospective assignee or Participant, in reliance on this clause (f)); (g) on a confidential basis to (i) any rating agency in connection with rating Holdings, Borrower or the Subsidiaries or the Loans or (ii) the CUSIP Service Bureau or any similar agency in connection with the issuance and monitoring of CUSIP numbers with respect to the Loans; (h) with the consent of Borrower; or (i) to the extent such Information (x) becomes publicly available other than as a result of a breach of this Section 13.16, or (y) becomes available to Administrative Agent, any Lender or any of their respective Affiliates on a nonconfidential basis from a source other than the Obligors. In addition, Administrative Agent and the Lenders may disclose the existence of this Agreement and information about this Agreement to market data collectors, similar service providers to the lending industry and service providers to the Agents and the Lenders in connection with the administration of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents.

For purposes of this **Section 13.16**, "*Information*" means all information received from Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries relating to Holdings or any of its Subsidiaries or any of their respective businesses, other than any such information that is available to Administrative Agent or any Lender on a nonconfidential basis prior to disclosure by Holdings or any Subsidiary. The provisions of this **Section 13.16** shall supersede the terms of that certain confidentiality agreement dated June 19, 2018 between Borrower and CR Group.

13.17 USA PATRIOT Act. Administrative Agent and the Lenders hereby notify the Obligors that pursuant to the requirements of the USA PATRIOT Act (Title III of Pub. L. 107-56 (signed into law October 26, 2001)) (the "*Act*") or any Anti-Money Laundering Laws, they are required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies such Obligor, which information includes the name and address of such Obligor and other information that will allow such Lender to identify such Obligor in accordance with the Act or other Anti-Money Laundering Laws.

13.18 Maximum Rate of Interest. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any Loan Document, the interest paid or agreed to be paid under the Loan Documents shall not exceed the maximum rate of non-usurious interest permitted by applicable Law (in each case, the "*Maximum Rate*"). If the Lenders shall receive interest in an amount that exceeds the Maximum Rate, the excess interest shall be applied to the principal of the Loans, and not to the payment of interest, or, if the excessive interest exceeds such unpaid principal, the amount exceeding the

unpaid balance shall be refunded to the applicable Obligor. In determining whether the interest contracted for, charged, or received by the Lenders exceeds the Maximum Rate, the Lenders may, to the extent permitted by applicable Law, (a) characterize any payment that is not principal as an expense, fee, or premium rather than interest, (b) exclude voluntary prepayments and the effects thereof, (c) amortize, prorate, allocate, and spread in equal or unequal parts the total amount of interest throughout the contemplated term of the Indebtedness and other obligations of any Obligor hereunder, or (d) allocate interest between portions of such Indebtedness and other obligations under the Loan Documents to the end that no such portion shall bear interest at a rate greater than that permitted by applicable Law.

13.19 Certain Waivers.

(a) Real Property Security Waivers.

- (i) Each Obligor acknowledges that all or any portion of the Obligations may now or hereafter be secured by a Lien or Liens upon real property evidenced by certain documents including deeds of trust and assignments of rents. The Secured Parties may, pursuant to the terms of said Real Property Security Documents and applicable law, foreclose under all or any portion of one or more of said Liens by means of judicial or nonjudicial sale or sales. Each Obligor agrees that the Secured Parties may exercise whatever rights and remedies they may have with respect to said real property security, all without affecting the liability of any Obligor under the Loan Documents, except to the extent the Secured Parties realize payment by such action or proceeding. No election to proceed in one form of action or against any party, or on any obligation shall constitute a waiver of any Secured Party's rights to proceed in any other form of action or against any Obligor or any other Person, or diminish the liability of any Obligor, or affect the right of the Secured Parties to proceed against any Obligor for any deficiency, except to the extent the Secured Parties realize payment by such action, notwithstanding the effect of such action upon any Obligor's rights of subrogation, reimbursement or indemnity, if any, against Obligor or any other Person.
- (ii) To the extent permitted under applicable law, each Obligor hereby waives any rights and defenses that are or may become available to such Obligor by reason of Sections 2787 to 2855, inclusive, of the California Civil Code.
- (iii) To the extent permitted under applicable law, each Obligor hereby waives all rights and defenses that such Obligor may have because the Obligations are or may be secured by real property. This means, among other things:
- (A) the Secured Parties may collect from any Obligor without first foreclosing on any real or personal property collateral pledged by any other Obligor;
 - (B) If the Secured Parties foreclose on any real property collateral pledged by any Obligor:
- (1) The amount of the Loans may be reduced only by the price for which that collateral is sold at the foreclosure sale, even if the collateral is worth more than the sale price; and

- (2) the Secured Parties may collect from each Obligor even if the Secured Parties, by foreclosing on the real property collateral, have destroyed any right that such Obligor may have to collect from any other Obligor.
- (3) To the extent permitted under applicable law, this is an unconditional and irrevocable waiver of any rights and defenses each Obligor may have because the Obligations are or may be secured by real property. These rights and defenses include, but are not limited to, any rights or defenses based upon Section 580a, 580b, 580d or 726 of the California Code of Civil Procedure.
- (iv) To the extent permitted under applicable law, each Obligor waives all rights and defenses arising out of an election of remedies by the Secured Parties, even though that election of remedies, such as a nonjudicial foreclosure with respect to security for a guaranteed obligation, has destroyed such Obligor's rights of subrogation and reimbursement against the principal by the operation of Section 580d of the California Code of Civil Procedure or otherwise.
- (b) Waiver of Marshaling. WITHOUT LIMITING THE FOREGOING IN ANY WAY, EACH OBLIGOR HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES AND RELEASES, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHTS IT MAY HAVE AT ANY TIME (WHETHER ARISING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY OPERATION OF LAW, CONTRACT OR OTHERWISE) TO REQUIRE THE MARSHALING OF ANY ASSETS OF ANY OBLIGOR, WHICH RIGHT OF MARSHALING MIGHT OTHERWISE ARISE FROM ANY PAYMENTS MADE OR OBLIGATIONS PERFORMED.
- **13.20 Tax Treatment**. The parties hereto agree (a) that any contingency associated with the Loans is described in Treasury Regulations Section 1.1272-1(c) and/or Treasury Regulations Section 1.1275-2(h), and therefore no Loan is governed by the rules set out in Treasury Regulations Section 1.1275-4, (b) except for a Lender described in Sections 871(h)(3) or 881(c)(3) of the Code, absent a Change in a Requirement of Law, all interest on the Loans is "portfolio interest" within the meaning of Sections 871(h) or 881(c) of the Code, and therefore is exempt from withholding tax under Sections 1441(c)(9) or 1442(a) of the Code, and (c) to adhere to this Section 13.20 for federal income and any other applicable tax purposes and not to take any action or file any Tax Return, report or declaration inconsistent herewith.
- **13.21 Original Issue Discount**. For purposes of Sections 1272, 1273 and 1275 of the Code, each Loan is being issued with original issue discount; please contact Thomas Freeman, Chief Financial Officer, 1100 W. Town & Country Road, Suite 1600, Orange, CA 92868, telephone: (657) 218-7604 to obtain information regarding the issue price, the amount of original issue discount and the yield to maturity.

SECTION 14 GUARANTEE

14.01 The Guarantee. The Guarantors hereby jointly and severally guarantee to the Secured Parties and their respective successors and assigns the prompt payment in full when due (whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise) of the principal of and interest on the Loans and all fees and other amounts from time to time owing to the Secured Parties by Borrower under

this Agreement or under any other Loan Document and by any other Obligor under any of the Loan Documents, in each case strictly in accordance with the terms thereof (such obligations being herein collectively called the "Guaranteed Obligations"). The Guarantors hereby further jointly and severally agree that, if Borrower shall fail to pay in full when due (whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise) any of the Guaranteed Obligations, the Guarantors will promptly pay the same, without any demand or notice whatsoever, and that in the case of any extension of time of payment or renewal of any of the Guaranteed Obligations, the same will be promptly paid in full when due (whether at extended maturity, by acceleration or otherwise) in accordance with the terms of such extension or renewal.

- **14.02 Obligations Unconditional; Guarantor Waivers.** The obligations of the Guarantors under **Section 14.01** are absolute and unconditional, joint and several, irrespective of the value, genuineness, validity, regularity or enforceability of the obligations of Borrower under this Agreement or any other agreement or instrument referred to herein, or any substitution, release or exchange of any other guarantee of or security for any of the Guaranteed Obligations, and, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, irrespective of any other circumstance whatsoever that might otherwise constitute a legal or equitable discharge or defense of a surety or guarantor, it being the intent of this **Section 14.02** that the obligations of the Guarantors hereunder shall be absolute and unconditional, joint and several, under any and all circumstances. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, it is agreed that the occurrence of any one or more of the following shall not alter or impair the liability of the Guarantors hereunder, which shall remain absolute and unconditional as described above, and each Guarantor hereby irrevocably waives any defenses to enforcement it may have (now or in the future) by reason of:
- (a) any change in the time, including the time for any performance or compliance with, place or manner of payment of, or in any other term of, the Guaranteed Obligations or any other obligation of any Obligor under any Loan Document, or any rescission, waiver, amendment or other modification of any Loan Document or any other agreement, including any increase in the Guaranteed Obligations resulting from any extension of additional credit or otherwise;
- (b) any of the acts mentioned in any of the provisions of this Agreement or any other agreement or instrument referred to herein shall be done or omitted:
- (c) the maturity of any of the Guaranteed Obligations shall be accelerated, or any of the Guaranteed Obligations shall be modified, supplemented or amended in any respect, or any right under this Agreement or any other agreement or instrument referred to herein shall be waived or any other guarantee of any of the Guaranteed Obligations or any security therefor shall be released or exchanged in whole or in part or otherwise dealt with;
- (d) any taking, exchange, substitution, release, impairment or non-perfection of any Collateral, any taking, release, impairment, amendment, waiver or other modification of any guaranty, for the Guaranteed Obligations or any lien or security interest granted to, or in favor of, the Secured Parties as security for any of the Guaranteed Obligations shall fail to be perfected; and

(e) the failure of any other Person to execute or deliver this Agreement, any Loan Document or any other guaranty or agreement or the release or reduction of liability of any Obligor or other guarantor or surety with respect to the Guaranteed Obligations.

The Guarantors hereby expressly waive diligence, presentment, demand of payment, protest and all notices whatsoever, and any requirement that any Secured Party exhaust any right, power or remedy or proceed against Borrower under this Agreement or any other agreement or instrument referred to herein, or against any other Person under any other guarantee of, or security for, any of the Guaranteed Obligations.

14.03 Reinstatement. The obligations of the Guarantors under this **Section 14** shall be automatically reinstated if and to the extent that for any reason any payment by or on behalf of Borrower in respect of the Guaranteed Obligations is rescinded or must be otherwise restored by any holder of any of the Guaranteed Obligations, whether as a result of any proceedings in bankruptcy or reorganization or otherwise, and the Guarantors jointly and severally agree that they will indemnify the Secured Parties on demand for all reasonable costs and expenses (including fees of counsel) incurred by the Lenders in connection with such rescission or restoration, including any such costs and expenses incurred in defending against any claim alleging that such payment constituted a preference, fraudulent transfer or similar payment under any bankruptcy, insolvency or similar law.

14.04 Subrogation. The Guaranters hereby jointly and severally agree that until the payment and satisfaction in full of all Guaranteed Obligations and the expiration and termination of the Commitments under this Agreement, they shall not exercise any right or remedy arising by reason of any performance by them of their guarantee in **Section 14.01**, whether by subrogation or otherwise, against Borrower or any other guarantor of any of the Guaranteed Obligations or any security for any of the Guaranteed Obligations.

14.05 Remedies. The Guarantors jointly and severally agree that, as between the Guarantors and the Secured Parties, the obligations of Borrower under this Agreement and under the other Loan Documents may be declared to be forthwith due and payable as provided in **Section 11** (and shall be deemed to have become automatically due and payable in the circumstances provided in **Section 11**) for purposes of **Section 14.01** notwithstanding any stay, injunction or other prohibition preventing such declaration (or such obligations from becoming automatically due and payable) as against Borrower and that, in the event of such declaration (or such obligations being deemed to have become automatically due and payable), such obligations (whether or not due and payable by Borrower) shall forthwith become due and payable by the Guarantors for purposes of **Section 14.01**.

14.06 Instrument for the Payment of Money. Each Guarantor hereby acknowledges that the guarantee in this **Section 14** constitutes an instrument for the payment of money, and consents and agrees that the Secured Parties, at their sole option, in the event of a dispute by such Guarantor in the payment of any moneys due hereunder, shall have the right to proceed by motion for summary judgment in lieu of complaint pursuant to N.Y. Civ. Prac. L&R § 3213.

14.07 Continuing Guarantee. The guarantee in this **Section 14** is a continuing guarantee, and shall apply to all Guaranteed Obligations whenever arising.

14.08 Rights of Contribution. The Guarantors hereby agree, as between themselves, that if any Guarantor shall become an Excess Funding Guarantor (as defined below) by reason of the payment by such Guarantor of any Guaranteed Obligations, each other Guarantor shall, on demand of such Excess Funding Guarantor (but subject to the next sentence), pay to such Excess Funding Guarantor an amount equal to such Guarantor's Pro Rata Share (as defined below and determined, for this purpose, without reference to the properties, debts and liabilities of such Excess Funding Guarantor) of the Excess Payment (as defined below) in respect of such Guaranteed Obligations. The payment obligation of a Guarantor to any Excess Funding Guarantor under this **Section 14.08** shall be subordinate and subject in right of payment to the prior payment in full of the obligations of such Guarantor under the other provisions of this **Section 14** and such Excess Funding Guarantor shall not exercise any right or remedy with respect to such excess until payment and satisfaction in full of all of such obligations.

For purposes of this **Section 14.08**, (i) "Excess Funding Guarantor" means, in respect of any Guaranteed Obligations, a Guarantor that has paid an amount in excess of its Pro Rata Share of such Guaranteed Obligations, (ii) "Excess Payment" means, in respect of any Guaranteed Obligations, the amount paid by an Excess Funding Guarantor in excess of its Pro Rata Share of such Guaranteed Obligations and (iii) "Pro Rata Share" means, for any Guarantor, the ratio (expressed as a percentage) of (x) the amount by which the aggregate present fair saleable value of all properties of such Guarantor (excluding any shares of stock of any other Guarantor) exceeds the amount of all the debts and liabilities of such Guarantor (including contingent, subordinated, unmatured and unliquidated liabilities, but excluding the obligations of such Guarantor hereunder and any obligations of all of the Guarantors exceeds the amount of all the debts and liabilities (including contingent, subordinated, unmatured and unliquidated liabilities, but excluding the obligations of Borrower and the Guarantors hereunder and under the other Documents) of all of the Guarantors, determined (A) with respect to any Guarantor that is a party hereto on the first Borrowing Date, as of such Borrowing Date, and (B) with respect to any other Guarantor, as of the date such Guarantor becomes a Guarantor hereunder.

14.09 General Limitation on Guarantee Obligations. In any action or proceeding involving any provincial, territorial or state corporate law, or any state or federal bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other law affecting the rights of creditors generally, if the obligations of any Guarantor under Section 14.01 would otherwise, taking into account the provisions of Section 14.08, be held or determined to be void, invalid or unenforceable, or subordinated to the claims of any other creditors, on account of the amount of its liability under Section 14.01, then, notwithstanding any other provision hereof to the contrary, the amount of such liability shall, without any further action by such Guarantor, any Secured Party or any other Person, be automatically limited and reduced to the highest amount that is valid and enforceable and not subordinated to the claims of other creditors as determined in such action or proceeding.

14.10 Release.

(a) The guarantee by the Guarantors pursuant to this Section 14 shall be automatically released upon the occurrence of any of the following:

- (i) When all Guaranteed Obligations (other than contingent indemnification obligations for which no claim has been made) shall have been paid in full in cash and the other conditions specified in **Section 12.10(b)(iii)** have been met; and
- (ii) Upon the sale of such Guarantor to any Person that is not an Obligor (and is not required to become and Obligor under the Loan Documents) in a transaction permitted under this Agreement.
- (b) Administrative Agent shall, at the sole expense of Borrower or the applicable Guarantor, execute and deliver to such Guarantor upon such termination or release such documentation as shall be reasonably requested by the respective Guarantor to effect the termination as required by this **Section 14.10**.

[Signature Pages Follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

BORROWER:

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC

By: /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

Address for Notices:

1100 W. Town & Country Road

Suite 1600

Orange, CA 92868 Attn: Thomas Freeman Tel.: (844)-310-2247 Fax: (844)-320-2247

Email: tfreeman@ahcusa.com

HOLDINGS:

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC

By: /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

Address for Notices:

1100 W. Town & Country Road

Suite 1600

Orange, CA 92868 Attn: Thomas Freeman Tel.: (844)-310-2247 Fax: (844)-320-2247

Email: tfreeman@ahcusa.com

SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS:

ALIGNMENT HEALTH ADVISORS, LLC

By: /s/ Dawn Maroney

Name: Dawn Maroney Title: President

Address for Notices:

1100 W. Town & Country Road

Suite 1600

Orange, CA 92868 Attn: D. Maroney Tel.: (844)-310-2247 Fax: (844)-320-2247

Email: Dmaroney@ahcusa.com

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE NORTH CAROLINA, LLC

By: /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

Address for Notices:

1100 W. Town & Country Road

Suite 1600

Orange, CA 92868 Attn: Thomas Freeman Tel.: (844)-310-2247 Fax: (844)-320-2247

Email: tfreeman@ahcusa.com

ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT:

CRG SERVICING LLC

By /s/ Nathan Hukill

Name: Nathan Hukill
Title: Authorized Signatory

Address for Notices: 1000 Main Street, Suite 2500 Houston, TX 77002

Attn: Portfolio Reporting Tel.: 713.209.7350 Fax: 713.209.7351 Email: notices@crglp.com

LENDERS:

CRG PARTNERS III L.P.

By CRG PARTNERS III GP L.P., its General

Partner

By CRG PARTNERS III GP LLC, its General

Partner

By /s/ Nathan Hukill

Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

Address for Notices:

1000 Main Street, Suite 2500

Houston, TX 77002

Attn: Portfolio Reporting
Tel.: 713.209.7350
Fax: 713.209.7351
Email: notices@crglp.com

CRG PARTNERS III - PARALLEL FUND "A" L.P.

By CRG PARTNERS III – PARALLEL FUND "A" GP L.P., its General Partner By CRG PARTNERS III – PARALLEL FUND "A" GP LLC, its General Partner

By /s/ Nathan Hukill

Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

Address for Notices:

1000 Main Street, Suite 2500

Houston, TX 77002

Attn: Portfolio Reporting
Tel.: 713.209.7350
Fax: 713.209.7351
Email: notices@crglp.com

FORM OF GUARANTEE ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT

GUARANTEE ASSUMPTION AGREEMENT dated as of [DATE] (this "Agreement") by [NAME OF ADDITIONAL SUBSIDIARY GUARANTOR], a [___] [___] (the "Additional Subsidiary Guarantor"), in favor of CRG SERVICING LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent (the "Administrative Agent") for the benefit of the Secured Parties under that certain Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified, renewed, refinanced or replaced, the "Loan Agreement"), among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Administrative Agent, the lenders from time to time party thereto and the Subsidiary Guarantors from time to time party thereto. The terms defined in the Loan Agreement are herein used as therein defined.

Pursuant to Section 8.12(a) of the Loan Agreement, the Additional Subsidiary Guarantor hereby agrees to become a "Subsidiary Guarantor" for all purposes of the Loan Agreement, and a "Grantor" for all purposes of the Security Agreement. Without limiting the foregoing, the Additional Subsidiary Guarantor hereby, jointly and severally with the other Subsidiary Guarantors, guarantees to the Lenders and their successors and assigns the prompt payment in full when due (whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise) of all Guaranteed Obligations (as defined in Section 14.01 of the Loan Agreement) in the same manner and to the same extent as is provided in Section 14 of the Loan Agreement. In addition, as of the date hereof, the Additional Subsidiary Guarantor hereby makes the representations and warranties set forth in Sections 7.01, 7.02, 7.03, 7.05(a), 7.06, 7.07, 7.08 and 7.18 of the Loan Agreement, and in Section 2 of the Security Agreement, with respect to itself and its obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, as if each reference in such Sections to the Loan Documents included reference to this Agreement, such representations and warranties to be made as of the date hereof.

The Additional Subsidiary Guarantor hereby instructs its counsel to deliver the opinions referred to in **Section 8.12(a)** of the Loan Agreement to Administrative Agent.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Additional Subsidiary Guarantor has caused this Agreement to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

[ADDITIONAL SUBSIDIARY GUARANTOR]

By

Name:
Title:

Exhibit A-1

FORM OF NOTICE OF BORROWING

Date : [_____]

То:	CRG Servicing LLC and the Lenders referred to below 1000 Main Street, Suite 2500 Houston, TX 77002 Attn: Portfolio Reporting	
	Re: Borrowing under Term Loan Agreement	
	Ladies and Gentlemen:	
The undersigned, ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), refers to the Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as the same may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Loan Agreement"), among Borrower, ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, CRG SERVICING LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent (in such capacities, the "Administrative Agent"), and the lenders from time to time party thereto and the subsidiary guarantors from time to time party thereto. The terms defined in the Loan Agreement are herein used as therein defined.		
	Borrower hereby gives you notice irrevocably, pursuant to Section 2.02 of the Loan Agreement, of the borrowing of the Loan specified herein:	
	1. The proposed Borrowing Date is [].	
	2. The amount of the proposed Borrowing is \$[].	
3. The payment instructions with respect to the funds to be made available to Borrower are as follows:		
	Bank Name: [] Bank Address: [] Routing Number: [] Account Number: [] Swift Code: []	
	Exhibit B-1	

Borrower hereby certifies that the following statements are true on the date hereof, and will be true on the date of the proposed borrowing of the Loan, before and after giving effect thereto and to the application of the proceeds therefrom:

- a) the representations and warranties made by Borrower in **Section 7** of the Loan Agreement shall be true and correct in all material respects (unless qualified by materiality or Material Adverse Effect, in which case they shall be true and correct in all respects) on and as of the Borrowing Date and immediately after giving effect to the application of the proceeds of the Borrowing with the same force and effect as if made on and as of such date (except that the representation regarding representations and warranties that refer to a specific earlier date shall be that they were true and correct in all material respects (unless qualified by materiality or Material Adverse Effect, in which case the representation shall be that they were true and correct in all respects) on such earlier date;
 - b) on and as of the Borrowing Date, there shall have occurred no Material Adverse Change since December 31, 2017; and
 - c) no Default exists or would result from such proposed Borrowing or the application of the proceeds thereof.

Exhibit B-2

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Borrower has caused this Not written.	tice of Borrowing to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above
BORROWER:	
ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC	
Ву	
Name:	
Title:	
	Exhibit B-3

FORM OF U.S. TAX COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

(For Foreign Lenders That Are Not Partnerships For U.S. Federal Income Tax Purposes)

Reference is made to the Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as the same may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Loan Agreement"), among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, CRG SERVICING LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent (in such capacities, the "Administrative Agent"), and the lenders and the subsidiary guarantors from time to time party thereto. [_______] (the "Foreign Lender") is providing this certificate pursuant to Section 5.03(e)(ii)(B) of the Loan Agreement. The Foreign Lender hereby represents and warrants that:

- 1. The Foreign Lender is the sole record and beneficial owner of the Loans in respect of which it is providing this certificate;
- 2. The Foreign Lender is not a "bank" for purposes of Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "*Code*"). In this regard, the Foreign Lender further represents and warrants that:
 - (a) The Foreign Lender is not subject to regulatory or other legal requirements as a bank in any jurisdiction; and
- (b) The Foreign Lender has not been treated as a bank for purposes of any tax, securities law or other filing or submission made to any Governmental Authority, any application made to a rating agency or qualification for any exemption from tax, securities law or other legal requirements;
 - 3. The Foreign Lender is not a 10-percent shareholder of Borrower within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(B) of the Code; and
- 4. The Foreign Lender is not a controlled foreign corporation receiving interest from a related person within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(C) of the Code.

The undersigned has made available to Borrower (directly or through Administrative Agent) a certificate of its non-U.S. Person status on IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable. By executing this certificate, the undersigned agrees that (1) if the information provided in this certificate changes, the undersigned shall promptly so inform Borrower and Administrative Agent and (2) the undersigned shall have at all times furnished Borrower and Administrative Agent with a properly completed and currently effective certificate in either the calendar year in which each payment is to be made to the undersigned, or in either of the two calendar years preceding such payments.

Exhibit C-1-1

Unless otherwise defined herein, terms defined in the Loan Agreement and used herein shall have the meanings given to them in the Loan Agreement.

[Signature follows]

Exhibit C-1-2

[NAME OF NON-U.S. LENDER]	
By	
Date:	

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has caused this certificate to be duly executed and delivered as of the date indicated below.

Exhibit C-1-3

FORM OF U.S. TAX COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

(For Foreign Participants That Are Not Partnerships For U.S. Federal Income Tax Purposes)

Reference is made to the Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as the same may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Loan Agreement"), among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, CRG SERVICING LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent (in such capacities, the "Administrative Agent"), and the lenders and the subsidiary guarantors from time to time party thereto. [_______] (the "Foreign Participant") is providing this certificate pursuant to Section 5.03(e)(ii)(B) of the Loan Agreement. The Foreign Participant hereby represents and warrants that:

- 1. The Foreign Participant is the sole record and beneficial owner of the participation in respect of which it is providing this certificate;
- 2. The Foreign Participant is not a "bank" for purposes of Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "*Code*"). In this regard, the Foreign Participant further represents and warrants that:
 - (a) The Foreign Participant is not subject to regulatory or other legal requirements as a bank in any jurisdiction; and
- (b) The Foreign Participant has not been treated as a bank for purposes of any tax, securities law or other filing or submission made to any Governmental Authority, any application made to a rating agency or qualification for any exemption from tax, securities law or other legal requirements;
 - 3. The Foreign Participant is not a 10-percent shareholder of Borrower within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(B) of the Code; and
- 4. The Foreign Participant is not a controlled foreign corporation receiving interest from a related person within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3) (C) of the Code.

The undersigned has furnished its participating Lender with a certificate of its non-U.S. Person status on IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable. By executing this certificate, the undersigned agrees that (1) if the information provided in this certificate changes, the undersigned shall promptly so inform such Lender and (2) the undersigned shall have at all times furnished such Lender with a properly completed and currently effective certificate in either the calendar year in which each payment is to be made to the undersigned, or in either of the two calendar years preceding such payments

Unless otherwise defined herein, terms defined in the Loan Agreement and used herein shall have the meanings given to them in the Loan Agreement.

Exhibit C-2-1

[Signature follows]

Exhibit C-2-2

[NAME OF NON-U.S. PARTICIPANT]	
Ву	
Name: Title:	
Title:	
Date:	

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has caused this certificate to be duly executed and delivered as of the date indicated below.

Exhibit C-2-3

FORM OF U.S. TAX COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

(For Foreign Participants That Are Partnerships For U.S. Federal Income Tax Purposes)

Reference is made to the Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as the same may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Loan Agreement"), among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, CRG SERVICING LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent (in such capacities, the "Administrative Agent"), and the lenders and the subsidiary guarantors from time to time party thereto. [_______] (the "Foreign Participant") is providing this certificate pursuant to Section 5.03(e)(ii)(B) of the Loan Agreement. The Foreign Participant hereby represents and warrants that:

- 1. The Foreign Participant is the sole record owner of the participation in respect of which it is providing this certificate;
- 2. The Foreign Participant's direct or indirect partners/members are the sole beneficial owners of the participation in respect of which it is providing this certificate;
- 3. Neither the Foreign Participant nor its direct or indirect partners/members is a "bank" for purposes of Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "*Code*"). In this regard, the Foreign Participant further represents and warrants that:
- (a) neither the Foreign Participant nor its direct or indirect partners/members is subject to regulatory or other legal requirements as a bank in any jurisdiction; and
- (b) neither the Foreign Participant nor its direct or indirect partners/members has been treated as a bank for purposes of any tax, securities law or other filing or submission made to any Governmental Authority, any application made to a rating agency or qualification for any exemption from tax, securities law or other legal requirements:
- 4. Neither the Foreign Participant nor its direct or indirect partners/members is a 10-percent shareholder of Borrower within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(B) of the Code; and
- 5. Neither the Foreign Participant nor its direct or indirect partners/members is a controlled foreign corporation receiving interest from a related person within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(C) of the Code.

The undersigned has furnished its participating Lender with IRS Form W-8IMY accompanied by one of the following forms for each of its partners/members that is claiming the portfolio interest exemption: (i) an IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable, or (ii) an IRS Form W-8IMY accompanied by an IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable, from each such partner's/member's beneficial owners that is claiming the portfolio interest exemption. By executing this certificate, the undersigned agrees that (1) if the information provided in this

Exhibit C-3-1

certificate changes, the undersigned shall promptly so inform such Lender and (2) the undersigned shall have at all times furnished such Lender with a properly completed and currently effective certificate in either the calendar year in which each payment is to be made to the undersigned, or in either of the two calendar years preceding such payments.

Unless otherwise defined herein, terms defined in the Loan Agreement and used herein shall have the meanings given to them in the Loan Agreement.

[Signature follows]

Exhibit C-3-2

[NAME OF NON-U.S. PARTICIPANT]	
By	<u>-</u>
Date:	<u>-</u>

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has caused this certificate to be duly executed and delivered as of the date indicated below.

Exhibit C-3-3

FORM OF U.S. TAX COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

(For Foreign Lenders That Are Partnerships For U.S. Federal Income Tax Purposes)

Reference is made to the Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as the same may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Loan Agreement"), among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, CRG SERVICING LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent (in such capacities, the "Administrative Agent"), and the lenders and the subsidiary guarantors from time to time party thereto. [________] (the "Foreign Lender") is providing this certificate pursuant to Section 5.03(e)(ii)(B) of the Loan Agreement. The Foreign Lender hereby represents and warrants that:

- 1. The Foreign Lender is the sole record owner of the Loans in respect of which it is providing this certificate;
- 2. The Foreign Lender's direct or indirect partners/members are the sole beneficial owners of the Loans in respect of which it is providing this certificate;
- 3. Neither the Foreign Lender nor its direct or indirect partners/members is a "bank" for purposes of Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "*Code*"). In this regard, the Foreign Lender further represents and warrants that:
- (a) neither the Foreign Lender nor its direct or indirect partners/members is subject to regulatory or other legal requirements as a bank in any jurisdiction; and
- (b) neither the Foreign Lender nor its direct or indirect partners/members has been treated as a bank for purposes of any tax, securities law or other filing or submission made to any Governmental Authority, any application made to a rating agency or qualification for any exemption from tax, securities law or other legal requirements;
- 4. Neither the Foreign Lender nor its direct or indirect partners/members is a 10-percent shareholder of Borrower within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(B) of the Code; and
- 5. Neither the Foreign Lender nor its direct or indirect partners/members is a controlled foreign corporation receiving interest from a related person within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(C) of the Code.

The undersigned has made available to Borrower (directly or through Administrative Agent) an IRS Form W-8IMY accompanied by one of the following forms for each of its partners/members that is claiming the portfolio interest exemption: (i) an IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable, or (ii) an IRS Form W-8IMY accompanied by an IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable, from each such partner's/member's beneficial owners that is claiming the portfolio interest exemption. By executing this certificate, the undersigned agrees

Exhibit C-4-1

that (1) if the information provided in this certificate changes, the undersigned shall promptly so inform Borrower and Administrative Agent and (2) the undersigned shall have at all times furnished Borrower and Administrative Agent with a properly completed and currently effective certificate in either the calendar year in which each payment is to be made to the undersigned, or in either of the two calendar years preceding such payments.

Unless otherwise defined herein, terms defined in the Loan Agreement and used herein shall have the meanings given to them in the Loan Agreement.

[Signature follows]

Exhibit C-4-2

[NAME OF NON-U.S. LENDER]	
By	
Date:	

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has caused this certificate to be duly executed and delivered as of the date indicated below.

Exhibit C-4-3

FORM OF COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

[DATE]

This certificate is delivered pursuant to **Section 8.01(d)** of the Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as the same may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "**Loan Agreement**"), among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("**Borrower**"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("**Holdings**"), CRG Servicing LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent (in such capacities, the "**Administrative Agent**"), and the lenders and the subsidiary guarantors from time to time party thereto. Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein are used herein as defined in the Loan Agreement.

The undersigned, a duly authorized Responsible Officer of Borrower having the name and title set forth below under his signature, hereby certifies, on behalf of Borrower for the benefit of the Secured Parties and pursuant to **Section 8.01(d)** of the Loan Agreement that such Responsible Officer of Borrower is familiar with the Loan Agreement and that, in accordance with each of the following sections of the Loan Agreement, each of the following is true on the date hereof, both before and after giving effect to any Loan to be made on or before the date hereof:

In accordance with Section **8.01[(a)/(b)]** of the Loan Agreement, attached hereto as **Annex A** are the financial statements for the [fiscal quarter/fiscal year] ended [______] required to be delivered pursuant to **Section 8.01[(a)/(b)]** of the Loan Agreement. Such financial statements fairly present in all material respects the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flow of Holdings and its Subsidiaries as at the dates indicated therein and for the periods indicated therein in accordance with GAAP consistently applied [(subject to changes resulting from normal, year-end audit adjustments and except for the absence of notes)]¹ [which is not subject to any "going concern" or like qualification or exception or any qualification or exception as to the scope of such audit]².

Attached hereto as **Annex B** are the calculations used to determine compliance with each financial covenant contained in **Section 10** of the Loan Agreement.

No Default or Event of Default is continuing as of the date hereof[, except as provided for on **Annex C** attached hereto, with respect to each of which Borrower proposes to take the actions set forth on **Annex C**].

Exhibit D-1

Insert language in brackets only for quarterly certifications.

² Insert language in brackets only for annual certifications.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this certificate on the date first written above.

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC

Ву				
N	lame:			
T	ïtle:			

Exhibit D-2

Annex A to Compliance Certificate

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[see attached]

Exhibit D-3

CALCULATIONS OF FINANCIAL COVENANT COMPLIANCE

I.

Section 10.01: Minimum Liquidity

A.	Amount of unencumbered (other than by Liens described in Sections 9.02(a) and 9.02(j)) cash and Permitted Cash Equivalent Investments (which for greater certainty shall not include any undrawn credit lines), in each case, to the extent held in an account over which the Lenders have a perfected security interest as of the date of this certificate:	\$
B.	\$6,000,000	\$
	Was Liquidity at the end of each calendar day during [] greater than Line IB?	Yes: In compliance; No: Not in
	Did Holdings and its Subsidiaries maintain at least \$10,000,000 in its accounts at the end of each calendar day during []?	compliance Yes: In compliance; No: Not in compliance
II.	Section 10.02(a)-(f): Minimum Revenue— Subsequent Periods	•
A.	Revenues during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2018	\$
	[Is line II.A equal to or greater than \$450,000,000?	Yes: In compliance; No: Not in compliance] ³
B.	Revenues during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2019	\$
	[Is line II.B equal to or greater than \$550,000,000?	Yes: In compliance; No: Not in compliance]4
C.	Revenues during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2020 [Is line II.C equal to or greater than \$575,000,000?	\$Yes: In compliance; No: Not in compliance] ⁵

³ Include bracketed entry only on the Compliance Certificate to be delivered within 90 days of the end of 2018 pursuant to Section 8.01(d) of the Loan Agreement.

⁴ Include bracketed entry only on the Compliance Certificate to be delivered within 90 days of the end of 2019 pursuant to Section 8.01(d) of the Loan Agreement.

⁵ Include bracketed entry only on the Compliance Certificate to be delivered within 90 days of the end of 2020 pursuant to Section 8.01(d) of the Loan Agreement.

D.	Revenues during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2021 [Is line II.D equal to or greater than \$600,000,000?	\$ Yes: In compliance;
		No: Not in compliance 16
E.	Revenues during the twelve-month period beginning on January 1, 2022	\$
	Is line ILE equal to or greater than \$625,000,000?	Yes: In compliance:

Include bracketed entry only on the Compliance Certificate to be delivered within 90 days of the end of 2021 pursuant to Section 8.01(d) of the Loan Agreement.

No: Not in compliance]⁷

⁷ Include bracketed entry only on the Compliance Certificate to be delivered within 90 days of the end of 2022 pursuant to Section 8.01(d) of the Loan Agreement.

OPINION REQUEST

The opinions of legal counsel to Holdings and each other Obligor should address the following matters (capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings given to them in the Agreement):8

- 1. Power and authority (Section 7.01)
- 2. Due organization/good standing (Section 7.01)
- 3. Due authorization (Section 7.02)
- 4. Due execution & delivery (Section 7.02)
- 5. Enforceability (Section 7.02)
- 6. No consents/conflicts with Law or constitutive documents (Section 7.03)
- 7. Investment company (Section 7.10(a))
- 8. Board regulations T, U & X (Section 7.10(b))
- 9. Legal, valid and enforceable security interest (Section 7.18)
- 10. Perfection of security interest (UCC and US IP filings, Control Agreements) (Section 7.18)

Exhibit E-1

⁸ The section numbers relate to those sections that are relevant to the particular opinion.

FORM OF LANDLORD CONSENT

August ____, 2018

OC OET Owner, LLC c/o The Muller Company 18881 Von Karman Avenue Suite 400 Irvine, CA 92612 Attn: Property Manager

Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC 1100 Town & Country Road Suite 1600 Orange, CA 92869 Attn: Scott Reid

Re: Term Loan Agreement

To whom it may concern:

CRG SERVICING LLC, a Texas limited liability company, as administrative agent and collateral agent (in such capacity, the "Agent") for the secured lenders party to the Term Loan Agreement (as defined below) from time to time (collectively, the "Secured Parties") have previously entered or are about to enter into that certain Term Loan Agreement dated as of August 21, 2018 (as amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Term Loan Agreement") with ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Tenant"), pursuant to which Tenant has granted to the Secured Parties a security interest in Tenant's inventory, trade fixtures, equipment and other tangible personal property physically located in the Premises (as defined below) (such property, together with any replacements thereof, being the "Collateral"). All of the Collateral is, or will be, located in certain premises known as Suites 300, 400, 820, 1300, 1310, 1320 and 1600 (collectively, the "Premises") located in that certain building addressed as 1100 Town & Country Road, Orange, CA 92868 (the "Building"). The Premises are currently being leased to Tenant by OC OET OWNER, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Landlord"), as successor in interest to Mullrock Executive Tower Fee, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, pursuant to that certain Office Lease dated July 16, 2014 (the "Original Lease"), as amended by that certain: (i) Premises Amendment to Lease dated October 15, 2014; (ii) Must-Take Space Amendment to Lease dated October 15, 2014; (iii) Third Amendment to Office Lease dated July 1, 2015; (iv) Fourth Amendment to Office Lease dated July 21, 2015; (v) Fifth Amendment to Office Lease dated July 31, 2015; and (vi) Sixth Amendment to Office Lease dated May 3, 2017 (the Original Lease, as so amended, the "Lease"). This letter is being sent to Landlord and Tenant because of Landlord's and Tenant's interest in the Premises.

By your signature below, Landlord and Tenant agree (and Agent, on behalf of itself and the Secured Parties, shall rely on such agreement) that, during the period that the Secured Parties continue to have a secured interest in the Collateral pursuant to the terms of the Term Loan Agreement: (i) Landlord hereby subordinates any landlord lien rights it may have in and to the Collateral to the interest of the Secured Parties and, in the case of trade fixtures, waives any claim that the same are part of the Building by virtue of being affixed thereto; (ii) Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties), and its employees and agents, shall, during the term of the Lease, have the right, from time to time, upon reasonable notice to Landlord and Tenant, to enter upon the Premises for the purpose of inspecting the Collateral; and (iii) Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties) and its employees and agents shall during the term of the Lease, have the right, to the extent permitted under the Term Loan Agreement, and after reasonable prior notice to Landlord and Tenant, to enter upon the Premises and promptly remove the Collateral from the Premises, provided that Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties) promptly repairs any damage caused by such removal.

In addition to the rights set forth above, provided the Secured Parties still have a secured interest in the Collateral, Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties) shall have the right and license to enter and occupy the Premises, for the purposes described in clause (iii) hereinabove, for an actual occupancy period of up to thirty (30) days (at Agent's sole discretion, on behalf of the Secured Parties) (such period referred to herein as the "Recovery Period") following the date (the "Recovery Period Commencement Date") upon which the earlier of the following occurs: (i) the delivery of a notice of termination of the Lease to Agent by Landlord; and (ii) the abandonment or surrender of the Premises by Tenant, whether voluntary or involuntary. As a condition to such occupancy, Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties) shall deliver to Landlord written notice within five (5) days after the Recovery Period Commencement Date specifying the length of the Recovery Period (which in no case shall be longer than thirty (30) days after the Recovery Period Commencement Date). Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties) shall pay Landlord, for each day of the Recovery Period specified in the written notice delivered by Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties) to Landlord: (A) base rent equal to the base rent payable by Tenant for the Premises immediately prior to the commencement of the Recovery Period; (B) Tenant's pro-rata share of operating expenses, tax expenses and utilities costs payable under the Lease; and (C) all other additional rent payable under the Lease. Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties) shall promptly repair any damage caused by the removal of the Collateral under this Paragraph.

Landlord shall endeavor to deliver to Agent, at Agent's address set forth below, (i) written notice of any early termination of the Lease by Landlord or any abandonment or surrender of the Premises by Tenant within two (2) business days of such early termination, abandonment, or surrender (as the case may be), and (ii) copies of all breach, default, noncompliance or termination notices delivered to Tenant pursuant to the Lease simultaneously with the delivery thereof to Tenant; provided that Landlord's failure to timely deliver any such notice to Agent shall not affect or impair any of Landlord's rights or remedies under the Lease or any of Tenant's obligations under the Lease. In connection with clause (ii) hereinabove, Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties) shall have the right to cure any default by Tenant under the Lease within the applicable notice and cure periods set forth in the Lease.

Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties) and Tenant agree to reimburse Landlord for, and to indemnify, defend, protect and hold Landlord harmless from and against, any and all losses, expenses, damages and claims actually incurred by Landlord or caused to the Premises by Agent (on behalf of the Secured Parties) and/or its employees or agents, during any such entry upon and/or removal pursuant to the terms of this letter agreement (including, without limitation, any losses, expenses, claims and damages resulting from Agent's failure to repair any damage to the Premises resulting from any such removal).

Any notices required or desired to be given hereunder shall be in writing, sent by certified mail, return receipt requested or by telecopy, to the respective parties and the addresses set forth on the signature page or at such other address as the receiving party shall designate in writing.

This letter may be executed in any number of counterparts, and may be executed by telecopy transmission or by email of a counterpart hereof in ...pdf format, and all such signatures shall be treated as originals.

The agreements contained in this letter may not be modified or terminated orally. This letter agreement shall be binding upon, and shall inure to the benefit of, any successors and assigns of the parties hereto.

We appreciate your cooperation in this matter of mutual interest.

[SIGNATURES FOLLOW ON NEXT PAGES]

the S	ecured Partie	s)	
By:			
	Name:		
	Title:		

a Texas limited liability company (for itself and on behalf of

Address:

AGENT:

CRG SERVICING LLC,

1000 Main Street, Suite 2500 Houston, TX 77002 Attn: Portfolio Reporting Tel.: 713.209.7350

Fax: 713.209.7351 Email: notices@crglp.com

AGREED AND ACCEPTED BY:
LANDLORD:
OC OET OWNER, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company
By:
Name:
Title:
Address:
c/o The Muller Company
18881 Von Karman Ävenue
Suite 400
Irvine, CA 92612
Attn: Property Manager
AGREED AND ACCEPTED BY:
TENANT:
ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company
By:
Name:
Title:
Address:
Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC
1100 Town & Country Road
Suite 1600
Orange, CA 92868
Attn: Scott Reid

SECURITY AGREEMENT

dated as of

August 21, 2018

among

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC,

the other Grantors from time to time party hereto

and

CRG SERVICING LLC, as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent

Table of Contents

Section 1.	Definitions, Etc	Page 2
1.01	Certain Uniform Commercial Code Terms	2
1.02	Additional Definitions	2
1.03	Other Defined Terms	4
Section 2.	Representations and Warranties	4
2.01	Organizational Matters; Enforceability, Etc	4
2.02	Title	4
2.03	Names, Etc	5
2.04	Changes in Circumstances	5
2.05	Pledged Shares	5
2.06	Promissory Notes	6
2.07	Intellectual Property	6
2.08	Deposit Accounts, Securities Accounts and Commodity Accounts	6
2.09	Commercial Tort Claims	6
2.10	Update of Schedules	6
Section 3.	Collateral	7
3.01	Granting Clause	7
3.02	Excluded Assets	8
Section 4.	Further Assurances; Remedies	9
4.01	Delivery and Other Perfection	9
4.02	Other Financing Statements or Control	11
4.03	Preservation of Rights	11
4.04	Special Provisions Relating to Certain Collateral	11
4.05	Remedies	13
4.06	Deficiency	15
4.07	Locations; Names, Etc	15
4.08	Private Sale	16
4.09	Application of Proceeds	16
4.10	Attorney in Fact	16
4.11	Perfection and Recordation	16

Table of Contents (continued)

		Page
4.12	Termination	17
4.13	Further Assurances	17
Section 5.	Miscellaneous	18
5.01	Notices	18
5.02	No Waiver	18
5.03	Amendments, Etc	18
5.04	Expenses	18
5.05	Successors and Assigns	18
5.06	Counterparts	18
5.07	Governing Law; Submission to Jurisdiction; Etc	18
5.08	WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL	19
5.09	Captions	19
5.10	Agents and Attorneys in Fact	19
5.11	Severability	19
5.12	Additional Grantors	19
5.13	Healthcare Savings Clause	20

SCHEDULES AND EXHIBITS

Exhibit A Form of Joinder

Schedule 1 – Certain Grantor Information

Schedule 2 – Pledged Shares Schedule 3 – Promissory Notes

Schedule 4 — Copyrights, Copyright Registrations and Applications for Copyright Registrations
Schedule 5 — Patents and Patent Applications
Schedule 6 — Trademarks, Service Marks, Trademark and Service Mark Registrations and Applications for Trademark and Service Mark

Registrations

Schedule 7 – Deposit Accounts, Securities Accounts and Commodity Accounts Schedule 8 – Commercial Tort Claims

SECURITY AGREEMENT

SECURITY AGREEMENT dated as of August 21, 2018 (this "Agreement"), among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Holdings"), the undersigned subsidiaries (collectively with Borrower, Holdings and each entity that becomes a "Grantor" hereunder as contemplated by Section 5.12, the "Grantors" and each, a "Grantor"), and CRG SERVICING LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as administrative agent and collateral agent for the Lenders (in such capacities, together with its successors and assigns, "Administrative Agent").

The Lenders have agreed to provide term loans to Borrower as provided in the Loan Agreement (as defined below).

Each Grantor (other than Borrower) has guaranteed the obligations of Borrower to the Secured Parties under the Loan Agreement.

To induce the Lenders to extend credit under the Loan Agreement, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, each Grantor has agreed to grant a security interest in the Collateral (as defined below) of such Grantor as security for the Secured Obligations (as defined below).

Accordingly, the parties hereto agree as follows:

Section 1. Definitions, Etc.

1.01 Certain Uniform Commercial Code Terms. As used herein, the terms "Accession," "Account," "Chattel Paper," "Check," "Commodity Account," "Commodity Contract," "Deposit Account," "Document," "Electronic Chattel Paper," "Encumbrance," "Equipment," "Fixture," "General Intangible," "Goods," "Instrument," "Inventory," "Investment Property," "Letter-of-Credit Right," "Proceeds," "Promissory Note," "Record" and "Supporting Obligation" have the respective meanings set forth in Article 9 of the NYUCC, and the terms "Financial Asset," "Securities Account," "Security" and "Security Entitlement" have the respective meanings set forth in Article 8 of the NYUCC.

1.02 Additional Definitions. In addition, as used herein:

"Collateral" has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 3.01.

"Copyrights" means all copyrights, copyright registrations and applications for copyright registrations, including all renewals and extensions thereof, all rights to recover for past, present or future infringements thereof and all other rights whatsoever accruing thereunder or pertaining thereto.

"Excluded Asset" means, to the extent any property is excluded from the Collateral solely by operation of Section 3.02, such property.

"Federal A/R Account" means any Deposit Account into which payments on Medicare or Medicaid accounts receivable, or other accounts receivable under which the Federal government is the account debtor, directly are paid (regardless of whether such Deposit Account is identified as such on Schedule 7).

"Initial Pledged Shares" means the Shares of each Issuer beneficially owned by any Grantor on the date hereof and identified in Schedule 2.

"*Issuers*" means, collectively, (a) the respective Persons identified on **Schedule 2** under the caption "Issuer" and (b) the issuer of any Equity Interests (other than any Equity Interests constituting an Excluded Asset) hereafter owned by any Grantor.

"Joinder" has the meaning specified in Section 5.12.

"Loan Agreement" means that certain term loan agreement, dated as of the date hereof, among Borrower, Holdings, the Subsidiary Guarantors from time to time party thereto, the Lenders from time to time party thereto and Administrative Agent, as such agreement is amended, supplemented, or otherwise modified, restated, extended, renewed, or replaced from time to time.

"*Motor Vehicles*" means motor vehicles, tractors, trailers and other like property, if the title thereto is governed by a certificate of title or ownership.

"NYUCC" means the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect from time to time in the State of New York.

"Patents" means all patents and patent applications, including the inventions and improvements described and claimed therein together with the reissues, divisions, continuations, renewals, extensions and continuations in part thereof, all income, royalties, damages and payments now or hereafter due and/or payable with respect thereto, all damages and payments for past or future infringements thereof and rights to sue therefor, and all rights corresponding thereto throughout the world.

"Pledged Shares" means, collectively, (a) the Initial Pledged Shares and (b) all other Shares of any Issuer (other than any Shares constituting an Excluded Asset) now or hereafter owned by any Grantor, together in each case with (i) all certificates representing the same, (ii) all shares, securities, moneys or other property representing a dividend on or a distribution or return of capital on or in respect of the Pledged Shares, or resulting from a split-up, revision, reclassification or other like change of the Pledged Shares or otherwise received in exchange therefor, and any warrants, rights or options issued to the holders of, or otherwise in respect of, the Pledged Shares, and (iii) without prejudice to any provision of any of the Loan Documents prohibiting any merger or consolidation by an Issuer, all Shares of any successor entity of any such merger or consolidation.

" Secured Obligations" means, with respect to each Grantor, the Obligations of such Grantor.

"Shares" means shares of capital stock of a corporation, limited liability company interests, partnership interests and other ownership or equity interests of any class in any Person.

"*Trademarks*" means all trade names, trademarks and service marks, logos, trademark and service mark registrations, and applications for trademark and service mark registrations, including all renewals of trademark and service mark registrations, all rights to recover for all past, present and future infringements thereof and all rights to sue therefor, and all rights corresponding thereto throughout the world.

1.03 Other Defined Terms. All other capitalized terms used and not defined herein have the meanings ascribed to them in the Loan Agreement.

Section 2. Representations and Warranties. Each Grantor represents and warrants to the Secured Parties that:

- **2.01 Organizational Matters; Enforceability, Etc.** (a) Each Grantor is duly organized, validly existing and, except where the failure to be in good standing could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization. The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement, and the grant of the security interests pursuant hereto, (i) are within such Grantor's powers and have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or other action, (ii) except as disclosed on **Schedule 7.03(a)** of the Loan Agreement, do not require any consent or approval of, registration or filing with, or any other action by, any governmental authority or court, except for (A) such as have been obtained or made and are in full force and effect and (B) filings and recordings in respect of the security interests created pursuant hereto, (iii) will not violate any applicable law or regulation in any material respect or the charter, bylaws or other organizational documents of such Grantor or any order of any governmental authority or court binding upon such Grantor or its property, (iv) will not violate or result in a default under any indenture, agreement or other instrument binding upon such Grantor or any of its assets, or give rise to a right thereunder to require any payment to be made by any such person, and (v) except for the security interests created pursuant hereto, will not result in the creation or imposition of any Lien on any asset of such Grantor.
- (b) This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by such Grantor and constitutes, a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Grantor, enforceable against such Grantor in accordance with its terms, except as such enforceability may be limited by (i) bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws of general applicability affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights and (ii) the application of general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).
- **2.02 Title.** (a) Such Grantor is the sole beneficial owner of the Collateral in which it purports to grant a lien hereunder, and no lien exists upon such Collateral other than Permitted Liens.

- (b) The security interest created or provided for herein constitutes a valid first-priority (subject to Permitted Liens) perfected lien on such Collateral, subject, for the following Collateral, to the occurrence of the following: (i) in the case of Collateral in which a security interest may be perfected by filing a financing statement under the UCC, the filing of a UCC financing statement naming such Grantor as debtor, the Administrative Agent as secured party, and listing all personal property as collateral, (ii) with respect to any Deposit Account, Securities Account or Commodity Account, the execution of agreements among such Grantor, the applicable financial institution and Administrative Agent, effective to grant "control" (as defined in the UCC) over such Deposit Account, Securities Account or Commodity Account to Administrative Agent, (iii) with respect to any Intellectual Property not described in the foregoing clause (i), the filing of this Security Agreement or a Short-Form IP Security Agreement with the applicable Intellectual Property office of the applicable government, and (iv) in the case of all certificated Shares, the delivery thereof to Administrative Agent, properly endorsed for transfer to Administrative Agent or in blank.
- **2.03** Names, Etc. The full and correct legal name, type of organization, jurisdiction of organization, organizational ID number (if applicable) and mailing address of such Grantor as of the date hereof are correctly set forth in **Schedule 1**. **Schedule 1** correctly specifies (i) the place of business of such Grantor or, if such Grantor has more than one place of business, the location of the chief executive office of such Grantor and (ii) each location where Collateral in excess of \$250,000 is stored or located.
- **2.04 Changes in Circumstances.** Except to the extent that such Grantor has, prior to any such change, notified Administrative Agent in writing of such change, such Grantor has not (a) within the period of four months prior to the date hereof, changed its location (as defined in Section 9-307 of the NYUCC), or (b) changed its name from that set forth in **Schedule 1**.
- **2.05 Pledged Shares**. (a) The Initial Pledged Shares constitute (i) 100% of the issued and outstanding Shares of each Issuer (other than a First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary that is not a Subsidiary Guarantor to which **Section 3.02(a)** applies) beneficially owned by such Grantor on the date hereof (other than any Shares held in a Securities Account referred to in **Schedule 7**), whether or not registered in the name of such Grantor and (ii) in the case of each Issuer that is a First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary to which **Section 3.02(a)** applies, (x) 65% of the issued and outstanding shares of voting stock of such Issuer and (y) 100% of all other issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of whatever class of such Issuer beneficially owned by such Grantor on the date hereof, in each case whether or not registered in the name of such Grantor. **Schedule 2** correctly identifies, as at the date hereof, the respective Issuers of the Initial Pledged Shares and (in the case of any corporate Issuer) the respective class and par value of such Shares and the respective number of such Shares (and registered owner thereof) represented by each such certificate.
- (b) The Initial Pledged Shares are, and all other Pledged Shares that in the future will constitute Collateral will be, (i) duly authorized, validly existing, fully paid and non-assessable (in the case of any Shares issued by a corporation) and (ii) duly issued and outstanding (in the case of any equity interest in any other entity). None of such Pledged Shares are or will be subject to any contractual restriction, or any restriction under the charter, bylaws, partnership agreement or other organizational instrument of the respective Issuer thereof, upon the transfer of such Pledged Shares (except for any such restriction contained in or expressly permitted under any Loan Document, including any Restrictive Agreement permitted under Section 9.11 of the Loan Agreement).

- **2.06 Promissory Notes. Schedule 3** sets forth a complete and correct list of all Promissory Notes (other than any held in a Securities Account referred to in **Schedule 7**) held by such Grantor on the date hereof.
- **2.07 Intellectual Property**. (a) **Schedules 4**, 5 and **6**, respectively, set forth a complete and correct list of all of the following owned by such Grantor on the date hereof (or, in the case of any supplement to said **Schedules 4**, 5 and **6**, effecting a pledge thereof, as of the date of such supplement): (i) applied for or registered Copyrights, (ii) applied for or registered Patents, including the jurisdiction and patent number and (iii) applied for or registered Trademarks, including the jurisdiction, trademark application or registration number and the application or registration date.
- (b) Except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, all registrations listed in said **Schedules 4**, **5** and **6** (as so supplemented) are, except as noted therein, in full force and effect.
- (c) Except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, such Grantor owns and possesses the right to use all Copyrights, Patents and Trademarks listed on **Schedules 4**, **5** and **6**, respectively. Except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, (i) except as set forth on **Schedule 4**, **5** or **6** (as supplemented by any supplement effecting a pledge thereof), there is no violation by others of any right of such Grantor with respect to any Copyright, Patent or Trademark listed on **Schedule 4**, **5** or **6** (as so supplemented), respectively, and (ii) such Grantor is not infringing in any respect upon any Copyright, Patent or Trademark of any other Person. Except as could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect, no proceedings alleging such infringement have been instituted or are pending against such Grantor and no written claim against such Grantor has been received by such Grantor, alleging any such violation, except as may be set forth on **Schedule 4**, **5** or **6** (as so supplemented).
- **2.08** Deposit Accounts, Securities Accounts and Commodity Accounts. Schedule 7 sets forth a complete and correct list of all Deposit Accounts, Securities Accounts and Commodity Accounts of such Grantor on the date hereof.
- **2.09 Commercial Tort Claims**. **Schedule 8** sets forth a complete and correct list of all commercial tort claims of such Grantor in existence on the date hereof.
- **2.10 Update of Schedules.** Each of **Schedules 1** through **8** may be updated by Borrower from time to time to ensure the continued accuracy of the representations set forth in this **Section 2** to be made on any upcoming date on which representations and warranties are made incorporating the information in such Schedule, by Borrower providing notice (attaching an amended and restated version of such Schedule) in accordance with **Section 13.02** of the Loan Agreement.

Section 3. Collateral.

3.01 Granting Clause. As collateral security for the payment in full when due (whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise) of the Secured Obligations, each Grantor hereby pledges and grants to Administrative Agent, for the benefit of the Secured Parties, a security interest in all of such Grantor's right, title and interest in, to and under all of its personal property constituting Collateral (as defined below). The term "*Collateral*", as to any Grantor, collectively means the following personal property, in each case whether tangible or intangible, wherever located, and whether now owned by such Grantor or hereafter acquired and whether now existing or hereafter coming into existence, but excluding all Excluded Assets:

- (a) all Accounts:
- (b) all Chattel Paper and other Records;
- (c) all Checks;
- (d) all commercial tort claims, as defined in Section 9-102(a)(13) of the NYUCC, arising out of the events described in Schedule 8;
- (e) all Deposit Accounts;
- (f) all Documents;
- (g) all Equipment;
- (h) all Fixtures;
- (i) all General Intangibles (including without limitation all agreements of any kind);
- (j) all Goods not otherwise described in this **Section 3**;
- (k) all Instruments, including all Promissory Notes;
- (l) all Intellectual Property;
- (m) all Inventory;
- (n) all Letter-of-Credit Rights and all Supporting Obligations;
- (o) all Investment Property not otherwise described in this **Section 3**, including all Securities, all Securities Accounts and all Security Entitlements with respect thereto and Financial Assets carried therein, and all Commodity Accounts and Commodity Contracts;
 - (p) all Pledged Shares;
 - (q) all other Property of such Grantor; and

(r) all Proceeds of any of the foregoing, all Accessions to and substitutions and replacements for, any of the Collateral, and all offspring, rents, profits and products of any of the Collateral, and, to the extent related to any Collateral, all books, correspondence, credit files, records, invoices and other papers (including all tapes, cards, computer runs and other papers and documents in the possession or under the control of such Grantor or any computer bureau or service company from time to time acting for such Grantor);

provided, *however*, that nothing set forth in this **Section 3.01** or any other provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document shall at any time constitute the grant of a security interest in, or a Lien on, any Excluded Asset, none of which shall constitute Collateral.

- **3.02** Excluded Assets. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, in no event shall the Collateral include, and each Grantor shall not be deemed to have granted a security interest in, any of such Grantor's right, title or interest in:
- (a) any of the outstanding voting capital stock or other ownership interests of a First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary that is not a Grantor in excess of 65% of the voting power of all classes of capital stock or other ownership interests of such First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary entitled to vote; *provided* that (i) immediately upon the amendment of the Code to allow the pledge of a greater percentage of the voting power of capital stock or other ownership interests in a First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary without adverse tax consequences, the Collateral shall include, and each Grantor shall be deemed to have granted a security interest in, such greater percentage of capital stock or other ownership interests of each First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary in which it has any interest and (ii) if no material adverse tax consequences to Holdings and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, shall arise or exist in connection with the pledge of any First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary, the Collateral shall include, and the applicable Grantor shall be deemed to have granted a security interest in, all of the capital stock or other ownership interests of such First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary held by such Grantor;
- (b) any lease, license, contract or agreement to which any Grantor is a party, in each case, if and only if, and solely to the extent that, the grant of a security interest therein shall constitute or result in a breach, termination or default or invalidity thereunder or thereof (other than to the extent that any such term would be rendered ineffective pursuant to Sections 9-406, 9-407, 9-408 or 9-409 of the UCC of any relevant jurisdiction or any other applicable law or principles of equity); *provided* that immediately upon the time at which the consequences described in the foregoing provision shall no longer exist, the Collateral shall include, and the applicable Grantor shall be deemed to have granted a security interest in, all of such Grantor's right, title and interest in such lease, license, contract or agreement;
- (c) any license, franchise, charter or authorization from a Governmental Authority, in each case, if and only if, and solely to the extent that, the grant of a security interest therein shall constitute or result in a breach, termination or default or invalidity thereunder or thereof (other than to the extent that any such term would be rendered ineffective pursuant to Sections 9-406, 9-407, 9-408 or 9-409 of the UCC of any relevant jurisdiction or any other applicable law or principles of equity);
- (d) all Equity Interests, property and assets of any Healthcare Subsidiary or Managed Company, solely to the extent that the grant of a security interest therein requires consent or authorization from a Governmental Authority (except to the extent such consent or authorization has been obtained);

- (e) all Equity Interests of any Person not constituting a Subsidiary to the extent that the grant of a security interest therein (i) is prohibited by any joint venture or shareholders agreement (other than to the extent that any such prohibition would be rendered ineffective pursuant to Sections 9-406, 9-407, 9-408 or 9-409 of the UCC of any relevant jurisdiction or any other applicable law or principles of equity) or (ii) requires consent or authorization from a Governmental Authority (except to the extent such consent or authorization has been obtained or would be rendered ineffective pursuant to Sections 9-406, 9-407, 9-408 or 9-409 of the UCC of any relevant jurisdiction or any other applicable law or principles of equity);
- (f) any Equipment or other property that would otherwise be included in the Collateral if such equipment or other property is subject to a Lien described in **Section 9.02(c)**,
- (d), (k) and (l) of the Loan Agreement, in each case to the extent that the grant of a security interest therein is prohibited by the applicable documentation relating to such Lien; and
- (g) (A) Deposit Accounts the balance of which consists exclusively of and used exclusively for (i) withheld income taxes and federal, state or local employment taxes in such amounts as are required to be paid to the IRS or state or local government agencies within the following two months with respect to employees of any of Holdings, its Subsidiaries or any Managed Company and (ii) amounts required to be paid over to an employee benefit plan pursuant to DOL Reg. Sec. 2510.3-102 on behalf of or for the benefit of employees of any of Holdings, its Subsidiaries or any Managed Company, (B) bank accounts constituting (and the balance of which consists solely of funds set aside to be used in connection with) taxes bank accounts and payroll bank accounts and (C) zero balance accounts that sweep to an account over which the Secured Parties have a perfected security interest each Business Day.
- **Section 4. Further Assurances; Remedies**. In furtherance of the grant of the security interest pursuant to **Section 3**, the Grantors hereby jointly and severally agree with the Secured Parties as follows:
- **4.01 Delivery and Other Perfection**. Each Grantor shall promptly from time to time give, execute, deliver, file, record, authorize or obtain all such financing statements, continuation statements, notices, instruments, documents, agreements or consents or other papers as may be necessary or desirable in the reasonable judgment of Administrative Agent to create, preserve, perfect, maintain the perfection of or validate the security interest granted pursuant hereto or to enable the Secured Parties to exercise and enforce their rights hereunder with respect to such security interest, and without limiting the foregoing, shall:
- (a) if any of the Pledged Shares, Investment Property or Financial Assets constituting part of the Collateral are received by the Grantor, forthwith (x) deliver to Administrative Agent the certificates or instruments representing or evidencing the same, duly endorsed in blank or accompanied by such instruments of assignment and transfer in such form and substance as Administrative Agent may reasonably request, all of which thereafter shall be held by Administrative Agent, pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, as part of the Collateral and (y) take such other action as Administrative Agent may reasonably deem necessary or appropriate to duly record or otherwise perfect the security interest created hereunder in such Collateral;

- (b) promptly from time to time deliver to Administrative Agent any and all Instruments in excess of \$250,000 in the aggregate for all Instruments constituting part of the Collateral, endorsed and/or accompanied by such instruments of assignment and transfer in such form and substance as Administrative Agent may reasonably request; *provided* that (other than in the case of the Promissory Notes described in **Schedule 3**) at all times other than after the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, such Grantor may retain for collection in the ordinary course any Instruments received by such Grantor in the ordinary course of business and Administrative Agent shall, promptly upon request of such Grantor, make appropriate arrangements for making any Instrument delivered by such Grantor available to such Grantor for purposes of presentation, collection or renewal (any such arrangement to be effected, to the extent requested by Administrative Agent, against trust receipt or like document);
- (c) (i) promptly from time to time enter into such control agreements, each in form and substance acceptable to Administrative Agent, as may be required to perfect the security interest created hereby in any and all Deposit Accounts, Investment Property, Electronic Chattel Paper and Letter-of-Credit Rights (but, in each case, only to the extent constituting Collateral), and will promptly furnish to Administrative Agent true copies thereof; except with respect to Federal A/R Accounts;
- (ii) ensure at all times that all Federal A/R Accounts are subject to an arrangement whereby all funds on deposit therein automatically shall be swept at the end of each Business Day into an account over which Secured Parties have "control" (as defined in the UCC); and
- (iii) (A) in the case of account debtors that make payments to such Grantor directly into an account, ensure that all such account debtors (1) other than Medicare, Medicaid or any other Federal government agency, are instructed to make such payments into a Deposit Account other than a Federal A/R Account, and (2) consisting of Medicare, Medicaid or any other Federal government agency, are instructed to make such payments into a Federal A/R Account, and (B) deposit all checks received directly by such Grantor from account debtors (1) other than Medicare, Medicaid or any other Federal government agency, into an account over which Secured Parties have "control" (as defined in the UCC), and (2) consisting of Medicare, Medicaid or any other Federal government agency, into a Federal A/R Account;
- (d) promptly from time to time upon the request of Administrative Agent, (i) execute and deliver such Short-Form IP Security Agreements as Administrative Agent may deem necessary or desirable to protect the interests of the Secured Parties in respect of that portion of the Collateral consisting of Intellectual Property, and (ii) take such other action as Administrative Agent may reasonably deem necessary or appropriate to duly record or otherwise perfect the security interest created hereunder in that portion of the Collateral consisting of Intellectual Property registered or located outside of the United States;

- (e) keep proper books and records relating to the Collateral in accordance with GAAP, and stamp or otherwise mark such books and records in such manner as Administrative Agent may reasonably require in order to reflect the security interests granted by this Agreement;
- (f) permit representatives of Administrative Agent and the Secured Parties, upon reasonable notice, at any time during normal business hours to inspect and make abstracts from its books and records pertaining to the Collateral, and permit representatives of Administrative Agent to be present at such Grantor's place of business to receive copies of communications and remittances relating to the Collateral, and forward copies of any material notices or communications received by such Grantor with respect to the Collateral, all in such manner as Administrative Agent may reasonably require; and
- (g) promptly from time to time upon the request of Administrative Agent, (i) use commercially reasonable efforts to execute and deliver such Real Property Security Documents (to the extent such real property constitutes Collateral), landlord consents and collateral access agreements with respect to real property (x) owned and with a fair market value in excess of \$1,000,000 for each such owned real property or (y) leased (as tenant) by such Grantor, in each case in the United States; *provided* that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any Loan Document, no leasehold mortgages shall be required and (ii) cause to be recorded in the appropriate real property records such documents delivered pursuant to this **Section 4.01(h)** as Administrative Agent may reasonably deem necessary or appropriate.
- **4.02 Other Financing Statements or Control**. Except as otherwise permitted under the Loan Documents, no Grantor shall (a) file or suffer to be on file, or authorize or permit to be filed or to be on file, in any jurisdiction, any financing statement or like instrument with respect to any of the Collateral in which the Secured Parties are not named as the sole secured parties (except to the extent that such financing statement or instrument relates to a Permitted Lien or to the extent that such financing statement or like instrument was filed without the authorization of the Grantors, in which case the Grantors shall use commercially reasonable efforts to terminate such financing statement or like instrument) or (b) cause or permit any Person other than Administrative Agent or the Secured Parties to have "control" (as defined in Section 9-104, 9-105, 9-106 or 9-107 of the NYUCC) of any Deposit Account, Securities Account, Commodity Account, Electronic Chattel Paper, Investment Property or Letter-of-Credit Right constituting part of the Collateral.
- **4.03 Preservation of Rights.** The Secured Parties shall not be required to take steps necessary to preserve any rights against prior parties to any of the Collateral.
 - 4.04 Special Provisions Relating to Certain Collateral.
 - (a) Pledged Shares.

(i) The Grantors will cause the Pledged Shares to constitute at all times (1) 100% of the total number of Shares of each Issuer (other than a First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary to which **Section 3.02(a)** applies) then outstanding owned by the Grantors and (2) in the case of any Issuer that is a First-Tier Foreign Subsidiary to which **Section 3.02(a)** applies, 65% of the total number of shares of voting stock of such Issuer and 100% of the total number of shares of all other classes of capital stock of such Issuer then issued and outstanding owned by the Grantors.

- (ii) At all times other than after the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, the Grantors shall have the right to exercise all voting, consensual and other powers of ownership pertaining to the Pledged Shares for all purposes not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement, the other Loan Documents or any other instrument or agreement referred to herein or therein; *provided* that the Grantors jointly and severally agree that they will not vote the Pledged Shares in any manner that is inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement, the other Loan Documents or any such other instrument or agreement; and Administrative Agent and Secured Parties shall execute and deliver to the Grantors or cause to be executed and delivered to the Grantors all such proxies, powers of attorney, dividend and other orders, and all such instruments, without recourse, as the Grantors may reasonably request for the purpose of enabling the Grantors to exercise the rights and powers that they are entitled to exercise pursuant to this Section 4.04(a)(ii).
- (iii) At all times other than after the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, the Grantors shall be entitled to receive and retain any dividends, distributions or proceeds on the Pledged Shares paid in cash out of earned surplus.
- (iv) Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, whether or not the Secured Parties or any of them exercises any available right to declare any Secured Obligations due and payable or seeks or pursues any other relief or remedy available to them under applicable law or under this Agreement, the other Loan Documents or any other agreement relating to such Secured Obligation, all dividends and other distributions on the Pledged Shares shall be paid directly to Administrative Agent for distribution to the Secured Parties and retained by them as part of the Collateral, subject to the terms of this Agreement, and, if Administrative Agent shall so request in writing, the Grantors jointly and severally agree to execute and deliver to Administrative Agent appropriate additional dividend, distribution and other orders and documents to that end; *provided* that if such Event of Default is waived in writing by Administrative Agent in accordance with the Loan Agreement, any such dividend or distribution theretofore paid to Administrative Agent shall, upon request of the Grantors (except to the extent theretofore applied to the Secured Obligations), be returned by Administrative Agent to the Grantors.
- (b) **Intellectual Property**. (i) For the purpose of enabling the Secured Parties to exercise rights and remedies under **Section 4.05** at such time as the Secured Parties shall be lawfully and contractually entitled to exercise such rights and remedies, and for no other purpose, each Grantor hereby grants to Administrative Agent, to the extent assignable, an irrevocable, non-exclusive license (exercisable without payment of royalty or other compensation to such Grantor) to use, and the right to assign, license or sublicense, any of the Intellectual Property now owned or hereafter acquired by such Grantor, wherever the same may be located, including in such license reasonable access to all media in which any of the licensed items may be recorded or stored and to all computer programs used for the compilation or printout thereof.

- (ii) Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, but subject to any provision of the Loan Documents that limits the rights of any Grantor to dispose of its property, at all times other than after the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, the Grantors will be permitted to exploit, use, enjoy, protect, defend, enforce, license, sublicense, assign, sell, dispose of or take other actions with respect to the Intellectual Property in the ordinary course of the business of the Grantors. In furtherance of the foregoing, at all times other than after the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, the Secured Parties or Administrative Agent shall from time to time, upon the request of the respective Grantor, execute and deliver any instruments, certificates or other documents, in the form so requested, that the Grantors shall have certified are appropriate in their judgment to allow them to take any action permitted above (including relinquishment of the license provided pursuant to Section 4.04(b)(i) as to any specific Intellectual Property). Further, upon the payment in full of all of the Secured Obligations (other than contingent indemnification obligations for which no claim has been made) or earlier expiration of this Agreement or release of the Collateral, Administrative Agent shall grant back to the Grantors the license granted pursuant to Section 4.04(b)(i). The exercise of rights and remedies under Section 4.05 by the Secured Parties shall not terminate the rights of the holders of any licenses, covenants not to sue or sublicenses theretofore granted by the Grantors in accordance with the first sentence of this Section 4.04(b)(ii).
- (c) **Chattel Paper**. The Grantors will, to the extent Chattel Paper is valued in excess of \$250,000 in the aggregate, deliver to Administrative Agent each original of each item of Chattel Paper at any time constituting part of the Collateral.
- **4.05** Remedies. (a) Rights and Remedies Generally upon Event of Default. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, the Secured Parties shall have all of the rights and remedies with respect to the Collateral of a secured party under the NYUCC (whether or not the Uniform Commercial Code is in effect in the jurisdiction where the rights and remedies are asserted) and such additional rights and remedies to which a secured party is entitled under the laws in effect in any jurisdiction where any rights and remedies hereunder may be asserted, including the right, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to exercise all voting, consensual and other powers of ownership pertaining to the Collateral as if the Secured Parties were the sole and absolute owner thereof (and each Grantor agrees to take all such action as may be appropriate to give effect to such right). Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, Administrative Agent may exercise, on behalf of all the Secured Parties, such rights and remedies of the Secured Parties described above; and without limiting the foregoing:
- (i) Administrative Agent may, in its name or in the name of any Grantor or otherwise, demand, sue for, collect or receive any money or other property at any time payable or receivable on account of or in exchange for any of the Collateral, but shall be under no obligation to do so;
- (ii) Administrative Agent may make any reasonable compromise or settlement deemed desirable with respect to any of the Collateral and may extend the time of payment, arrange for payment in installments, or otherwise modify the terms of, any of the Collateral;

- (iii) Administrative Agent may require the Grantors to notify (and each Grantor hereby authorizes Administrative Agent to so notify) each account debtor in respect of any Account, Chattel Paper or General Intangible, and each obligor on any Instrument, constituting part of the Collateral that such Collateral has been assigned to the Secured Parties hereunder, and to instruct that any payments due or to become due in respect of such Collateral shall be made directly to Administrative Agent or as it may direct (and if any such payments, or any other Proceeds of Collateral, are received by any Grantor they shall be held in trust by such Grantor for the benefit of the Secured Parties and as promptly as possible remitted or delivered to Administrative Agent for application as provided herein);
- (iv) Administrative Agent may require the Grantors to assemble the Collateral at such place or places, convenient to the Secured Parties and the Grantors, as Administrative Agent may direct;
- (v) Administrative Agent may require the Grantors to cause the Pledged Shares to be transferred of record into the name of Administrative Agent or its nominee (and Administrative Agent agrees that if any of such Pledged Shares is transferred into its name or the name of its nominee, Administrative Agent will thereafter promptly give to the respective Grantor copies of any notices and communications received by it with respect to such Pledged Shares); and
- (vi) Administrative Agent may sell, lease, assign or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the Collateral, at such place or places as Administrative Agent deems best, and for cash or for credit or for future delivery (without thereby assuming any credit risk), at public or private sale, without demand of performance or notice of intention to effect any such disposition or of the time or place thereof (except such notice as is required by applicable statute and cannot be waived), and the Secured Parties, Administrative Agent or anyone else may be the purchaser, lessee, assignee or recipient of any or all of the Collateral so disposed of at any public sale (or, to the extent permitted by law, at any private sale) and thereafter hold the same absolutely, free from any claim or right of whatsoever kind, including any right or equity of redemption (statutory or otherwise), of the Grantors, any such demand, notice and right or equity being hereby expressly waived and released. In the event of any sale, assignment, or other disposition of any of the Collateral consisting of Trademarks, the goodwill connected with and symbolized by the Trademarks subject to such disposition shall be included. Administrative Agent may, without notice or publication, adjourn any public or private sale or cause the same to be adjourned from time to time by announcement at the time and place fixed for the sale, and such sale may be made at any time or place to which the sale may be so adjourned.
- (vii) The Proceeds of each collection, sale or other disposition under this **Section 4.05**, including by virtue of the exercise of any license granted to Administrative Agent in **Section 4.04(b)**, shall be applied in accordance with **Section 4.09**.
- (b) **Certain Securities Act Limitations**. The Grantors recognize that, by reason of certain prohibitions contained in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and applicable state securities laws, Administrative Agent may be compelled, with respect to any sale of all or any part of the Collateral, to limit purchasers to those who will agree, among other things, to acquire the Collateral for their own account, for investment and not with a view to the

distribution or resale thereof. The Grantors acknowledge that any such private sales may be at prices and on terms less favorable to Administrative Agent than those obtainable through a public sale without such restrictions, and, notwithstanding such circumstances, agree that any such private sale shall be deemed to have been made in a commercially reasonable manner and that Administrative Agent shall have no obligation to engage in public sales and no obligation to delay the sale of any Collateral for the period of time necessary to permit the issuer thereof to register it for public sale.

- (c) **Notice**. The Grantors agree that to the extent Administrative Agent is required by applicable law to give reasonable prior notice of any sale or other disposition of any Collateral, ten business days' notice shall be deemed to constitute reasonable prior notice.
- (d) **No Assumption of Obligations**. Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement or any other Loan Document to the contrary, the Secured Parties are not assuming any liability or obligation of any Grantor or any of its Affiliates of whatever nature, whether presently in existence or arising or asserted hereafter. All such liabilities and obligations shall be retained by and remain obligations and liabilities of the applicable Grantor and/or its Affiliates, as the case may be. Without limiting the foregoing, the Secured Parties are not assuming and shall not be responsible for any liabilities or Claims of any Grantor or its Affiliates, whether present or future, absolute or contingent and whether or not relating to a Grantor, the Obligor Intellectual Property, and/or the Material Agreements, and each Grantor shall indemnify and save harmless the Secured Parties from and against all such liabilities, Claims and Liens.
- **4.06 Deficiency**. If the proceeds of sale, collection or other realization of or upon the Collateral pursuant to **Section 4.05** are insufficient to cover the costs and expenses of such realization and the indefeasible payment in full in cash of the Secured Obligations (other than contingent indemnification obligations for which no claim has been made), the Grantors shall remain liable for any deficiency.
- **4.07 Locations; Names, Etc.** No Grantor shall (i) change its location (as defined in Section 9-307 of the NYUCC), (ii) change its name from the name shown as its current legal name on **Schedule 1**, or (iii) agree to or authorize any modification of the terms of any item of Collateral that would result in a change thereof from one Uniform Commercial Code category to another such category (such as from a General Intangible to Investment Property), if the effect thereof would be to result in a loss of perfection of, or diminution of priority for, the security interests created hereunder in such item of Collateral, or the loss of control (within the meaning of Section 9-104, 9-105, 9-106 or 9-107 of the NYUCC) over such item of Collateral, unless in each case 10 Business Days' prior written notice has been provided to Administrative Agent and such change is not otherwise restricted by the terms of any Loan Document. No Grantor shall store its Collateral with an aggregate value in excess of \$250,000 at any time with a bailee, consignee or similar party, except for such bailees, consignees and similar parties as are disclosed on **Schedule 1**, unless in each case written notice is provided to Administrative Agent with the immediately succeeding Compliance Certificate required to be delivered pursuant to the Loan Agreement.

4.08 Private Sale. The Secured Parties shall incur no liability as a result of the sale of the Collateral, or any part thereof, at any private sale pursuant to **Section 4.05** conducted in a commercially reasonable manner. Each Grantor hereby waives any claims against Administrative Agent, the Secured Parties or any of them arising by reason of the fact that the price at which the Collateral may have been sold at such a private sale was less than the price that might have been obtained at a public sale or was less than the aggregate amount of the Secured Obligations, even if Administrative Agent, the Secured Parties or any of them accepts the first offer received and does not offer the Collateral to more than one offeree.

4.09 Application of Proceeds. Except as otherwise herein expressly provided and except as provided below in this **Section 4.09**, the Proceeds of any collection, sale or other realization of all or any part of the Collateral pursuant hereto, and any other cash at the time held by Administrative Agent or the Secured Parties under this **Section 4**, shall be applied by Administrative Agent or the Secured Parties (as the case may be):

First, to the payment of the costs and expenses of such collection, sale or other realization, including reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses of the Secured Parties and the fees and expenses of their agents and counsel, and all expenses incurred and advances made by the Secured Parties in connection therewith;

Next, to the indefeasible payment in full of the Secured Obligations (other than contingent indemnification obligations for which no claim has been made) in such order as the Secured Parties in their sole discretion shall determine; and

Finally, to the payment to the respective Grantor, or its successors or assigns, or as a court of competent jurisdiction may direct, of any surplus then remaining.

- **4.10 Attorney in Fact**. Without limiting any rights or powers granted by this Agreement to the Secured Parties, upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, Administrative Agent (and any of its officers, employees or agents) hereby is appointed the attorney in fact of each Grantor for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this **Section 4** and taking any action and executing any instruments that Administrative Agent may deem necessary or advisable to accomplish the purposes hereof, which appointment as attorney in fact is irrevocable and coupled with an interest. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, so long as Administrative Agent shall be entitled under this **Section 4** to make collections in respect of the Collateral, Administrative Agent shall have the right and power to receive, endorse and collect all checks made payable to the order of any Grantor representing any dividend, payment or other distribution in respect of the Collateral or any part thereof and to give full discharge for the same.
- **4.11 Perfection and Recordation**. Each Grantor authorizes the Secured Parties to file Uniform Commercial Code financing statements describing the Collateral as "all assets" or "all personal property and fixtures" of such Grantor (*provided* that no such description shall be deemed to modify the description of Collateral set forth in **Section 3**).

4.12 Termination.

- (a) When all Secured Obligations (other than contingent indemnification obligations for which no claim has been made) shall have been indefeasibly paid in full in cash and the other conditions specified in **Section 12.10(b)(iii)** of the Loan Agreement have been met, this Agreement automatically shall terminate, and the Secured Parties shall, upon request of Grantors, cause to be assigned, transferred and delivered, against receipt but without any recourse, warranty or representation whatsoever, any remaining Collateral and money received in respect thereof, to or on the order of the respective Grantor and to be released and canceled all licenses and rights referred to in **Section 4.04(b)**, in each case, at Grantors' sole expense.
- (b) The Liens granted to the Administrative Agent pursuant to this Agreement on any item of Collateral shall be automatically released upon the occurrence of any of the following:
- (i) upon the sale of such Collateral by any Grantor to any Person that is not a Grantor (and is not required to become a Grantor under the Loan Documents) in a transaction permitted under the Loan Agreement; and
- (ii) to the extent that the property constituting such Collateral is owned by any Grantor (other than the Borrower or Holdings), upon the release of such Grantor from its obligations under **Section 14** of the Loan Agreement.
- (c) The Secured Parties shall also, at the expense of such Grantor, execute and deliver to such Grantor upon such termination or release such Uniform Commercial Code termination statements, certificates for terminating the liens on the Motor Vehicles and such other documentation as shall be reasonably requested by the respective Grantor to effect the termination and/or release of the liens on the Collateral as required by this **Section 4.12**, in each case, at Grantors' sole expense.
- 4.13 Further Assurances. Each Grantor agrees that, from time to time upon the written request of Administrative Agent, such Grantor will execute and deliver such further documents and do such other acts and things as Administrative Agent may request in order fully to effect the purposes of this Agreement and take all further action that may be required under applicable law (including the laws of each jurisdiction in which each Grantor or any of its Subsidiaries is organized), or that Administrative Agent may reasonably request, in order to grant, preserve, protect and perfect the validity and priority of the Liens created or intended to be created by the Loan Documents. Each Grantor will promptly cause any subsequently acquired or organized Subsidiary required pursuant to the Loan Agreement to guarantee the Secured Obligations to take such action as shall be necessary to ensure that it is a "Subsidiary Guarantor" in accordance with Section 8.12 of the Loan Agreement and enter into such other security agreements and take such other actions as may be required or reasonably requested by Administrative Agent for the Secured Parties to have a valid first priority Lien on and security interest in all of the assets of such Subsidiary (in each case, subject to Permitted Liens). Such Liens will be created under the Loan Documents in form and substance satisfactory to Administrative Agent and each Grantor shall deliver or cause to be delivered to Administrative Agent all such instruments and documents as Administrative Agent shall reasonably request to evidence compliance with this Section 4.13. The Secured Parties shall release any lien covering any asset that has been disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the Loan Documents.

Section 5. Miscellaneous.

- 5.01 Notices. All notices, requests, consents and demands hereunder shall be delivered in accordance with Section 13.02 of the Loan Agreement.
- **5.02 No Waiver**. No failure on the part of any Secured Party to exercise, and no course of dealing with respect to, and no delay in exercising, any right, power or remedy hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise by any Secured Party of any right, power or remedy hereunder preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, power or remedy. The remedies herein are cumulative and are not exclusive of any remedies provided by law.
- **5.03 Amendments, Etc.** The terms of this Agreement may be waived, altered or amended only by an instrument in writing duly executed by each Grantor and Administrative Agent (unless the consent of a different group of Persons is required in accordance with **Section 13.04** of the Loan Agreement).

5.04 Expenses.

- (a) The Grantors shall pay or reimburse Administrative Agent and the Secured Parties for costs and expenses in accordance with **Section 13.03** of the Loan Agreement.
- (b) The Grantors shall hereby indemnify the Secured Parties, their Affiliates, and their respective directors, officers, employees, attorneys, agents, advisors and controlling parties in accordance with **Section 13.03(b)** of the Loan Agreement.
- **5.05** Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the respective successors and permitted assigns of each Grantor, Administrative Agent and the Secured Parties.
- **5.06 Counterparts**. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument and any of the parties hereto may execute this Agreement by signing any such counterpart.
- **5.07 Governing Law; Submission to Jurisdiction; Etc.** (a) **Governing Law**. This Agreement and the rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the State of New York, without regard to principles of conflicts of laws that would result in the application of the laws of any other jurisdiction; *provided* that Section 5-1401 of the New York General Obligations Law shall apply.
- (b) **Submission to Jurisdiction**. Each Grantor agrees that any suit, action or proceeding with respect to this Agreement or any other Loan Document to which it is a party or any judgment entered by any court in respect thereof may be brought initially in the federal or state courts in Houston, Texas or in the courts of its own corporate domicile and irrevocably submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of each such court for the purpose of any such suit, action, proceeding or judgment. This **Section 5.07(b)** is for the benefit of the Secured Parties only and, as a result, no Secured Party shall be prevented from taking proceedings in any other courts with jurisdiction. To the extent allowed by applicable Laws, the Secured Parties may take concurrent proceedings in any number of jurisdictions.

- (c) **Waiver of Venue**. Each Grantor irrevocably waives to the fullest extent permitted by law any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of the venue of any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement and hereby further irrevocably waives to the fullest extent permitted by law any claim that any such suit, action or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum. A final judgment (in respect of which time for all appeals has elapsed) in any such suit, action or proceeding shall be conclusive and may be enforced in any court to the jurisdiction of which such Grantor is or may be subject, by suit upon judgment.
- (d) **Service of Process**. Each party to this Agreement irrevocably consents to service of process in the manner provided for notices in **Section 5.01**. Nothing in this Agreement will affect the right of any party to this Agreement to serve process in any other manner permitted by law.
- 5.08 WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. EACH PARTY HERETO HEREBY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY RIGHT IT MAY HAVE TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY (WHETHER BASED ON CONTRACT, TORT OR ANY OTHER THEORY). EACH PARTY HERETO (A) CERTIFIES THAT NO REPRESENTATIVE, AGENT OR ATTORNEY OF ANY OTHER PARTY HAS REPRESENTED, EXPRESSLY OR OTHERWISE, THAT SUCH OTHER PARTY WOULD NOT, IN THE EVENT OF LITIGATION, SEEK TO ENFORCE THE FOREGOING WAIVER AND (B) ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT AND THE OTHER PARTIES HERETO HAVE BEEN INDUCED TO ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT BY, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THE MUTUAL WAIVERS AND CERTIFICATIONS IN THIS SECTION 5.08.
- **5.09 Captions**. The captions and section headings appearing herein are included solely for convenience of reference and are not intended to affect the interpretation of any provision of this Agreement.
 - 5.10 Agents and Attorneys in Fact. The Secured Parties may employ agents and attorneys in fact in connection herewith.
- **5.11 Severability.** If any provision hereof is invalid and unenforceable in any jurisdiction, then, to the fullest extent permitted by law, (a) the other provisions hereof shall remain in full force and effect in such jurisdiction and shall be liberally construed in favor of the Secured Parties in order to carry out the intentions of the parties hereto as nearly as may be possible and (b) the invalidity or unenforceability of any provision hereof in any jurisdiction shall not affect the validity or enforceability of such provision in any other jurisdiction.
- **5.12 Additional Grantors**. Additional Persons may from time to time after the date of this Agreement become Grantors under this Agreement by executing and delivering to Administrative Agent a supplemental agreement (together with all schedules thereto, a "*Joinder*") to this Agreement, in substantially the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A**. Accordingly, upon the execution and delivery of any such Joinder by any such Person, such Person shall automatically and immediately, and without any further action on the part of any

Person, become a "Grantor" under and for all purposes of this Agreement, and each of the Schedules hereto shall be supplemented in the manner specified in such Joinder. In addition, upon the execution and delivery of any such Joinder, the new Grantor makes the representations and warranties set forth in **Section 2**.

5.13 Healthcare Savings Clause. Notwithstanding anything herein or in any other Loan Document to the contrary or otherwise, it is the intention of the Secured Parties and the Obligors to conform strictly to any applicable regulatory requirements for the Healthcare Subsidiaries. In the event any enforcement of any Loan Document could result in changes to pledged equity, cash reserves or minimum net assets or equity of any of the Healthcare Subsidiaries in violation of applicable law or regulation, the Secured Parties will observe all applicable requirements of law or regulation in connection with such enforcement action, including whether to seek regulatory approval from the applicable state or Federal agency prior to any enforcement action, including, to the extent required by applicable law or regulation, any such enforcement action that may result in a change of control of any Healthcare Subsidiary or any of its parent companies.

[SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Security Agreement to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, as Grantor

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, as Grantor

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

ALIGNMENT HEALTH ADVISORS, LLC, as Grantor

By /s/ Dawn Maroney

Name: Dawn Maroney Title: President

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE NORTH CAROLINA, LLC, as Grantor

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

[Signature Page – Security Agreement]

CRG SERVICING LLC, as Administrative Agent

By /s/ Nathan Hukill

Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page – Security Agreement]

FORM OF JOINDER AGREEMENT

JOINDER AGREEMENT dated as of [__] (this "Joinder") by [NAME OF ADDITIONAL GRANTOR], a [__] [__] (the "Additional Grantor"), in favor of each Lender, each other Secured Party (each as defined in the Loan Agreement referred to below) and CRG SERVICING LLC, as administrative agent and collateral agent (in such capacities, together with its successors and assigns, the "Administrative Agent") for the Secured Parties.

A. Reference is made to (i) the Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as amended, supplemented, restated, extended, renewed or replaced from time to time, the "Loan Agreement"), among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Holdings"), the subsidiary guarantors from time to time party thereto, the Lenders from time to time party thereto and Administrative Agent, and (ii) the Security Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as amended, supplemented, restated, extended, renewed or replaced from time to time, the "Security Agreement"; capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meaning ascribed to such terms therein), among Borrower, Holdings, the other Grantors party thereto and Administrative Agent.

B. **Section 5.12** of the Security Agreement provides that additional Persons may from time to time after the date of the Security Agreement become Grantors under the Security Agreement by executing and delivering to the Secured Parties a supplemental agreement to the Security Agreement in the form of this Joinder.

C. To induce the Secured Parties to maintain the term loans pursuant to the Loan Agreement, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Additional Grantor has agreed to execute and deliver (i) a Guarantee Assumption Agreement under the Loan Agreement and (ii) this Joinder.

The Additional Grantor hereby agrees to become a "Grantor" for all purposes of the Security Agreement (and hereby supplements each of the Schedules to the Security Agreement in the manner specified in **Appendix A** hereto). Without limitation, as collateral security for the payment in full when due (whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise) of the Secured Obligations (other than contingent indemnification obligations for which no claim has been made), the Additional Grantor hereby pledges and grants to the Secured Parties as provided in **Section 3** of the Security Agreement a security interest in all of the Additional Grantor's right, title and interest in, to and under the Collateral of the Additional Grantor, in each case whether tangible or intangible, wherever located, and whether now owned by the Additional Grantor or hereafter acquired and whether now existing or hereafter coming into existence. In addition, the Additional Grantor hereby makes the representations and warranties set forth in **Section 2** of the Security Agreement, with respect to itself and its obligations under this Joinder, as if each reference in such Sections to the Loan Documents included reference to this Joinder.

[SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

Exhibit A-1

	[INSERT NAME OF ADDITIONAL GRANTOR], as Grantor
	By Name: Title:
CRG SERVICING LLC, as Administrative Agent	Title.
By Name: Title:	

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Additional Grantor has caused this Joinder to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above

written.

Exhibit A-2

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO LOAN AGREEMENT AND AMENDMENT TO FEE LETTER

THIS AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO LOAN AGREEMENT AND AMENDMENT TO FEE LETTER, dated as of April 25, 2019 (this "Amendment"), is made among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Holdings"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), the Subsidiary Guarantors from time to time party thereto (together with Holdings and Borrower, the Obligors"), the Lenders listed on the signature pages hereof under the heading "LENDERS" (each, a "Lender" and, collectively, "Lenders"), and CRG Servicing LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as administrative agent and collateral agent for Lenders (in such capacities, together with its successors and assigns, "Administrative Agent"), with respect to the Loan Agreement and the Fee Letter referred to below.

RECITALS

- A. WHEREAS, the Obligors, Lenders and Administrative Agent are parties to that certain Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as amended, amended and restated, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "Loan Agreement");
- B. WHEREAS, Borrower and Administrative Agent are parties to that certain Fee Letter, dated as of August 21, 2018 (the "Fee Letter"); and
- C. WHEREAS, Borrower has requested that Administrative Agent and Lenders, and Administrative Agent and Lenders have agreed to, amend the Loan Agreement and the Fee Letter on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth herein.

AGREEMENT

NOW THEREFORE, accordingly, the parties hereto agree as follows.

SECTION 1. Definitions; Interpretation.

- (a) **Terms Defined in Loan Agreement.** All capitalized terms used in this Amendment (including in the recitals hereof) and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Loan Agreement.
- (b) **Interpretation.** The rules of interpretation set forth in **Section 1.03** of the Loan Agreement shall be applicable to this Amendment and are incorporated herein by this reference.

SECTION 2. Amendments. Subject to **Section 3:**

- (a) the Loan Agreement is hereby amended as follows:
 - (i) Section 1.01 of the Loan Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

(A) The following definitions are hereby amended and restated in their entireties as follows:

"Borrowing Notice Date" means, (a) in the case of the first Borrowing, a date that is at least one (1) Business Day prior to the Borrowing Date of such Borrowing, (b) in the case of the second Borrowing, a date that is at least five (5) Business Days prior to the Borrowing Date of such Borrowing and, (c) in the case of all subsequent Borrowings, a date that is at least twelve (12) Business Days prior to the Borrowing Date of such Borrowing.

"Commitment' means, with respect to each Lender, the obligation of such Lender to make Loans to Borrower in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, which commitment (a) in the case of the Commitments on the Closing Date, is in the amount set forth opposite such Lender's name on Schedule 1 in the chart labeled "Closing Date" under the caption "Commitment", as such Schedule may be amended from time to time and (b) in the case of the Commitments on the First Amendment Effective Date, is in the amount set forth opposite such Lender's name on Schedule 1 in the chart labeled "First Amendment Effective Date" under the caption "Commitment", as such Schedule may be amended from time to time. The aggregate Commitments on the First Amendment Effective Date equal \$75,000,000. For purposes of clarification, the amount of any PIK Loans shall not reduce the amount of the available Commitment.

"Commitment Period" means the period from and including the first date on which all of the conditions precedent set forth in Section 6.01 have been satisfied (or waived by the Lenders) and through and including May 31, 2020.

"Prepayment Premium" means if the prepayment occurs:

- (A) on or prior to the fourth (4th) Payment Date, the Prepayment Premium shall be an amount equal to 15.00% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans being prepaid on such Redemption Date;
- (B) after the fourth (4th) Payment Date, and on or prior to the eighth (8th) Payment Date, the Prepayment Premium shall be an amount equal to 10.00% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans being prepaid on such Redemption Date;
- (C) after the eighth (8th) Payment Date, and on or prior to the twelfth (12th) Payment Date, the Prepayment Premium shall be an amount equal to 3.00% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans being prepaid on such Redemption Date; and
- (D) after the twelfth (12th) Payment Date, the Prepayment Premium shall be an amount equal to 0.00% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans being prepaid on such Redemption Date;

provided that, to determine the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans, and how many Payment Dates have occurred, as of any Redemption Date for purposes of this definition:

- (i) if, as of such Redemption Date, Borrower shall have made only one Borrowing, the number of Payment Dates shall be deemed to be the number of Payment Dates that shall have occurred following the first Borrowing Date;
- (ii) with respect to the Prepayment Premium payable in connection with the third Borrowing only, the number of Payment Dates shall be deemed to be the number of Payment Dates that shall have occurred following the first Borrowing Date; and
- (iii) subject to clause (ii), if, as of such Redemption Date, Borrower shall have made more than one Borrowing, then the Redemption Price shall equal the sum of multiple Redemption Prices calculated with respect to the Loans of each Borrowing, each of which Redemption Prices shall be calculated based on solely the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loans borrowed in such Borrowing (and PIK Loans subsequently borrowed in respect of interest payments thereon), as though the applicable number of Payment Dates equals the number of Payment Dates that shall have occurred following the applicable Borrowing Date. In the case of any partial prepayment, the amount of such prepayment shall be allocated to Loans made in the various Borrowings (and PIK Loans in respect thereof) in the order in which such Borrowings were made.

The Prepayment Premium payable upon any prepayment shall be in addition to any payments required pursuant to the Fee Letter.

- (B) The following definition is hereby added thereto in appropriate alphabetical order:
- "First Amendment Effective Date" means April 25, 2019.
- (ii) Section 2.01 of the Loan Agreement is hereby amended by replacing the words "up to two term loans" with the words "up to four term loans" therein.
 - (iii) Section 3.02(e) of the Loan Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
 - (e) **Paid In-Kind Interest.** Notwithstanding **Section 3.02(a)** or **(c),** at any time during the PIK Period, Borrower may elect to pay the interest on the outstanding principal amount of the Loans payable pursuant to **Section 3.01** as follows: (i) prior to the First Amendment Effective Date, (A) only 7.75% of the 10.25% per annum interest in cash and (B) 2.50% of the 10.25% per annum interest as compounded interest, added to the aggregate principal amount of the Loans and (ii) on and after the First Amendment Effective Date, (A) only 7.50% of the 10.25% per annum interest in cash and (B) 2.75% of the 10.25% per annum interest as compounded interest, added to the aggregate principal amount of the Loans (in each case, the amount of any such compounded interest being a "*PIK Loan'*). The principal amount of each PIK Loan shall accrue interest in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement applicable to the Loans.

- (iv) The following **Sections 6.04, 6.05** and **6.06** are hereby added to the Loan Agreement immediately after **Section 6.03** of the Loan Agreement:
 - **6.04 Conditions to Third Borrowing.** The obligation of each Lender to make a Loan as part of the third Borrowing is subject to the following conditions precedent, which shall have been satisfied or waived in writing by the Lenders:
 - (a) Borrowing Date. Such Borrowing shall occur on or prior to May 15, 2019.
 - (b) **Amount of Borrowing.** The amount of such Borrowing shall equal \$35,000,000.
 - (c) **Financing Fee.** Administrative Agent shall have received, for the account of each Lender, the fees payable pursuant to the Fee Letter (to the extent then due and payable).
 - **6.05** Conditions to Fourth Borrowing. The obligation of each Lender to make a Loan as part of the fourth Borrowing is subject to the following conditions precedent, which shall have been satisfied or waived in writing by the Lenders:
 - (a) Number of Borrowings. Borrower may make one Borrowing under the fourth Borrowing.
 - (b) Borrowing Date. Such Borrowing shall occur on or prior to May 31, 2020.
 - (c) **Amount of Borrowing.** The amount of such Borrowing shall be at least \$10,000,000 and in increments of \$5,000,000; *provided* that the amount of such Borrowing shall not exceed \$40,000,000.
 - (d) **Financing Fee.** Administrative Agent shall have received, for the account of each Lender, the fees payable pursuant to the Fee Letter (to the extent then due and payable).
 - **6.06 Conditions to Fifth Borrowing.** The obligation of each Lender to make a Loan as part of the fifth Borrowing is subject to the following conditions precedent, which shall have been satisfied or waived in writing by the Lenders:
 - (a) Number of Borrowings. Borrower may make one Borrowing under the fifth Borrowing.

- (b) **Borrowing Date.** Such Borrowing shall occur on or prior to May 31, 2020.
- (c) **Amount of Borrowing.** The amount of such Borrowing shall be at least \$5,000,000 and in increments of \$5,000,000; *provided* that the amount of such Borrowing shall not exceed (i) \$40,000,000 *less* (ii) the amount of the fourth Borrowing.
- (d) **Financing Fee.** Administrative Agent shall have received, for the account of each Lender, the fees payable pursuant to the Fee Letter (to the extent then due and payable).
- (v) Schedule 1 to Term Loan Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety with Schedule 1 to Term Loan attached hereto as **Annex A.**
- (b) The Fee Letter is hereby amended by replacing the parenthetical "(the "Loan Agreement")" with the parenthetical "(as amended, amended and restated, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "Loan Agreement")" therein. For the avoidance of doubt, all amounts payable under the Fee Letter, including but not limited to the Financing Fee and the Back-End Facility Fee, shall be payable with respect to the third Borrowing, the fourth Borrowing and the fifth Borrowing.

SECTION 3. Conditions to Effectiveness. The effectiveness of **Section 2** shall be subject to the satisfaction of each of the following conditions precedent:

- (a) Administrative Agent shall have received, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to it and Lenders, this Amendment duly executed by Borrower, Administrative Agent and all of the Lenders party to the Loan Agreement as required by **Section 13.04** of the Loan Agreement.
- (b) Administrative Agent shall have received a Notice of Borrowing in respect of the third Borrowing in accordance with **Section 2.02** of the Loan Agreement.
- (c) Borrower shall have paid or reimbursed Administrative Agent and the Lenders for all of their reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including the reasonable fees and expenses of Cooley LLP, special counsel to Administrative Agent and the Lenders) in connection with the negotiation and preparation of this Amendment, pursuant to Section 13.03(a)(i)(z) of the Loan Agreement.
- (d) The representations and warranties in **Section 4** shall be true in all material respects on the date hereof and on the date on which each of the foregoing conditions is satisfied.

SECTION 4. Representations and Warranties. Each Obligor hereby represents and warrants to Administrative Agent and each Lender as follows:

- (i) Such Obligor has full power, authority and legal right to make and perform this Amendment and the Loan Agreement, as modified by this Amendment (the "Amended Loan Agreement"). Each of this Amendment and the Amended Loan Agreement is within such Obligor's corporate or equivalent powers and has been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or equivalent action and, if required, by all necessary shareholder action. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by such Obligor and each of this Amendment and the Amended Loan Agreement constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Obligor, enforceable against such Obligor in accordance with its terms, except as such enforceability may be limited by (a) bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws of general applicability affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights and (b) the application of general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law). Each of this Amendment and the Amended Loan Agreement (w) does not require any consent or approval of, registration or filing with, or any other action by, any Governmental Authority or any third party, except (i) for such as have been obtained or made and are in full force and effect and (ii) any post-closing registrations or filings with the California Department of Managed Healthcare, (x) will not violate any applicable law or regulation in any material respect or the charter, bylaws or other organizational documents of Holdings and its Subsidiaries, (y) will not violate any order of any Governmental Authority and (z) will not violate or result in a default under any indenture, agreement or other instrument binding upon Holdings and its Subsidiaries or assets, or give rise to a right thereunder to require any payment to be made by any such Person.
 - (ii) No Default has occurred or is continuing or will result after giving effect to this Amendment.
 - (iii) There has been no Material Adverse Effect since the date of the Loan Agreement.

SECTION 5. Reaffirmation. Each Obligor hereby ratifies, confirms, reaffirms, and acknowledges its obligations under the Loan Documents to which it is a party and agrees that the Loan Documents remain in full force and effect, undiminished by this Amendment, except as expressly provided herein. By executing this Amendment, each Obligor acknowledges that it has read, consulted with its attorneys regarding, and understands, this Amendment.

SECTION 6. Governing Law; Submission to Jurisdiction; Waiver of Jury Trial.

- (a) **Governing Law.** This Amendment and the rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the State of New York, without regard to principles of conflicts of laws that would result in the application of the laws of any other jurisdiction; *provided* that Section 5-1401 of the New York General Obligations Law shall apply.
- (b) **Submission to Jurisdiction.** Each Obligor agrees that any suit, action or proceeding with respect to this Amendment or any other Loan Document to which it is a party or any judgment entered by any court in respect thereof may be brought initially in the federal or state courts in Houston, Texas or in the courts of its own corporate domicile and irrevocably submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of each such court for the purpose of any such suit, action, proceeding or judgment. This **Section 6** is for the benefit of Administrative Agent and Lenders only and, as a result, none of Administrative Agent or any Lender shall be prevented from taking proceedings in any other courts with jurisdiction. To the extent allowed by applicable Laws, Administrative Agent and Lenders may take concurrent proceedings in any number of jurisdictions.

(c) **Waiver of Jury Trial.** Each Obligor, Administrative Agent and each Lender hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all right to trial by jury in any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Amendment, the other Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby.

SECTION 7. No Actions, Claims, Etc. Each Obligor acknowledges and confirms that it has no knowledge of any actions, causes of action, claims, demands, damages or liabilities of whatever kind or nature, in law or in equity, against any Secured Party, in any case, arising from any action or failure of any Secured Party to act under any Loan Document on or prior to the date hereof, or of any offset right, counterclaim or defense of any kind against any of its respective obligations, indebtedness or liabilities to Secured Party under any Loan Document. Each Obligor unconditionally releases, waives and forever discharges (i) any and all liabilities, obligations, duties, promises or indebtedness of any kind of Administrative Agent or any Lender to such Obligor, except the obligations required to be performed by Administrative Agent or any Lender under the Loan Documents on or after the date hereof, and (ii) all claims, offsets, causes of action, suits or defenses of any kind whatsoever (if any), whether arising at law or in equity, whether known or unknown, which such Obligor might otherwise have against any Secured Party in connection with the Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated thereby, in the case of each of clauses (i) and (ii), on account of any past or presently existing condition, act, omission, event, contract, liability, obligation, indebtedness, claim, cause of action, defense, circumstance or matter of any kind. Each Obligor acknowledges that it may discover facts or law different from, or in addition to, the facts or law that it knows or believes to be true with respect to the claims released in this Section 7 and agrees, nonetheless, that this release shall be and remain effective in all respects notwithstanding such different or additional facts or the discovery of them. Each Obligor expressly acknowledges and agrees that all rights under Section 1542 of the California Civil Code are expressly waived. That section provides:

"A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE CREDITOR OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER, WOULD HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR OR RELEASED PARTY."

SECTION 8. Miscellaneous.

(a) **No Waiver.** Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of compliance with any term or condition contained in the Loan Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or constitute a course of conduct or dealing among the parties. Except as expressly stated herein, Administrative Agent and Lenders reserve all rights, privileges and remedies under the Loan Documents (including, without limitation, all such rights, privileges and remedies with respect to any Default, Event of Default or Material Adverse Effect, whether or not communicated to Lenders or Administrative Agent). Except as amended hereby, the Loan Agreement and other Loan Documents remain unmodified and in full force and effect. All references in the Loan Documents to the Loan Agreement shall be deemed to be references to the Loan Agreement as amended hereby.

- (b) **Severability.** In case any provision of or obligation under this Amendment shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions or obligations, or of such provision or obligation in any other jurisdiction, shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.
- (c) **Headings.** Headings and captions used in this Amendment (including the Exhibits, Schedules and Annexes hereto, if any) are included for convenience of reference only and shall not be given any substantive effect.
- (d) **Integration.** This Amendment constitutes a Loan Document and, together with the other Loan Documents, incorporates all negotiations of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and is the final expression and agreement of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof.
- (e) **Counterparts.** This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument and any of the parties hereto may execute this Amendment by signing any such counterpart. Executed counterparts delivered by facsimile or other electronic transmission (e.g., "PDF" or "TIF") shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart.
- (f) **Controlling Provisions.** In the event of any inconsistencies between the provisions of this Amendment and the provisions of any other Loan Document, the provisions of this Amendment shall govern and prevail.
 - (g) Loan Document. This Amendment is a Loan Document.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

HOLDINGS:

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

BORROWER:

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name:Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS:

ALIGNMENT HEALTH ADVISORS, LLC

By /s/ Dawn Maroney

Name: Dawn Maroney

Title: C.E.O.

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE NORTH CAROLINA, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 1]

ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT:

CRG SERVICING LLC

By: /s/ Nathan Hukill

Nathan Hukill Authorized Signatory

LENDERS:

CRG PARTNERS III - PARALLEL FUND"A" L.P.

By CRG PARTNERS III - PARALLEL FUND "A" GP L.P.,

its General Partner

By CRG PARTNERS III – PARALLEL FUND

"A" GP LLC, its General Partner

By: /s/ Nathan Hukill Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

CRG PARTNERS III (CAYMAN) L.P.

By CRG PARTNERS III (CAYMAN) GP L.P.,

its General Partner

By CRG PARTNERS III (CAYMAN) GP LLC, its

General Partner

By: /s/ Nathan Hukill Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

Witness: /s/ Nicole Nesson

Name: Nicole Nesson

CRG ISSUER 2017-1

By CRG SERVICING LLC, acting by power of attorney

By: <u>/s/ Nathan Hukill</u> Name: Nathan Hukill

Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 1]

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO LOAN AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO LOAN AGREEMENT, dated as of May 26, 2020 (this "Amendment"), is made among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Holdings"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), the Subsidiary Guarantors from time to time party thereto (together with Holdings and Borrower, the "Obligors"), the Lenders listed on the signature pages hereof under the heading "LENDERS" (each, a "Lender" and, collectively, "Lenders"), and CRG Servicing LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as administrative agent and collateral agent for Lenders (in such capacities, together with its successors and assigns, "Administrative Agent"), with respect to the Loan Agreement referred to below.

RECITALS

A. WHEREAS, the Obligors, Lenders and Administrative Agent are parties to that certain Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as amended by that certain Amendment No. 1 to Loan Agreement and Amendment to Fee Letter, dated as of April 25, 2019 and as the same may be further amended, amended and restated, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "*Loan Agreement*"); and

B. WHEREAS, Borrower has requested that Administrative Agent and Lenders, and Administrative Agent and Lenders (which constitute all of the Lenders under the Loan Agreement) have agreed to, amend the Loan Agreement on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth herein.

AGREEMENT

NOW THEREFORE, accordingly, the parties hereto agree as follows.

SECTION 1. Definitions; Interpretation.

- (a) **Terms Defined in Loan Agreement**. All capitalized terms used in this Amendment (including in the recitals hereof) and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Loan Agreement.
- (b) **Interpretation**. The rules of interpretation set forth in **Section 1.03** of the Loan Agreement shall be applicable to this Amendment and are incorporated herein by this reference.

SECTION 2. Amendments. Subject to **Section 3**, the Loan Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

(a) The following definition in **Section 1.01** of the Loan Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"Commitment Period" means the period from and including the first date on which all of the conditions precedent set forth in Section 6.01 have been satisfied (or waived by the Lenders) and through and including August 31, 2020.

- (b) **Section 6.06(b)** of the Loan Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
 - (b) **Borrowing Date**. Such Borrowing shall occur on or prior to August 31, 2020.

SECTION 3. Conditions to Effectiveness. The effectiveness of **Section 2** shall be subject to the satisfaction of each of the following conditions precedent:

- (a) Administrative Agent shall have received, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to it and Lenders, this Amendment duly executed by Borrower, Administrative Agent and all of the Lenders party to the Loan Agreement as required by **Section 13.04** of the Loan Agreement.
- (b) Borrower shall have paid or reimbursed Administrative Agent and the Lenders for all of their reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including the reasonable fees and expenses of Cooley LLP, special counsel to Administrative Agent and the Lenders) in connection with the negotiation and preparation of this Amendment, pursuant to **Section 13.03(a)(i)(z)** of the Loan Agreement.
- (c) The representations and warranties in **Section 4** shall be true in all material respects on the date hereof and on the date on which each of the foregoing conditions is satisfied.

SECTION 4. Representations and Warranties. Each Obligor hereby represents and warrants to Administrative Agent and each Lender as follows:

(i) Such Obligor has full power, authority and legal right to make and perform this Amendment and the Loan Agreement, as modified by this Amendment (the "Amended Loan Agreement"). Each of this Amendment and the Amended Loan Agreement is within such Obligor's corporate or equivalent powers and has been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or equivalent action and, if required, by all necessary shareholder action. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by such Obligor and each of this Amendment and the Amended Loan Agreement constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Obligor, enforceable against such Obligor in accordance with its terms, except as such enforceability may be limited by (a) bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws of general applicability affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights and (b) the application of general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law). Each of this Amendment and the Amended Loan Agreement (w) does not require any consent or approval of, registration or filing with, or any other action by, any Governmental Authority or any third party, except for such as have been obtained or made and are in full force and effect, (x) will not violate any applicable law or regulation in any material respect or the charter, bylaws or other organizational documents of Holdings and its Subsidiaries, (y) will not violate any order of any Governmental Authority and (z) will not violate or result in a default under any indenture, agreement or other instrument binding upon Holdings and its Subsidiaries or assets, or give rise to a right thereunder to require any payment to be made by any such Person.

- (ii) No Default or Event of Default has occurred or is continuing or will result after giving effect to this Amendment.
- (iii) There has been no Material Adverse Effect since the date of the Loan Agreement.

SECTION 5. Reaffirmation. Each Obligor hereby ratifies, confirms, reaffirms, and acknowledges its obligations under the Loan Documents to which it is a party and agrees that the Loan Documents remain in full force and effect, undiminished by this Amendment, except as expressly provided herein. By executing this Amendment, each Obligor acknowledges that it has read, consulted with its attorneys regarding, and understands, this Amendment.

SECTION 6. Governing Law; Submission to Jurisdiction; Waiver of Jury Trial.

- (a) **Governing Law**. This Amendment and the rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the State of New York, without regard to principles of conflicts of laws that would result in the application of the laws of any other jurisdiction; *provided* that Section 5-1401 of the New York General Obligations Law shall apply.
- (b) **Submission to Jurisdiction**. Each Obligor agrees that any suit, action or proceeding with respect to this Amendment or any other Loan Document to which it is a party or any judgment entered by any court in respect thereof may be brought initially in the federal or state courts in Houston, Texas or in the courts of its own corporate domicile and irrevocably submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of each such court for the purpose of any such suit, action, proceeding or judgment. This **Section 6** is for the benefit of Administrative Agent and Lenders only and, as a result, none of Administrative Agent or any Lender shall be prevented from taking proceedings in any other courts with jurisdiction. To the extent allowed by applicable Laws, Administrative Agent and Lenders may take concurrent proceedings in any number of jurisdictions.
- (c) **Waiver of Jury Trial**. Each Obligor, Administrative Agent and each Lender hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all right to trial by jury in any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Amendment, the other Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby.

SECTION 7. No Actions, Claims, Etc. Each Obligor acknowledges and confirms that it has no knowledge of any actions, causes of action, claims, demands, damages or liabilities of whatever kind or nature, in law or in equity, against any Secured Party, in any case, arising from any action or failure of any Secured Party to act under any Loan Document on or prior to the date hereof, or of any offset right, counterclaim or defense of any kind against any of its respective obligations, indebtedness or liabilities to Secured Party under any Loan Document. Each Obligor unconditionally releases, waives and forever discharges (i) any and all liabilities, obligations, duties, promises or indebtedness of any kind of Administrative Agent or any Lender to such Obligor, except the obligations required to be performed by Administrative Agent or any Lender under the Loan Documents on or after the date hereof, and (ii) all claims, offsets, causes of action, suits or defenses of any kind whatsoever (if any), whether arising at law or in equity,

whether known or unknown, which such Obligor might otherwise have against any Secured Party in connection with the Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated thereby, in the case of each of clauses (i) and (ii), on account of any past or presently existing condition, act, omission, event, contract, liability, obligation, indebtedness, claim, cause of action, defense, circumstance or matter of any kind. Each Obligor acknowledges that it may discover facts or law different from, or in addition to, the facts or law that it knows or believes to be true with respect to the claims released in this **Section 7** and agrees, nonetheless, that this release shall be and remain effective in all respects notwithstanding such different or additional facts or the discovery of them. Each Obligor expressly acknowledges and agrees that all rights under Section 1542 of the California Civil Code are expressly waived. That section provides:

"A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE CREDITOR OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER, WOULD HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR OR RELEASED PARTY."

SECTION 8. Miscellaneous.

- (a) **No Waiver**. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of compliance with any term or condition contained in the Loan Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or constitute a course of conduct or dealing among the parties. Except as expressly stated herein, Administrative Agent and Lenders reserve all rights, privileges and remedies under the Loan Documents (including, without limitation, all such rights, privileges and remedies with respect to any Default, Event of Default or Material Adverse Effect, whether or not communicated to Lenders or Administrative Agent). Except as amended hereby, the Loan Agreement and other Loan Documents remain unmodified and in full force and effect. All references in the Loan Documents to the Loan Agreement shall be deemed to be references to the Loan Agreement as amended hereby.
- (b) **Severability**. In case any provision of or obligation under this Amendment shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions or obligations, or of such provision or obligation in any other jurisdiction, shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.
- (c) **Headings**. Headings and captions used in this Amendment (including the Exhibits, Schedules and Annexes hereto, if any) are included for convenience of reference only and shall not be given any substantive effect.
- (d) **Integration**. This Amendment constitutes a Loan Document and, together with the other Loan Documents, incorporates all negotiations of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and is the final expression and agreement of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof.
- (e) **Counterparts**. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument and any of the parties hereto may execute this Amendment by signing any such counterpart. Executed counterparts delivered by facsimile or other electronic transmission (e.g., "PDF" or "TIF") shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart.

(f) **Controlling Provisions**. In the event of any inconsistencies between the provisions of this Amendment and the provisions of any other Loan Document, the provisions of this Amendment shall govern and prevail.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

HOLDINGS:

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

BORROWER:

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS:

ALIGNMENT HEALTH ADVISOR, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE NORTH CAROLINA, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 2]

ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT:

CRG SERVICING LLC

By: /s/ Nathan Hukill

Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

LENDERS:

CRG PARTNERS III - PARALLEL FUND "A" L.P.

By: CRG PARTNERS III – PARALLEL FUND "A" GP L.P.,

its General Partner

By: CRG PARTNERS III GP LLC,

its General Partner

By: /s/ Nathan Hukill

Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

CRG PARTNERS III (CAYMAN) L.P.

By: CRG PARTNERS III (CAYMAN) GP L.P.,

its General Partner

By: CRG PARTNERS III GP LLC,

its General Partner

By: /s/ Nathan Hukill

Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

Witness: Nicole Nesson

Name: Nicole Nesson

CRG ISSUER 2017-1

By: CRG SERVICING LLC, acting by power of attorney

By: /s/ Nathan Hukill

Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 2]

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO LOAN AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO LOAN AGREEMENT, dated as of September 8, 2020 (this "Amendment"), is made among ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Holdings"), ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Borrower"), the Subsidiary Guarantors from time to time party thereto (together with Holdings and Borrower, the "Obligors"), the Lenders listed on the signature pages hereof under the heading "LENDERS" (each, a "Lender" and, collectively, "Lenders"), and CRG Servicing LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as administrative agent and collateral agent for Lenders (in such capacities, together with its successors and assigns, "Administrative Agent"), with respect to the Loan Agreement referred to below.

RECITALS

A. WHEREAS, the Obligors, Lenders and Administrative Agent are parties to that certain Term Loan Agreement, dated as of August 21, 2018 (as amended by those certain Amendment No. 1 to Loan Agreement and Amendment to Fee Letter, dated as of April 25, 2019 and Amendment No. 2 to Loan Agreement, dated as of May 22, 2020 and as the same may be further amended, amended and restated, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "*Loan Agreement*"); and

B. WHEREAS, Borrower has requested that Administrative Agent and Lenders, and Administrative Agent and Lenders (which constitute all of the Lenders under the Loan Agreement) have agreed to, amend the Loan Agreement on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth herein.

AGREEMENT

NOW THEREFORE, accordingly, the parties hereto agree as follows.

SECTION 1. Definitions; Interpretation.

- (a) **Terms Defined in Loan Agreement**. All capitalized terms used in this Amendment (including in the recitals hereof) and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Loan Agreement.
- (b) **Interpretation**. The rules of interpretation set forth in **Section 1.03** of the Loan Agreement shall be applicable to this Amendment and are incorporated herein by this reference.

SECTION 2. Amendments. Subject to **Section 3**, the Loan Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

(a) The following definition in **Section 1.01** of the Loan Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"Commitment Period" means the period from and including the first date on which all of the conditions precedent set forth in Section 6.01 have been satisfied (or waived by the Lenders) and through and including June 30, 2021.

- (b) **Section 6.06(b)** of the Loan Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
 - (b) **Borrowing Date**. Such Borrowing shall occur on or prior to June 30, 2021.

SECTION 3. Conditions to Effectiveness. The effectiveness of **Section 2** shall be subject to the satisfaction of each of the following conditions precedent:

- (a) Administrative Agent shall have received, in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to it and Lenders, this Amendment duly executed by Borrower, Administrative Agent and all of the Lenders party to the Loan Agreement as required by **Section 13.04** of the Loan Agreement.
- (b) Borrower shall have paid or reimbursed Administrative Agent and the Lenders for all of their reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including the reasonable fees and expenses of Cooley LLP, special counsel to Administrative Agent and the Lenders) in connection with the negotiation and preparation of this Amendment, pursuant to **Section 13.03(a)(i)(z)** of the Loan Agreement.
- (c) The representations and warranties in **Section 4** shall be true in all material respects on the date hereof and on the date on which each of the foregoing conditions is satisfied.

SECTION 4. Representations and Warranties. Each Obligor hereby represents and warrants to Administrative Agent and each Lender as follows:

(i) Such Obligor has full power, authority and legal right to make and perform this Amendment and the Loan Agreement, as modified by this Amendment (the "Amended Loan Agreement"). Each of this Amendment and the Amended Loan Agreement is within such Obligor's corporate or equivalent powers and has been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or equivalent action and, if required, by all necessary shareholder action. This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by such Obligor and each of this Amendment and the Amended Loan Agreement constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Obligor, enforceable against such Obligor in accordance with its terms, except as such enforceability may be limited by (a) bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws of general applicability affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights and (b) the application of general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law). Each of this Amendment and the Amended Loan Agreement (w) does not require any consent or approval of, registration or filing with, or any other action by, any Governmental Authority or any third party, except for such as have been obtained or made and are in full force and effect, (x) will not violate any applicable law or regulation in any material respect or the charter, bylaws or other organizational documents of Holdings and its Subsidiaries, (y) will not violate any order of any Governmental Authority and (z) will not violate or result in a default under any indenture, agreement or other instrument binding upon Holdings and its Subsidiaries or assets, or give rise to a right thereunder to require any payment to be made by any such Person.

- (ii) No Default or Event of Default has occurred or is continuing or will result after giving effect to this Amendment.
- (iii) There has been no Material Adverse Effect since the date of the Loan Agreement.

SECTION 5. Reaffirmation. Each Obligor hereby ratifies, confirms, reaffirms, and acknowledges its obligations under the Loan Documents to which it is a party and agrees that the Loan Documents remain in full force and effect, undiminished by this Amendment, except as expressly provided herein. By executing this Amendment, each Obligor acknowledges that it has read, consulted with its attorneys regarding, and understands, this Amendment.

SECTION 6. Governing Law; Submission to Jurisdiction; Waiver of Jury Trial.

- (a) **Governing Law**. This Amendment and the rights and obligations of the parties hereunder shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the law of the State of New York, without regard to principles of conflicts of laws that would result in the application of the laws of any other jurisdiction; *provided* that Section 5-1401 of the New York General Obligations Law shall apply.
- (b) **Submission to Jurisdiction**. Each Obligor agrees that any suit, action or proceeding with respect to this Amendment or any other Loan Document to which it is a party or any judgment entered by any court in respect thereof may be brought initially in the federal or state courts in Houston, Texas or in the courts of its own corporate domicile and irrevocably submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of each such court for the purpose of any such suit, action, proceeding or judgment. This **Section 6** is for the benefit of Administrative Agent and Lenders only and, as a result, none of Administrative Agent or any Lender shall be prevented from taking proceedings in any other courts with jurisdiction. To the extent allowed by applicable Laws, Administrative Agent and Lenders may take concurrent proceedings in any number of jurisdictions.
- (c) **Waiver of Jury Trial**. Each Obligor, Administrative Agent and each Lender hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all right to trial by jury in any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Amendment, the other Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby.

SECTION 7. No Actions, Claims, Etc. Each Obligor acknowledges and confirms that it has no knowledge of any actions, causes of action, claims, demands, damages or liabilities of whatever kind or nature, in law or in equity, against any Secured Party, in any case, arising from any action or failure of any Secured Party to act under any Loan Document on or prior to the date hereof, or of any offset right, counterclaim or defense of any kind against any of its respective obligations, indebtedness or liabilities to Secured Party under any Loan Document. Each Obligor unconditionally releases, waives and forever discharges (i) any and all liabilities, obligations, duties, promises or indebtedness of any kind of Administrative Agent or any Lender to such Obligor, except the obligations required to be performed by Administrative Agent or any

Lender under the Loan Documents on or after the date hereof, and (ii) all claims, offsets, causes of action, suits or defenses of any kind whatsoever (if any), whether arising at law or in equity, whether known or unknown, which such Obligor might otherwise have against any Secured Party in connection with the Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated thereby, in the case of each of clauses (i) and (ii), on account of any past or presently existing condition, act, omission, event, contract, liability, obligation, indebtedness, claim, cause of action, defense, circumstance or matter of any kind. Each Obligor acknowledges that it may discover facts or law different from, or in addition to, the facts or law that it knows or believes to be true with respect to the claims released in this **Section 7** and agrees, nonetheless, that this release shall be and remain effective in all respects notwithstanding such different or additional facts or the discovery of them. Each Obligor expressly acknowledges and agrees that all rights under Section 1542 of the California Civil Code are expressly waived. That section provides:

"A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE CREDITOR OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER, WOULD HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR OR RELEASED PARTY."

SECTION 8. Miscellaneous.

- (a) **No Waiver**. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of compliance with any term or condition contained in the Loan Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or constitute a course of conduct or dealing among the parties. Except as expressly stated herein, Administrative Agent and Lenders reserve all rights, privileges and remedies under the Loan Documents (including, without limitation, all such rights, privileges and remedies with respect to any Default, Event of Default or Material Adverse Effect, whether or not communicated to Lenders or Administrative Agent). Except as amended hereby, the Loan Agreement and other Loan Documents remain unmodified and in full force and effect. All references in the Loan Documents to the Loan Agreement shall be deemed to be references to the Loan Agreement as amended hereby.
- (b) **Severability**. In case any provision of or obligation under this Amendment shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions or obligations, or of such provision or obligation in any other jurisdiction, shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.
- (c) **Headings**. Headings and captions used in this Amendment (including the Exhibits, Schedules and Annexes hereto, if any) are included for convenience of reference only and shall not be given any substantive effect.
- (d) **Integration**. This Amendment constitutes a Loan Document and, together with the other Loan Documents, incorporates all negotiations of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and is the final expression and agreement of the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof.

- (e) **Counterparts**. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument and any of the parties hereto may execute this Amendment by signing any such counterpart. Executed counterparts delivered by facsimile or other electronic transmission (e.g., "PDF" or "TIF") shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart.
- (f) **Controlling Provisions**. In the event of any inconsistencies between the provisions of this Amendment and the provisions of any other Loan Document, the provisions of this Amendment shall govern and prevail.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

HOLDINGS:

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDCO 2, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

BORROWER:

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE USA, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS:

ALIGNMENT HEALTH ADVISORS, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE NORTH CAROLINA, LLC

By /s/ Thomas Freeman

Name: Thomas Freeman

Title: CFO

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 3]

ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT:

CRG SERVICING LLC

By: <u>/s/ Nathan Hukill</u> Name: Nathan Hukill

Title: Authorized Signatory

LENDERS:

CRG PARTNERS III - PARALLEL FUND "A" L.P.

By: CRG PARTNERS III – PARALLEL FUND "A" GP L.P., its General Partner

By: CRG PARTNERS III GP LLC, its

General Partner

By: <u>/s/ Nathan Hukill</u>

Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

CRG PARTNERS III (CAYMAN) L.P.

By: CRG PARTNERS III (CAYMAN) GP L.P.,

its General Partner

By: CRG PARTNERS III GP LLC, its

General Partner

By: /s/ Nathan Hukill

Name: Nathan Hukill

Title: Authorized Signatory

Witness: /s/ Nicole Nesson

Name: Nicole Nesson

CRG ISSUER 2017-1

By: CRG SERVICING LLC, acting by power of

attorney

By: /s/ Nathan Hukill

Name: Nathan Hukill Title: Authorized Signatory

[Signature Page to Amendment No. 3]

ALIGNMENT HEALTHCARE HOLDINGS, LLC

STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS PLAN

December 15, 2014

all about?

What's the Stock Appreciation Rights Plan You have received, or you' II soon be receiving, a personalized award letter under the Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC Stock Appreciation Rights Plan (as amended and restated from time to time, the "Plan"). The Plan was adopted by Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC to give our key Employees an incentive to help grow the value of the business of Alignment Healthcare Partners , LP, our holding company (the "Company"), and to align the interests of our key Employees and the owners of the Company.

> Awards under the Plan are stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), which are phantom equity interest s that allow our key Employees to share in the appreciation of our business above a certain threshold.

SAR awards are subject to a vesting schedule and are generally designed to pay out upon a Change of Control or IPO.

What's a Stock Appreciation Right or SAR?

Each SAR award represents the right to receive cash equal to the excess of (x) the aggregate fair market value of a portion of the equity interests of Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC, over (y) the aggregate applicable "strike price" threshold for those SARs, if the conditions set forth in the Plan have been satisfied.

The SARs give you a phantom ownership interest, but do not give you voting rights or an actual equity ownership interest in the Company or any of its affiliates.

You've said that the SARs Share in appreciation above Certain "strike price" Thresholds: how is the strike Price measured?

The "strike price" for the SARs is the starting point for measuring appreciation. The initial strike price for each SAR grant is the fair market value of the Company's business as of the date of grant, which for grants made in December 2014 is \$66,335,106. The strike price will be adjusted from time to time based on the capital invested by, and preferred returns to, holders of the Company's equity. (This can be a complicated calculation because the Company has different classes of equity.)

Of course, this is a very simplified explanation and there are many other rules which might become applicable. Moreover, this simplified discussion does not take into account what happens if new equity is issued at some future date.

Suppose the value of the Company's business goes down?

If the value of the Company's business as of the time of payment does not exceed the strike price, then you will not receive any payments for your SARs because the SARs will have no value. We hope that doesn't happen — the Plan is designed to motivate you to help drive the future growth of the Company's business and reward you for that value creation.

Do I have to pay for my SARs at grantor exercise?

No. You do not have to pay to receive your grant of SARs.

Can I lose my SARs?

Yes. You will not receive any payments for your SARs if neither a Change of Control nor an IPO (each as defined in Appendix A) occur on or before December 31, 2024.

In addition, the SARs are subject to a vesting schedule in order to encourage loyalty to the Company and effort to grow the business. You will ultimately receive value only from your *vested* SARs; under certain circumstances — for example, if you quit — *unvested* SARs will be forfeited. And, as stated above, if a Change of Control or IPO has not Occurred by December 31, 2024, even your vested SARs will be forfeited.

What is the vesting schedule for my SARs? Unless otherwise provided under your award letter, your SARs will vest in accordance with the following schedule:

> 80% of your SARs will be designated as "Time-Vesting SARs," and. will become vested as follows, subject to your continuous employment with the Company or an affiliate through the applicable vesting date:

<u>Vesting Date</u>	Additional Percentage of all SARs Vested
First anniversary of the Date of Grant	20%
Second anniversary of the Date of Grant	20%
Third anniversary of the Date of Grant	20%
Fourth anniversary of the Date of Grant	20%

200% of your SARs will be designated as "Transaction-Vesting SARs" and will become fully vested upon a Change of Control, subject to your continuous employment with the Company or an affiliate through the effective date of such Change of Control.

Will my unvested SARs become vested upon a Change of Control?

Yes. Subject to your continuous employment with the Company or an affiliate through the effective date of such Change of Control, 100% of your Time-Vesting SARs and 100% of your Transaction-Vesting SARs will become vested as of such date.

Will my unvested SARs become vested **Upon an IPO?**

Potentially, your SARs could become partially vested upon an IPO. Subject to your continuous employment with the Company or an affiliate through the effective date of such IPO, a percentage of your then-unvested Time-Vesting SARs will become vested. The vested percentage shall be determined in the discretion of the Board based on the proceeds received by the "sponsor" investors of Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP, and could be zero.

After giving effect to the vesting percentage described above, the rest of your unvested SARs will remain outstanding following the IPO, and will remain subject to the normal vesting schedule. So, your unvested SARs can still vest if you satisfy the applicable service conditions after the IPO. SARs which vest after the IPO, as applicable, will be automatically settled and paid in cash within 30 days following the applicable vesting date.

When do the SARs become payable?

Your SARs will be automatically settled and paid only upon the *earlier* of a Change of Control or IPO (each as defined in Appendix A), provided that such event occurs on or before December 31, 2024, but your SARs will become payable upon such event only to the extent the SARs are vested at that time.

Are there circumstances where payment for my SARs will be delayed?

Yes. In the sole discretion of the Board of Directors of Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC (the "Board"), payment for your SARs may be delayed (i) so that you are paid at the same time that equityholders are paid in connection with a Change of Control, or (ii) in order to reflect any restrictions that apply to trading by Employees following an IPO.

What adjustments may the Board make to my award?

If there is a sale or other extraordinary distribution (whether in the form of cash, units, securities or other property), capital contribution, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, equity issuance, or other unusual event or transaction (including changes to capital structure and acquisitions and dispositions of businesses of the Company) that affects the SARs or the equity interests of the Company or Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC, the Board may make changes to the number of SARs subject to your award, or to other terms of your award (including the strike price and performance goals), to equitably reflect the event and preserve the intended benefits of your award. The Board may also provide for a cash payment in consideration for the cancellation of your SAR.

Will I receive cash or equity securities for my SARs?

It is intended that you will receive cash for your vested SARs (*i.e.*, the value of appreciation above the applicable strike price) when they are settled upon a Change of Control. The Board may, however, determine to settle any of your SARs in the form of cash or Marketable Securities.

In connection with an IPO, you will receive shares of the publicly traded company equity for your vested SARs. The Board may, however, determine to settle any of your SARs in the form of cash or Marketable Securities.

Will I be taxed when I first get the SARs or when I vest?

No. You will be taxed only when your SARs are settled, on the dates set forth in this Plan.

What tax rate will apply?

All payments you receive in settlement of your SARs will be taxable at ordinary income tax rates and will be subject to applicable tax withholding.

What happens if my employment terminates?

It depends on when and why your employment terminates.

• Termination for Cause:

<u>If, at any time, you are discharged by your employer for Cause (as defined in Appendix A)</u>, then 100% of your SARs shall be automatically cancelled on the date your termination of employment without payment.

• Termination due to Death or Disability.

If your employment terminates due to your death or you are discharged by your employer due to your Disability (as defined in Appendix A), then 100% of your unvested Transaction-Vesting SARs and 100%, of your unvested Time-Vesting SARs shall be automatically cancelled on the date your termination of employment without payment.

• Termination without Cause.

If you are discharged by your employer without Cause then (A) the Company shall have the right to buy out 100% of your vested Time-Vesting SARs and 100%, of your Transaction-Vesting SARs at Fair Market Value (as defined in Appendix A) as of the date your termination of employment; and (B) your unvested Time-Vesting SARs and Transaction-Vesting SARs shall be automatically cancelled on the date your termination of employment without payment.

Resignation.

<u>If you resign prior to the first anniversary of the date of grant of your SARs</u>, then 100%, of your SARs shall be automatically cancelled on the date your termination of employment without payment.

If you resign on or after the first anniversary but prior to the third anniversary of the date of grant of your SARs, then (A) the Company shall have the right to buy out 50% of your vested Time-Vesting SARs and 50% of your vested Transaction-Vesting SARs for the lower of (x) its Fair Market Value on the date of your termination and (y) its Fair Market Value on the date the Company exercises its buy out right; and (B) 100% of your unvested Transaction-Vesting SARs, 50% of your vested Time-Vesting SARs, 50%, of the vested Transaction-Vesting SARs and 100% of the unvested Time-Vesting SARs shall be automatically cancelled on the date your termination of employment without payment.

If you resign on or after the third anniversary but prior to the fifth anniversary of the date of grant of your SARs, then (A) the Company shall have the right to buy out 50% of your vested Time-Vesting SARs and 50% of the vested Transaction-Vesting SARs for the lower of (x) its Fair Market Value on the date of your termination and (y) its Fair Market Value on the date the Company exercises its buy out right; and (B) 50% of your vested Time-Vesting SARs, 50% of the vested Transaction-Vesting SARs, 100% of the unvested Transaction-Vesting SARs and 100% of the unvested Time-Vesting SARs shall be automatically cancelled on the date your termination of employment without payment.

If you resign on or after the fifth anniversary of the date of grant of your SARs, then (A) the Company shall have the right to buy out 75% of your vested Time-Vesting SARs and 75% of your vested Transaction-Vesting SARs for the lower of (x) its Fair Market Value on the date of your termination and (y) its Fair Market Value on the date the Company exercises its buy out right; and (B) 25% of your vested Time-Vesting SARs, 25% of your vested Transaction-Vesting SARs, 100%, of your unvested Transaction-Vesting SARs and 100% of your unvested Time-Vesting SARs shall be automatically cancelled on the date your termination of employment without payment.

How does the Company's buy out right work?

The Company's buy out right as described above will generally last for 12 months following your termination of employment; however, if your employment terminates due to your resignation, then the Company's buy out right may be exercised at any time following your resignation.

If the Company elects to exercise its buy out right, it will provide you with written notice of its election, and such notice will include the applicable purchase price for your bought-out SARs.

You will be required to deliver a release of claims with respect to any claims arising out of or related to the bought-out SARs and your capacity as a SAR holder. You will also be required to represent and warrant that your bought-out SARs are free and clear of any liens and that you are the sole beneficial and record owner of the bought-out SARs.

For the avoidance of doubt, all of your rights, title and interest in any bought-out SAR will terminate automatically without any further action required by any person upon payment of the relevant purchase price.

The Company may assign or designate its right to buy out your vested SARs to another affiliate, entity or person (including Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC).

How will I be paid if the Company buys out my vested SARs?

If the Company exercises its right to buy out your vested SARs upon your termination of employment, the Company will pay the applicable repurchase price to you either in cash (by check or wire transfer) or by way of a promissory note. (However, if your employment terminates due to your death, any repurchase price would be payable in cash only).

If a promissory note is issued to you, the note will provide that the repurchase price is payable in 24 monthly installments of principal and accrued interest. Interest will accrue on the unpaid balance at the rate equity to the national prime rate as reflected by *The Wall Street Journal* on the date of such repurchase. The Company will have the right to prepay such note at any time and from time to time without penalty.

Generally, any repurchase price (whether in cash or promissory note) will be paid to you within 15 business days after notice of the Company's exercise of its buy out right is provided to you. However, if the Company faces certain financial or contractual restrictions and cannot pay the repurchase price to you within such time frame, then payment will be made to you within 15 business days after the first business day upon which such restrictions lapse.

What if the Company doesn't elect to buy out my vested SARs, or such buy out right doesn't apply?

If the Company doesn't exercise its right to buy out your vested SARs upon your termination of employment, or if such buy out right doesn't apply, then you will be able to keep your vested SARs until the *earliest* of

- (i) the 12-month anniversary of your termination of employment;
- (ii) the settlement of your SARs in connection with any Change of Control or IPO that occurs on or prior to the 12-month anniversary of your termination of employment; and
- (iii) December 31, 2024.

If no Change of Control or IPO occur by the *earlier* of the 12-month anniversary of your termination of employment or December 31, 2024, then your vested SARs will be forfeited.

Am I subject to any restrictions by accepting my SAR award?

Yes, you will be subject to the following restrictions:

Noncompetition While Employed: During your period of employment with the Company and its affiliates, you shall not, directly or indirectly, without written approval by the Board, accept or perform any work, consulting, or other services for any other business entity or for remuneration of any kind. Without limiting the foregoing, during your period of employment with the Company and its affiliates, you shall not, directly or indirectly, without written approval by the Board, engage in activities or businesses (including, without limitation, owning any interest in, managing, controlling, participating in, consulting with, advising, rendering services for, or in any manner engaging in the business of owning, operating or managing any business) that are principally or primarily involved in holding, managing or acquiring investments in the healthcare industry or other similar business in which the Company or any of its affiliates is engaged (or so engage with, for or on behalf of any customer of the Company or any of its affiliates). Any passive ownership by you of not more than 2.0% of the outstanding equity securities of a publicly traded company shall constitute a violation of the foregoing restriction.

<u>Corporate Opportunities</u>: If you acquire knowledge of a business venture which may be a business venture or prospective business venture ("<u>Corporate Opportunity</u>") in which the Company or its affiliates could have an interest or expectancy, or otherwise is exploiting any Corporate Opportunity, you shall promptly bring such opportunity to the Company and its affiliates. You shall not have the right to hold any such Corporate Opportunity for your own account or benefit (or for the account or benefit of your agents', partners' or affiliates'), or to recommend, assign or otherwise transfer or deal in such Corporate Opportunity with any person or entity other than the Company and its affiliates.

<u>Nonsolicitation of Employees</u>: During your period of employment with the Company and its affiliates, and for a period of one year thereafter, you shall not, directly or indirectly, solicit, induce or encourage any employee of the Company or its affiliates to terminate his or her employment with the Company or its affiliates or hire or attempt to hire any employee of the Company or its affiliates.

Nonsolicitation of Customers: During your period of employment with the Company and its affiliates, and for a period of one year thereafter, you shall not, directly or indirectly, use Confidential Information (as defined in Appendix A) to induce, attempt to induce or knowingly encourage any Customer (as defined below) of the Company or its affiliates to divert any business or income from the Company or its affiliates, or to stop or alter the manner in which it is then doing business with the Company or its affiliates. The term "Customer" with respect to the Company or its affiliates shall mean any individual or business firm that is, or within the prior 24 months was, a customer or client of the Company or its affiliates, or whose business was actively solicited by the Company or its affiliates at any time, regardless of whether such customer or client was generated, in whole or in part, by your efforts.

Nondisparagement: During your period of employment with the Company and its affiliates and thereafter, you shall not make any disparaging statement concerning the Company or its affiliates, or their respective predecessors and successors, or any of the current or former directors, employees, officers, managers, shareholders, partners, members, agents or representatives of any of the foregoing (the "Protected Persons") to the extent such statement could be reasonably likely to damage the reputation and/or financial position of any of the Protected Persons. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the foregoing restriction shall not prevent or impair you from (i) testifying truthfully in any legal or administrative proceeding if such testimony is compelled or requested, (ii) making competitive-type statements that are normal and customary for the industry in the context of product or service comparisons and the like, or (iii) making good faith statements in the good faith performance of your duties for the Company or its affiliates.

<u>Confidentiality.</u> All Confidential Information that comes or has come into your possession by reason of your employment hereunder is the property of the Company and its affiliates and shall not be used except in the course of employment by the Company and its affiliates and for the exclusive benefit of the Company and its affiliates. Further, you shall not, during your employment or thereafter, disclose or acknowledge the content of any Confidential Information to any person who is not an employee of the Company and its affiliates authorized to possess such Confidential Information.

<u>Return of Property.</u> Upon termination of employment, you shall deliver to the Company and its affiliates all documents, writings, electronic storage devices, and other tangible things containing any Confidential Information and you shall not make or retain copies, excerpts, or notes of such information

If you breach any of the above restrictive covenants (or any other restrictive covenants pursuant to any agreement you have with the Company or its affiliates — such as covenants prohibiting you from competing with the business of the Company and its affiliates, soliciting employees, disclosing confidential information, etc.), then all of your SARs (whether vested or unvested) will be forfeited effective as of the date of such breach.

By accepting your SAR award, you acknowledge that the above restrictive covenants are reasonable and necessary to protect the continuing interests of the Company and its affiliates, and any violation of the above restrictive covenants will result in irreparable injury to the Company and its affiliates, the exact amount of which will be difficult to ascertain. You further acknowledge that the remedies at law for any such violation would not reasonably or adequately compensate the Company and its affiliates for such violation. Accordingly, by accepting your SAR award, you agree that if you violates any of the above restrictive covenants, in addition to any other remedy that may be available at law or in equity, the Company and its affiliates shall be entitled to specific performance and injunctive relief, without the necessity of proving actual damages or posting of a bond or other security.

What happens if I breach the above restrictive covenants?

What if, upon a Change of Control, my SAR payout subjects me to "golden parachute" excise taxes?

To the extent no stock of the Entity undergoing the Change of Control is then readily tradable on an established securities market or otherwise, any SAR payouts that could constitute an "excess parachute payment" within the meaning of the golden parachute tax rules under Section 280G of the Internal Revenue Code, or that would otherwise be subject to the excise tax imposed under Section 4999 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any similar federal or state law (an "Excise Tax"), shall be conditioned on stockholder approval in accordance with Section 280G(b)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended

If the stock of the Entity undergoing the Change of Control *is* then readily tradable on an established securities market or otherwise, and your SAR payout would be subject to the Excise Tax, then your SAR payout shall be reduced to the largest amount payable, if any, that would not result in the imposition of any Excise Tax to you. However, if the amount you would receive on an after-tax basis (taking into account the Excise Tax) exceeds the after-tax value of such reduced amount, then no reduction will apply.

All determinations in applying the foregoing "golden parachute" rules will be made by the Company.

No. The right to the SARs is personal to you. You may not sell or transfer them to other people.

The Plan is administered by the Board. The Board has full discretion to interpret and administer the Plan, and its judgments are final.

Yes. When you get your personal award letter you will be required to sign it, acknowledging that you have read it and this Plan.

No assets will be set aside in any trust or fund to satisfy the obligations to you in respect of your SARs.

Can I sell my SARs?

Who determines awards and administers the Plan?

Do I need to sign anything?

Is the Plan funded?

Are there any other special rules that will govern this Plan and my Award?

As mentioned above, the Board has the authority to administer this Plan and make rules to further its purposes. The Board further has the authority to direct Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC to amend or terminate this Plan (or any portion of this Plan) at any time. This Plan will be governed by the laws of Delaware and is not subject to ERISA, the federal law regulating retirement and welfare benefits.

Definitions

"Cause" means, except as otherwise provided in the applicable award letter, the definition of "cause" set forth in your employment agreement or other written services agreement with the Company or any of its affiliates (if any); provided, that if no such agreement which defines Cause is in effect at the time of determination, Cause means the following:

- (i) your failure to devote substantially all your working time to the business of the Company and its affiliates;
- (ii) your willful disregard of your duties, or your intentional failure to act where the taking of such action would be in the ordinary course of the your duties hereunder, provided that you are first given 30 days prior written notice of such conduct in order for you to cure such alleged conduct during such period of time;
- (iii) your violation or breach of any restrictive covenant agreement with the Company or its affiliates to which you are subject;
- (iv) your gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of your duties hereunder;
- (v) your commission of any act of fraud, theft or financial dishonesty, or any felony or criminal act involving moral turpitude; or
- (vi) your unlawful use (including being under the influence) of alcohol or drugs or possession of illegal drugs while on the premises of the Company or any of its affiliates or while performing duties and responsibilities to the Company and its affiliates.

"Change of Control" means the first to occur of any of the following with respect to any of the Entities:

- (i) the sale, lease, transfer conveyance or other disposition(other than by way of merger or consolidation), in one or a series of related transactions in which the consideration received by an Entity is cash and/or Marketable Securities(as defined below), of all or substantially all of the assets of that Entity to any "person" (as such term is defined in Section 13(d)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) other than the General Atlantic Limited Partners and their respective "Affiliates" and "Permitted Transferees" (as such terms are defined in the Partnership Agreement);
- (ii) the adoption of a plan relating to the liquidation or dissolution of Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP; and

(iii) the consummation of any transaction (including, without limitation, any merger or consolidation) the result of which is that any "person" (as defined above), other than the General Atlantic Limited Partners and their respective Affiliates and Permitted Transferees or any Affiliate of an Entity, becomes the "beneficial owner" (as such term is defined in Rule 13d-3 and Rule 13d-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the voting interests of an Entity, and such Entity receives consideration in such transaction in cash and/or Marketable Securities;

<u>provided</u>, that a Change of Control shall not be deemed to occur unless the event giving rise to the Change of Control satisfies the definition of a change in the ownership or effective control of a corporation, or a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of a corporation pursuant to Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Confidential Information" means all proprietary and other information relating to the business and operations of the Company and its affiliates, which has not been specifically designated for release to the public by an authorized representative of the Company or one of its affiliates, including, but not limited to the following: (i) information, observations, procedures and data concerning the business or affairs of the Company or any of its affiliates; (ii) products or services; (iii) costs and pricing structures; (iv) analyses; (v) drawings, photographs and reports; (vi) computer software, including operating systems, applications and program listings; (vii) flow charts, manuals and documentation; (viii) data bases; (ix) accounting and business methods; (x) inventions, devices, new developments, methods and processes, whether patentable or unpatentable and whether or not reduced to practice; (xi) customers, vendors, suppliers and customer, vendor and supplier lists; (xii) business goals, plans, techniques and strategies; (xiii) other copyrightable works; (xiv) all production methods, processes, technology and trade secrets; and (xv) all similar and related information in whatever form. Confidential Information also includes any information that the Company or any of its affiliates have received, or may receive hereafter, belonging to customers or other third parties with any understanding, express or implied, that the information would not be disclosed. Confidential Information will not include any information that has been published in a form generally available to the public prior to the date you propose to disclose or use such information (through no wrongful act of your own). Confidential Information will not be deemed to have been published merely because individual portions of the information have been separately published, but only if all material features comprising such information have been published in combination.

"Disability" means your inability, due to physical or mental illness or disability, to perform the essential functions of your employment with your employer, even with reasonable accommodation that does not impose an undue hardship on the employer, for more than 60 consecutive days, or for any 90 days within any one-year period, unless a longer period is required by federal or state law, in which case such longer period will be applicable. The Company reserves the right, in good faith, to make the determination of "Disability" under this Plan based on information supplied by your and/or your medical personnel, as well as information from medical personnel selected by the employer or its insurers.

"Employee" means an officer, director, manager, employee, consultant, advisor or independent contractor (or prospective officer, director, manager, employee, consultant, advisor or independent contractor who has accepted an offer of employment or consultancy from the Company or its affiliates) providing services to the Company or its affiliates, who is designated as a participant in the Plan by the Board.

"employment" and "termination of employment" and similar references mean, respectively, service with and termination of service from the Company and its affiliates. For this purpose, "service" shall include service as an officer, director, manager, employee, consultant, advisor or independent contractor, but, with respect to non-employee services, only for periods of a continuing significant service relationship. All determinations regarding employment and service (for purposes of administering the Plan or any award hereunder) shall be made by the Board in its sole discretion. In addition, the Board shall, in its sole discretion, determine whether or not a leave of absence is a termination of employment for purposes of administering the Plan or any award hereunder.

"Entities" means Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP, Alignment Healthcare USA, LLC and Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC (each, an "Entity").

"Fair Market Value" means the fair market value as determined in good faith by the Board, with reference to the liquidation rights of the Company and Alignment Healthcare Holdings, LLC.

"General Atlantic Limited Partners" means (i) General Atlantic (ALN HLTH), LP; (ii) any "Affiliated Funds" (as defined in the Partnership Agreement) of the foregoing admitted to the Partnership as a Limited Partner; and (iii) any Permitted Transferee of the foregoing.

"IPO" means, with respect to any of the Entities, an initial underwritten public offering of equity securities pursuant to an effective Registration Statement filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, other than pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form S-4, Form S-8 or any similar or successor form.

"Marketable Securities" means securities that (i) can be immediately sold to the general public without the necessity of any federal, state or local government consent, approval or filing (other than any notice filings such as those required pursuant to Rule 144(h) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended) and without violation of federal or state securities laws and (ii) are listed on a national securities exchange or a recognized foreign securities exchange, carried on an established quotation service for over-the-counter securities or for which market quotations are readily available in either a domestic or recognized foreign over-the-counter market. A security shall not be a Marketable Security if it is subject to material restrictions on transfer as a result of contractual provisions .

"Partnership Agreement" means the Limited Partnership Agreement of Alignment Healthcare Partners, LP, dated as of April 18, 2014, as amended from time to time.